

ID-08 / ID-09 Handheld Reader User's Manual



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About the ID-08 and ID-09 Handheld Readers

The ID-08 is a general-purpose 2D reader. Its many features include dual field optics for both high density and wide angle performance, a ruggedized design, IP54 sealing against dust and water, and compact size.

The ID-09 is a special-purpose 2D reader for decoding direct part marks (DPM). di-soric's X-Mode decode algorithms make the ID-09 an ideal solution for reading difficult marks on many surfaces, including PCBs, electrical components, castings, and sheet metal. Its tough design makes it a good choice for manufacturing and light industrial applications.

Both readers can be configured and tested easily using the intuitive tree controls and user interface of di-soric's **ID-Software**.

Note: The ID-08 and ID-09 have unique algorithm licenses, and the ID-08 cannot be field-upgraded to an ID-09.

About This Manual

This manual provides complete information on setting up, installing, and configuring the ID-08 and ID-09. The chapters are presented in the order in which the reader would be assembled, configured, and optimized.

Highlighting

Cross-references and web addresses are highlighted in **blue bold**.

References to **ID-Software**, its toolbar headings, and menu headings are highlighted in **Bold Initial Caps**.

Statement of Agency Compliance



The ID-08 and ID-09 have been tested for compliance with FCC regulations and were found to be compliant with all applicable FCC Rules and Regulations.

IMPORTANT NOTE: To comply with FCC RF exposure compliance requirements, this device must not be co-located or operate in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

CAUTION: Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party rID-Softwareon- sible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.



The ID-08 and ID-09 have been tested for compliance to CE (Conformité Européenne) standards and guidelines and were found to conform to applicable CE standards, specifically the EMC requirements EN 55024, ESD EN 61000-4-2, Radiated RF Immunity EN 61000-4-3, ENV 50204, EFT EN 61000-4-4, Conducted RF Immunity EN 61000-4-6, EN 55022, Class B Radiated Emissions, and Class B Conducted Emissions.

Statement of RoHS Compliance

All compliant readers were converted prior to March 1, 2007. All standard accessories in the di-soric Product Pricing Catalog are RoHS-Compliant except 20-500013-01 and 98-000039-02. These products meet all the requirements of “Directive 2002/95/EC” European Parliament and the Council of the European Union for RoHS compliance. In accordance with the latest requirements, our RoHS-Compliant products and packaging do not contain intentionally added Deca-BDE, Perfluorooctanes (PFOS), or Perfluorooctanic Acid (PFOA) compounds above the maximum trace levels. To view the document stating these requirements, please visit:

<http://eur-lex.europa.eu/LexUriServ/LexUriServ.do?uri=CELEX:32002L0095:EN:HTML>

and

<http://eur-lex.europa.eu/LexUriServ/LexUriServ.do?uri=OJ:L:2006:372:0032:0034:EN:PDF>

Please contact your sales manager for a complete list of di-soric’s RoHS-Compliant products.

This declaration is based upon information obtained from sources which di-soric believes to be reliable, and from random sample testing; however, the information is provided without any representation of warranty, expressed or implied, regarding accuracy or correctness. di-soric does not specifically run any analysis on our raw materials or end product to measure for these substances.

The information provided in this certification notice is correct to the best of di-soric’s knowledge at the date of publication. This notice is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. Users are rID-Softwareonsible for determining the applicability of any RoHS legislation or regulations based on their individual use of the product.

Regarding “RoHS Directive 2011_65_EU” di-soric produces Monitoring and Control Instruments as well as Industrial Monitoring and Control Instruments as defined within the directive. di-soric has developed and is implementing a RoHS2 compliance plan with the intention of bringing all active products listed in our current marketing literature within full compliance as per the directive deadlines.

Key milestones for the transition plan are as follows:

- Complete internal product audit and supplier transition by July 2013.
- Initial “Monitoring and Control Instruments” RoHS2-compliant products available by July 2014.
- Initial “Industrial Monitoring and Control Instruments” RoHS2-compliant products available by July 2015.
- All new products introduced in 2014 are expected to be WEEE and RoHS2 compliant.

di-soric will mark the products with the ‘CE’ marking that complies with the RoHS2 process to acquire ‘CE’ certification per the example given: Example 1 >> Machinery directive + EMC directive + RoHS2 = Declaration of Conformity.

1 Quick Start

Contents

- Check Required Hardware 1-2
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This section is designed to get your ID-08 or ID-09 Handheld Reader up and running quickly using di-soric's **ID-Software** so you can get a sense of its capabilities and test sample symbols. Detailed setup information for configuring the reader for your specific application can be obtained in the subsequent sections.

Your interface type will determine how data is received by the host. When sending data by USB, you must open a text editor in your host computer. When sending data by RS-232, you must use a terminal program such as **ID-Software Terminal** view.

Check Required Hardware

The ID-08 / ID-09 is shipped with one of the following cables:



6' USB Straight Cable

8' RS-232 Coiled Cable

USB Hardware

- ID-08 / ID-09 Handheld Reader
- USB Cable

RS-232 Hardware

- ID-08 / ID-09 Handheld Reader
- RS-232 Cable
- RS-232 Power Supply

Changing Cable and Communications Interface

The reader can be converted from USB to RS-232 or from RS-232 to USB by changing the cable and scanning the appropriate communications programming symbol below. To detach the USB or RS-232 cable from the reader, press a paper clip into the hole on the side of the handle and gently pull the cable out of the connector.



USB Interface



RS-232 Interface



M0166_01
Save Settings

USB Interface

Note: The USB interface draws its power from the host computer.

USB Configuration

Item	Description	Part Number
1	ID-08 Handheld Reader	ID-08-IM3-2-U
	ID-09 Handheld Reader	ID-09-IM3-2-U

Installation Steps for USB

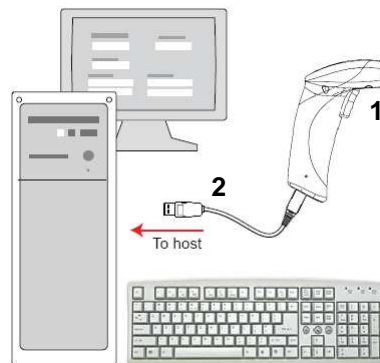
To power on the reader, plug the USB cable into the reader's handle and into the host's USB port. After several seconds, the reader will beep twice and the LED will turn off. The reader will now be ready to use.

Important: If you use a USB hub, be sure that it is a powered hub.



Q0001_2

**Default to USB
(HID)**



USB Configuration

Read the **Save Settings** symbol.



M0166_01

**Save
Settings**



**Test Symbol
(ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOP)**

RS-232 Interface

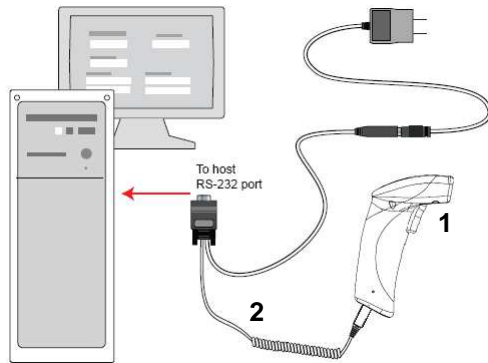
Note: Unlike USB, the RS-232 interface does not draw its power from the host computer, and requires a power supply.

RS-232 Configuration

Item	Description	Part Number
1	ID-08 Handheld Reader	ID-08-IM3-2-S
	ID-09 Handheld Reader	ID-09-IM3-2-S

Installation Steps for RS-232

To power on the reader, plug the RS-232 cable into the reader's handle, plug the power supply into the AC outlet, plug the power supply cord into the barrel jack on the cable, and then connect the cable to the appropriate serial port on the host. After several seconds, the unit will beep twice and the LED will turn off. The reader will now be ready to use.



RS-232 Configuration



M0017_01

**Reset to RS-232
Factory Defaults**

Read the **Save Settings** symbol.



M0166_01

**Save
Settings**



Test Symbol
(ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOP)

Install ID-Software

ID-Software is di-soric's configuration and testing software. Use ID-Software to set up your ID-08 or ID-09 Handheld Reader.

ID-Software can be found on the di-soric USB Stick that is packaged with the reader.

1. Follow the prompts to install ID-Software from the USB Stick.
2. Click on the ID-Software icon to run the program.



Note: ID-Software can also be installed from the **Download Center** at www.di-soric.com.

Minimum System Requirements

- 233 MHz Pentium processor
- Windows 7 (32-bit or 64-bit), Vista (32-bit or 64-bit), XP, or 2000 operating system
- Internet Explorer 6.0 or higher
- 128 MB RAM or greater
- 80 MB hard drive space
- 800 x 600 minimum 256 color display (1024 x 768 32-bit color recommended)

Select Model

When you start **ID-Software**, the following menu will appear:



1. Click the ID-08 / ID-09 button and then click **OK**. If you do not want to make this selection every time you start **ID-Software**, uncheck “Show this dialog at startup”. If you need to select another model later, click **Switch Model** at the top of the screen.

Note: You can also type a name of your choice in the **Description** text field and click **OK**.

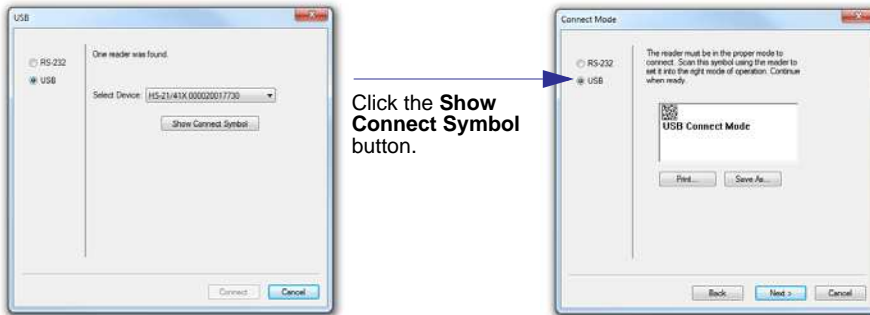
2. Click **Yes** when this dialog appears:



Select Interface and Connect to Reader

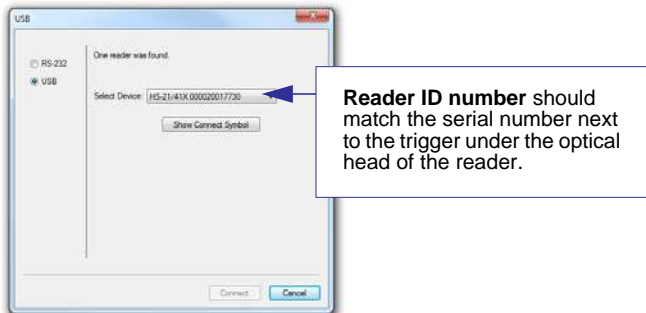
USB

- In the communications dialog box, select the communications interface you are using and click **Next**.



- Click the **Show Connect Symbol** button, print the **USB Connect Mode** symbol, and decode it with the reader to ensure that you are in the correct communications interface. Keep the printed symbol in a convenient place for future use.
- Click **Next** when you are finished.

The **Select Device** dialog will then reappear:



- You will see a “Reader” ID number in the **Select Device** field. Click **Connect**.
- When you are connected successfully, the **CONNECTED** message will appear in a green box in the status bar at the bottom right of the screen.

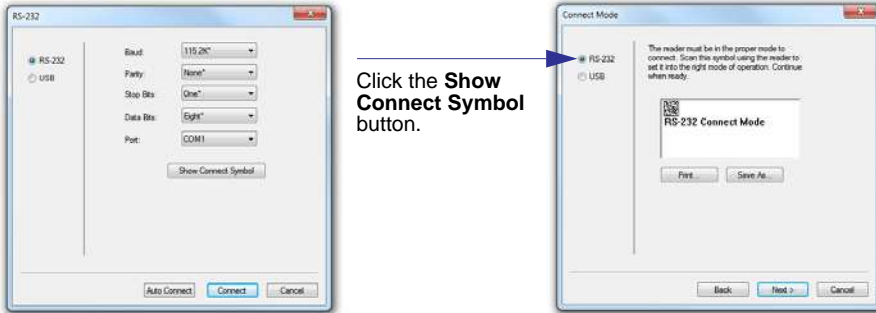
CONNECTED USB HID

You are now ready to configure your reader using **ID-Software**. Subsequent sections provide more detailed information about **ID-Software** configuration options.

Select Interface and Connect to Reader

RS-232

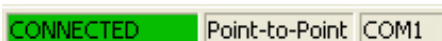
- In the **Select Protocol** dialog box, select the communications interface you are using and click **Next**.



- Print the **RS-232 Connect Mode** symbol (also shown in the **Install ID-Software** step) and decode it with the reader to ensure that you are in the correct communications interface. Keep the printed symbol in a convenient place for future use.
- Click **Next** when you are finished.
- The **Com Port** dialog will then reappear. Select which communications port you are using. If you don't see your communications port listed on the dropdown menu, select **Other**.



- Click **Connect**.
- When you are connected successfully, the **CONNECTED** message will appear in a green box in the status bar at the bottom right of the screen.

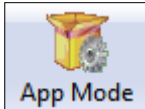


If the connection attempt fails, enable a different communications port, check your port connections, and try again.

You are now ready to configure your reader using **ID-Software**. Subsequent sections provide more detailed information about **ID-Software** configuration options.

Configure the Reader

Click the **App Mode** button to make configuration changes.

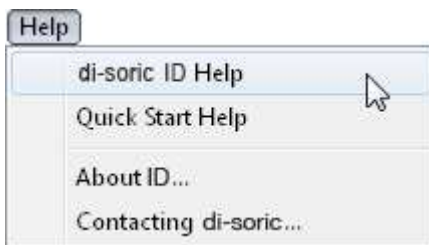


The following modes are accessible by clicking the buttons in the first row of **App Mode** icons:



- Click the **EZ Mode** button to return to the EZ Mode view.
- Click the **Autoconnect** button to establish communication.
- Click the **Send/Recv** button to send or receive commands.
- Click the **Switch Model** button to open the model menu, or to return to a previous model.
- Click the **Parameters** button to show the tabbed tree controls for Communication, Read Cycle, Symbologies, and I/O Parameters.
- Click the **Imager** button to capture and decode symbols and to use Window of Interest for Near Field and Far Field.
- Click the **Terminal** button to display decoded symbol data and to send serial commands to the reader using text or macros.
- Click the **Utilities** button to show the tabbed interfaces for Device Control, Differences from Default, Firmware, and Advanced settings.

For further details, see **ID-Software Help** in the dropdown Help menu.



Save Changes in ID-Software

To make changes to a configuration setting:

The screenshot shows the 'Parameters' window in ID-Software. The 'Communications' tree is expanded to 'RS232'. The 'Keyboard Mapping' dropdown is open, showing a list of language options. A callout box points to the dropdown with the instruction: '3. Place your cursor in the selection box, scroll down to the setting you want to change, and click once on the setting.' Another callout points to the 'Keyboard Mapping' dropdown with the instruction: '4. Left-click again on the open screen to complete your selection.' A third callout points to the 'Save to Reader' button with the instruction: '5. Right-click on the open screen and select Save to Reader to implement the command in the reader.'

Parameters	ID Values
Communications Mode	USB Native (HID)
Reader Packet Format	Raw
Reader to Host Packet Size	16384
Expect Host Response	Disabled
Reader Send Retry Count	3
Host Acknowledgement Timeout	15
Text Commands	Disabled;
USB Keyboard Rate	10
Keyboard Mapping	US English (without leading 0 in alt-num)*
RS232	US English (without leading 0 in alt-num)*
Baud Rate	ASCII - Universal
Parity	Custom
Stop Bits	US English (with leading 0 in alt-num)
Data Bits	French
Text Command Timeout	German
	Japanese
	US English (with ctrl+char)
	Swiss
	Belgium

1. Left-click on the + to expand the desired tree.
2. Double-click on the desired parameter and click once in the selection box to view options.
3. Place your cursor in the selection box, scroll down to the setting you want to change, and click once on the setting.
4. Left-click again on the open screen to complete your selection.
5. Right-click on the open screen and select **Save to Reader** to implement the command in the reader.

Saving Options

- **Send, No Save.** Changes will be lost when power is re-applied to the reader.
- **Send and Save.** This activates all changes in current memory and saves to the reader for power-on.

2 Using ID-Software

Contents

EZ Mode	2-2
Application Mode	2-3
Tree Controls	2-4
Menu Toolbar	2-5
Send/Receive	2-15

This section is designed to help you understand the structure and application of **ID-Software**.

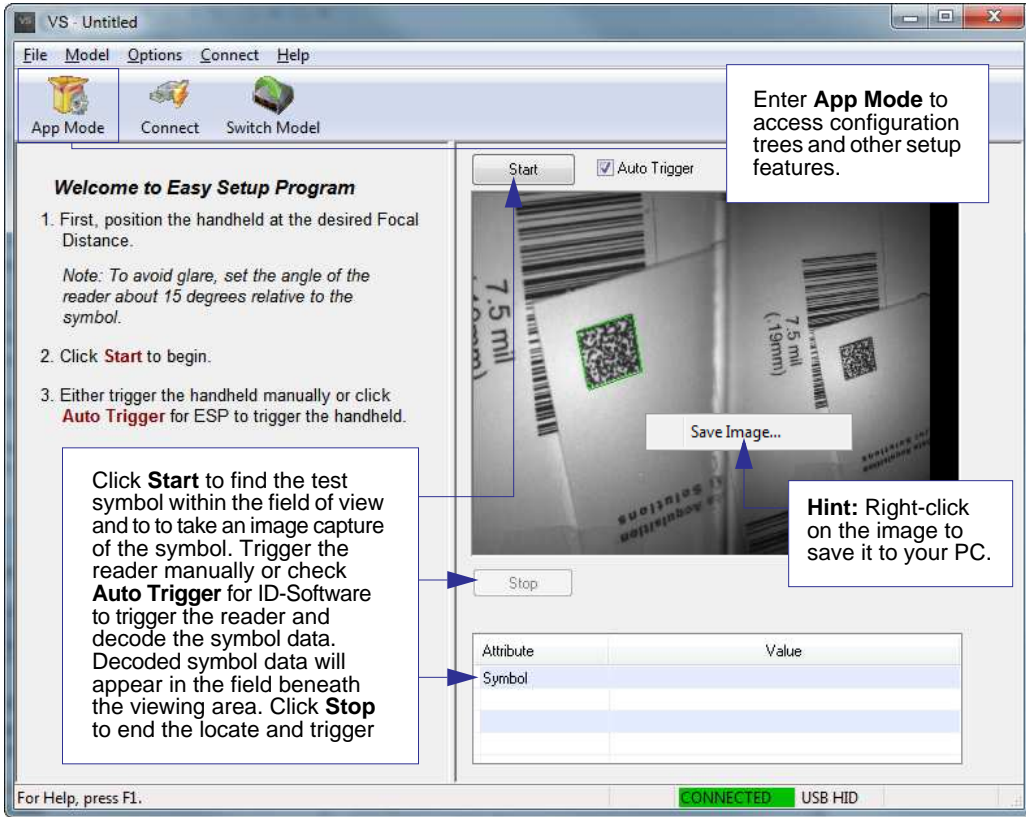
When you open **ID-Software**, unless otherwise specified in the **ID-Software Preferences** dialog accessible from the **Options** heading on the menu toolbar, you will enter **EZ Mode** for initial setup. From there, you can enter **Application Mode (App Mode)** and access several configuration menus (**Communications**, **Read Cycle**, **Symbologies**, **I/O Parameters**, an **Imager** interface, a **Terminal** interface, and a **Utilities** interface).

ID-Software can be used to configure the ID-08 and ID-09 Handheld Readers in the following ways:

- **Tree Controls:** Each configuration menu contains a list of all option settings that pertain to that specific element of reader operation. For example, the **Communications** menu shows a **Communications Mode** command, and then the options **RS-232 Serial**, **USB Keyboard**, and **USB Native (HID)**, all of which are accessible from a dropdown menu.
- **Graphic User Interfaces:** Settings can be configured using such point-and-click tools as radio buttons, tabs, spin boxes, check boxes, and drag-and-drop functions.
- **Terminal:** **ID-Software Terminal** interface allows you to send configuration and utility commands directly to the reader by typing them in the provided text field.

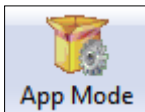
EZ Mode

EZ Mode offers instructions on positioning the reader in relation to a test symbol and triggering the reader to decode the symbol.

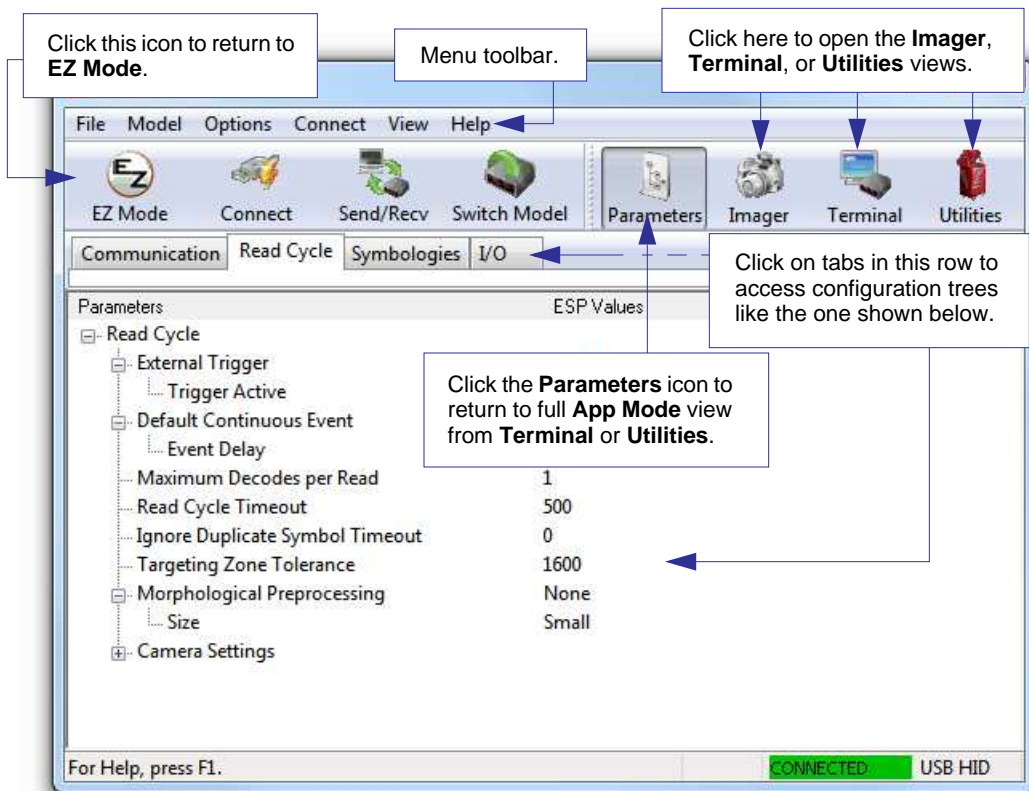


Application Mode

From **EZ Mode**, you can click on the **App Mode** button to access specific configuration menus, **Utilities** tools, and a **Terminal** window where serial commands can be entered.



Note: The **App Mode** and **EZ Mode** buttons appear in the same position to allow easy switching between these primary modes.



Note: See the corresponding sections of this documentation for specific information on any of the views or modes mentioned above.

Tree Controls

To make changes to configuration settings in the tree control menus:

1. **Left click** on the +/- to expand or collapse the tree.

2. **Double click** on the parameter and click once in the selection box to view options.

3. Place your cursor in the selection box, scroll down to the setting you want to change and **click once** on the setting.

4. **Left click** again on the open screen to complete the selection.

5. **Right click** on the open screen and select **Save to Reader** to implement the command in the reader.

Parameters	ID Values
Communications	
Communications Mode	USB Native (HID)
Reader Packet Format	Raw
Reader to Host Packet Size	16384
Expect Host Response	Disabled
Reader Send Retry Count	3
Host Acknowledgement Timeout	15
Text Commands	Disabled; enable magic sequence
USB Keyboard Rate	10
Keyboard Mapping	US English (without leading 0 in alt-num)*
RS232	US English (without leading 0 in alt-num)*
Baud Rate	ASCII - Universal
Parity	Custom
Stop Bits	US English (with leading 0 in alt-num)
Data Bits	French
Text Command Timeout	German
	Japanese
	US English (with ctrl+char)
	Swiss
	Belgium

Hint: To see the underlying serial command that correspondes with each tree control item, click on the item in the tree control and drag the mouse to the open screen. The command will be displayed between angle brackets.

In this example, the command for **Read Cycle Timeout** is shown.

Parameters	ID Values
Read Cycle	
External Trigger	Read Both Fields
Trigger Active	Read Once
Default Continuous Event	Idle
Maximum Decodes per Read	1
Read Cycle Timeout	500
Ignore Duplicate Symbol Timeout	0
Targeting Zone Tolerance	1600
Morphological Preprocessing	None
Camera Settings	

Menu Toolbar

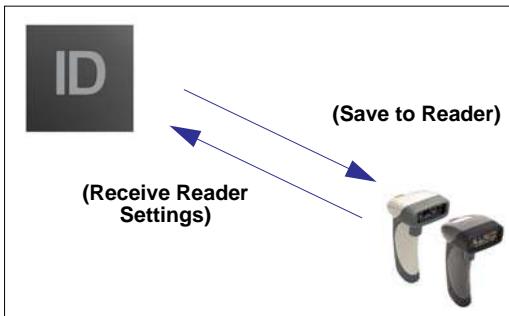
File > New

Whenever **New** is selected from the **File** menu, the default configuration of **ID-Software** is loaded.

Open / Save

When **Save** or **Save As** is selected, the **ID-Software** configuration is saved to the host computer's hard drive and available whenever the same file is selected under **Open**.

When you save menu changes to your hard drive, these changes are not saved to your reader. The diagram below shows how settings can be saved and received between **ID-Software** and the reader, and **ID-Software** and the host hard drive.



File	
New	Ctrl+N
Open...	Ctrl+O
Save	Ctrl+S
Save As...	
Print...	Ctrl+P
Import...	
Export...	
Exit	

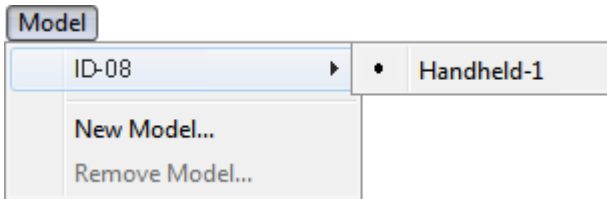
Import / Export

Import converts the ASCII settings from a text file to **ID-Software** configuration settings.

