



Level



Pressure



Flow



Temperature



Liquid  
Analysis



Registration



Systems  
Components



Services



Solutions

## Technical Information

# iTEMP<sup>®</sup> TMT111, DIN rail

Universal temperature transmitter for resistance thermometers (RTD), thermocouples, resistance and voltage transmitters, PC programmable, for installation on DIN rail according to IEC 60715



### Application

- PC programmable (PCP) DIN rail temperature transmitter for converting various input signals into a scalable 4 to 20 mA analog output signal
- Usable for resistance thermometer (RTD), thermocouple (TC), resistance transmitter ( $\Omega$ ), voltage transmitter (mV)
- Device configuration using PC with configuration kit and PC-Software ReadWin<sup>®</sup> 2000
- Installation on DIN rail according to IEC 60715, TH35

### Your benefits

- 2-wire technology, 4 to 20 mA analog output
- Fault signal on sensor break or short circuit, presettable to NAMUR NE 43
- UL recognized component to UL 3111-1
- CSA General Purpose
- Meets the EMC requirements as per NAMUR NE21
- Ex-Certification:
  - ATEX Ex ia
  - CSA IS
  - FM IS
- Galvanic isolation 2 kV (input/output)
- Output simulation for quick and easy testing of the measurement loop

## Function and system design

**Measuring principle** Electronic measurement and conversion of input signals in industrial temperature measurement.

**Measuring system** The iTEMP<sup>®</sup> TMT111, DIN rail temperature transmitter is a 2-wire transmitter with an analog output. It has a measurement input for resistance thermometers (RTD) and resistance transmitters in 2-, 3- or 4-wire connection, thermocouples and voltage transmitters. Setting up of the TMT111 is done using a configuration kit (see chapter “Accessories” on page 9 and the free of charge configuration software ReadWin<sup>®</sup> 2000.

## Input

**Measured variable** Temperature (temperature linear), resistance and voltage.

**Measuring range** Depending upon the sensor connection and input signal. The transmitter evaluates a number of different measurement ranges.

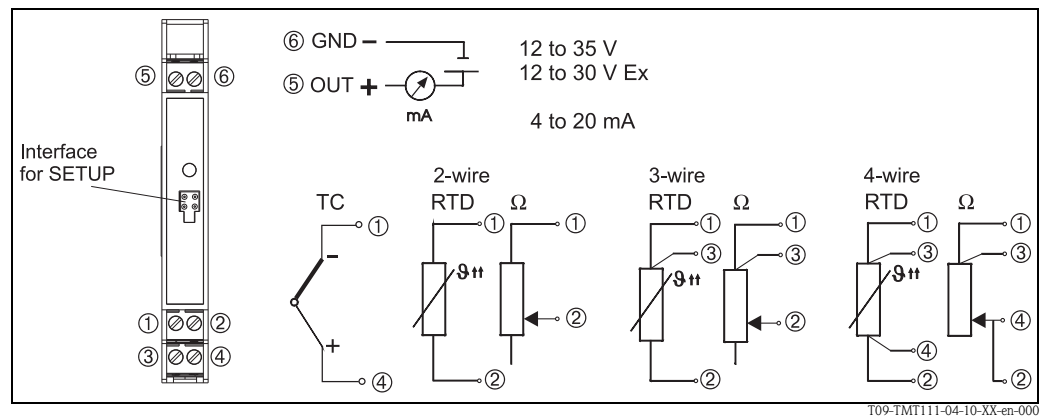
Type of input	Designation	Measurement range limits	Minimum measurement range	
<b>Resistance thermometer (RTD)</b> as per IEC 60751 ( $\alpha = 0.00385$ )	Pt100	-200 to 850 °C (-328 to 1562 °F)	10 K	
	Pt500	-200 to 250 °C (-328 to 482 °F)	10 K	
	Pt1000	-200 to 250 °C (-328 to 482 °F)	10 K	
	as per DIN 43760 ( $\alpha = 0.006180$ )	Ni100 Ni500 Ni1000	-60 to 250 °C (-76 to 482 °F) -60 to 150 °C (-76 to 302 °F) -60 to 150 °C (-76 to 302 °F)	10 K 10 K 10 K
as per Edison Curve ( $\alpha = 0.006720$ )	Ni120	-70 to 270 °C (-94 to 518 °F)	10 K	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Connection type: 2-wire, 3-wire or 4-wire connection</li> <li>■ For 2-wire circuit, compensation for wire resistance possible (0 to 20 <math>\Omega</math>)</li> <li>■ Sensor cable resistance max. 40 <math>\Omega</math> per cable</li> <li>■ Sensor current: <math>\leq 0.6</math> mA</li> </ul>			
<b>Resistance transmitter</b>	Resistance $\Omega$	10 to 400 $\Omega$ 10 to 2000 $\Omega$	10 $\Omega$ 100 $\Omega$	
<b>Thermocouples (TC)</b> as per IEC 584 part 1	B (PtRh30-PtRh6)	0 to +1820 °C (32 to 3308 °F)	500 K	
	E (NiCr-CuNi)	-270 to +1000 °C (-454 to 1832 °F)	50 K	
	J (Fe-CuNi)	-210 to +1200 °C (-346 to 2192 °F)	50 K	
	K (NiCr-Ni)	-270 to +1372 °C (-454 to 2501 °F)	50 K	
	N (NiCrSi-NiSi)	-270 to +1300 °C (-454 to 2372 °F)	50 K	
	R (PtRh13-Pt)	-