Export converts the active **ID-Software** configuration settings to an ASCII text file.

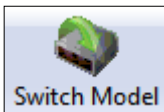
Model

The **Model** menu allows you to select between reader models. When you choose another model, the current connection with your present model will be terminated.



New Model

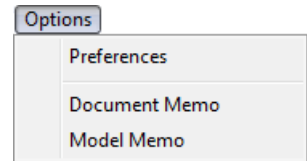
To connect to another model, select **New Model**, choose the model you want, and click **OK**. All models you have selected and enabled will continue to appear in the dropdown model menu. The **New Model** option is repeated when you click the **Switch Model** button on the top row of icons.



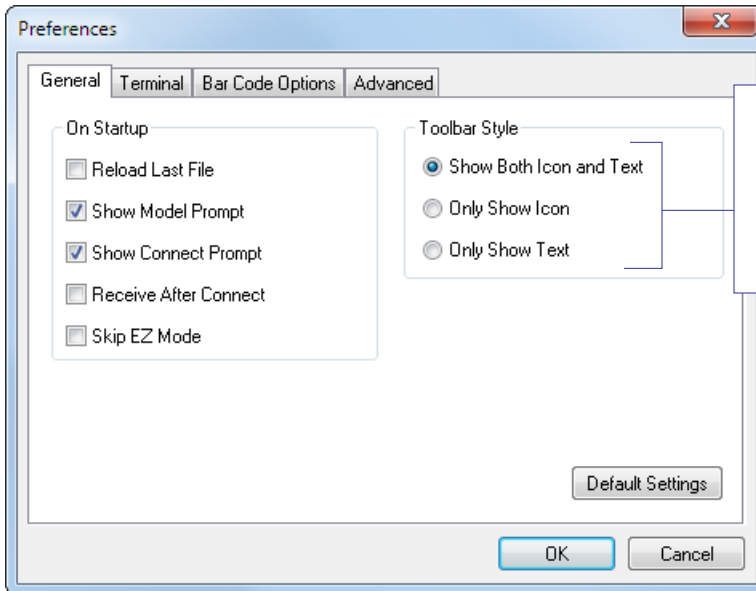
Options

You can use the **Options** menu to save memos and set up **ID-Software** preferences.

Preferences will be saved and loaded into **ID-Software** the next time **ID-Software** is opened, whether or not you save the **ID-Software** file to the host computer.



Preferences > General Tab



The **Toolbar Style** options allow you to determine how **ID-Software** will display the mode options in the two rows at the top of

Reload Last File

At startup, reloads the last file saved to the computer.

Show Model Prompt

At startup, remembers the last connected model and displays it in the **Connecting...** dialog whenever you attempt to connect.

Show Connect Prompt

At startup, displays the **Would you like to connect...** prompt.

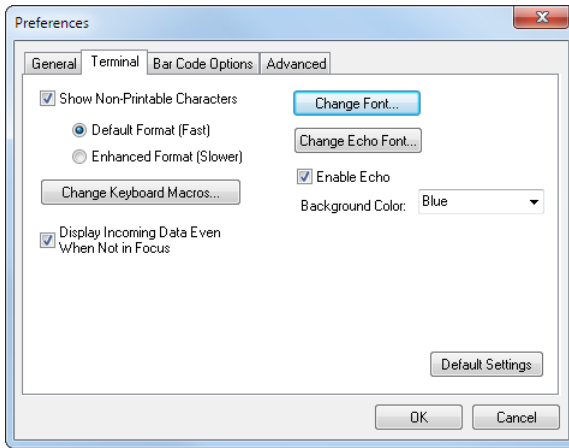
Receive After Connect

At startup, loads the reader's settings into **ID-Software**. (This is not recommended if you want to preserve your **ID-Software** settings for future use.)

Skip EZ Mode

At startup, skips **EZ Mode** and opens directly in **App Mode**.

Preferences > Terminal Tab



Show Non-Printable Characters

When **Show Non-Printable Characters** is enabled, characters such as “CRLF” will be displayed in the Terminal window. When **Enhanced Format** is checked, the characters are displayed with more detailed formatting.

Change Keyboard Macros

Clicking the **Change Keyboard Macros** button brings up the **Function Keys** dialog. In this dialog you can select the desired function key and then enter your macro keystrokes in the associated key map. For example, to make **Ctrl-F2** the keystroke to send a trigger character, select **F2**, then in the **Ctrl** row, enter **<trigger character>** and click **OK**. Then whenever the **Ctrl-F2** keystroke is pressed, the trigger character will start the Read Cycle.



Note: The **F1** key is reserved for opening **ID-Software** Help and the **F3** key is reserved for the **Find Next** function.

Change Font

Allows you to modify the font used for decode data received from the reader on the Terminal screen.

Change Echo Font

Allows you to modify the font used for command characters typed into the Terminal view.

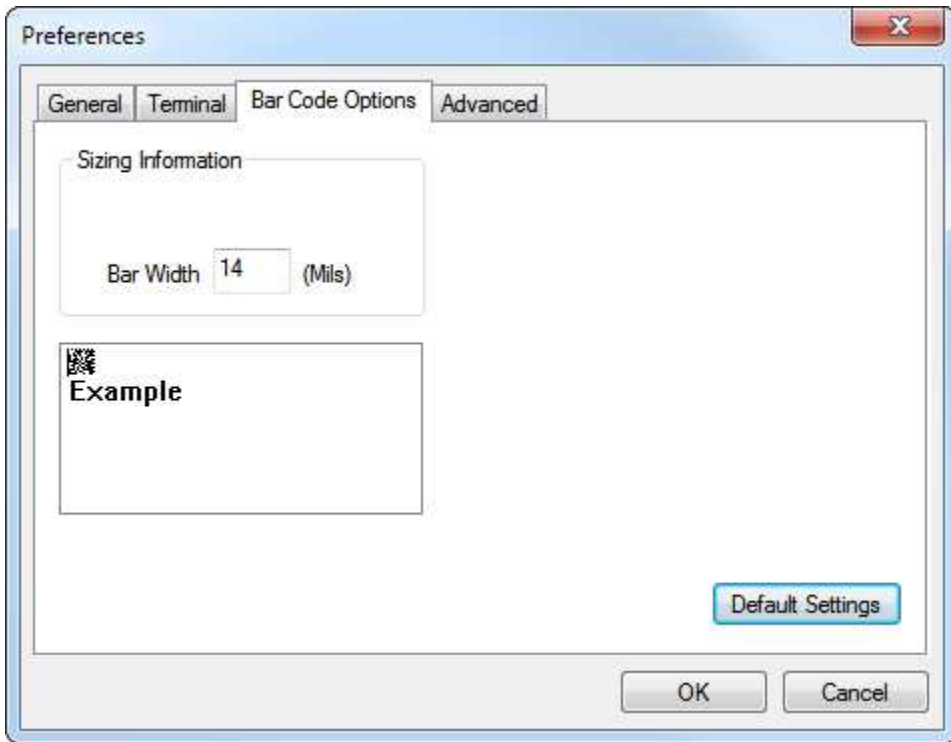
Enable Echo

Allows you to enter command characters in Terminal.

Display Incoming Data Even When Not in Focus

When **Display Incoming Data Even When Not in Focus** is enabled, data from the reader will continue to appear in the Terminal even when **ID-Software** is not the top window.

Preferences > Bar Code Options Tab



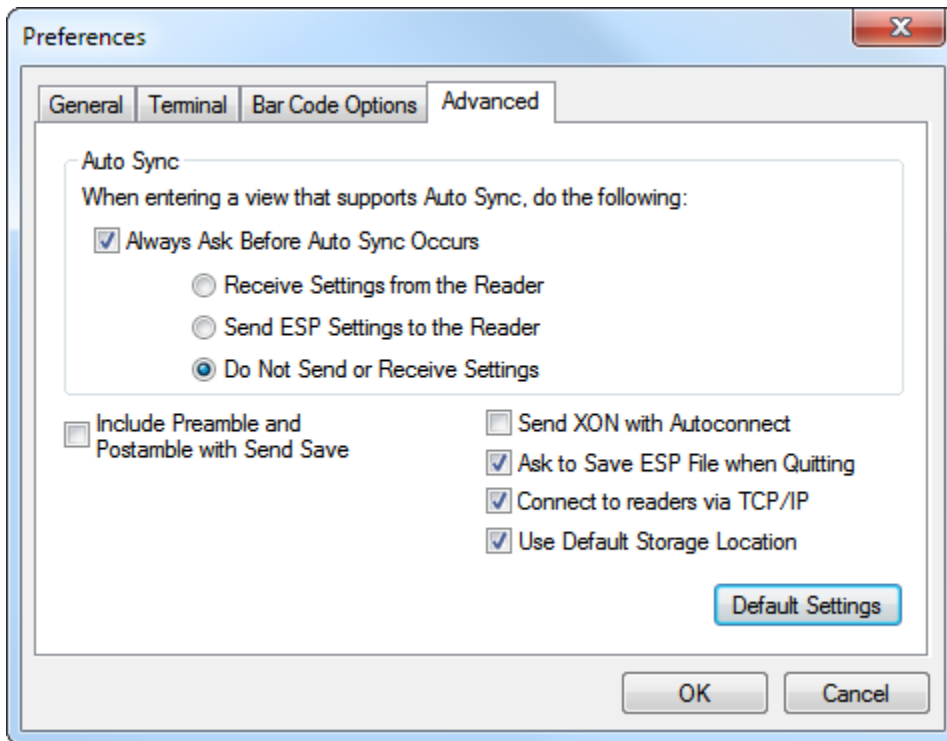
The **Bar Code Options** dialog allows you to set the size of user-created symbols.

Sizing Information

Sets the bar width or module width (in **mils**, or thousandths of an inch) of user-created symbols.

Example: A bar width of 14 is 0.014 inches.

Preferences > Advanced Tab



The **Auto Sync** options at the top of the **Advanced** tab allow the user to determine whether Auto Sync will be enabled automatically in sections of **ID-Software** where it is used, or if it will ask before it enables Auto Sync functions.

Always Ask Before Auto Sync Occurs

If this option box is checked, specific Auto Sync functions can be enabled. **Receive Settings from the Reader** will automatically send the reader's settings to **ID-Software** when Auto Sync is enabled. **Send ID-Software Settings to the Reader** will automatically send all reader configuration settings chosen in **ID-Software** to the reader. **Do Not Send or Receive Settings** creates a condition in which Auto Sync will not automatically send reader settings to **ID-Software**, or send **ID-Software** settings to the reader.

Include Preamble and Postamble with Send Save

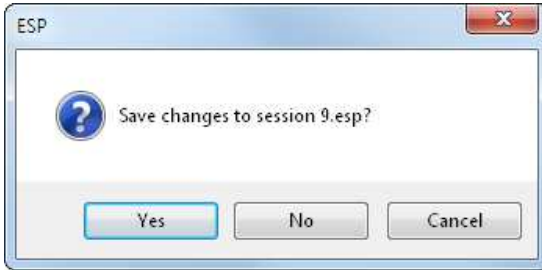
When this option box is checked, the user-configured Preamble and Postamble characters will be sent along with other parameters.

Send XON with Autoconnect

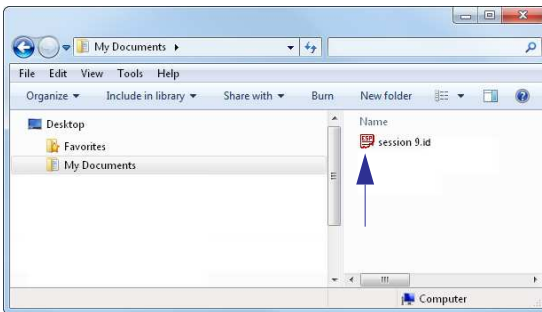
Sends an **XON (Begin Transmission)** command to the reader before starting the **Autoconnect** routine.

Ask to Save ID-Software File when Quitting

When enabled, prompts the user to save a **.ID-Software** file when ending a session.



The **.ID-Software** file will be saved in the location of your choice.

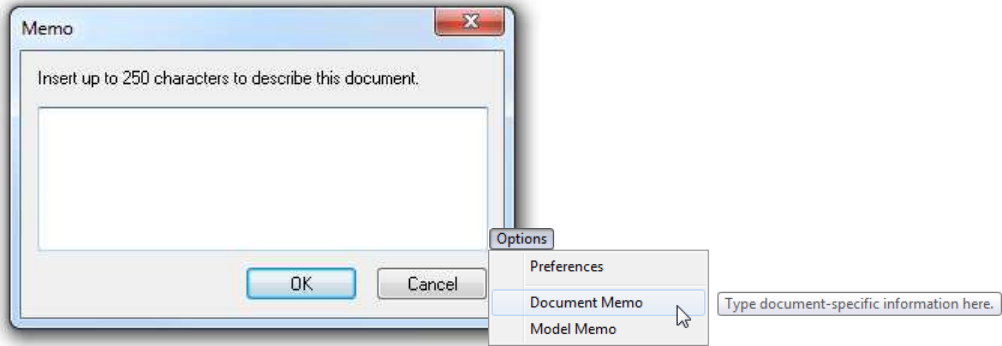


Use Default Storage Location

When enabled, automatically stores data in **ID-Software** Application Data folder.

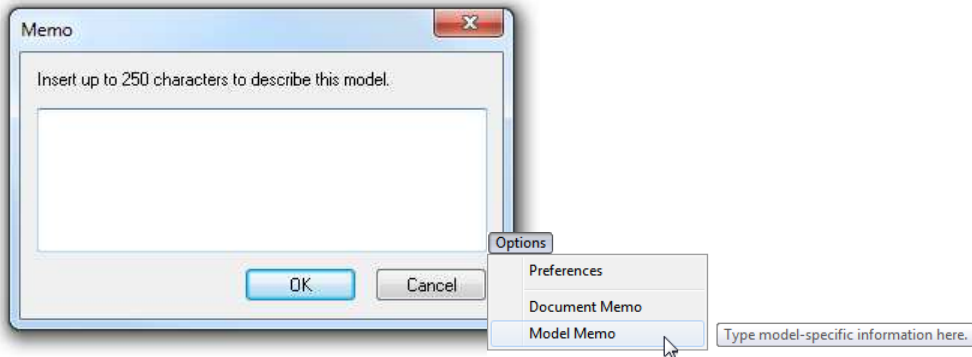
Document Memo

The information you type in the **Document Memo** field will appear in a context-sensitive text box whenever your cursor hovers over the **Document Memo** item on the **Options** menu.



Model Memo

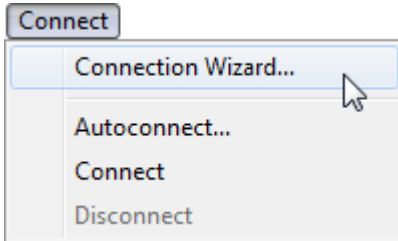
Similar to **Document Memo**, the information you type in the **Model Memo** field will appear in a context-sensitive text box whenever your cursor hovers over the **Model Memo** item on the **Options** menu. Memos created in **Model Memo** are specific to the model enabled when the message was created.



Note: Memos must be saved in a **.ID-Software** file if you want them to be available in your next session. If you do not save your current session, any memos that you have entered during the session will be discarded, and will be unavailable in your next session.

Connect

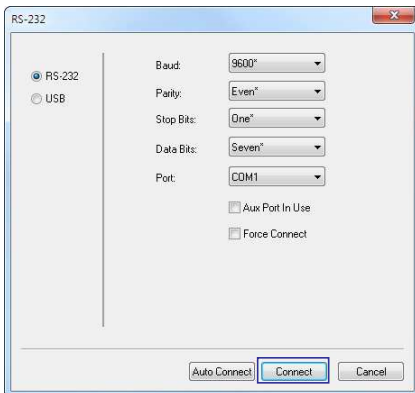
The **Connect** dropdown menu allows the user to access the **Connection Wizard**, as well as the **Autoconnect** and **Configure Multidrop** dialogs. **Connect** and **Disconnect** can also be performed directly from the dropdown menu without opening a dialog.



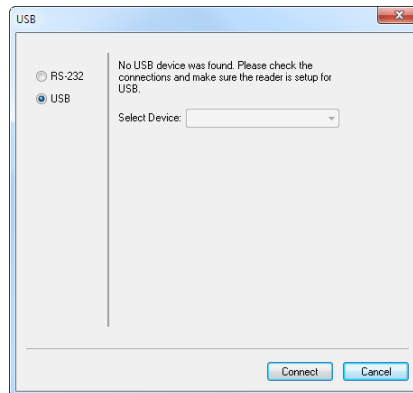
Connection Wizard

To connect using the **Connection Wizard**:

- Click **Connect** on **ID-Software** menu toolbar, and then select **Connection Wizard**.
- Select **RS-232** or **USB** to activate the appropriate display.
- Configure RS-232 or USB settings as required by the application, and click **Connect**.



RS-232 Connection Wizard



USB Connection Wizard

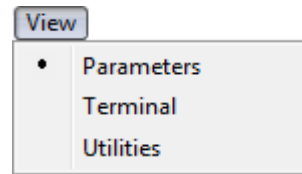
- When a connection is established, the green indicator in the status bar at the bottom right of the screen will be visible.



- If your RS-232 connection attempt fails, click the **Auto Connect** button to establish a connection between the reader and the host.

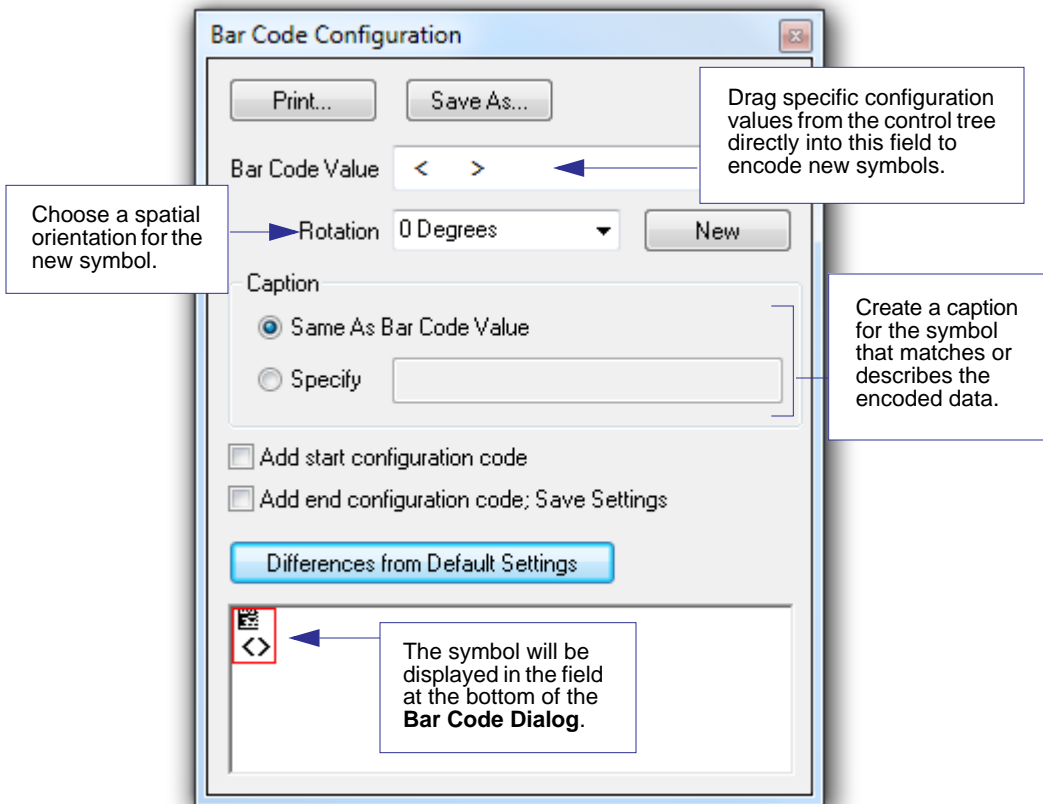
View

The **View** menu allows the user to move quickly between the **Parameters**, **Imager**, **Terminal**, and **Utilities** interfaces without using the icon buttons on the **App Mode** toolbar. It also allows the user to access the **Bar Code Dialog**, shown below.



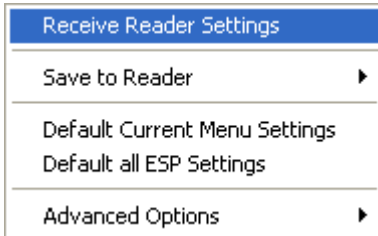
Bar Code Dialog

Symbols can be created in the **Bar Code Dialog** by typing the text to be encoded. This is a useful tool for creating configuration symbols, allowing the user to configure the reader by reading the user-created symbols.



Send/Receive

To access **Receive**, **Save**, **Lock**, **Default**, and **Advanced** options, click the **Send/Recv** button or right-click in the tree control areas..



You can also access these options by right-clicking in any of the configuration views.

Receive Reader Settings

From the **Send/Recv** menu, select **Receive Reader Settings**.

This option is useful if you want to receive the reader's settings and save them as a file for later retrieval. For example, if your reader has settings that you do not want to change, choosing **Receive Reader Settings** will allow you to load those settings to **ID-Software** and save them as an **ID-Software** file.

Receiving the reader's settings also assures that you will not subsequently save any unwanted configuration changes previously made in **ID-Software**.

Select this option if you want to upload the reader's settings to **ID-Software**. For example, if your **ID-Software** file has a number of custom settings that you want to maintain and download to the reader, you will lose those **ID-Software** settings if you choose to receive settings from the reader.

Save to Reader

Send, No Save

This saves **ID-Software** settings to current memory.

Send and Save

This activates all changes in current memory and saves to the reader.

Lock Reader

This locks in the most recently sent and saved configuration to the reader.

Default Current Menu Settings

This option returns the settings in the current tree control to their defaults.

Important: When you select **Default Current Menu Settings** you are only defaulting settings in **ID-Software**. The reader is not affected unless you download new settings.

Default all ID-Software Settings

This option returns all settings in ID-Software to their defaults.

Important: When you select **Default all ID-Software Settings** you are only defaulting settings in **ID-Software**. The reader is not affected unless you download new settings.

Advanced Options

Send Current View

This is the same as **Save to Reader > Send, No Save** except that only the commands in the current tree control are sent.

Send Current Command

This is the same as **Send Current View** except that it only saves the command that is currently selected.

3 Basic Operations

Contents

Practice Targeting	3-2
Motion Detect Mode	3-3
Dual Optics	3-4
Operational Feedback	3-6

This section explains how to practice targeting and triggering, and how to begin configuring the reader.

Practice Targeting

When first connecting, allow approximately 3 seconds for the reader to initialize.

1. Hold the reader steady and point it at a test symbol.
2. Squeeze and hold the trigger.
3. Move the reader toward or away from the symbol in a fluid motion until the two side-by-side blue bars converge in the middle of the symbol. When the reader is at the optimal distance (about **4 inches** or **10 cm**), it will decode the symbol and will beep and vibrate while emitting a green LED flash to indicate a Good Read. At this optimal distance, the two blue bars should just be touching. Note that the bars overlap as you continue to draw the reader away from the symbol.
4. If no decode occurs, slowly draw away from or move closer to the symbol while holding the blue bars centered steadily on the symbol.



When the reader is closer to the symbol, you will see two separate bars.



As you draw the reader away from the symbol, the two bars converge. At the optimal distance, the two bars should just be touching, as shown above.

Test Symbol



ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOP

Targeting Suggestions

- Typically, you should not hold the reader exactly perpendicular to the symbol. Position the reader at an angle to avoid specular reflection.
- Use smooth, fluid motion when targeting the symbol. Do not wave the reader side-to-side or up-and-down, or attempt to sweep across a symbol, as sudden movements will create blurred images.
- The reader is omnidirectional and can decode symbols in any orientation. When decoding 1D symbols, be sure that the entire symbol falls well within the field of view.

Motion Detect Mode

The ID-08 or ID-09 can be placed in a presentation stand and used in Motion Detect Mode.

Important: **Motion Detection** must also be enabled in ID-Software for Motion Detect Mode to function.

To decode a symbol, simply place it within the reader's field of view. The reader will beep, vibrate, and emit a green LED flash upon Good Read.



ID-08 with Presentation Stand

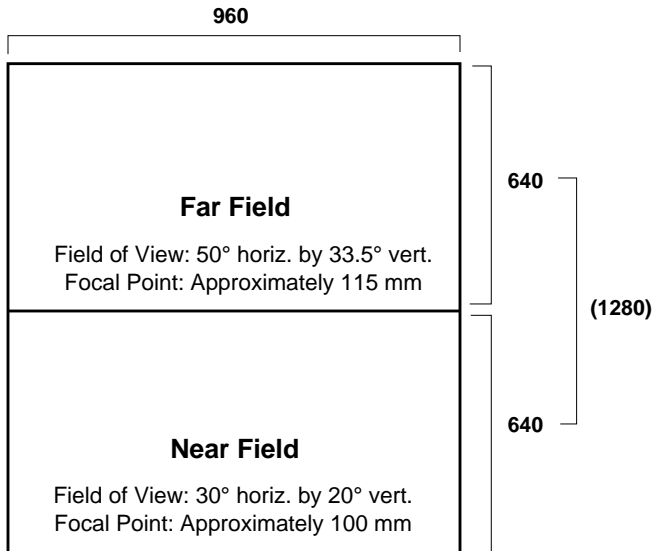


Dual Optics

The reader's dual field optical system can read small 2D symbols as well as larger 1D symbols. An image is captured from each field. The decoder first operates on the image (Near or Far) which was successfully decoded on the last cycle. If unsuccessful, the next image is decoded.

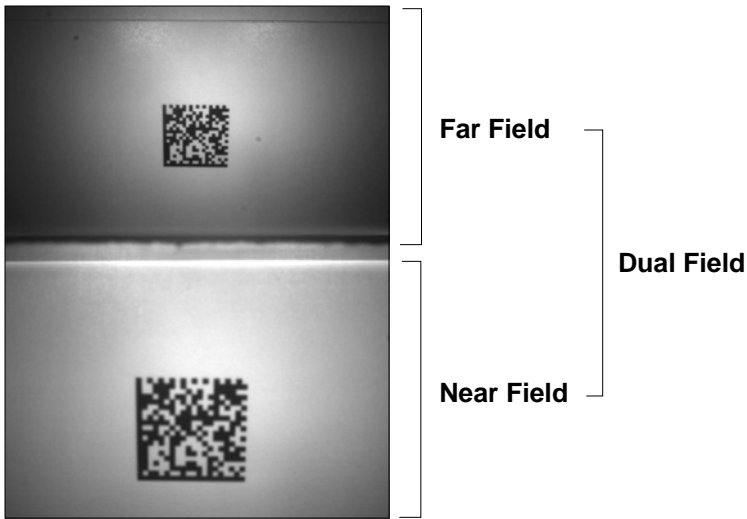
Move the reader closer to decode smaller symbols and farther away to decode larger symbols.

Imaging Area

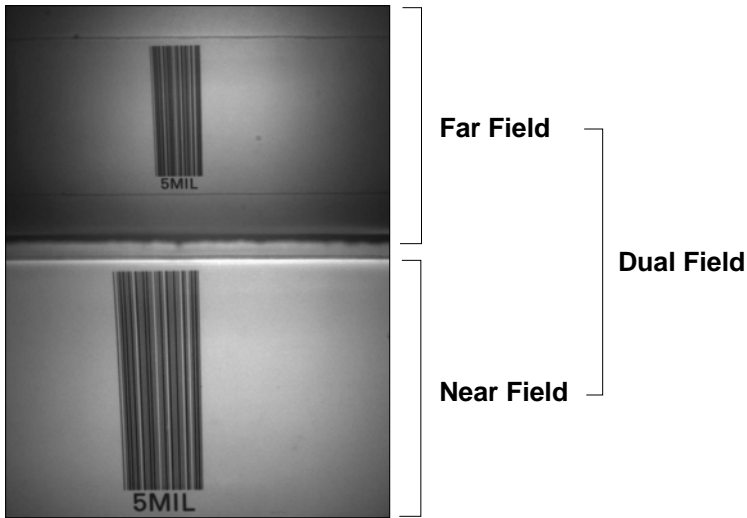


The reader's optics are divided into Near Field and Far Field decode zones. Each decode zone is 960 x 640 pixels.

Dual Optics Examples



20 mil Data Matrix



5 mil Code 39

Operational Feedback

Condition	Top LED Light	Sound	Vibration
Reader Successfully Powers Up	Green LED flashes	1 Beep	Handle Vibrates
Reader Successfully Enumerates with Host (via Cable)	Once enumerated, the green LED turns Off	1 Beep	Handle Vibrates
Attempting to Decode	Green LED is Off	None	No Vibration
Successful Decode and Data Transfer via Cable	Green LED flashes	1 Beep	Handle Vibrates
Configuration Symbol Successfully Decoded and Processed	Green LED flashes	2 Beep	Handle Vibrates
Configuration Symbol Successfully Decoded but Not Successfully Processed	Green LED flashes	4 Beeps	Handle Vibrates

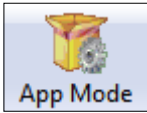
4 Communications

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This section explains how to set up communications between the reader and a host. With di-soric's **ID-Software**, configuration changes can be made in the **ID-Software** tree controls and then sent and saved to the reader. The Data Matrix symbols in this section can also be decoded to configure the reader's Communications parameters.

Communications by ID-Software



Click this button to bring up the **App Mode** view, then click the **Communication** tab.

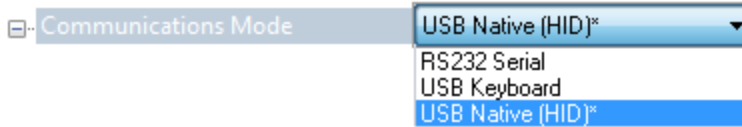
Parameters	ID Values
[-] Communications	
[-] Communications Mode	USB Native (HID)
... Reader Packet Format	Raw
... Reader to Host Packet Size	16384
... Expect Host Response	Disabled
... Reader Send Retry Count	3
... Host Acknowledgement Timeout	15
... Text Commands	Disabled; enable magic sequence
... USB Keyboard Rate	10
... Keyboard Mapping	US English (without leading 0 in alt-num)*
[-] RS232	
... Baud Rate	ASCII - Universal
... Parity	Custom
... Stop Bits	US English (with leading 0 in alt-num)
... Data Bits	French
... Text Command Timeout	German
	Japanese
	US English (with ctrl+char)
	Swiss
	Belgium

To open nested options, **single-click** the +.

To change a setting, **double-click** the setting and use your cursor to scroll through the options.

Communications Overview

Whenever you default the reader, it will return to the default settings of whichever interface you are using. Defaulting the reader does not remove preamble and postamble formatting. The reader is in **USB Native (HID)** by default.



USB

With USB communications, the reader connects directly to the host's USB port from which it draws its power. Data is displayed by any open Windows-based program that can capture text in USB Keyboard Mode.

RS-232

With RS-232 communications the reader communicates with the host through a communications program such as ID-Software Terminal.

Default settings for establishing RS-232 communications are:

Baud Rate: **115.2K**

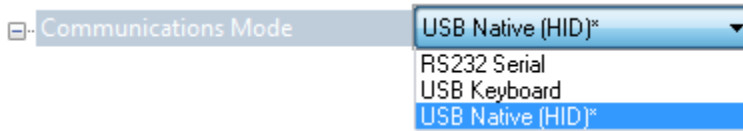
Parity: **None**

Stop Bits: **1**

Data Bits: **8**

USB Interface

The reader is in **USB Native (HID)** by default.



USB Native (HID)

This mode is the standard way of transferring unformatted, unpacketized data to the reader through the USB port.



Q0003_1

USB Keyboard Mode (Windows)

Data is output as keyboard sequences.



M0002_01

USB Virtual COM One-Way Mode

This mode allows a reader in a USB configuration to function as a virtual serial COM port. This mode requires installation of a USB Virtual COM driver, which is available from distributor by request.



M0005_01

RS-232 Interface

Enabling **RS-232 Interface** will disable USB communications and require you to default the reader or read the USB Keyboard Mode symbol to return to USB.



Baud Rate (RS-232)

Baud Rate is the rate at which the reader and host transfer data. It only needs to be changed if necessary to match the host setting.



1200



19.2K



2400



38.4K



4800



57.6K



9600



115.2K

Parity (RS-232)

Parity is an error detection routine in which one data bit in each character is set to **1** or **0** so that the total number of 1 bits in the data field is even or odd. It only needs to be changed if necessary to match the host setting.



M0030_01

None (Default)



M0029_01

Odd



M0028_01

Even

Data Bits (RS-232)

Data Bits are the total number of bits in each character. This setting only needs to be changed if necessary to match the host setting.



M0019_01

8 Data Bits (Default)



M0018_01

7 Data Bits

Preamble

A **preamble** is a character or series of characters that is added to the beginning of a decoded data string. Preamble characters will appear in the order that they are enabled (left to right). For example, if you enable a comma and then a space, and then decode a symbol containing the data 'ABC', your output will look like this:

, ABC

The only limit to the number of preambles enabled is the total memory size available. Set the desired preamble by reading the appropriate symbol below.



M0130_02

Comma



M0131_02

Space



M0133_02

Tab (RS-232 Only)



M0132_02

Tab (USB Keyboard Only)



M0135_02

**Carriage Return Line
Feed (RS-232 Only)**



M0134_02

Erase (None)



M0145_02

**Erase Preamble and
Postamble Data**

Postamble

A **postamble** is a character or series of characters that is added to the end of a decoded data string. Postamble characters will appear in the order that they are enabled (left to right). For example, if you enable a space and then a comma, and then decode a symbol containing the data 'ABC', your output will look like this:

ABC ,

The only limit to the number of postambles enabled is the total memory size available.

Set the desired postamble by reading the appropriate symbol below.



M0137_02

Comma



M0140_02

Space



M0143_02

Tab (RS-232 Only)



M0142_02

Tab (USB Keyboard Only)



M0136_02

Carriage Return (RS-232 Only)



M0138_02

Line Feed (RS-232 Only)



M0139_02

Carriage Return Line Feed (RS-232 Only)



M0141_02

Enter (USB Keyboard Only)



M0144_02

Erase (None)



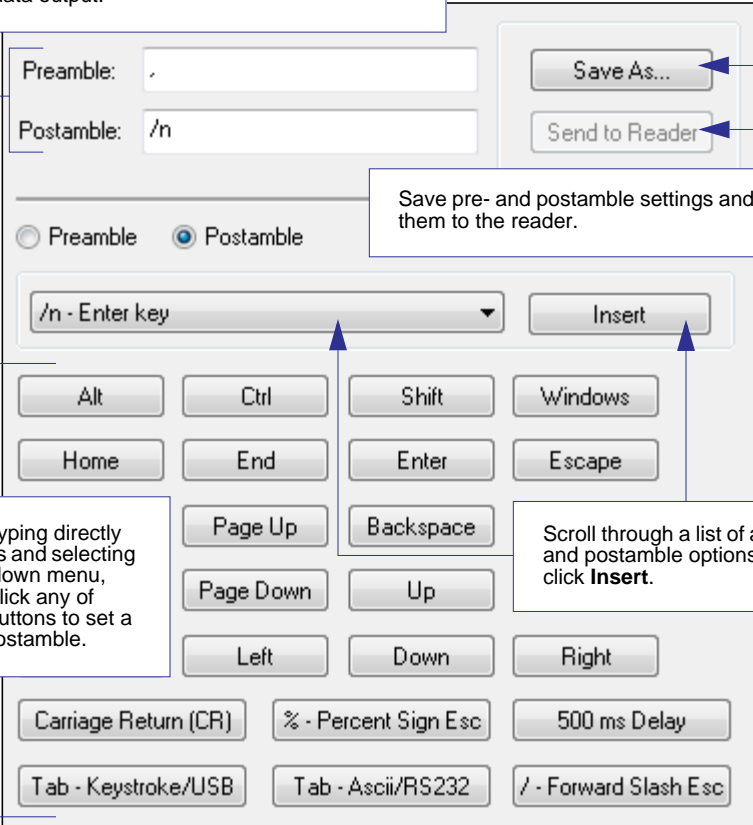
M0145_02

Erase Preamble and Postamble Data

Preamble and Postamble by ID-Software

Characters can also be added to the beginning and end of data strings using **ID-Software**. There are a few different ways to do this, using the interface shown below. You will see the Communications tree control on the left, and the Preamble/Postamble interface on the right.

When you type ASCII characters directly into the **Preamble** or **Postamble** text fields and then click **Send to Reader**, those preamble or postamble characters are enabled and will appear in data output.



Save pre- and postamble settings and send them to the reader.

In addition to typing directly in the text fields and selecting from the dropdown menu, you can also click any of these preset buttons to set a preamble or postamble.

Scroll through a list of all preamble and postamble options, and then click **Insert**.

Keyboard Mapping

The **Keyboard Mapping** feature provides alternatives for keyboards that do not conform to U.S. English mapping.

Note: Universal Keyboard mapping is slightly slower than the other language-specific options, because it maps data by reference to the full set of ASCII characters. The advantage of Universal Keyboard mapping is that it allows any language and keyboard layout to be mapped.

Important: Keyboard Mapping is not to be confused with USB Keyboard Mode, which has an entirely different function—namely to enable USB cabled communications.



M0008_02

U.S., No Leading 0 (Default)



M0007_02

U.S. with Leading 0



M0009_02

U.S., Ctrl + Char.



M0010_01

French



M0011_01

German



M0012_01

Japanese



M0013_01

Universal



M0014_01

Custom



M0189_01

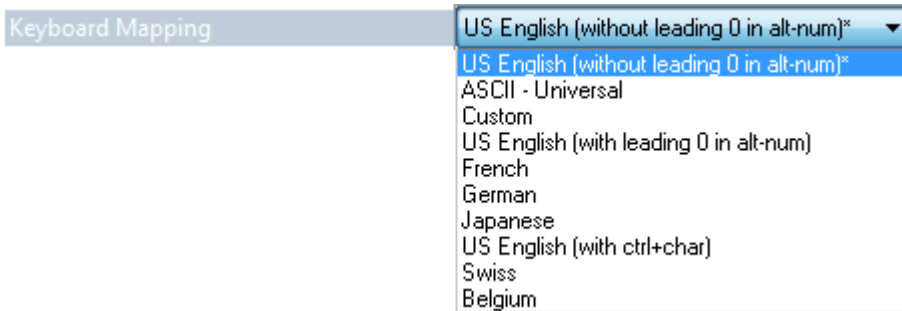
Belgian



M0190_01

Swiss

Keyboard Mapping by ID-Software



Communications Mode

Some **ID-Software** Communications options are unique to the software, and do not have corresponding programming symbols. These options are explained below.

Reader Packet Format

Reader Packet Format: Raw* (selected), Packet

Data that is sent from the reader to the host in **Raw** format is sent without packet framing or check characters. **One-Way** communication is in a raw format, no rID-Softwareonse is expected from the host, and data is not resent.

Packetized data is sent with framing (a preamble communicating the amount of data to be transmitted, and a postamble containing error detection) and check characters, and a rID-Softwareonse is expected from the host. **Two-Way** communication is in packet format.

Reader to Host Packet Size

Reader to Host Packet Size: 16384 (1 - 16384)

The **Reader to Host Packet Size** is the amount of data (in bytes) that is sent to the host in packet format. This feature allows you to set the maximum allowable packet size.

Expect Host RID-Softwareonse

Expect Host Response: Disabled* (selected), Enabled

When **Expect Host RID-Softwareonse** is enabled, the reader will re-transmit data if it doesn't receive acknowledgement from the host.

Reader Send Retry Count

Reader Send Retry Count: 3 (1 - 255)

Reader Send Retry Count sets the number of times the reader will re-transmit data before abandoning further send attempts. The minimum retry count is **1**, which represents the initial transmission.

Host Acknowledgement Timeout

Host Acknowledgement Timeout: 0.015 Seconds

The **Host Acknowledgement Timeout** is the amount of time (in seconds) that the reader will wait for an acknowledgement from the host before re-sending data.

Text Commands

When the **Text Commands** feature is enabled, the reader can accept text commands via RS-232 connections and USB Virtual COM modes.

Note: **Text Commands** are not supported in USB HID Mode.



M0146_01

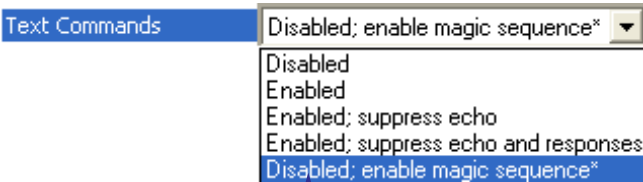
**Enable Text
Commands**



M0147_01

**Disable Text
Commands
(Default)**

Text Commands by ID-Software



When **Magic Sequence** is enabled, it allows the user to enable **Text Commands** by entering a predetermined series of keystrokes.

When **Text Commands** are set to **Enabled; Suppress Echo**, text that a user enters in the Terminal will not be shown. When **Text Commands** are set to **Enabled; Suppress Echo and RID-Softwareonses**, neither user-entered data or reader rID-Softwareonses will be shown, and only decoded symbol data will appear in the Terminal.

See **Terminal Right-Click Menu** for a way to change Echo settings

Entering Magic Sequence

The magic sequence is **;>PA** followed by a numeric value of **1**, **3**, or **7**.

1 = Enable Text Commands

3 = Enabled; Suppress Echo

7 = Enabled; Suppress Echo and RID-Softwareonses

In the example below, the magic sequence entered will Enable Text Commands and Suppress Echo and RID-Softwareonses.



Enter the magic sequence in this text field and click **Send**.

Once the magic sequence has been sent, you can send text commands from the same text field.

USB Keyboard Rate

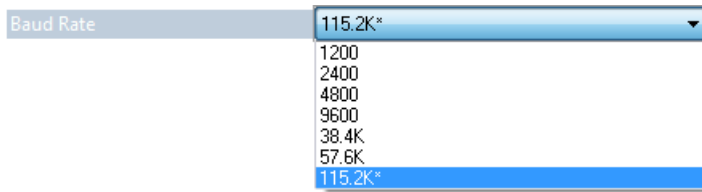
Requests that the host polls the USB reader at the rate specified (1 to **255** ms).

RS-232

RS232	
Baud Rate	115.2K
Parity	None
Stop Bits	One
Data Bits	Eight

Baud Rate

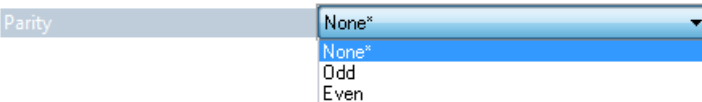
Baud Rate is the rate at which the reader and host transfer data. It only needs to be changed if necessary to match the host setting.



A screenshot of a software interface showing a dropdown menu for 'Baud Rate'. The current selection is '115.2K*'. The menu is open, showing a list of options: 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 38.4K, 57.6K, and 115.2K* (which is highlighted in blue).

Parity

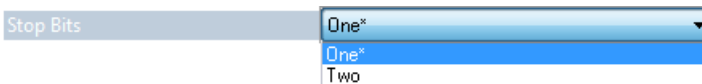
Parity is an error detection routine in which one data bit in each character is set to **1** or **0** so that the total number of 1 bits in the data field is even or odd. It only needs to be changed if necessary to match the host setting.



A screenshot of a software interface showing a dropdown menu for 'Parity'. The current selection is 'None*'. The menu is open, showing a list of options: None*, Odd, and Even.

Stop Bits

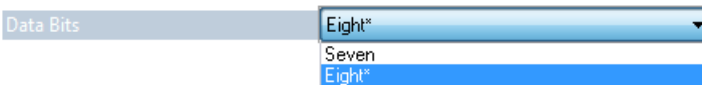
Stop Bits are added to indicate the end of each character. This setting should only be changed if necessary to match the host setting.



A screenshot of a software interface showing a dropdown menu for 'Stop Bits'. The current selection is 'One*'. The menu is open, showing a list of options: One* and Two.

Data Bits

Data Bits are the total number of bits in each character. This setting only needs to be changed if necessary to match the host setting.



A screenshot of a software interface showing a dropdown menu for 'Data Bits'. The current selection is 'Eight*'. The menu is open, showing a list of options: Seven and Eight* (which is highlighted in blue).

Text Command Timeout

Text Command Timeout allows you to set the maximum time during which a complete text command from the host must be received. Pending text command data is discarded when the timeout is exceeded.

Text Command Timeout	11000	(0 - 65535)
----------------------	-------	-------------

Text Command Timeout



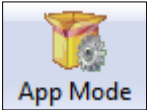
5 Read Cycle

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After you've established communications you will need to address the spatial and timing parameters associated with your application. This section explains those parameters. The Data Matrix symbols in this section can also be decoded to configure Read Cycle parameters.

Read Cycle by ID-Software



Click this button to bring up the **App Mode** view, and then click the **Read Cycle** tab.

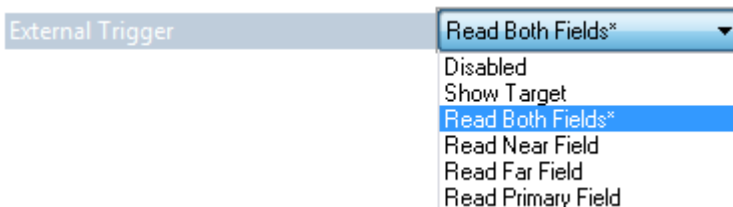
Parameters	ID Values
[-] Read Cycle	
[-] External Trigger	Read Both Fields
[-] Trigger Active	Read Once
[-] Default Continuous Event	Idle
[-] Event Delay	100
Maximum Decodes per Read	1
Read Cycle Timeout	500
Ignore Duplicate Symbol Timeout	0
Targeting Zone Tolerance	1600
[-] Morphological Preprocessing	None
[-] Size	Small
[-] Camera Settings	
[-] AGC Sampling Mode	Automatic*
Illumination	Automatic*
Exposure	Manual
Gain	11
AGC Frame Adjust Count	0

To open nested options, **single-click** the +.

To change a setting, **double-click** the setting and use your cursor to scroll through the options.

External Trigger

The **External Trigger** parameter allows you to determine reader behavior when triggered externally.



Show Target

The target LEDs will illuminate when the reader is triggered externally.

Read Both Fields (Default)

Both Near Field and Far Field will be activated to capture an image when the reader is triggered externally.

Read Near Field

Near Field will be activated to capture an image when the reader is triggered externally.

Read Far Field

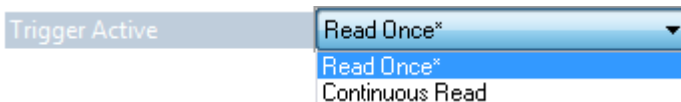
Far Field will be activated to capture an image when the reader is triggered externally.

Read Primary Field

When **Read Primary Field** is selected, the most recent field to have produced a Good Read (Near Field or Far Field) will be activated to capture an image when the reader is triggered externally.

Trigger Active

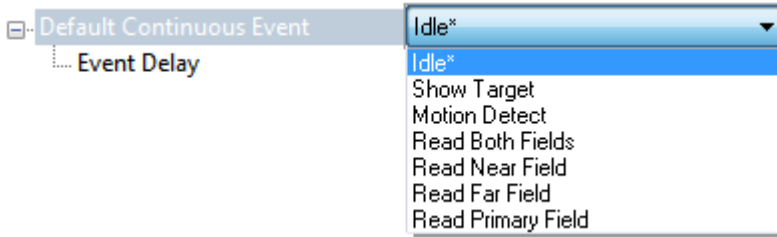
When an external trigger is active, the reader will either decode once and stop or decode continuously, depending on how this parameter is set. **Trigger Active** is set to Read Once by default.



Important: **Ignore Duplicate Symbol Timeout** should be set to a value greater than 0 when Trigger Active is set to Continuous Read.

Default Continuous Event

This parameter allows you to determine the default state of the reader.



Idle (Default)

When Default Continuous Event is set to **Idle**, the reader will remain inactive until triggered.

Show Target

When Default Continuous Event is set to **Show Target**, the reader will display the target LEDs but remain inactive until triggered externally.

Motion Detect

When Default Continuous Event is set to **Motion Detect**, the reader will remain inactive until motion occurs in the field of view (if a symbol is hand-presented, for example).

Read Both Fields

Both Near Field and Far Field will be continuously activated to capture an image.

Read Near Field

Near Field will be continuously activated to capture an image.

Read Far Field

Far Field will be continuously activated to capture an image.

Read Primary Field

When **Read Primary Field** is selected, the most recent field to have produced a Good Read (Near Field or Far Field) will be continuously activated to capture an image.

Event Delay

The default Event Delay is 0.100 seconds.



Maximum Decodes per Read

Maximum Decodes per Read allows you to set how many decodes can be performed in a single Read Cycle.

Maximum Decodes per Read (1 - 100)

Read Cycle Timeout

Read Cycle Timeout

Read Cycle Timeout determines the duration of the Read Cycle. The default Read Cycle Timeout is 0.500 seconds.

Read Cycle Timeout	0.500	 	Seconds
--------------------	-------	--	---------

Ignore Duplicate Symbol Timeout

Ignore Duplicate Symbol Timeout sets the reader not to output the same symbol data multiple times within the time period designated.

Ignore Duplicate Symbol Timeout	0.000	<input type="button" value="▲"/> <input type="button" value="▼"/>	Seconds
---------------------------------	-------	--	---------

Targeting Zone Tolerance

Targeting Zone Tolerance is particularly useful in environments where closely spaced symbols of various sizes need to be targeted. It allows the reader to narrow the field of view relative to the size of a symbol, and to determine the distance the target must be from the symbol for a decode event to occur.

See **Window of Interest** for more precise control of the active pixel area.

The default Targeting Zone Tolerance is 1600%.

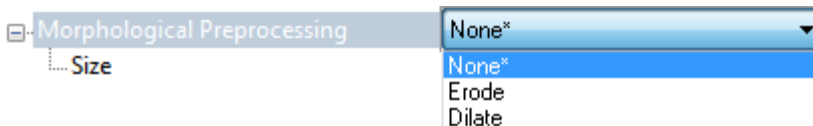
Formula for calculating Targeting Zone Tolerance:

$2 \times \text{distance from target to symbol (in pixels)} / \text{symbol width or height (in pixels)} \times 100$

Targeting Zone Tolerance	1600	(0 - 1600) %
--------------------------	------	--------------

Morphological Preprocessing

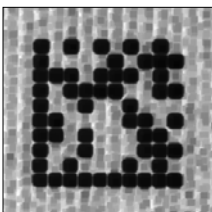
Morphological Preprocessing allows you to select the method for processing captured images, and to choose the operator size for that method. It is set to None by default.



Note: This feature is only available in the ID-09 Handheld Reader.

Erode

Erode increases the dark cell size of a symbol. Useful for increasing the dark cell size of a dark-on-light Data Matrix symbol.



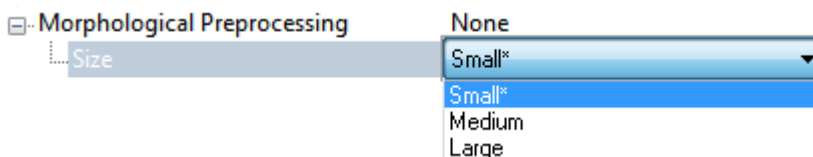
Dilate

Dilate increases the light cell size of a symbol. Useful for increasing the light cell size of a light-on-dark Data Matrix symbol.



Size

Size determines the size of the area or “pixel neighborhood” (measured in pixels) in which the morphological operation is being performed.

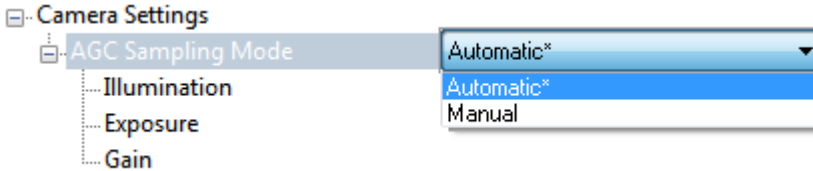


Camera Settings

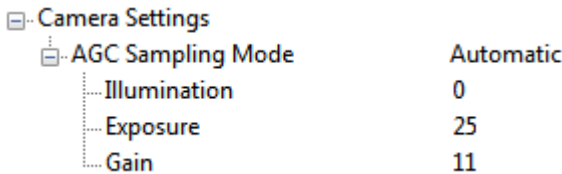
Camera Settings allow you to set AGC Sampling Mode, to set the percentage values for Illumination, Exposure, and Gain, to set the AGC Frame Adjust Count, and also to define Window of Interest dimensions.

AGC Sampling Mode

When **AGC Sampling Mode** is set to Automatic (default), each time a No Read occurs, the reader adjusts the gain and exposure for the next capture to optimize symbol contrast.



The values for **Illumination**, **Exposure**, and **Gain** can be set to any value between 0% and 100%. The default values are shown below.



AGC Frame Adjust Count

Automatic Gain Control (AGC) is a system that controls gain in order to maintain high performance over a range of input levels. Gain is essentially the ratio of output to input. Gain settings affect how the reader decodes symbols and captures images.

AGC Frame Adjust Count sets the number of image frames captured and discarded before the main image capture. This feature gives the gain control time to adjust.



Window of Interest

The active pixel area of the image sensor is called the **Window of Interest (WOI)**. The WOI allows the user to select an area of the field of view in which the desired symbol is located.

The programmable window of interest increases decode speed, improves threshold, and makes it easy to select specific symbols from among several in the field of view. The user provides the upper-left pixel location and the size of the window to define the Window of Interest.

Window of Interest can also be controlled using a graphic interface in ID-Software.

High Density

Near Window of Interest

Top	0
Left	0
Height	960
Width	640

Wide

Far Window of Interest

Top	0
Left	0
Height	960
Width	640



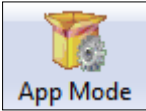
6 Symbologies

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This section describes the various symbol types that can be decoded by the ID-08 and ID-09. The Data Matrix symbols in this section can also be decoded to configure Symbologies parameters.

Symbologies by ID-Software



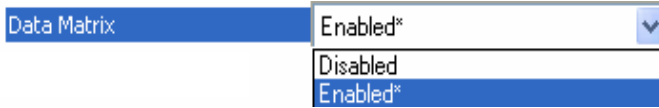
Click this button to bring up the **App Mode** view, and then click the **Symbologies** tab.

To open nested options, **single-click** the +.

Parameters	ID Values
[-] Symbologies	
[-] 2D Symbologies	
Data Matrix	Enabled
QR Code	QR and Micro QR Code
Aztec Code	Disabled
[-] 1D Symbologies	
+ Code 39	Enabled
Code 128	Enabled
BC412	Enabled
Code 93	Enabled
+ Codabar	Enabled
+ Interleaved 2 of 5	Enabled
+ UPC	Enabled
Postal	Disabled
+ Pharmacode	Disabled
GS1 DataBar	Enabled (All)
[-] Stacked Symbologies	
PDF417	Enabled
Micro PDF417	Disabled
[-] Composite	Disabled
Symbology Identifier	Disabled*

To change a setting, **double-click** the setting and use your cursor to scroll through the options.

Data Matrix



Data Matrix Enabled (Default)



Data Matrix Disabled



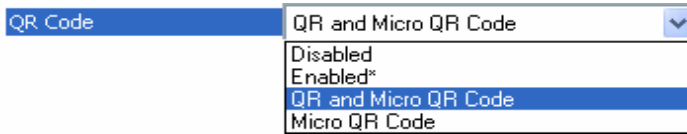
Sample Data Matrix Symbol



If you disable the Data Matrix symbology, programming symbols will not be decodable by the reader and Data Matrix will need to be re-enabled using ID-Software.

Use the **Data Matrix Disabled** programming symbol with caution.

QR Code



QR Code Inverse and Standard Enabled



QR Code Disabled



QR Code and Micro QR Code Enabled



Sample QR Code Symbol



Sample Micro QR Code Symbol



Aztec

Aztec Code Disabled* Disabled*

Enabled

Aztec Enabled



M0033_01

Aztec Disabled (Default)

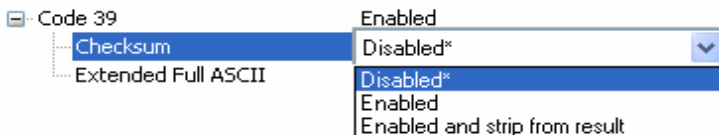


M0034_01

Sample Aztec Symbol



Code 39



Code 39 Disabled



M0047_01

Code 39 Enabled (Default)



M0046_01

Code 39 Enable Checksum



M0048_01

Code 39 Disable Checksum (Default)



M0049_01

Code 39 Enable Checksum and Strip from Result



M0050_01

Code 39 Extended Full ASCII Enabled



M0051_01

Code 39 Extended Full ASCII Disabled (Default)



M0052_01

Sample Code 39 Symbol



123456

Code 128

Code 128	Enabled*
	Disabled
	Enabled*

Code 128 Enabled (Default)



Code 128 Disabled



Sample Code 128 Symbol



BC412

BC412

BC412

BC412 Enabled (Default)



BC412 Disabled



Sample BC412 Symbol



Code 93



Code 93 Enabled (Default)



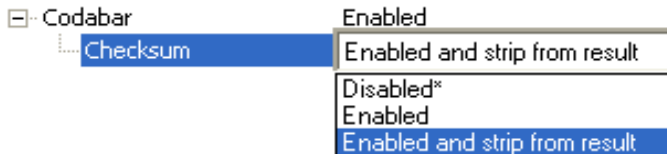
Code 93 Disabled



Sample Code 93 Symbol



Codabar



Codabar Enabled (Default)



Codabar Disabled



Codabar Checksum Enabled



Codabar Checksum Disabled (Default)



Codabar Checksum Enabled and Strip from Result



Sample Codabar Symbol



Interleaved 2 of 5

☐ Interleaved 2 of 5	Enabled*
Checksum	Disabled
Length	Enabled*

Interleaved 2 of 5 Enabled (Default)



Interleaved 2 of 5 Disabled



Interleaved 2 of 5 Checksum Enabled



Interleaved 2 of 5 Checksum Disabled (Default)



Interleaved 2 of 5 Checksum Enabled and Strip from Result



Interleaved 2 of 5 Two Digit Minimum



Interleaved 2 of 5 Four Digit Minimum



Interleaved 2 of 5 Six Digit Minimum (Default)



Sample Interleaved 2 of 5 Symbol



UPC

UPC



UPC Enabled (Default)



UPC Disabled



EAN Status Enabled (Default)



EAN Status Disabled



UPC-E as UPC-A Enabled



UPC-E as UPC-A Disabled (Default)



Sample UPC-E Symbol



Sample UPC-A Symbol



Postal

Postal

Postal Enabled



Q0031_01

Postal Disabled (Default)



M0102_01

Supported Postal Symbologies

- USPS OneCode (4CB)
- POSTNET
- PLANET
- Japanese Post
- Australian Post
- Royal Mail
- KIX Code

Sample Postnet Symbol



Sample Royal Mail Symbol



Pharmacode

☰ Pharmacode	Disabled*
... Fixed Symbol Length Status	Disabled*
... Symbol Length	Enabled
... Minimum Bars	4
... Bar Width Status	Mixed
... Direction	Forward
... Fixed Threshold Value	10

Pharmacode Enabled



Pharmacode Disabled (Default)



Fixed Symbol Length Enabled



Fixed Symbol Length Disabled (Default)



Bar Width Status: Mixed (Default)



Bar Width Status: All Narrow



Bar Width Status: All Wide



Bar Width Status: Fixed Threshold



Direction: Forward (Default)



Direction: Reverse



Fixed Symbol Length Status

When enabled, the reader will check the symbol length against the symbol length field. If disabled, any length will be considered valid.

Symbol Length

Specifies the exact number of bars that must be present for the reader to recognize and decode the Pharmacode symbol.

Minimum Bars

Sets the minimum number of bars that a Pharmacode symbol must have to be considered valid.

Bar Width Status

If set to **Mixed**, the reader will autodiscriminate between narrow bars and wide bars. If set to **All Narrow**, all bars will be considered as narrow bars. If set to **All Wide**, all bars will be considered as wide bars. If set to **Fixed Threshold**, it will use the fixed threshold value to determine whether the bars are narrow or wide. The **Bar Width Status** setting will be ignored when the reader is able to tell the difference between the narrow and the wide bars.

Direction

Specifies the direction in which a symbol can be read.

Fixed Threshold Value

Used when **Bar Width Status** is set to **Fixed Threshold**. Defines the minimum difference in pixels that will distinguish a narrow bar from a wide bar.

Sample Pharmacode Symbol



GS1 DataBar



All GS1 DataBar Enabled (Default)



All GS1 DataBar Disabled



GS1 DataBar Expanded Enabled



GS1 DataBar Limited Enabled



GS1 DataBar-14 Enabled



Sample DataBar-14 Limited Symbol



Sample DataBar-14 Stacked Symbol



Sample DataBar Expanded Symbol



Sample DataBar-14 Symbol



PDF417

PDF417	Enabled*	▼
	Disabled	
	Enabled*	

PDF417 Enabled (Default)



M0091_01

PDF417 Disabled



M0092_01

Sample PDF417 Symbol



MicroPDF417



MicroPDF417 Disabled (Default)



M0084_01

MicroPDF417 Enabled



M0083_01

Sample MicroPDF417 Symbol



Composite

Composite consists of a 1D component associated with an adjacent 2D component. A successful decode is required for both the 1D and 2D components before the reader outputs a result. When Composite is enabled, the unit decodes the 1D component first.

Important: EAN-8, EAN-13, UPC-A, and UPC-E cannot be decoded individually when Composite is enabled.

Composite	Disabled*
Maximum Decodes per Read	Disabled* Enabled

Maximum Decodes per Read

Maximum Decodes per Read represents the maximum number of candidate symbols in the field of view (1 - 100) that can be decoded during a Read Cycle. Note that decode speed will decrease as the Maximum Decodes per Read value is increased.

Maximum Decodes per Read	1	(1 - 100)
--------------------------	---	-----------

Composite Disabled (Default)



M0066_01

Composite Enabled



M0065_01

Sample Composite Symbol



Symbology Identifier

When **Symbology Identifier** is enabled, an AIM (Association for Automatic Identification and Mobility) preamble is added to decoded data output (see the **AIM Symbology Identifiers** list). This preamble identifies what kind of symbology has been decoded.



AIM Symbology Identifiers

- A Code 39
- C Code 128
- d Data Matrix
- e GS1 DataBar / Composite
- E UPC/EAN
- F Codabar
- G Code 93
- I Interleaved 2 of 5
- L PDF417 / MicroPDF417
- Q QR Code / Micro QR Code
- X Other (Pharmacode)
- z Aztec

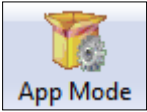
7 I/O Parameters

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This section includes instructions on setting up conditions for changing input/output electrical transitions for control of the reader's internal and external devices. A discrete I/O (in/out) signal is an electrical transition from one voltage level to another so that digital switching can occur. The Data Matrix symbols in this section can also be decoded to configure I/O parameters.

I/O Parameters by ID-Software



Click this button to bring up the **App Mode** view, and then click the **Read Cycle** tab.

Parameters	ID Values
[-] I/O Parameters	
No Read Notification	Disabled
Targeting	Enabled
[-] Beeper	
Volume	100
Duration	100
Separation	100
Beep on Good Read	Enabled
Vibrate	Enabled
Button Stay-Down Time	0
[-] Motion Detect Event	Read Both Fields*
Motion Sensitivity	Disabled
Motion Detect Start Delay	Show Target
Image Quality	Read Both Fields*
	Read Near Field
	Read Far Field
	Read Primary Field

To open nested options, **single-click** the +.

To change a setting, **double-click** the setting and use your cursor to scroll through the options.

No Read Notification

No Read Notification allows you to enable or disable user feedback alerting you when a symbol is not decoded successfully.

The No Read message output is **ap/r**, indicating that the reader did not decode the symbol.

No Read Notification	Disabled*
	Disabled*
	Enabled

Targeting

The **Targeting** parameter allows you to turn the targeting LEDs on or off. They are on by default.



Read the configuration symbols below to enable or disable **Targeting**.



M0196_01

Targeting Off



M0197_01

Targeting On

Beeper

The **Beeper** parameters allow you to set the Volume, Duration, and Separation of the beep, and whether or not it will beep on a Good Read.

Beeper volume is 100% by default, 0.100 seconds Duration by default, and 0.100 seconds Separation by default.

Beep on Good Read is enabled by default.

Beeper

Volume	100
Duration	100
Separation	100
Beep on Good Read	<input type="text" value="Enabled*"/> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Disabled <li style="background-color: #0070c0; color: white;">Enabled*

Read the configuration symbols below to enable or disable **Beeper**.



M0167_01

Beeper Off



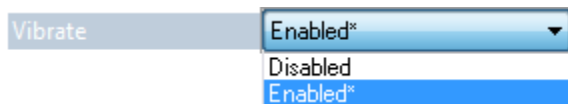
M0168_01

Beeper On

Vibrate

Vibrate

The **Vibrate** parameter allows you to turn Vibrate on or off. It is on by default.



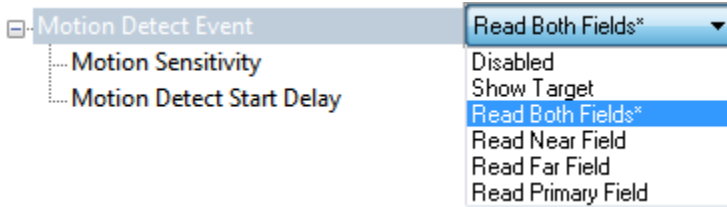
Button Stay-Down Time

Button Stay-Down Time sets the amount of time (in seconds) that the reader will continue to process the current “decode symbol” event. The reader will behave as if the trigger is being activated for this specified amount of time.

Button Stay-Down Time	0.000	Seconds
-----------------------	-------	---------

Motion Detect Event

Motion Detect Event allows you to determine the reader's behavior when motion is detected in the field of view.



Motion Sensitivity allows you to determine the sensitivity of motion detection (lower is more sensitive - 5 is default).

Motion Detect Start Delay allows you to set the amount of delay before a motion detect event occurs. (0 seconds is default.)

Show Target

The target LEDs will illuminate when a motion detect event occurs.

Read Both Fields (Default)

Both Near Field and Far Field will be activated to capture an image when a motion detect event occurs.

Read Near Field

Near Field will be activated to capture an image when a motion detect event occurs.

Read Far Field

Far Field will be activated to capture an image when a motion detect event occurs.

Read Primary Field

When Read Primary Field is selected, the most recent field to have produced a Good Read (Near Field or Far Field) will be activated to capture an image when a motion detect event occurs.

Read the configuration symbols below to enable or disable **Motion Detection**.



M0129_07

Motion Detection Off



M0162_01

**Motion Detection On,
Start Delay 500 ms**



M0161_01

**Motion Detection On
Start Delay 0**

Image Quality

Image Quality allows you to determine the quality of images that are output from image captures. Image Quality is set to 50% by default.

Image Quality	50	(1 - 100) %
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■ 8 Advanced Operations

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This section introduces several settings that can be applied to speed up processing or improve readability in various circumstances.

Continuous Read

Read the following symbols to enable or disable Continuous Read.



M0127_02

Continuous Read On



M0126_03

Continuous Read Off

Mirroring

Mirroring allows the reader to decode symbols that are reversed. When Mirroring is enabled, all other decode functionality is disabled.

Note: Once the reader has been set to **Mirroring On**, it can only return to its default mode by reading the **Mirroring Off** symbol below.

Mirroring On



Mirroring Off (Default)



Motion Detection

Motion Detection causes the reader to attempt a decode whenever it senses motion in its field of view.

**Motion Detection On,
Start Delay 0 ms**



**Motion Detection On,
Start Delay 500 ms**



**Motion Detection Off
(Default)**



**Motion Detection On,
Start Delay 0 ms,
Dark Environment**



**Motion Detection On,
Start Delay 500 ms,
Dark Environment**



Motion Detection by ID-Software

Motion Detection settings can be refined further using the options in **ID-Software**.

Motion Detect Event

- ... Motion Sensitivity
- ... Motion Detect Start Delay

Read Both Fields*
▼

- Disabled
- Show Target
- Read Both Fields*
- Read Near Field
- Read Far Field
- Read Primary Field

Select the action you want the reader to perform when it detects motion in the field of view.

Motion Sensitivity

The reader's sensitivity to motion in the field of view can be configured using the **Motion Sensitivity** parameter. (The lower the number, the greater the sensitivity.)

Important: For **Motion Sensitivity** to function correctly, **Button Stay-Down Time** should be increased.

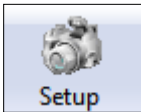
Motion Detect Start Delay

Motion Detect Start Delay allows you to set the amount of delay before a **Motion Detect Event** occurs. (0 seconds is default.)

Window of Interest

Window of Interest allows you to shrink the processing area of the reader's field of view. Because the reader has far less processing to do in a smaller window, read rates typically increase dramatically.

- Click the **Camera** icon in App Mode to bring up **Window of Interest**.



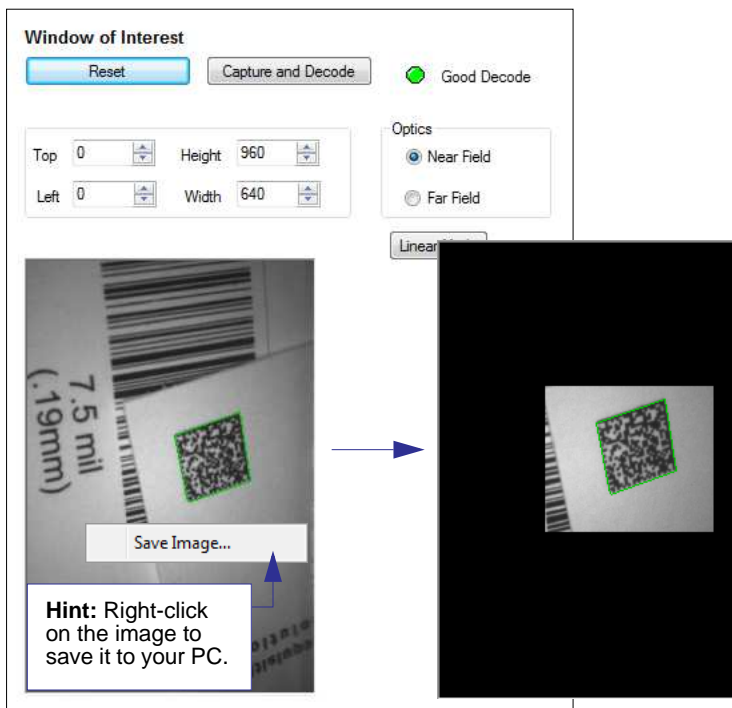
Click the **Capture and Decode** button in the Window of Interest view to decode the symbol in the field of view. If successful, the **Good Decode** indicator will be green and the symbol will be outlined in green.

Note: You can resize the image by clicking and dragging the **ID-Software** window from the lower right corner. This is useful where very small symbols are being read.

- Click and drag the cursor to define a rectangle over the symbol that you want to isolate. Notice that the surrounding pixels become black.

You can use the anchor points on the image area that you have just drawn to resize the Window of Interest. You can also click on the center of the window to move it.

- Click the **Reset** button to remove the Window of Interest.



Linear Mode

Linear Mode is intended for use with 1D (linear) symbologies. The combination of Far Field optics and narrow field of view is ideal for decoding a series of closely-spaced 1D symbols, such as a warehouse “pick list”.

Clicking the Linear Mode button automatically defines the narrow Window of Interest in Far Field as shown below. The Near Field Window of Interest is also reduced to maintain fast decode times of 1D symbols while still allowing Data Matrix decoding (including Data Matrix programming symbols).

The screenshot displays the 'Window of Interest' control panel. At the top left, there are 'Reset' and 'Capture and Decode' buttons. To the right is a green indicator light labeled 'Good Decode'. Below these are four numeric input fields: 'Top' (0), 'Height' (960), 'Left' (320), and 'Width' (48). To the right of these fields is an 'Optics' section with two radio buttons: 'Near Field' (unselected) and 'Far Field' (selected). Below the 'Optics' section is a blue 'Linear Mode' button. An arrow points from this button to a callout box on the right. Below the control panel is a large black image showing a narrow vertical strip of a barcode with two red dots at the bottom. A dashed blue line indicates the narrow window of interest.

Click the **Linear Mode** button to set the narrow Window of Interest shown at left. To exit Linear Mode, reset the Top, Left, Height, and Width values for both Near Field and Far Field.

9 Terminal

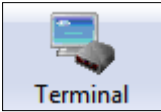
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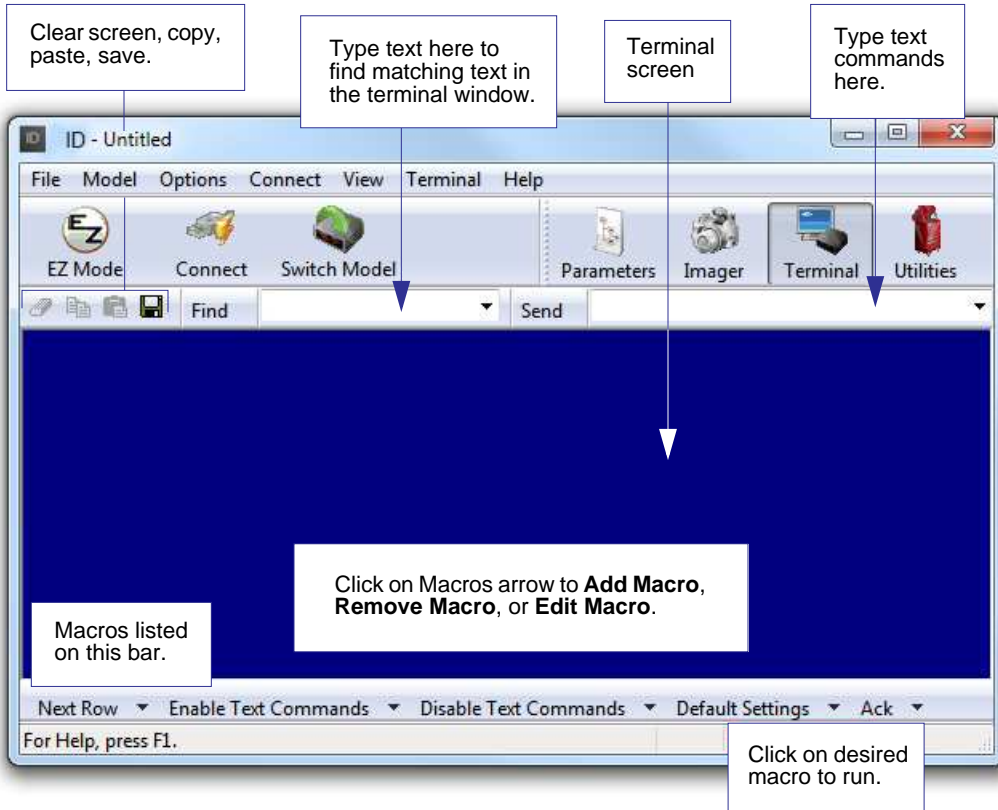
This section describes the **Terminal** interface and macro functions in **ID-Software**.

Terminal View

Click the **Terminal** button.



You will see the following view:



The Terminal interface allows you to send commands to the reader by using macros, by copying and pasting, or by typing commands in the **Send** text field. The Terminal view also displays symbol data or information from the reader. You can also right click on the Terminal screen to bring up a menu of further options.

Find

The **Find** function allows you to enter text strings to be searched for in the terminal window. For example, suppose a series of symbols have been scanned into the terminal view and you want to determine if a particular symbol whose data begins with “ABC” has been read.

1. Type “ABC” into the **Find** box.



2. Press **Enter**.

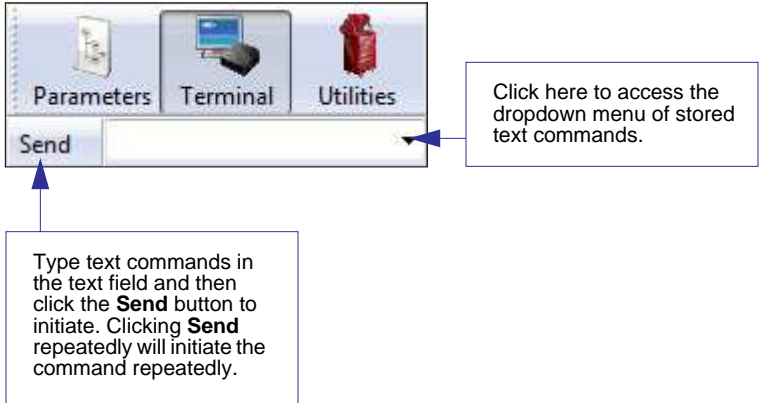
The first instance of “ABC” will be highlighted in the terminal window.

3. Click the **Find** button to the left of the text field to locate additional instances of “ABC”.

Send

The **Send** function allows you to enter text commands and then send them to the reader. (See **Text Commands**.)

For example, suppose you want to disable the vibrate function in the reader. To disable vibrate using a text command, you would enter “P%A10” (the command that disables vibrate) in the text field and click **Send**.

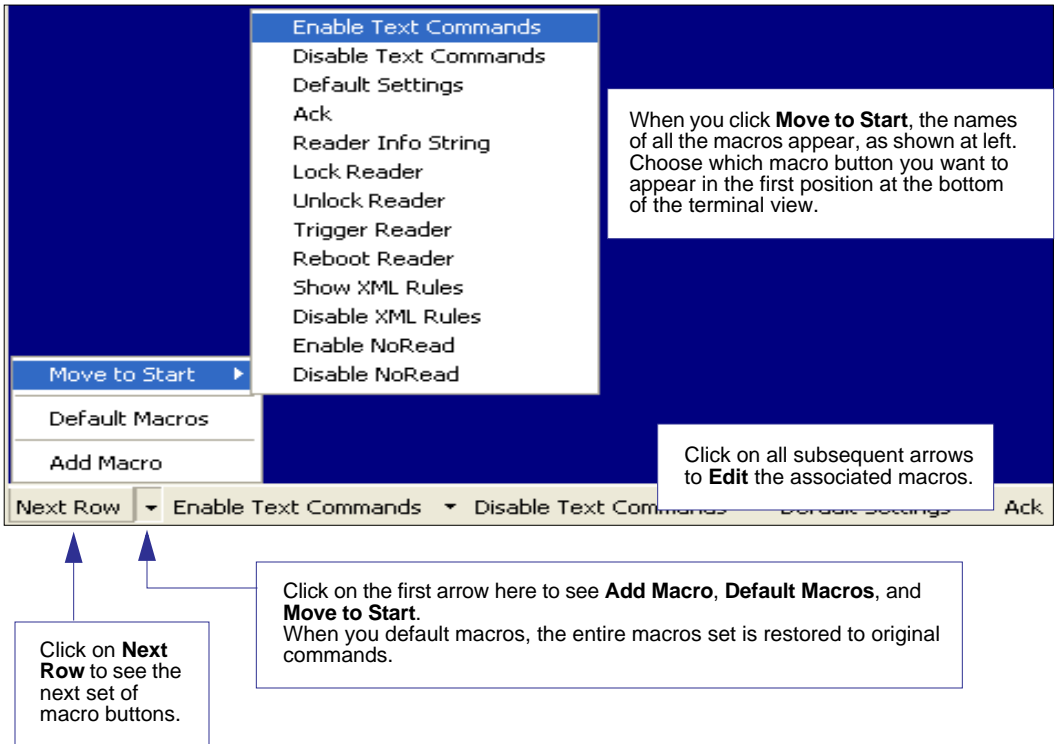


Once text commands are initiated, they are saved in a dropdown menu that can be accessed by clicking the arrow to the right of the text field.

You can also send the current command repeatedly by clicking the **Send** button repeatedly.

Macros

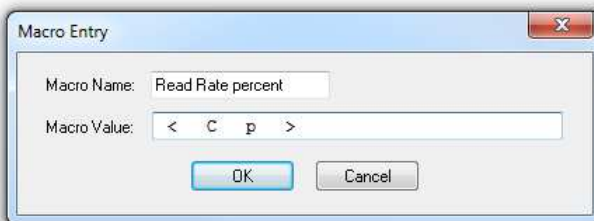
Macros can be stored in a macro selection bar, edited in a separate window, and executed by clicking on the macro name.



Clicking on a macro button executes the related command. The command is also sent to the reader at the same time it is displayed.

Editing a Macro

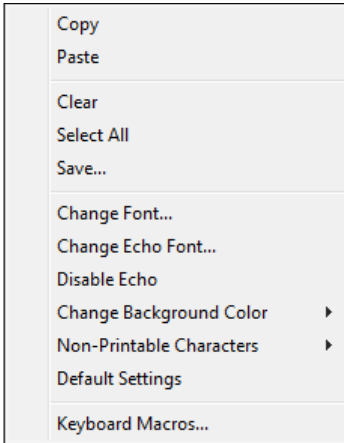
When you click the arrow next to a any macro and select **Edit**, the following dialog appears:



You can edit an existing macro or type in the **Macro Name** text field and define it in the **Macro Value** text field.

Terminal Right-Click Menu

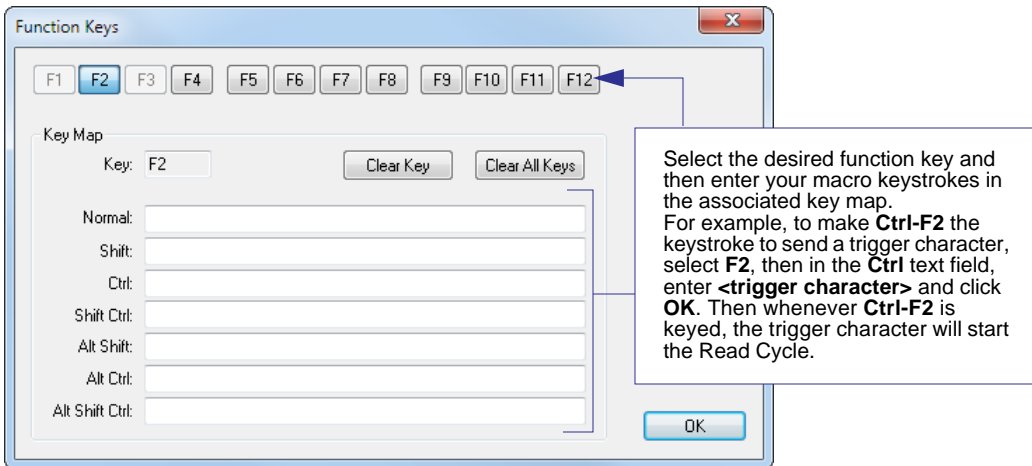
Right click in the terminal window to display the following menu:



- **Copy** selected text to clipboard.
- **Paste** from terminal or other text.
- **Clear** all text in terminal window.
- **Select All** text in the terminal window.
- **Save...** incoming and outgoing data into a text file.
- **Change Font...** of data received from the reader.
- **Change Echo Font...** to change the appearance of user-entered data.
- **Disable Echo** to hide user-entered data.
- **Change Background Color** of the terminal window.
- **Non-Printable Characters** can be shown or hidden in the terminal view in **Standard** or **Enhanced** format.
- **Default Settings** to return all of the above to original settings.
- **Keyboard Macros** brings up the **Function Keys** dialog, which allows you to create customized macro functions.

Function Keys

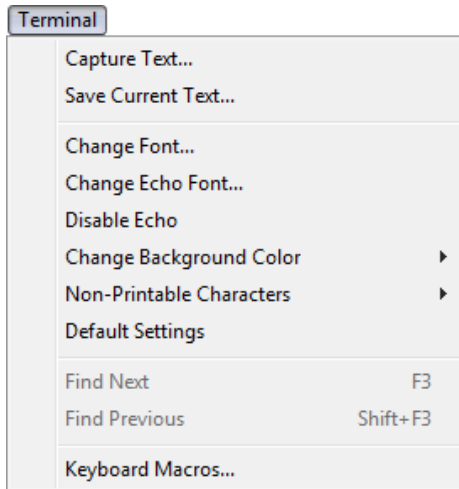
The **Function Keys** dialog allows you to assign commands to specific function keys on a standard keyboard. Note that the **F1** key is reserved for opening **ID-Software** Help, and the **F3** key is reserved for the **Find Next** function.



Note: This feature is also available from the **Terminal Dropdown Menu** and the **Terminal** tab of the **Preferences** dialog.

Terminal Dropdown Menu

The terminal dropdown menu allows you to capture and save current text, and it also includes the functions defined for the [Terminal Right-Click Menu](#).



- **Capture Text...** lets you append data in real time to a text file of your choice. While in operation, the text file cannot be opened. You can select **Pause** to interrupt the capture flow or **Stop** to end the flow and open the file.
- **Save Current Text...** saves all text in the terminal window to a text file of your choice.
- **Find Next** locates the next instance of the specified data string in the terminal. This function can also be activated by pressing **F3**.
- **Find Previous** locates the most recently occurring instance of the specified data string in the terminal.
- **Keyboard Macros** brings up the **Function Keys** dialog, which allows you to create customized macro functions.

Terminal Dropdown Menu



10 Utilities

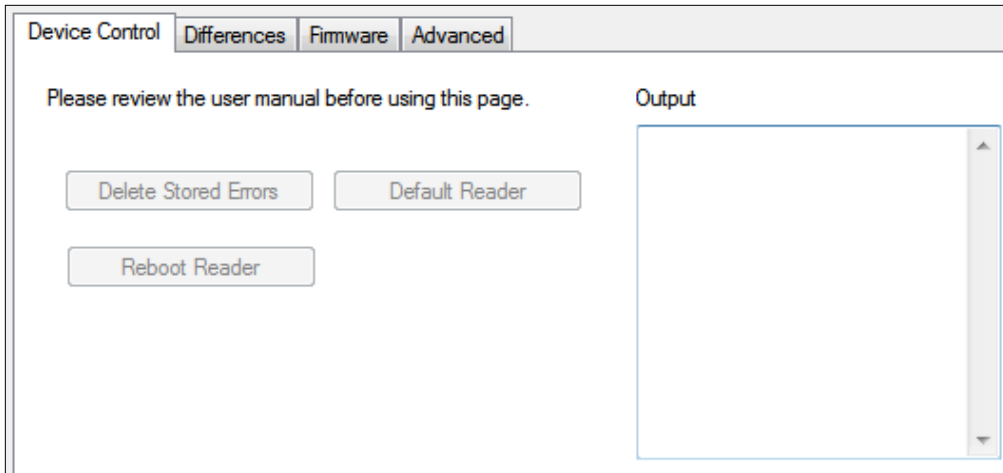
Contents

Device Control.....	10-2
Differences from Default.....	10-3
Firmware	10-4
Advanced	10-6

This section explains **ID-Software Utilities** features. These include **Device Control**, an interface that lets you perform major operations with one click; **Differences from Default**, which shows all currently enabled reader settings that are not default settings; **Firmware**, where you can update your reader’s firmware; and **Advanced**, which allows you to collect batch files for customized reader configuration and optimization.

Device Control

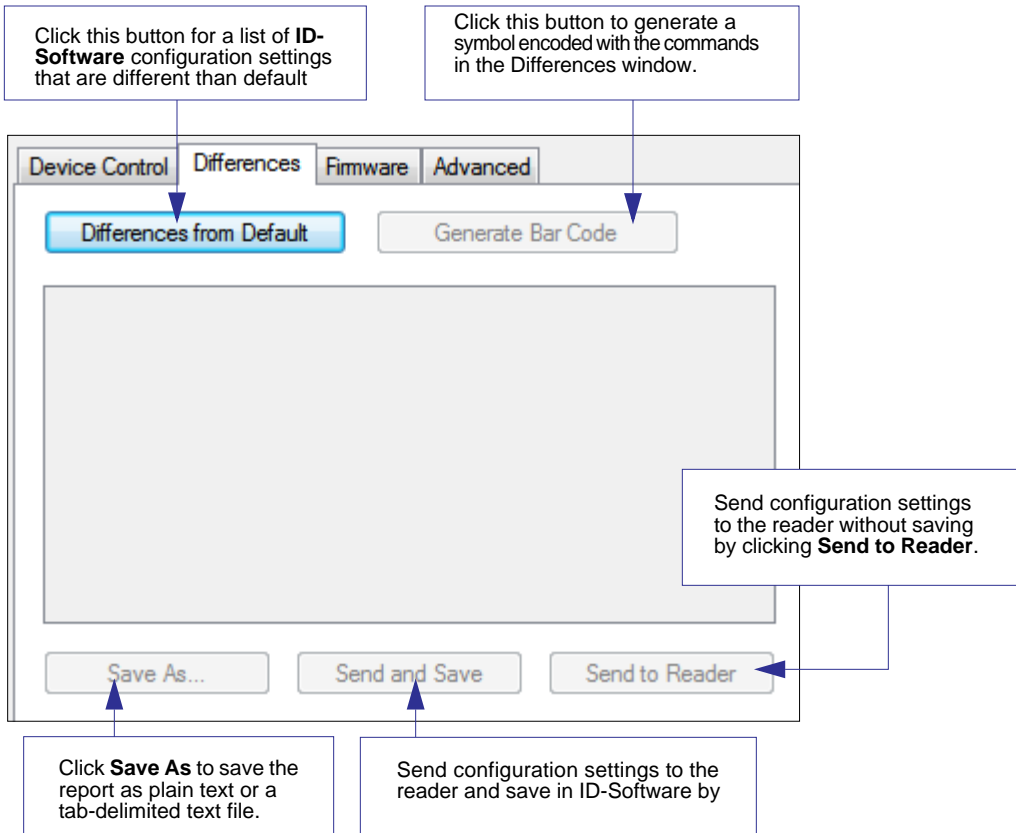
This feature allows you to delete stored errors, to reboot the reader, and to default the reader.



- **Delete Stored Errors** erases all logged errors whether you have looked at them or not.
- **Default Reader** returns the reader to its default state, without any optimization or configuration.
- **Reboot Reader** refreshes the reader's memory and functionality, returning it to the most recent configuration you have saved.

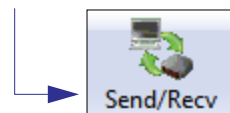
Differences from Default

Clicking the **Differences from Default** button will cause **ID-Software** to check all stored configuration settings and compare them to default settings. All settings that are different than default will appear in the left column (shown below), and descriptions of those settings will appear in the right column.



- To save the **Differences from Default** report, either as plain text or as a tab-delimited text file, click **Save As**.
- Click **Send and Save** to send the settings to the reader and save them, or **Send to Reader** to send the settings without saving them.

Important: To use the **Differences from Default** feature, you must connect to the reader and **Receive Reader Settings** via the **Send/Recv** button on the toolbar.



Firmware

The Firmware view in ID-Software Utilities is a simple way to update and verify your reader's firmware and to update batch files.

Choose **App Code** from the **Firmware Update** dropdown menu and click **Start** to install new firmware.

The screenshot shows the 'Firmware' tab in the software interface. It is divided into three main sections: 'Firmware Update', 'Batch File Update', and 'Firmware Verification'. The 'Firmware Update' section has a dropdown menu with the text '- Select a file type to download -' and a 'Start...' button. The 'Batch File Update' section has a similar dropdown menu. The 'Firmware Verification' section includes a 'Request Part No.' button and four input fields for version information: 'App Code Version: 35-619001-10 015', 'Firmware Version: 0270', 'Boot Version: 0205', and 'Radio Version: none'. Three callout boxes provide instructions: one points to the 'Firmware Update' dropdown, another points to the 'Batch File Update' dropdown, and a third points to the 'Request Part No.' button.

Firmware Update

- Select a file type to download - Start...

Batch File Update

- Select a file to download -

Firmware Verification

Request Part No.

App Code Version: 35-619001-10 015

Firmware Version: 0270

Boot Version: 0205

Radio Version: none

Use this dropdown menu to locate batch files in the host computer's file directory. Download the needed files directly to the reader by clicking the **Start** button.

The **Firmware Verification** tool sends a direct query to the reader for its Application Code Version, Firmware Version, Boot Code Version, and Radio Version.

ID and Firmware Version

Another way to query the 2D Engine for its identifying information is by reading the following symbol:



M0148_01

ID and Firmware Version

The host's text program will output a data string containing the device's identifying information in the format shown below.

Example:

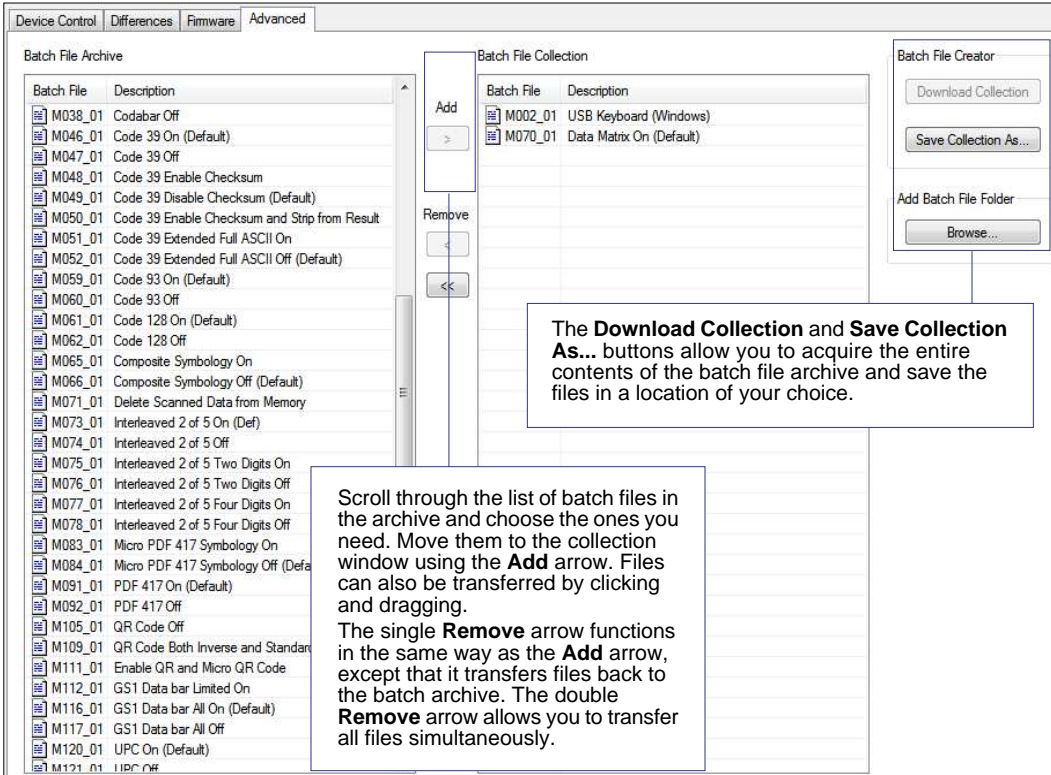
```
i03360205none0020019795A0600000060008001400490002<TAB>35-619100-10 003
```

0336	Application Version Number
0205	Bootloader Firmware Version
None	Radio Firmware Version
0020019795	Serial Number
A	A – Running Application
06	N/A
0	N/A
0000	N/A
06	Hardware Identifier
0008	Hardware Type Identifier
0014	Boot Application Version
0049	Operating System Kernel Version
0002	Root File System Versions
<TAB>	ASCII TAB Character
35-619100-10 003	Decoder Version PN and BN

Advanced

The **Advanced** tab in **Utilities** features an archive of all batch files containing reader configuration commands. Each batch file's extension is .crb, and each file contains the fundamental code for programming the reader. Notice that the names of the batch files correspond with the numbers beneath all the Data Matrix configuration symbols.

This tool allows you to use the batch file data to create your own symbols, or to collect only the files that you use frequently to configure the reader for your application.



Appendices

Contents

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Appendix H Glossary of Terms A-51

Appendix A — General Specifications

Mechanical

Height:	5.2" (131.6 mm)
Width:	2.0" (52 mm)
Depth:	3.6" (91.1 mm)
Weight:	3.9 oz. (110 g)

Environmental

Operating temperature: -20° to 55° C
(-4° to 131°F)

Storage temperature: -30° to 65° C
(-22° to 150°F)

Humidity: 5 to 95% (non-condensing)

Shock: Withstands multiple drops of 6' (1.8 meters)

CE Standards

Immunity: EN 55024

ESD: EN 61000-4-2

Radiated RF: EN 61000-4-3

Keyed Carrier: ENV50204

EFT: EN 61000-4-4

Conducted RF: EN 61000-4-6

Emissions: EN 55022, Class B Radiated,
Class B Conducted

CB Test Certificate: IEC 60950-1:2005, 2nd Edition

Symbologies

2D Symbologies: Data Matrix, QR Code, Micro QR Code, Aztec Code

Stacked Symbologies: PDF417, MicroPDF417, Composite

Linear Symbologies: UPC, Code 39, Code 128, Interleaved 2 of 5, Codabar, GS1 DataBar, Code 93

Postal Symbologies: USPS OneCode (4CB), POSTNET, PLANET, Japanese Post, Australian Post, Royal Mail, KIX Code

Light Collection Options

Sensor: CMOS 1.2 Megapixel grayscale

Sensor Array: 1280 by 960

Field Selection: Near Field or Far Field

Field of View: Near Field: 30° horizontal by 20° vertical;
Far Field: 50° horizontal by 33.5° vertical

Focal Point: Approximately 100 mm

Optical Resolution: Near Field: 960 x 640; Far Field:
960 x 640

Communication Protocols

Standard Interface: RS-232, USB 2.0 (Generic HID,
HID Keyboard, Virtual COM Port)

Read Parameters

Pitch: ±60° (front to back)

Skew: ±60° (from plane parallel to symbol, side-to-side)

Rotational Tolerance: ±180°

Print contrast Resolution: 25% (1D symbologies); 35%
(2D symbologies); absolute dark/light reflectance differential,
measured at 650 nm

Ambient Light Immunity: Sunlight: Up to 9,000 ft.-candles
/ 96,890 lux

Target Beam: 2 blue bars

Indicators

Status Indicators: Beep, vibrate, LED flash

Image Output Options

Format: BMP or JPEG

Memory Capacity

128MB Flash ROM, 32MB RAM

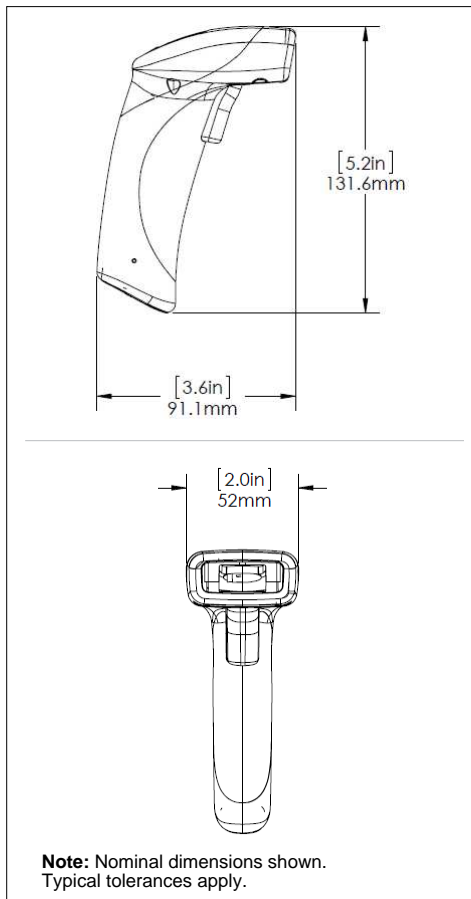
Data Editing

JavaScript (Additional License Required)

Electrical

Power Requirements: Reader @ 5VDC (mA): Typical:
Less than 450 mA; Idle: Less than 80 mA; Sleep: Less
than 31mA

Dimensions



Read Ranges

Narrow Bar	Read Range
STANDARD DENSITY	
1D	
0.0050" (0.127 mm)	3.7 to 5.0" (94 to 127 mm)
0.0075" (0.191 mm)	2.2 to 6.5" (56 to 165 mm)
0.010" (0.254 mm)	1.5 to 8.0" (38 to 203 mm)
0.020 (0.508 mm)	2.3 to 15.5" (58 to 394 mm)
2D	
0.0050" (0.127 mm)	3.7 to 4.6" (94 to 117 mm)
0.0075" (0.191 mm)	1.5 to 6.0" (38 to 152 mm)
0.010" (0.254 mm)	1.6 to 7.7" (41 to 196 mm)
0.020 (0.508 mm)	1.6 to 9.4" (41 to 239 mm)

General Specifications

FIS and Demo Kit Options; Accessories

ID-08/ID-09 Handheld Readers	
ID-08, Handheld Reader, Light Gray, USB, 6' Straight Cable	ID-08-IM3-2-U
ID-08, Handheld Reader, Light Gray, RS-232, 8' Coiled Cable, EU Power/Supply	ID-08-IM3-2-S
ID-09, Handheld, X-Mode, Dark Gray, USB, 6' ST CBL	ID-09-IM3-2-U
ID-09, Handheld, X-Mode, Dark Gray, RS-232, 8' CL CBL, EU P/S	ID-09-IM3-2-S
di-soric USB Stick: Software, User's Manuals, Quick Start Guides, Configuration Guides, links to di-soric website	

Safety Certifications

FCC, CE, RoHS/WEEE



ISO Certification

ISO 9001 Certified

Issued by TÜV USA, Inc., Member of TÜV NORD Group

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Product specifications are given for typical performance at 25°C (77°F) using grade A symbols. Performance characteristics may vary at high temperatures or other environmental extremes. Five Year Limited Warranty on parts and labor.

Appendix B — Electrical Specifications

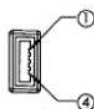
Power Requirements

Reader @ 5VDC (mA): *Typical*: Less than 450 mA; *Idle*: Less than 80 mA; *Sleep*: Less than 31mA

USB Cable Pinouts



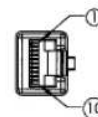
Connector A



WIRING TABLE:

CONNECTOR A	NAME	WIRE	COLOR	CONNECTOR B
1	VIN	24AWG	RED	1
2	DM	28AWG	WHITE	2
3	DP	28AWG	GREEN	3
4	GND	24AWG	BLACK	10
SHELL	-	SHIELD	BARE	SHELL

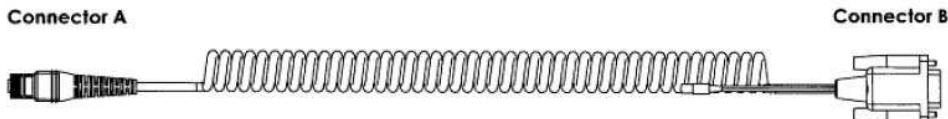
Connector B



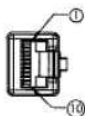
Maximum Voltage Tolerance = 5V +/- 10%.

Caution: Exceeding the maximum voltage will void manufacturer warranty.

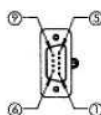
RS-232 Cable Pinouts



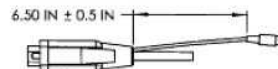
Connector A



Connector B



Connector C



- MATING PLUG OD: 5.5 mm
- CENTER PIN OD 2.0 mm, LENGTH 8.5 mm.
- INPUT: + 5V — MIN 500 mA








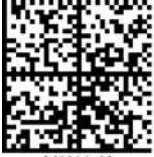














WIRING TABLE:





















CONN A	NAME	WIRE	COLOR	CONN B	WIRE	COLOR	CONN C
1	VIN	24AWG	RED	9	24AWG	RED	TIP
4	TX	28AWG	BROWN	2			
5	RTS	28AWG	ORANGE	8			
6	RX	28AWG	YELLOW	3			
7	CTS	28AWG	GREEN	7			
10	GND	24AWG	BLACK	5	24AWG	BLACK	RING
SHIELD	-	SHIELD		SHIELD			

Maximum Voltage Tolerance = 5V +/- 10%.





















Caution: Exceeding the maximum voltage will void manufacturer warranty.



















Appendix C — Configuration Symbols

<p>A1</p>  <p>Q0001_2 Default to USB (HID)</p>	<p>A2</p>  <p>M0002_01 USB Keyboard (Windows)</p>	<p>A3</p>  <p>Q0003_1 USB Native (HID) Mode</p>	<p>A4</p>  <p>M0005_01 USB Virtual COM Mode</p>
<p>B1</p>  <p>M0015_02 USB Enable Alternate OS</p>	<p>B2</p>  <p>M0016_02 USB Disable Alternate OS</p>	<p>B3</p>  <p>M0017_01 Reset to RS-232 Defaults</p>	<p>B4</p>  <p>M0018_01 RS-232 7 Data Bits</p>
<p>C1</p>  <p>M0019_01 RS-232 8 Data Bits (Default)</p>	<p>C2</p>  <p>M0020_01 RS-232 1200 Baud</p>	<p>C3</p>  <p>M0021_01 RS-232 2400 Baud</p>	<p>C4</p>  <p>M0022_01 RS-232 4800 Baud</p>
<p>D1</p>  <p>M0023_01 RS-232 9600 Baud</p>	<p>D2</p>  <p>M0024_01 RS-232 19200 Baud</p>	<p>D3</p>  <p>M0025_01 RS-232 38400 Baud</p>	<p>D4</p>  <p>M0026_01 RS-232 57600 Baud</p>
<p>E1</p>  <p>M0027_01 RS-232 115200 Baud (Default)</p>	<p>E2</p>  <p>M0028_01 RS-232 Even Parity</p>	<p>E3</p>  <p>M0029_01 RS-232 Odd Parity</p>	<p>E4</p>  <p>M0030_01 RS-232 No Parity (Default)</p>





















<p>A1</p>  <p>M0031_01</p> <p>UART Flow Control None (Default)</p>	<p>A2</p>  <p>M0032_01</p> <p>UART Flow Control Hardware</p>	<p>A3</p>  <p>M0149_01</p> <p>RS-232 Raw Mode (Default)</p>	<p>A4</p>  <p>M0150_01</p> <p>RS-232 Packet Mode</p>
<p>B1</p>  <p>M0196_01</p> <p>Targeting Off</p>	<p>B2</p>  <p>M0197_01</p> <p>Targeting On</p>	<p>B3</p>  <p>M0167_01</p> <p>Beep Off</p>	<p>B4</p>  <p>M0168_01</p> <p>Beep On</p>
<p>C1</p>  <p>M0126_03</p> <p>Continuous Trigger Off</p>	<p>C2</p>  <p>M0129_07</p> <p>Motion Detect Off</p>	<p>C3</p>  <p>M0161_01</p> <p>Motion Detect On, Start Delay 0</p>	<p>C4</p>  <p>M0162_01</p> <p>Motion Detect On, Start Delay 500 ms</p>
<p>D1</p>  <p>M0146_01</p> <p>Reader Text Commands On</p>	<p>D2</p>  <p>M0147_01</p> <p>Reader Text Commands Off</p>	<p>D3</p>  <p>M0130_02</p> <p>Preamble - Comma</p>	<p>D4</p>  <p>M0131_02</p> <p>Preamble - Space</p>
<p>E1</p>  <p>M0132_02</p> <p>Preamble - Tab (Keyboard Only)</p>	<p>E2</p>  <p>M0133_02</p> <p>Preamble - Tab (Serial Only)</p>	<p>E3</p>  <p>M0134_02</p> <p>Preamble - Erase (None)</p>	<p>E4</p>  <p>M0135_02</p> <p>Preamble - CR LF (Serial Only)</p>





















Configuration Symbols

<p>A1</p>  <p>M0136_02</p> <p>Postamble - CR (Serial Only)</p>	<p>A2</p>  <p>M0137_02</p> <p>Postamble - Comma</p>	<p>A3</p>  <p>M0138_02</p> <p>Postamble - LF (Serial Only)</p>	<p>A4</p>  <p>M0139_02</p> <p>Postamble - CR LF (Serial Only)</p>
<p>B1</p>  <p>M0140_02</p> <p>Postamble - Space</p>	<p>B2</p>  <p>M0141_02</p> <p>Postamble - Enter (Keyboard Only)</p>	<p>B3</p>  <p>M0142_02</p> <p>Postamble - Tab (Keyboard Only)</p>	<p>B4</p>  <p>M0143_02</p> <p>Postamble - Tab (Serial Only)</p>
<p>C1</p>  <p>M0144_02</p> <p>Postamble - Erase (None)</p>	<p>C2</p>  <p>M0145_02</p> <p>Preamble and Postamble - Erase</p>	<p>C3</p>  <p>M0007_02</p> <p>U.S. Keyboard Mapping (Default)</p>	<p>C4</p>  <p>M0008_02</p> <p>U.S. Keyboard without Leading 0</p>
<p>D1</p>  <p>M0009_02</p> <p>U.S. Keyboard with Ctr+Char</p>	<p>D2</p>  <p>M0010_01</p> <p>French Keyboard Mapping</p>	<p>D3</p>  <p>M0011_01</p> <p>German Keyboard Mapping</p>	<p>D4</p>  <p>M0012_01</p> <p>Japanese Keyboard Mapping</p>
<p>E1</p>  <p>M0013_01</p> <p>Universal Keyboard Mapping</p>	<p>E2</p>  <p>M0014_01</p> <p>Custom Keyboard</p>	<p>E3</p>  <p>M0189_01</p> <p>Belgian Keyboard Mapping</p>	<p>E4</p>  <p>M0190_01</p> <p>Swiss Keyboard Mapping</p>













<p>A1</p>  <p>Data Matrix On</p>	<p>A2</p>  <p>Data Matrix Off</p>	<p>Important: If you disable the Data Matrix symbology, programming symbols will not be decodable by the reader, and you will need to re-enable Data Matrix using disoric ID - Software. Use the Data Matrix Off programming</p>	
<p>B1</p>  <p>M0033_01</p> <p>Aztec On</p>	<p>B2</p>  <p>M0034_01</p> <p>Aztec Off (Default)</p>	<p>B3</p>  <p>Q0009_01</p> <p>BC412 On (Default)</p>	<p>B4</p>  <p>Q0010_01</p> <p>BC412 Off</p>
<p>C1</p>  <p>M0037_01</p> <p>Codabar On (Default)</p>	<p>C2</p>  <p>M0038_01</p> <p>Codabar Off</p>	<p>C3</p>  <p>Q0011_01</p> <p>Codabar Checksum Enabled</p>	<p>C4</p>  <p>Q0012_01</p> <p>Codabar Checksum Disabled (Default)</p>
<p>D1</p>  <p>Q0030_01</p> <p>Codabar Checksum Enabled, Strip from Result</p>	<p>D2</p>  <p>M0046_01</p> <p>Code 39 On (Default)</p>	<p>D3</p>  <p>M0047_01</p> <p>Code 39 Off</p>	<p>D4</p>  <p>M0048_01</p> <p>Code 39 Enable Checksum</p>
<p>E1</p>  <p>M0049_01</p> <p>Code 39 Disable Checksum (Default)</p>	<p>E2</p>  <p>M0050_01</p> <p>Code 39 Enable Checksum and Strip from Result</p>	<p>E3</p>  <p>M0051_01</p> <p>Code 39 Extended Full ASCII On</p>	<p>E4</p>  <p>M0052_01</p> <p>Code 39 Extended Full ASCII Off (Default)</p>

Configuration Symbols

<p>A1</p>  <p>M0059_01</p> <p>Code 93 On (Default)</p>	<p>A2</p>  <p>M0060_01</p> <p>Code 93 Off</p>	<p>A3</p>  <p>M0061_01</p> <p>Code 128 On (Default)</p>	<p>A4</p>  <p>M0062_01</p> <p>Code 128 Off</p>
<p>B1</p>  <p>M0065_01</p> <p>Composite On</p>	<p>B2</p>  <p>M0066_01</p> <p>Composite Off (Default)</p>	<p>B3</p>  <p>M0073_01</p> <p>Interleaved 2 of 5 On (Default)</p>	<p>B4</p>  <p>M0074_01</p> <p>Interleaved 2 of 5 Off</p>
<p>C1</p>  <p>Interleaved 2 of 5 Two Digit Minimum</p>	<p>C2</p>  <p>Interleaved 2 of 5 Four Digit Minimum</p>	<p>C3</p>  <p>Interleaved 2 of 5 Six Digit Minimum</p>	<p>C4</p>  <p>M0151_01</p> <p>Interleaved 2 of 5 with Control Character Stripped</p>
<p>D1</p>  <p>Q0013_01</p> <p>Interleaved 2 of 5 Checksum Enabled</p>	<p>D2</p>  <p>Q0014_01</p> <p>Interleaved 2 of 5 Checksum Disabled (Default)</p>	<p>D3</p>  <p>Q0015_01</p> <p>Interleaved 2 of 5 Checksum Enabled, Strip from Result</p>	<p>D4</p>  <p>M0083_01</p> <p>MicroPDF417 On</p>
<p>E1</p>  <p>M0084_01</p> <p>MicroPDF417 Off (Default)</p>	<p>E2</p>  <p>M0091_01</p> <p>PDF417 On (Default)</p>	<p>E3</p>  <p>M0092_01</p> <p>PDF417 Off</p>	<p>E4</p>  <p>Q0031_01</p> <p>Postal On</p>

<p>A1</p>  <p>M0102_01</p> <p>Postal Off (Default)</p>	<p>A2</p>  <p>M0105_01</p> <p>QR Code Off</p>	<p>A3</p>  <p>M0109_01</p> <p>QR Code Inverse and Standard On</p>	<p>A4</p>  <p>M0111_01</p> <p>QR Code and Micro QR Code On</p>
<p>B1</p>  <p>M0112_01</p> <p>GS1 DataBar Limited On</p>	<p>B2</p>  <p>M0116_01</p> <p>All GS1 DataBar On (Default)</p>	<p>B3</p>  <p>M0117_01</p> <p>All GS1 DataBar Off</p>	<p>B4</p>  <p>M0120_01</p> <p>UPC On (Default)</p>
<p>C1</p>  <p>M0121_01</p> <p>UPC Off</p>	<p>C2</p>  <p>Q0016_01</p> <p>EAN Status Enabled (Default)</p>	<p>C3</p>  <p>Q0017_01</p> <p>EAN Status Disabled</p>	<p>C4</p>  <p>Q0018_01</p> <p>UPC-E as UPC-A Enabled</p>
<p>D1</p>  <p>Q0019_01</p> <p>UPC-E as UPC-A Disabled (Default)</p>	<p>D2</p>  <p>Q0020_01</p> <p>Pharmacode On</p>	<p>D3</p>  <p>Q0021_01</p> <p>Pharmacode Off (Default)</p>	<p>D4</p>  <p>Q0022_01</p> <p>Pharmacode Fixed Symbol Length Enabled</p>
<p>E1</p>  <p>Q0023_01</p> <p>Pharmacode Fixed Symbol Length Disabled (Default)</p>	<p>E2</p>  <p>Q0024_01</p> <p>Pharmacode Bar Width Status Mixed (Default)</p>	<p>E3</p>  <p>Q0025_01</p> <p>Pharmacode Bar Width Status All Narrow</p>	<p>E4</p>  <p>Q0026_01</p> <p>Pharmacode Bar Width Status All Wide</p>

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<p>A1</p>  <p>Q0027_01</p> <p>Pharmacode Bar Width Status Fixed Threshold</p>	<p>A2</p>  <p>Q0028_01</p> <p>Pharmacode Direction Forward (Default)</p>	<p>A3</p>  <p>Q0029_01</p> <p>Pharmacode Direction Reverse</p>	<p>A4</p>  <p>M0071_01</p> <p>Delete Scanned Data from Memory</p>
<p>B1</p>  <p>M0148_01</p> <p>ID and Firmware Version</p>	<p>B2</p>  <p>M0165_01</p> <p>Clear All JavaScript Rules</p>	<p>B3</p>  <p>M0166_01</p> <p>Save Settings</p>	<p>B4</p>  <p>M0191_01</p> <p>Disable Duplicate Symbol Timeout</p>
<p>C1</p>  <p>M0192_01</p> <p>1 Second Duplicate Scan Delay</p>	<p>C2</p>  <p>M0193_01</p> <p>2 Second Duplicate Scan Delay</p>	<p>C3</p>  <p>M0194_01</p> <p>3 Second Duplicate Scan Delay</p>	<p>C4</p>  <p>M0195_01</p> <p>Default Trigger Delay</p>

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Appendix D — Serial Commands

Text Commands

Text commands may be sent to the reader in RS-232 or USB Virtual COM mode using any serial communications software, e.g., di-soric ID - Software Terminal.

Encoded-data is decoded by the reader by replacing %xx by a single byte with the value specified by the two hex-digits xx, e.g., %25 would be replaced by character number 0x25, which is ASCII '%’.

text-command: *command-type encoded-dataopt carriage-return*

command-type: Single ASCII character in the set defined in **Command Types**.

encoded-data: *encoded-datum / encoded-data encoded-datum*

encoded-datum: *printable-character | % hex-digit hex-digit*

printable-character: any byte value in the range [0x20,0x7e]

hex-digit: '0' | '1' | '2' | '3' | '4' | '5' | '6' | '7' | '8' | '9' | 'A' | 'B' | 'C' | 'D' | 'E' | 'F'
 | 'a' | 'b' | 'c' | 'd' | 'e' | 'f'

carriage-return: **0x0d**

In order to eliminate inadvertent commanding of the reader, Text Commands are disabled by default. To enable Text Commands requires an initial sequence: ;>PAx where x is as defined in the **Reader Settings Table, register setting 41. (Note: 'A' is the ASCII character that corrdi-soric ID - Softwareonds to 41 HEX.)**

For example, to send the reader commands by typing commands in di-soric ID - Software Terminal:

```
;>PA1
P(xx)yy
P(xx)yy
~
PA8
```

Where ;>PA1 enables text commands with echo and command rdi-soric ID - Softwareonds; P%**xxyy** can be any desired commands; ~ saves the settings just sent (the ~ command saves all but communication-related settings); and PA8 turns text commands back off (except for the initial sequence). (Note: 'A' is the ASCII character that corrdi-soric ID - Softwareonds to 41 hex, thus P%418 would be equivalent.)

Note: ;>PA1 is used for interactive text commands. If the commands are to be saved in a file and sent non-interactively, use ;>PA7 instead; this enables text commands but disables echo and command rdi-soric ID - Softwareonds. (See **Command Types**, **Reader Settings**, and **CRB System** for additional information.)

The following two examples can be sent to a reader in RS-232 mode from di-soric ID - Software Terminal by just typing the example text.

Example 1 (make the reader beep 3 times):

#%03 *Expected output: should make reader beep 3 times*

Example 2 (set reader to continuous read, High Density field (FOI0) only):

P(C4)5 *Expected output: should set reader to continuous read, High Density field (FOI0) only*

Example 3 (set reader to trigger read mode):

P(C4)255 *Expected output: should set reader to trigger read*

Packetized Commands

Packetized commands consist of packetized data sent from Host-to-Reader to configure and cause the reader to perform certain functionalities (e.g. settings). Packetized commands are always enabled, unlike text commands. In addition, they include error detection data, making them more robust than text commands.

normal-command structure:

[preamble] [command-type] [data-size] [dataopt] [reserved field] [crc14]

preamble: **0xEE 0xEE 0xEE 0xEE**

command-type: Single ASCII character in the set defined in **Command Types**.

data-size: byte value in range [0,240], which indicates size of data (in bytes) following this before *[reserved field]*

dataopt: *datum* or *data datum*

data or *datum* is any byte value in the range [0,255]

reserved field: **0x00**

crc14: Two consecutive bytes, each in range [0,127], representing the crc16 value and with the value 0x7F7F, most significant byte first. The packet crc16 is calculated over the entire packet, excluding the preamble and the crc14 itself. (See source files *crc16.[hc]* (Appendix) for details on the crc16 algorithm and polynomials to be used.)

Note: Most terminal programs will omit or not transmit a NULL (0x00) character entered in the terminal. So, if one tries to compose the command structure manually and send it through a terminal program, one might have to send everything before the reserved field, then send the 0x00 (key Ctrl+@ in di-soric ID - Software terminal view) by itself, and then the CRC14 checksum bytes.

In the first of the examples shown below, for instance, “0xEE 0xEE 0xEE 0xEE 0x23 0x01 0x03” can be sent using di-soric ID - Software Terminal, then the NULL character can be sent by typing “Ctrl + Shift + 2”, and then “0x4E 0x71” can be sent to complete the command sequence.

Examples:

0xEE 0xEE 0xEE 0xEE 0x23 0x01 0x03 0x00 0x4E 0x71

This executes the beep command, causing the reader to beep 3 times. “#%03” in text command format. The first 4 0xEE are the preamble, followed by the ‘#’ character or 23h the beep command, and followed by data size of 1 with a data datum of 3 following it. 0x00 is the reserved field followed by two bytes CRC14 of the command + data size + data datum.

0xEE 0xEE 0xEE 0xEE 0x49 0x00 0x00 0x03 0x3C

This executes the info command, “I” in text command format. Since it does not have any data datum associated with it, 0x00 following 0x49 (ASCII “I”) but before the reserved field and CRC14 (0x00 0x03 0x3C) indicating it has no *dataopt*.

0xEE 0xEE 0xEE 0xEE 0x50 0x04 0xC4 0x32 0x35 0x35 0x00 0x43 0x3C

This will change the reader to trigger-read mode, “P(C4)255” in text command format. 0x50 is the command-type, 0x04 indicates that following 4 bytes are the data option with 0xC4 being the register that needs to be updated and 0x32 0x32 0x35 being the new value.

0xEE 0xEE 0xEE 0xEE 0x50 0x03 0xA9 0x35 0x63 0x00 0x77 0x6B

This will change the reader Bypass Gain to 92 (0x5c) percent, “P(A9)5c” in text command format. 0x50 is the command-type, 0x03 indicates that the following 3 bytes are the data option with 0xA9 being the register that needs to be updated and 0x35 0x63 (5c) being the new value.

0xEE 0xEE 0xEE 0xEE 0x50 0x07 0x28 0x31 0x45 0x41 0x29 0x46 0x41 0x00 0x14 0x18

This will change Good Read Duration to 250ms, “P(1EA)FA” in text command format. In this case the register 1EA is more than one byte can hold; the register is converted to its individual ASCII hex value bounded by 0x28 and 0x29, underlined above.

Command Types

#	<p>Causes the reader to beep the specified number of times; <i>data</i> contains the number as a single character in the range [0,127]. (The reader will rdi-soric ID - Softwareond with <i>d</i> or <i>e</i>.) Example – beep three times: <code>##%03</code></p>
\$	<p>Posts an event to the reader; <i>data</i> contains the event number as a single character. See setting 39 in Reader Settings for a list of the event numbers. (The reader will rdi-soric ID - Softwareond with <i>d</i> or <i>e</i>.)</p>
(	<p>Causes the reader to upload any logged error messages (no <i>data</i>) (The reader will rdi-soric ID - Softwareond with a <i>g</i> packet, zero or more <i>z</i> packets, and a final <i>d</i> or <i>e</i>. Each <i>z</i> packet contains a portion of the requested data in its <i>data</i> field. Note: This is very similar to the rdi-soric ID - Softwareonse to the X command; however, <i>p</i> packets are not applicable and the <i>g</i> and <i>d/e</i> packets are not suppressed even in raw mode.)</p>
)	<p>Causes the reader to erase its log of error messages (no <i>data</i>) (The reader will rdi-soric ID - Softwareond with <i>d</i> or <i>e</i>.)</p>
,	<p>Causes the reader to send a list of current reader settings (no <i>data</i>) (The reader will rdi-soric ID - Softwareond with <i>d</i> containing a space-separated list of all setting values (in order, expressed as hexadecimal ASCII characters) or with <i>e</i>.)</p>
/	<p>Toggle a bit (or bits) in a reader setting; <i>data</i> contains a printable ASCII string in the following format: hexadecimal setting number in parentheses followed by a 32-bit signed integer value, expressed in ASCII hexadecimal characters (with optional minus sign) or ASCII decimal characters preceded by the '#' character, e.g., <code>/(2e)1000</code> or <code>/(2e)#4096</code>; the specified integer is XOR'ed with the existing setting value. (The reader will rdi-soric ID - Softwareond with <i>d</i> or <i>e</i>.) Note: See Reader Settings for possible reader settings.</p>
1	<p>Indicates the start of a file download; <i>data</i> is empty. This command is followed by a sequence of 2 commands containing the file data and a download-end command (e.g., 5). (The reader will rdi-soric ID - Softwareond with <i>d</i> or <i>e</i>.)</p>
2	<p>Indicates a continuation of a file download; <i>data</i> contains the next portion of the file data. (The reader will not send any rdi-soric ID - Softwareonse.)</p>
5	<p>Indicates the end of a regular file download; <i>data</i> contains the name of the file, which is from 1 to 200 letters, digits, periods, hyphens, and underscores, terminated with ASCII NUL. (The reader will rdi-soric ID - Softwareond with <i>d</i>, <i>e</i>, or <i>f</i>.)</p>

Serial Commands

G	<p>Get setting from reader; <i>data</i> contains a single character (0-255), which is the setting number.</p> <p>(The reader will rdi-soric ID - Softwareond with <i>d</i> and the setting value as a sequence of 8 ASCII hexadecimal digits or with <i>e</i>.)</p> <p>Note: See Reader Settings for possible reader settings.</p>
I	<p>Requests the reader to send its information string (no <i>data</i>).</p> <p>(The reader will rdi-soric ID - Softwareond with <i>i</i> or <i>e</i>.)</p>
J	<p>Requests the reader to restore settings to defaults (no <i>data</i>).</p> <p>(The reader will rdi-soric ID - Softwareond with <i>d</i> or <i>e</i>.)</p>
J1	<p>Complete restore of factory setup. Will overwrite the apps and settings.</p>
L	<p>Requests the reader to send a list of its stored files.</p> <p><i>data</i> is:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • (no<i>data</i>) or "0"; all non-hidden files. • "1"; hidden files <p>(The reader will rdi-soric ID - Softwareond in the same manner as with the 'l' command, each z packet containing a file name as a NUL-terminated string of printable ASCII characters.)</p>
O	<p>Set a bit (or bits) in a reader setting; <i>data</i> is as defined in the / command; the specified integer is ORed with the existing setting value.</p> <p>(The reader will rdi-soric ID - Softwareond with <i>d</i> or <i>e</i>.)</p> <p>Note: See Reader Settings for possible reader settings.</p>
P	<p>Put setting to reader; <i>data</i> is as defined in the / command; the specified integer replaces the existing setting value.</p> <p>(The reader will rdi-soric ID - Softwareond with <i>d</i> or <i>e</i>.)</p> <p>Note: See Reader Settings for possible reader settings.</p>
Q	<p>Clear a bit (or bits) in a reader setting; <i>data</i> is as defined in the / command; the ones-complement of the specified integer is AND'ed with the existing setting value.</p> <p>(The reader will rdi-soric ID - Softwareond with <i>d</i> or <i>e</i>.)</p> <p>Note: See Reader Settings for possible reader settings.</p>
R	<p>Requests that the previously sent packet be re-sent by the reader; <i>data</i> may specify a maximum packet size the receiver will accept: <i>data</i> is either empty or specifies a 16-bit big-endian unsigned integer (2 bytes). If <i>data</i> is empty or specifies a size less than 32 (the minimum packet size), the reader will use its preferred maximum packet size. Otherwise, it will use the specified max packet size (or less) and will fragment data across multiple smaller packets when necessary.</p> <p>(The reader will rdi-soric ID - Softwareond by re-sending its previous packet or with <i>e</i> if there was no previous packet. If the max data size has changed, it may resend the previous data in a sequence of more than one packet.)</p>

T	<p>Requests the current date and time (no <i>data</i>). (The reader will rdi-soric ID - Softwareond with <i>d</i> with <i>data</i> containing the date and time formatted as yyyy-mm-dd hh:mm:ss.) Note: On units without a battery-backed real-time clock, the date and time will reset to 2000-01-01 00:00:00 upon power-up.</p>
U	<p>Reserved for script engine.</p>
W	<p>Requests the reader to write its current settings from RAM to its non-volatile memory. (The reader will rdi-soric ID - Softwareond with <i>d</i> or <i>e</i>.)</p>
Y	<p>Acknowledge the receipt of a packet; <i>data</i> specifies the received packet number (one byte). (The reader will not rdi-soric ID - Softwareond.)</p>
Z	<p>Request the reader to reboot. <i>data</i> is:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>empty</i> or '0'; reboot the reader. • '1'; restart application. <p>(The reader will rdi-soric ID - Softwareond with <i>d</i> or <i>e</i> before it reboots.)</p>
^	<p>Requests the reader to upload the specified stored file; <i>data</i> contains the file name, terminated with ASCII NUL. The reader will rdi-soric ID - Softwareond with:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 'g' packet containing "<i>filename<tab>(size)</i>" • 'z' packet(s) • 'd' packet containing "EOF<<i>tab </i> <p>Note: <i>filename</i> "help" is reserved to send command information.</p>
-	<p>Causes the reader to wait for all buttons to be released and clear its event queue. (The reader will rdi-soric ID - Softwareond with <i>d</i> or <i>e</i>.)</p>
|	<p>Process <i>data</i> as a decoded string. (The reader will rdi-soric ID - Softwareond with <i>d</i> or <i>e</i>.)</p>

Simple Protocol

The file is split into blocks of 236 or less bytes each and downloaded to the reader via 1, 2, and 5 commands using the following sequence:

1. Send a 1 command to initialize the download.
2. Wait for a *d* or *e* rdi-soric ID - Softwareonse from the reader or a timeout.
 - a. If timeout or *e* rdi-soric ID - Softwareonse, restart the sequence at step 1.
 - b. If *d* rdi-soric ID - Softwareonse, continue to step 3.
3. Send a series of 2 commands, each with a portion of the file. (The reader will not send any rdi-soric ID - Softwareonse.)
4. Send a 5 command to end the download and install the file.
5. Wait for a *d*, *e*, or *f* rdi-soric ID - Softwareonse from the reader or a timeout.
 - a. If *f* rdi-soric ID - Softwareonse or timeout, restart the sequence at step 1.
 - b. If *e* rdi-soric ID - Softwareonse, repeat step 5.
 - c. If *d* rdi-soric ID - Softwareonse, file download has completed successfully.

Note: The timeout will need to be increased from the normal rdi-soric ID - Softwareonse timeout to allow the firmware time to write the file to the flash memory.

Reader Settings

The host sets the reader settings using the /, O, P, Q, and = commands and reads them using the G, ,, and < commands.

For example, the following P command sets register 2C to the value C8.

```
P(2C)C8
```

Note: For two-digit setting numbers (i.e., settings 00 through fd), an alternative format may be used: in place of the parentheses and hexadecimal setting number, substitute a single character, which represents the setting number. The equivalent to the example above is P,C8 (the ASCII ',' character has the hexadecimal value 2c). (In certain circumstances, such as with text commands, "percent-encoding" may be used for encoding a character as a sequence consisting of the percent character followed by two hexadecimal digits. With percent-encoding, the example may be expressed as P%2CC8.)

In the **Reader Settings Table**, the **Reg** column is the setting number, in **hexadecimal**, to be used with the commands identified above. In the **Default** column, all values are in **hexadecimal** unless otherwise specified. To use decimal values in commands you must precede the data with a pound sign '#'. The following P command sets register 2C to the same value as the example above:

```
P(2C)#200
```

Since the single digit values of 0 through 9 are identical in decimal and hexadecimal, no indicator is needed.

Binary Dip Switch

Some registers are what di-soric terms a 'Binary Dip Switch' where the value of each bit of the data string switches on or off some part of the behavior of that register. The bits are numbered from least significant to most (right to left). Each bit can be on or off (1 or 0). An example of this is register 0B, 'Codabar Checksum'. The following settings are possible:

Bit (R to L)	Controls	Value
0	Codabar Checksum Checking	0: Disabled
		1: Enabled
1	Strip Checksum from Output	0: Disabled
		1: Enabled

Given the settings above, the binary string turns Codabar Checksum ON and strips it from output.

Thus, the command to implement the settings above would be:

P(48)3

or

P(48)#03

Field of Interest

The reader optics are typically split into two separate fields - Field Of Interest 0 (FOI0) and Field Of Interest 1 (FOI1). In certain circumstances, these fields can be customized to the requirements of the user. In the default configuration of these fields FOI0 is the High Density (HD) field and FOI1 is the Wide (W) field.

At a given focus distance, the HD field is designed to read small, low-mil symbols while the Wide field is designed to pick up large, wide symbols.

This document will refer to FOI0 as HD and FOI1 as Wide.

Reader Settings Table

Reg	Setting Name	Default (Hex)	Comment																							
04	Continuous Illumination During Read	0	0: Minimal Illumination 1: Leave Illumination On Until End Read Cycle Leave illumination on during read.																							
08	Reader Packet Format	1	1: Raw 2: Packet Mode Version 1 For example, USB “two-way” native: 1B: 5 (USB Native) 08: 2 (packet mode) 42: 1 (expect response) Also see registers: 1B, 42																							
0A	NEC 2 of 5 Symbology	1	<p>Binary Dip Switch</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Bit</th> <th>Controls</th> <th>Value</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td rowspan="2">0</td> <td rowspan="2">NEC 2 of 5 Decoding</td> <td>0: Disabled</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1: Enabled</td> </tr> <tr> <td rowspan="2">1</td> <td rowspan="2">Checksum checking</td> <td>0: Disabled</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1: Enabled</td> </tr> <tr> <td rowspan="2">2</td> <td rowspan="2">Strip checksum from result</td> <td>0: Disabled</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1: Enabled</td> </tr> <tr> <td rowspan="2">3</td> <td rowspan="2">1 Digit Symbol Allowed</td> <td>0: Disabled</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1: Enabled</td> </tr> <tr> <td rowspan="2">4</td> <td rowspan="2">2 Digit Symbol Allowed</td> <td>0: Disabled</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1: Enabled</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Note: All symbol lengths greater than 2 are always enabled when NEC 2 of 5 Decoding is enabled.</p>	Bit	Controls	Value	0	NEC 2 of 5 Decoding	0: Disabled	1: Enabled	1	Checksum checking	0: Disabled	1: Enabled	2	Strip checksum from result	0: Disabled	1: Enabled	3	1 Digit Symbol Allowed	0: Disabled	1: Enabled	4	2 Digit Symbol Allowed	0: Disabled	1: Enabled
Bit	Controls	Value																								
0	NEC 2 of 5 Decoding	0: Disabled																								
		1: Enabled																								
1	Checksum checking	0: Disabled																								
		1: Enabled																								
2	Strip checksum from result	0: Disabled																								
		1: Enabled																								
3	1 Digit Symbol Allowed	0: Disabled																								
		1: Enabled																								
4	2 Digit Symbol Allowed	0: Disabled																								
		1: Enabled																								

Serial Commands

0B	Matrix 2 of 5 Symbology	1	Binary Dip Switch		
			Bit	Controls	Value
			0	Matrix 2 of 5 Decoding	0: Disabled
					1: Enabled
			1	Checksum checking	0: Disabled
					1: Enabled
2	Strip checksum from result	0: Disabled			
		1: Enabled			
3	1 Digit Symbol Allowed	0: Disabled			
		1: Enabled			
4	2 Digit Symbol Allowed	0: Disabled			
		1: Enabled			
			Note: All symbol lengths greater than 2 are always enabled when Matrix 2 of 5 Decoding is enabled.		
0C	Telepen Symbology	1	0: Disabled 1: Enabled		
0D	Enable Non-Square Data Matrix Symbology	0	0: Disabled 1: Enabled		
0F	Targeting Control	1	0: Targeting Disabled 1: Targeting Enabled		
16	Data Matrix Rectangular Symbology	0	0: Disabled 1: Enabled		
19	Data Matrix Symbology	1	Binary Dip Switch		
			Bit	Controls	Value
			0	Data Matrix Decoding	0: Disabled
1: Enabled					
1	Inverse Data Matrix Decoding	0: Disabled			
		1: Enabled			
1A	Straight 2 of 5 Symbology	1	0: Disabled 1: Enabled Straight 2 of 5 (with 2 or 3 start/stop codes) Decoding		

1B	Communications Mode	8	<p>1: RS232 serial 2: USB keyboard 5: USB Native (HID) 6: USB VComm 7: USB HID POS -Terminal 131 8: Dynamic (1 if decode is RS232; 2 if decode is USB)</p> <p>This setting is used in conjunction with settings 08 and 42 to configure the communication mode between standard “one-way” and “two-way” modes.</p> <p>For example, USB “two-way” native: 1b: 5 (USB Native) 08: 2 (packet mode) 42: 1 (expect rdi-soric ID - Softwareonse)</p> <p>Note: The following must be completed within 1 second. first output report with numlock set and capslock clear second output report with numlock set and capslock clear third output report with capslock set numlock clear fourth output report with capslock set numlock clear fifth output report with numlock set and capslock clear sixth output report with numlock set and capslock clear</p> <p>On the last output report comm protocol is set to raw mode, comm expect rdi-soric ID - Softwareonse is false and comm mode is USB Downloader mode.</p> <p>Also see registers: 08, 42</p>
1C	Serial Baud Rate	1C200 (#115200)	<p>All standard baud rates up #115200</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • #9600 (2580) • #19200 (4B00) • #38400 (9600) • #57600 (E100) • #115200 (1C200)
1D	Serial Stop Bits	1	<p>1: One 2: Two</p>
1E	Serial Data Bits	8	<p>7: Seven 8: Eight</p>

Serial Commands

22	Serial Parity	0	0: None 1: Odd 2: Even																			
26	Beep Volume (percent)	64 (#100)	Valid Range: 0 to 64 (#100) Percent This is the current percentage of full volume potential. Also see registers: 59, A7																			
29	PDF417 Symbology	1	0: Disabled 1: Enabled Also see registers: 2A, CF																			
2A	MicroPDF417 Symbology	0	0: Disabled 1: Enabled Also see registers: 29, CF																			
2B	QR Code Symbology	1	<p>Binary Dip Switch</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Bit</th> <th>Controls</th> <th>Value</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td rowspan="2">0</td> <td rowspan="2">QR Code Decoding</td> <td>0: Disabled</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1: Enabled</td> </tr> <tr> <td rowspan="2">1</td> <td rowspan="2">Inverse QR Code Decoding</td> <td>0: Disabled</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1: Enabled</td> </tr> <tr> <td rowspan="2">2</td> <td rowspan="2">Micro QR Code Decoding</td> <td>0: Disabled</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1: Enabled</td> </tr> <tr> <td rowspan="2">3</td> <td rowspan="2">Inverse Micro QR Code Decoding</td> <td>0: Disabled</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1: Enabled</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Bit	Controls	Value	0	QR Code Decoding	0: Disabled	1: Enabled	1	Inverse QR Code Decoding	0: Disabled	1: Enabled	2	Micro QR Code Decoding	0: Disabled	1: Enabled	3	Inverse Micro QR Code Decoding	0: Disabled	1: Enabled
Bit	Controls	Value																				
0	QR Code Decoding	0: Disabled																				
		1: Enabled																				
1	Inverse QR Code Decoding	0: Disabled																				
		1: Enabled																				
2	Micro QR Code Decoding	0: Disabled																				
		1: Enabled																				
3	Inverse Micro QR Code Decoding	0: Disabled																				
		1: Enabled																				

2C	Idle Mode Countdown Timer (ms)	64 (#100)	<p>Valid Range: 0 to 7FFFFFFF Milliseconds Counts down to the change to Idle Mode. The most significant bit (MSB) of the 32-bit register indicates whether this timer is enabled. Enable or Disable the timer by setting the MSB.</p> <p>You can change the big directly by setting the register value (such as setting to #100) or you can change the value of just the MSB using the O (set), Q (clear) or / (toggle) bit commands. See Command Types for more information on these commands.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="807 511 1210 646"> <thead> <tr> <th>Action</th> <th>Command</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Enable</td> <td>O(32)#-2147483648</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Disable</td> <td>Q(32)#-2147483648</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Toggle</td> <td>/(32)#-2147483648</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Idle Mode is the time between the last user interaction with the reader (button press, etc.) or firmware interaction (communications, etc.) and Standby Mode. There are many user and firmware events that will reset the timer. Therefore, it may seem that the timer is longer than the value set.</p> <p>This state: Active (highest power usage) Next state: Idle</p>	Action	Command	Enable	O(32)#-2147483648	Disable	Q(32)#-2147483648	Toggle	/(32)#-2147483648
Action	Command										
Enable	O(32)#-2147483648										
Disable	Q(32)#-2147483648										
Toggle	/(32)#-2147483648										
2D	Keyboard Maps	0	<p>0: US English (without leading 0 in the ALT _ Number) 1: ASCII (ALT+number) - universal 2: Custom (requires user to download keyboard map) 3: US English (with leading 0 in the ALT + number for non-printable ASCII) 4: French Keyboard 5: German Keyboard 6: Japanese Keyboard 7: US English (with CTRL + char for non-printable ASCII)</p>								
34	Maximum Candidate Decodes Per Read	1	<p>The Reader will process up to this number of codes per “read code” event. If there are more than this many codes in the field of view and within target tolerance, only the first ones will be decoded. For fastest performance with single codes, set to 1.</p>								

Serial Commands

35	Button Stay-Down Time (ms)	0	Valid Range: 0 to 7FFFFFFF Milliseconds Keep processing the “read code” events for this amount of time (act as if the button stays down for this time)
36	Number of Control Frames Before Picture Capture	0	Valid Range: 0 to 7FFFFFFF Frames Number of frames captured and discarded before live picture to give the gain control time to adjust. Also see registers: 43, AC, AD, AE, AF
39	Trigger 1	3	The specified event is posted upon press of this button. The events are defined below: 0: No Action 1: Keep Awake 2: Show Target 3: Read In Both Fields (Default) 4: Default Event Selected By Hardware 5: Read In High Density field (FOI0). 6: Read In Wide field (FOI1). 7: Take Picture 8: Read In Most Recently Successful Field 255: Idle
40	Text Command Timeout (ms)	2AF8 (#11000)	Valid Range: 0 to 7FFFFFFF Milliseconds The maximum time during which a complete text command from Host must be received. (Pending text command data is discarded when the timeout is exceeded.)

41	Text Commands	8	<p>Binary Dip Switch</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Bit</th> <th>Controls</th> <th>Value</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td rowspan="2">0</td> <td rowspan="2">Text Commands</td> <td>0: Disabled</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1: Enabled</td> </tr> <tr> <td rowspan="2">1</td> <td rowspan="2">Suppress Echo</td> <td>0: Disabled</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1: Enabled</td> </tr> <tr> <td rowspan="2">2</td> <td rowspan="2">Suppress Rdi-soric ID - Softwareonnes</td> <td>0: Disabled</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1: Enabled</td> </tr> <tr> <td rowspan="2">3</td> <td rowspan="2">Disable Text Commands but Enable Magic Sequence</td> <td>0: Disabled</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1: Enabled</td> </tr> <tr> <td rowspan="2">4</td> <td rowspan="2">Suppress URL Decode; See Below</td> <td>0: Disabled</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1: Enabled</td> </tr> <tr> <td rowspan="2">5</td> <td rowspan="2">Accept On Timeout</td> <td>0: Disabled</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1: Enabled</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Magic Sequence: The Magic Sequence is the string “;>PAx” where x is 1, 3, or 7 as defined above. This would normally be used in command text files, which would begin with the text-command-on sequence and end with the command to return to this special mode. For example: ;>PA7 ;any desired commands here PA8</p> <p>Suppress URL Decode: For example, if enabled, P%418 will not equal PA8. The % is not recognized as an escape character</p> <p>Accept On Timeout:</p>	Bit	Controls	Value	0	Text Commands	0: Disabled	1: Enabled	1	Suppress Echo	0: Disabled	1: Enabled	2	Suppress Rdi-soric ID - Softwareonnes	0: Disabled	1: Enabled	3	Disable Text Commands but Enable Magic Sequence	0: Disabled	1: Enabled	4	Suppress URL Decode; See Below	0: Disabled	1: Enabled	5	Accept On Timeout	0: Disabled	1: Enabled
Bit	Controls	Value																												
0	Text Commands	0: Disabled																												
		1: Enabled																												
1	Suppress Echo	0: Disabled																												
		1: Enabled																												
2	Suppress Rdi-soric ID - Softwareonnes	0: Disabled																												
		1: Enabled																												
3	Disable Text Commands but Enable Magic Sequence	0: Disabled																												
		1: Enabled																												
4	Suppress URL Decode; See Below	0: Disabled																												
		1: Enabled																												
5	Accept On Timeout	0: Disabled																												
		1: Enabled																												
42	Expect Acknowledgement From Host	0	<p>0: Reader doesn't wait for acknowledge 1: Reader will retransmit data when Host doesn't acknowledge receipt</p> <p>This setting is used in conjunction with settings 1B and 42 to configure the communication mode between standard “one-way” and “two-way” modes.</p> <p>For example, USB “two-way” native: 1B: 5 (USB Native) 08: 2 (packet mode) 42: 1 (expect rdi-soric ID - Softwareonse)</p> <p>Also see registers: 08, 1B</p>																											

Serial Commands

43	JPEG Picture Quality (percent)	32 (#50)	Valid Range: 0 to 64 (#100) Percent 0: Raw Image (No JPEG Compression) 1 To 100: JPEG Compression Quality Percent Also see registers: 36, AC, AD, AE, AF																								
45	Read Cycle Timeout	1F4 (#500)	Valid Range: 0 to FFFF (#65535) ms																								
47	Maxicode Symbology	0	<p>Binary Dip Switch</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Bit</th> <th>Controls</th> <th>Value</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>Maxicode Decoding, Mode 0</td> <td>0: Disabled 1: Enabled</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Maxicode Decoding, Mode 1</td> <td>0: Disabled 1: Enabled</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>Maxicode Decoding, Mode 2</td> <td>0: Disabled 1: Enabled</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>Maxicode Decoding, Mode 3</td> <td>0: Disabled 1: Enabled</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>Maxicode Decoding, Mode 4</td> <td>0: Disabled 1: Enabled</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5</td> <td>Maxicode Decoding, Mode 5</td> <td>0: Disabled 1: Enabled</td> </tr> <tr> <td>6</td> <td>Maxicode Decoding, Mode 6</td> <td>0: Disabled 1: Enabled</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Bit	Controls	Value	0	Maxicode Decoding, Mode 0	0: Disabled 1: Enabled	1	Maxicode Decoding, Mode 1	0: Disabled 1: Enabled	2	Maxicode Decoding, Mode 2	0: Disabled 1: Enabled	3	Maxicode Decoding, Mode 3	0: Disabled 1: Enabled	4	Maxicode Decoding, Mode 4	0: Disabled 1: Enabled	5	Maxicode Decoding, Mode 5	0: Disabled 1: Enabled	6	Maxicode Decoding, Mode 6	0: Disabled 1: Enabled
Bit	Controls	Value																									
0	Maxicode Decoding, Mode 0	0: Disabled 1: Enabled																									
1	Maxicode Decoding, Mode 1	0: Disabled 1: Enabled																									
2	Maxicode Decoding, Mode 2	0: Disabled 1: Enabled																									
3	Maxicode Decoding, Mode 3	0: Disabled 1: Enabled																									
4	Maxicode Decoding, Mode 4	0: Disabled 1: Enabled																									
5	Maxicode Decoding, Mode 5	0: Disabled 1: Enabled																									
6	Maxicode Decoding, Mode 6	0: Disabled 1: Enabled																									
48	Codabar Checksum	0	<p>Binary Dip Switch</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Bit</th> <th>Controls</th> <th>Value</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>Codabar Checksum Checking</td> <td>0: Disabled 1: Enabled</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Strip Checksum from Output</td> <td>0: Disabled 1: Enabled</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Bit	Controls	Value	0	Codabar Checksum Checking	0: Disabled 1: Enabled	1	Strip Checksum from Output	0: Disabled 1: Enabled															
Bit	Controls	Value																									
0	Codabar Checksum Checking	0: Disabled 1: Enabled																									
1	Strip Checksum from Output	0: Disabled 1: Enabled																									
49	Code 39 Symbology	0	0: Disabled 1: Enabled Code 39 Full ASCII Decoding																								
4A	Composite Codes	0	0: Disabled 1: Enabled Composite Code Decoding Also see register: D8																								
4B	Postal Code Symbology	0	0: Disabled 1: Enabled																								

4C	GS1 Symbology	1F (#31)	Binary Dip Switch		
			Bit	Controls	Value
			0	GS1 Expanded decoding	0: Disabled
					1: Enabled
			1	GS1 Expanded Stacked decoding	0: Disabled
					1: Enabled
2	GS1 Limited decoding	0: Disabled			
		1: Enabled			
3	GS1-14 and GS1-14 Truncated decoding	0: Disabled			
		1: Enabled			
4	GS1-14 Stacked and GS1-14 Stacked Omnidirectional decoding	0: Disabled			
		1: Enabled			
4D	UPC Expansion	0	0: Disabled 1: Enabled Also see registers: 4E, 6A, 74		
4E	UPC Supplemental	0	0: Disabled 1: Enabled Also see registers: 4D, 6A, 74		
4F	MSI Plessey Symbology	1	Binary Dip Switch		
			Bit	Controls	Value
			0	MSI Plessey	0: Disabled
					1: Enabled
			[3:1]	Checksum	0: Disabled
					1: Enabled
					1: 1 mod 10
					2: mod 10 and mod 11
					3: 2 mod 10
					5: 1 mod 10 strip cs
6: mod 10 and mod 11 strip cs					
7: 2 mod 10 strip cs					
4	Improved Bounds	0: Disabled			
		1: Enabled			

Serial Commands

			Binary Dip Switch											
			<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Bit</th> <th>Controls</th> <th>Value</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td rowspan="2">0</td> <td rowspan="2">Aztec decoding</td> <td>0: Disabled</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1: Enabled</td> </tr> <tr> <td rowspan="2">1</td> <td rowspan="2">Inverse Aztec decoding</td> <td>0: Disabled</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1: Enabled</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Bit	Controls	Value	0	Aztec decoding	0: Disabled	1: Enabled	1	Inverse Aztec decoding	0: Disabled	1: Enabled
Bit	Controls	Value												
0	Aztec decoding	0: Disabled												
		1: Enabled												
1	Inverse Aztec decoding	0: Disabled												
		1: Enabled												
50	Aztec Symbology	1												
53	Decoder HD field (FOI0) Width	280 (#640)	Valid Range: 1 to 640 pixels Decoder uses only the specified pixel width in the HD field (FOI0). Also see registers: 54, 98, 99											
54	Decoder HD field (FOI0) Height	3C0 (#960)	Valid Range: 1 to 960 pixels Decoder uses only the specified pixel height in the HD field (FOI0). Also see registers: 53, 98, 99											
55	Notify Of Read Failure	0	0: Disabled 1: Send "r" packet on no-read (See "r" packet in Packet Data.) 0x100xx: post event on no-read, where the lower 8 bits specify the event number. For example, 0x10009 to post Event 0x09.											
59	Beep Duration	64 (#100)	Valid Range: 0 to 7FFFFFFF Milliseconds Also see registers: 26, A7											
66	Bypass Illumination	0	Valid Range: 0 to 64 (#100) percent											
6A	UPC Symbology	1	0: Disabled 1: Enabled Also see registers: 4D, 4E, 74											
6B	Code 39 Symbology	1	0: Disabled 1: Enabled Also see register: 70											
6C	Code 93 Symbology	1	0: Disabled 1: Enabled											
6D	Code 128 Symbology	1	0: Disabled 1: Enabled											
6E	Interleaved 2 Of 5 Symbology	1	0: Disabled 1: Enabled Also see registers: 71, C9											
6F	Codabar Symbology	1	0: Disabled 1: Enabled											

70	Code 39 Checksum	0	<p>Binary Dip Switch</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Bit</th> <th>Controls</th> <th>Value</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td rowspan="2">0</td> <td rowspan="2">Code 39 Checksum Checking</td> <td>0: Disabled</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1: Enabled</td> </tr> <tr> <td rowspan="2">1</td> <td rowspan="2">Strip Checksum from Output</td> <td>0: Disabled</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1: Enabled</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Also see register: 6B</p>	Bit	Controls	Value	0	Code 39 Checksum Checking	0: Disabled	1: Enabled	1	Strip Checksum from Output	0: Disabled	1: Enabled				
Bit	Controls	Value																
0	Code 39 Checksum Checking	0: Disabled																
		1: Enabled																
1	Strip Checksum from Output	0: Disabled																
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71	Interleaved 2 Of 5 Checksum	0	<p>Binary Dip Switch</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Bit</th> <th>Controls</th> <th>Value</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td rowspan="2">0</td> <td rowspan="2">Interleaved 2 of 5 Checksum Checking</td> <td>0: Disabled</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1: Enabled</td> </tr> <tr> <td rowspan="2">1</td> <td rowspan="2">Strip Checksum from Output</td> <td>0: Disabled</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1: Enabled</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Also see register: 6E, C9</p>	Bit	Controls	Value	0	Interleaved 2 of 5 Checksum Checking	0: Disabled	1: Enabled	1	Strip Checksum from Output	0: Disabled	1: Enabled				
Bit	Controls	Value																
0	Interleaved 2 of 5 Checksum Checking	0: Disabled																
		1: Enabled																
1	Strip Checksum from Output	0: Disabled																
		1: Enabled																
74	UPC Short Margin	1	<p>0: Disabled 1: Enabled</p> <p>Also see registers: 4D, 4E, 6A</p>															
78	Settings Lock	1	<p>1: Settings unlocked 3: Settings locked (except settings Lock)</p>															
85	Trioptic Options	0	<p>Binary Dip Switch</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Bit</th> <th>Controls</th> <th>Value</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td rowspan="2">0</td> <td rowspan="2">Trioptic Decoding, Normal Quiet Zones</td> <td>0: Disabled</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1: Enabled</td> </tr> <tr> <td rowspan="2">1</td> <td rowspan="2">Allow Short Quiet Zones</td> <td>0: Disabled</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1: Enabled</td> </tr> <tr> <td rowspan="2">2</td> <td rowspan="2">No Quiet Zones (requires firmware version 3280+)</td> <td>0: Disabled</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1: Enabled</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Bit	Controls	Value	0	Trioptic Decoding, Normal Quiet Zones	0: Disabled	1: Enabled	1	Allow Short Quiet Zones	0: Disabled	1: Enabled	2	No Quiet Zones (requires firmware version 3280+)	0: Disabled	1: Enabled
Bit	Controls	Value																
0	Trioptic Decoding, Normal Quiet Zones	0: Disabled																
		1: Enabled																
1	Allow Short Quiet Zones	0: Disabled																
		1: Enabled																
2	No Quiet Zones (requires firmware version 3280+)	0: Disabled																
		1: Enabled																
86	Motion Detection: Event	3	<p>Valid Range: (see register 39) Motion detection is enabled by setting register C4 to 0xF0. This register is reset to 0 (disabled) when register C4 is changed away from 0xF0. When motion is detected, this event is posted. See register 39 for list of events. Also see registers: 20E</p>															
87	Motion Sensitivity	5	<p>Valid Range: 0 to FFFF (#65535) ms Also see registers: 86, 20E</p>															

Serial Commands

93	Suppress Beep On Decode	0	<p>0: Beep indicating decode before JavaScript processing 1: Call JavaScript without beeping to indicate decode</p> <p>Normally, the Reader beeps as soon as decodes are read and processes them via JavaScript if necessary after the beep. To enable JavaScript to control the beep feedback, change this setting to 1; this will suppress the beep; the JavaScript would typically beep if the decode is valid or start another read cycle if it isn't.</p> <p>This setting does not suppress beeps for anything but a successful decode event.</p>
98	Decoder HD field (FOI0) X Offset	0	<p>Valid Range: 0 to 639 pixels</p> <p>Decoder uses the pixels after the specified pixel offset in the HD field (FOI0).</p> <p>Also see registers: 53, 54, 99</p>
99	Decoder HD field (FOI0) Y Offset	0	<p>Valid Range: 0 to 959 pixels</p> <p>Decoder uses the pixels after the specified pixel offset in the HD field (FOI0).</p> <p>Also see registers: 53, 54, 98</p>
9A	Decoder Wide field (FOI1) X Offset	0	<p>Valid Range: 0 to 639 pixels</p> <p>Decoder uses the pixels after the specified pixel offset in the Wide field (FOI1).</p> <p>Also see registers: 9B, C7, C8</p>
9B	Decoder Wide field (FOI1) Y Offset	0	<p>Valid Range: 0 to 959 pixels</p> <p>Decoder uses the pixels after the specified pixel offset in the Wide field (FOI1).</p> <p>Also see registers: 9A, C7, C8</p>
9D	Target Tolerance (percent)	640 (#1600)	<p>Valid Range: 0 to 7FFFFFFF Percent</p> <p>For the Reader to accept a code, the target dot must be within the code rectangle or in proximity to the symbol. The nearness is defined as this percentage of the code's smaller dimension. For example, with a 10 x 20 mm code and a setting of 150 (%), the target dot must be within 15 mm of the code.</p> <p>Any value over 1000 is considered infinite tolerance, and no target checking is performed.</p>

A2	Default Event Delay (ms)	64 (#100)	Valid Range: 0 to 7FFFFFFF Milliseconds The Reader will pause for this amount of time between each posting of the default event (used with “continuous read” mode). Also see register C4
A7	Beep Pulse Separation (ms)	64 (#100)	Valid Range: 0 to 7FFFFFFF Milliseconds The spacing in milliseconds between beeps. Also see registers: 26, 59
AC	Wide field (FOI1) Picture Window Left Position	0	Specify left edge of window used with “take picture.” The position and size are relative to the virtual image (i.e., not the rotated physical image). Note: Overall image is 960 pixels by 1280 pixels. Upper half is Wide field (FIO1); lower half is High Density (FIO0). Also see registers: 36, 43, AD, AE, AF
AD	Wide field (FOI1) Picture Window Upper Position	0	Specify upper edge of window used with “take picture.” The position and size are relative to the virtual image (i.e., not the rotated physical image). Note: Overall image is 960 pixels by 1280 pixels. Upper half is Wide field (FIO1); lower half is High Density (FIO0). Also see registers: 36, 43, AC, AE, AF
AE	Wide field (FOI1) Picture Window Width	500 (#1280)	Specify width of window used with “take picture.” The position and size are relative to the virtual image (i.e., not the rotated physical image). Note: Overall image is 960 pixels by 1280 pixels. Upper half is Wide field (FIO1); lower half is High Density (FIO0). Also see registers: 36, 43, AC, AD, AF
AF	Wide field (FOI1) Picture Window Height	3C0 (#960)	Specify height of window used with “take picture.” The position and size are relative to the virtual image (i.e., not the rotated physical image). Note: Overall image is 960 pixels by 1280 pixels. Upper half is Wide field (FIO1); lower half is High Density (FIO0). Also see registers: 36, 43, AC, AD, AE
B0	Target On Before Picture (ms)	3E8 (#1000)	Valid Range: 0 to 7FFFFFFF Milliseconds 0: Target off before picture capture Also see registers: 36, 43, AC, AD, AE

Serial Commands

B3	Number Of Retries Before Reader Gives Up Sending Packet	3	Note: The value 1 is defined as the original send attempt but no resends. Also see register: 42
BF	USB Keyboard Poll Rate	A (#10)	Valid Range: 1 to FF (#255) Milliseconds The Host is requested to poll the USB device at the specified period.
C4	Default (Continuous) Event	FF (#255)	The default value of FF (idle event) disables “continuous scanning”. Use one of the read events to enable “continuous scanning.” See setting 39 for the list of events. When no button is pressed but the Reader is still in active mode (i.e., not power-saving idle or sleep modes), this event will be posted. Also see register: 39
C7	Decoder Wide field (FOI1) Width	280 (#640)	Valid Range: 1 to 280 (#640) pixels Decoder uses only the specified pixel height in the Wide field (FOI1). Also see registers: 9A, 9B, C8
C8	Decoder Wide field (FOI1) Height	3C0 (#960)	Valid Range: 1 to 3C0 (#960) pixels Decoder uses only the specified pixel height in the Wide field (FOI1). Also see registers: 9A, 9B, C7
C9	Interleaved 2 Of 5 Lengths	0	FFFFFFFFC: 2 and 4 digit disabled FFFFFFFFD: 2 digit enabled FFFFFFFFE: 4 digit enabled Also see registers: 6E, 71
CD	Codablock A Symbology	0	0: Disabled 1: Enabled
CE	Codablock F Symbology	0	0: Disabled 1: Enabled
CF	Macro PDF417 Symbology	0	0: Disabled 1: Enabled Also see registers: 29, 2A
D8	Composite Codes Require Both Elements	1	0: Accept any composite element 1: Only accept composite codes if both elements could be decoded. Also see register 4A
EB	Maximum Reader To Host Packet Data Size	4000 (#16384)	Valid Range: 1 to 4000 (#16384)

EC	Host Acknowledgement Time Limit Multiplier (ms)	F (#15)	Valid Range: 0 to 7FFFFFFF Milliseconds When Expect Acknowledgement From Host (register 42) is nonzero, the Reader will wait up to Host Acknowledgement Time Limit (register 37) + dataSize * Host Acknowledgement Time Limit Multiplier (register EC) milliseconds to receive an acknowledgement from the Host.
ED	Prefix Decode Result With AIM Symbology Identifiers	0	0: Don't prefix with AIM identifier 1: Prefix decode result with ISO/IEC standard 15424/AIM symbology identifier
F0	Allow Code 128 Short Margin	1	0: Disabled 1: Enabled
F6	Code 39 Short Margin	1	0: Disallow short margin Code 39 symbol decoding 1: Allow short margin Code 39 symbol decoding
F8	PharmaCode Symbology	0	0: Disabled 1: Enabled
F9	PharmaCode Bar Count	1004 (#4100)	Valid Range: Each 8 bits can be 04 to 10 (#16) Bit 0 – Bit 7: min bar count, 04 to 10 (#16) Bit 9 – Bit 15: max bar count, 04 to 10 (#16)
FA	PharmaCode Min Value	F (#15)	Valid Range: F (#15) to 1FFFE (#131070)
FB	PharmaCode Max Value	1FFFE (#131070)	Valid Range: F (#15) to 1FFFE (#131070)
10B	Enable JavaScript	1	0: Disabled 1: Enabled When set to 0 installed scripts are disabled. This can be useful from boot mode for recovering the unit if a non-rdi-soric ID - Softwareonsive script is installed.
10D	Data Matrix Symbol Identification Effort	2	0: Normal effort 1: Increase effort 2: Max effort Increases the decoder's effort to find a Data Matrix symbol in an image.
12C	Data Matrix Improvement	1	0: Disabled 1: Enabled Improves the decoding capability of the Reader on low contrast or pixelated Data Matrix bar codes

Serial Commands

12D	Hong Kong 2 Of 5 Symbology	0	Binary Dip Switch		
			Bit	Controls	Value
			0	Hong Kong 2 of 5 decoding	0: Disabled
					1: Enabled
1	1 Digit Symbol Allowed	0: Disabled			
		1: Enabled			
2	2 Digit Symbol Allowed	0: Disabled			
		1: Enabled			
137	PDF417 Handle Invalid Shift	0	0: Disabled 1: Enabled Allows the decoding of PDF417 bar codes that were improperly encoded		
159	Ignore Duplicate Code (ms)	0	Valid Range: 0 to 7FFFFFFF Milliseconds Consecutive duplicate codes (i.e., codes that contain the same data) are blocked for this amount of time (in milliseconds). 0 turns off blocking of duplicate codes.		
1D7	Morphology	0	Binary Dip Switch		
			Bit	Controls	Value
			1-0	Technique	0: None
					1: Erode
2: Dilate					
3-2	Size	0: Small 3x3			
		1: Med. 5x5			
		2: Large 7x7			
1D8	BC412 Status	1	0: Disabled 1: Enabled		
1D9	UPC/EAN Status	1	0: Disabled 1: Enabled		

1DC	Pharmacode Settings	28A40	Binary Dip Switch		
			Bit	Controls	
			0	Direction	0: Forward
					1: Reverse
			1	Fixed Symbol Length Status	0: Disabled
					1: Enabled
			3-2	Bar Width Status	0 = Mixed
					1 = All Narrow
2 = All Wide					
3 = Use Fixed Threshold					
8-4	Minimum Number of Bars Value	4-10 (#16) (Default 4)			
13-9	Fixed Symbol Length Value	1-10 (16) (Default 5)			
29-14	Fixed Bar Width Threshold	0-FFFF (#65535) (Default 10)			
1EA	Good Read Duration (ms)	C8 (#200)	Valid Range: 0 to 7FFFFFFF Milliseconds		
1EB	Decoder Data Matrix Module Size	32 (#50)			
20E	Motion Detection: Start Delay (ms)		<p>Valid Range: 0 to 7FFFFFFF Milliseconds</p> <p>A built-in delay of 200 ms prevents motion detect to detect motion right after a successful decode. This allows the bar code to be removed without triggering a new decode. Use this to add an additional delay amount.</p> <p>Also see register: 86</p>		

CRB System

The CRB system is a convenient method for creating and maintaining a set of commands that can be easily sent to the reader. These CRB files can be created in any text editor with the file extension of .crb. The CRB system accepts all of the valid *text commands*. The most commonly used commands are *J*, *N*, *P*, and *~*. There should be one command per line. The CRB file may contain empty lines and comments as well.

The crb files can be sent directly to the reader using the normal file transfer. As CRB files are just a list of *text commands*, they can also be sent by a serial terminal program. **Note: if using a serial terminal program the reader will first need to be set to “text command mode”;** see [Text Commands](#).

You can request a copy of all reader configuration settings in .crb format.

Example CRC16 C Code

CRC16.h:

```
// crc16.h
#ifndef crc16_h
#define crc16_h
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#ifdef __cplusplus
extern "C" {
#endif
typedef uint16_t crc_t;
crc_t crc
(
    crc_t initialCrc
    , const unsigned char* bufPtr
    , size_t length
);
#ifdef __cplusplus
} // extern "C"
#endif
#endif
/*eof*/
```

CRC16.c:

```
// crc16.c
#include <crc16.h>
crc_t crcs
(
    crc_t initialCrc
    , const unsigned char* p
    , size_t n
)
{
    enum
    {
        crcBits = 16,
        charBits = 8,
        diffBits = crcBits - charBits
    };
    crc_t c = initialCrc;
    #include "crc16tab.h"
    while( n-- )
        c = (c << charBits) ^ crcTab[( c >> diffBits ) ^ *p++];
    return c;
}
/*eof*/
```

Serial Commands

CRC16tab.h:

```
/* crc16tab.h
 * crc16 table of partial remainders generated by
 * mkcrctab.c with polynomial 1021.
 * included only from within crc() function in file crc16.c
 */
static const crc_t crcTab[] =
{
    0x0000, 0x1021, 0x2042, 0x3063, 0x4084, 0x50a5, 0x60c6, 0x70e7,
    0x8108, 0x9129, 0xa14a, 0xb16b, 0xc18c, 0xd1ad, 0xe1ce, 0xf1ef,
    0x1231, 0x0210, 0x3273, 0x2252, 0x52b5, 0x4294, 0x72f7, 0x62d6,
    0x9339, 0x8318, 0xb37b, 0xa35a, 0xd3bd, 0xc39c, 0xf3ff, 0xe3de,
    0x2462, 0x3443, 0x0420, 0x1401, 0x64e6, 0x74c7, 0x44a4, 0x5485,
    0xa56a, 0xb54b, 0x8528, 0x9509, 0xe5ee, 0xf5cf, 0xc5ac, 0xd58d,
    0x3653, 0x2672, 0x1611, 0x0630, 0x76d7, 0x66f6, 0x5695, 0x46b4,
    0xb75b, 0xa77a, 0x9719, 0x8738, 0xf7df, 0xe7fe, 0xd79d, 0xc7bc,
    0x48c4, 0x58e5, 0x6886, 0x78a7, 0x0840, 0x1861, 0x2802, 0x3823,
    0xc9cc, 0xd9ed, 0xe98e, 0xf9af, 0x8948, 0x9969, 0xa90a, 0xb92b,
    0x5af5, 0x4ad4, 0x7ab7, 0x6a96, 0x1a71, 0x0a50, 0x3a33, 0x2a12,
    0xdbfd, 0xcdbc, 0xfbbf, 0xeb9e, 0x9b79, 0x8b58, 0xbb3b, 0xab1a,
    0x6ca6, 0x7c87, 0x4ce4, 0x5cc5, 0x2c22, 0x3c03, 0x0c60, 0x1c41,
    0xedae, 0xfd8f, 0xcdec, 0xddcd, 0xad2a, 0xbd0b, 0x8d68, 0x9d49,
    0x7e97, 0x6eb6, 0x5ed5, 0x4ef4, 0x3e13, 0x2e32, 0x1e51, 0x0e70,
    0xff9f, 0xefbe, 0xdfdd, 0xcffc, 0xbf1b, 0xaf3a, 0x9f59, 0x8f78,
    0x9188, 0x81a9, 0xb1ca, 0xa1eb, 0xd10c, 0xc12d, 0xf14e, 0xe16f,
    0x1080, 0x00a1, 0x30c2, 0x20e3, 0x5004, 0x4025, 0x7046, 0x6067,
    0x83b9, 0x9398, 0xa3fb, 0xb3da, 0xc33d, 0xd31c, 0xe37f, 0xf35e,
    0x02b1, 0x1290, 0x22f3, 0x32d2, 0x4235, 0x5214, 0x6277, 0x7256,
    0xb5ea, 0xa5cb, 0x95a8, 0x8589, 0xf56e, 0xe54f, 0xd52c, 0xc50d,
    0x34e2, 0x24c3, 0x14a0, 0x0481, 0x7466, 0x6447, 0x5424, 0x4405,
    0xa7db, 0xb7fa, 0x8799, 0x97b8, 0xe75f, 0xf77e, 0xc71d, 0xd73c,
    0x26d3, 0x36f2, 0x0691, 0x16b0, 0x6657, 0x7676, 0x4615, 0x5634,
    0xd94c, 0xc96d, 0xf90e, 0xe92f, 0x99c8, 0x89e9, 0xb98a, 0xa9ab,
    0x5844, 0x4865, 0x7806, 0x6827, 0x18c0, 0x08e1, 0x3882, 0x28a3,
    0xcb7d, 0xdb5c, 0xeb3f, 0xfb1e, 0x8bf9, 0x9bd8, 0xabbb, 0xbb9a,
    0x4a75, 0x5a54, 0x6a37, 0x7a16, 0x0af1, 0x1ad0, 0x2ab3, 0x3a92,
    0xfd2e, 0xed0f, 0xdd6c, 0xcd4d, 0xbdaa, 0xad8b, 0x9de8, 0x8dc9,
    0x7c26, 0x6c07, 0x5c64, 0x4c45, 0x3ca2, 0x2c83, 0x1ce0, 0x0cc1,
    0xef1f, 0xff3e, 0xcf5d, 0xdf7c, 0xaf9b, 0xbfba, 0x8fd9, 0x9ff8,
    0x6e17, 0x7e36, 0x4e55, 0x5e74, 0x2e93, 0x3eb2, 0x0ed1, 0x1ef0,
};
/*eof*/
```

Appendix E — Communications Protocol

Communications Protocol Command Table

Protocol Command (Mnemonic displayed on menu)	Control Characters (Entered in menu or serial command)	Hex Value	Effect of Command
RES	^D	04	Reset
REQ	^E	05	Request
EOT	^D	04	Reset
STX	^B	02	Start of Text
ETX	^C	03	End of Text
ACK	^F	06	Acknowledge
NAK	^U	15	Negative Acknowledge
XON	^Q	11	Begin Transmission
XOFF	^S	13	Stop Transmission

Appendix F — ASCII Table

Dec	Hex	Mne	Ctrl	Dec	Hex	Ch	Dec	Hex	Ch	Dec	Hex	Ch
00	00	NUL	^@	32	20	SP	64	40	@	96	60	`
01	01	SOH	^A	33	21	!	65	41	A	97	61	a
02	02	STX	^B	34	22	"	66	42	B	98	62	b
03	03	ETX	^C	35	23	#	67	43	C	99	63	c
04	04	EOT	^D	36	24	\$	68	44	D	100	64	d
05	05	ENQ	^E	37	25	%	69	45	E	101	65	e
06	06	ACK	^F	38	26	&	70	46	F	102	66	f
07	07	BEL	^G	39	27	'	71	47	G	103	67	g
08	08	BS	^H	40	28	(	72	48	H	104	68	h
09	09	HT	^I	41	29	)	73	49	I	105	69	i
10	0A	LF	^J	42	2A	*	74	4A	J	106	6A	j
11	0B	VT	^K	43	2B	+	75	4B	K	107	6B	k
12	0C	FF	^L	44	2C	,	76	4C	L	108	6C	l
13	0D	CR	^M	45	2D	-	77	4D	M	109	6D	m
14	0E	SO	^N	46	2E	.	78	4E	N	110	6E	n
15	0F	SI	^O	47	2F	/	79	4F	O	111	6F	o
16	10	DLE	^P	48	30	0	80	50	P	112	70	p
17	11	DC1	^Q	49	31	1	81	51	Q	113	71	q
18	12	DC2	^R	50	32	2	82	52	R	114	72	r
19	13	DC3	^S	51	33	3	83	53	S	115	73	s
20	14	DC4	^T	52	34	4	84	54	T	116	74	t
21	15	NAK	^U	53	35	5	85	55	U	117	75	u
22	16	SYN	^V	54	36	6	86	56	V	118	76	v
23	17	ETB	^W	55	37	7	87	57	W	119	77	w
24	18	CAN	^X	56	38	8	88	58	X	120	78	x
25	19	EM	^Y	57	39	9	89	59	Y	121	79	y
26	1A	SUB	^Z	58	3A	:	90	5A	Z	122	7A	z
27	1B	ESC	^[	59	3B	;	91	5B	[	123	7B	{
28	1C	FS	^\	60	3C	<	92	5C	\	124	7C	|
29	1D	GS	^]	61	3D	=	93	5D	]	125	7D	}
30	1E	RS	^^	62	3E	>	94	5E	^	126	7E	~
31	1F	US	^_	63	3F	?	95	5F	_	127	7F	D

Appendix G — Maintenance

The ID-08 and ID-09 require only a minimum of maintenance to operate.

Cleaning the ID-08 and ID-09

The reader's window should be kept clean and free of debris to ensure optimal performance. Do not touch the window. If the window becomes dirty, clean it with a soft, non-abasive cloth or a facial tissue (no lotions or additives) that has been moistened with water. A mild detergent may be used to clean the window, but the window should then be wiped with a water-moistened cloth or tissue after using the detergent.

The following agents can be used to clean the reader:

- Disposable disinfecting towelettes
- Bleach solution (10% bleach, 90% water)

Appendix H — Glossary of Terms

Aberration — The failure of an optical lens to produce an exact point-to-point corrdi-soric ID - Softwareondence between the object and its resulting image. Various types are chromatic, spherical, coma, astigmatism and distortion.

Absorption — The loss of light of certain wavelengths as it passes through a material and is converted to heat or other forms of energy. (–)

Active Illumination — Lighting an area with a light source coordinated with the acquisition of an image. Strobed flash tubes and pulsed lasers are examples.

ADC — See **Analog-to-Digital Converter**.

A/D Converter — See **Analog-to-Digital Converter**.

AGC — See **Automatic Gain Control**.

Ambient Light — Light which is present in the environment of the front end of a reader and generated from outside sources. This light, unless used for actual illumination, will be treated as background noise by the reader.

Analog — A smooth, continuous voltage or current signal or function whose magnitude (value) is the information.

Analog-to-Digital Converter (A/D Converter or ADC) — A device that converts an analog voltage or current signal to a discrete series of digitally encoded numbers (signal) for computer processing.

Application-Specific Integrated Circuit (ASIC) — An integrated circuit that is customized for a particular kind of use, rather than general use. All vision system elements including firmware can be integrated into one ASIC.

Automatic Gain Control (AGC) — Adjustment to signal strength that seeks to maintain a constant level regardless of the distance between a reader and symbol.

Auxiliary Port — RS-232 connection to an auxiliary terminal or device for remote viewing.

Baud Rate — The number of discrete signal events per second; bits per second.

CCD — See **Charge-Coupled Device**.

Charge-Coupled Device (CCD) — A semiconductor device with an array of light-sensitive elements that converts light images into electrical signals.

Check Character — A Modulus 43 or Modulus 10 character that is added to encoded symbol data for additional data integrity.

Connector — A plug or socket on a device or cable providing in/out connectivity for various circuits and pins.

Concentrator — Intermediary device that relays data from readers to a host and commands from the host to the readers or other devices.

DAC — See **Digital-to-Analog Converter**.

Daisy Chain — Linkage of primary and secondary readers allowing data to be relayed up to the host via auxiliary port connections.

Decode — A **Good Read**. The successful interpretation and output of the information encoded in a symbol.

Default — Restores **ROM** or flash settings and initializes serial commands.

Delimited — A delimited command or field is bracketed by predefined characters.

Decode Rate — The number of good reads per second achieved by a reader.

Darkfield Illumination — Lighting of objects, surfaces, or particles at very shallow or low angles, so that light does not directly enter a reader's optical hardware.

Depth-of-Field — The in-focus range of a reader. Measured from the distance behind an object to the distance in front of the object with all objects appearing in focus.

Diffused Lighting — Scattered soft lighting from a wide variety of angles used to eliminate shadows and specular glints from profiled, highly reflective surfaces.

Digital-to-Analog Converter (DAC) — A VLSI circuit used to convert digitally processed images to analog for display on a monitor.

Digital Signal Processor (DSP) — A VLSI chip designed for ultra-high-speed arithmetic processing.

Discrete I/O — Inputs and outputs characterized by discrete signal transitions from one voltage level to another so that digital switching can occur.

Direct Memory Access (DMA) — A capability provided by some computer bus architectures that allows data to be sent directly to memory from an attached device.

DSP — See **Digital Signal Processor**.

EPROM — See **Erasable Programmable Read-Only Memory**.

Embedded Memory — Onboard memory device such as **EPROM** or flash.

End of Read Cycle — The time or condition at which the reader stops expecting symbol information to decode.

Erasable Programmable Read-Only Memory (EPROM) — A memory chip that retains data when its power supply is turned off; "non-volatile memory".

External Edge — Allows a read cycle to be initiated by a trigger signal from an object detector when it detects the appearance of an object (rising edge). The read cycle ends with a good read, a timeout, or a new trigger.

External Level — Allows a read cycle to be initiated by a trigger signal from an object detector. The read cycle ends when the object moves out of the detector's range.

Falling Edge — A change of state (to inactive) associated with a level trigger.

Field-Programmable Gate Array (FPGA) — A semiconductor device containing programmable interconnects and logic components.

Firmware — Software hard-coded in non-volatile memory (**ROM**), and closely tied to specific pieces of hardware.

Fixed Symbol Length — Increases data integrity by ensuring that only a symbol length will be accepted.

Focal Distance — In optics, the distance from the lens to the focal plane.

Focal Plane — Usually found at the image sensor, it is a plane perpendicular to the lens axis at the point of focus (-).

Focus — Any given point in an image at which light converges; the focal point.

FPGA — See **Field-Programmable Gate Array**.

Full Duplex — A communications system in which signals can travel simultaneously between devices.

Glossary of Terms

Good Read — A decode. The successful scanning and decoding of the information encoded in a bar code symbol.

Half Duplex — A communications system in which signals can travel between devices in both directions, but not simultaneously.

Host — A computer, **PLC**, or other device that is used to execute commands and process data and discrete signals.

Image Sensor — A device that converts a visual image to an electrical signal; a **CCD**, for example.

Initialize — Implement serial configuration commands into the reader's active memory.

Input — A channel or communications line. Decoded data or a discrete signal that is received by a device.

Ladder Orientation — A linear symbol orientation in which the bars are parallel to the symbol's direction of travel.

Light-Emitting Diode (LED) — A semiconductor device that emits light when conducting current.

Lens — A transparent piece of material with curved surfaces which either converge or diverge light rays.

Multidrop — A communications protocol for networking two or more readers or other devices with a concentrator (or controller) and characterized by the use of individual device addresses and the RS-485 standard.

Normally Closed — A discrete output state that is only active when open.

Normally Open — A discrete output state that is only active when closed.

Object Plane — An imaginary plane in the field of view, focused by a reader's optical system at the corrdi-soric ID - Softwareonding image plane on the sensor.

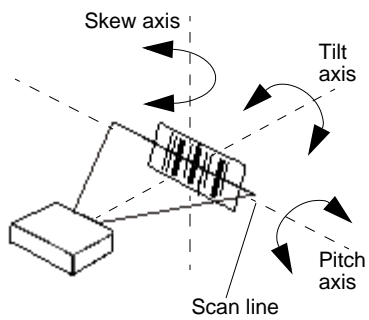
Output — A channel or communications line. Data or discrete signals that are transmitted or displayed by a device.

Parity — An error detection routine in which one data bit in each character is set to **1** or **0** so that the total number of **1** bits in the data field is even or odd.

Picket Fence Orientation — A linear symbol orientation in which the bars are perpendicular to the symbol's direction of travel.

Pitch — Rotation of a linear or 2D symbol around an axis parallel to the symbol length on

the substrate. See the illustration below.



PLC — See **Programmable Logic Controller**.

Port — Logical circuit for data entry and exit. (One or more ports may be included within a single connector.)

Programmable Logic Controller (PLC) — An electronic device used in industrial automation environments such as factory assembly lines and automotive manufacturing facilities.

Protocol — The rules for communication between devices, providing a means to control the orderly flow of information between linked devices.

Random Access Memory (RAM) — A data storage system used in computers, composed of integrated circuits that allow access to stored data in any sequence without movement of physical parts.

Read Cycle — A programmed period of time or condition during which a reader will accept symbol input.

Read-Only Memory (ROM) — A data storage medium used in computers and other electronics, primarily used to distribute firmware.

Skew — Rotation of a linear or 2D symbol around an axis parallel to the symbol height on the substrate. See the illustration under the definition of **Pitch**.

Substrate — The surface upon which a symbol is printed, stamped, or etched.

Symbol Transitions — The transition of bars and spaces on a symbol, used to detect the presence of a symbol on an object.

Symbology — A symbol type, such as Code 39 or Code 128, with special rules to define the widths and positions of bars and spaces to represent specific numeric or alphanumeric information.

Tilt — Rotation of a linear or 2D symbol around an axis perpendicular to the substrate. See the illustration under the definition of **Pitch**.

Trigger — A signal, transition, or character string that initiates a read cycle.

Very Large-Scale Integration (VLSI) — The creation of integrated circuits by combining thousands of transistor-based circuits on a single chip.

VLSI — See **Very Large-Scale Integration**.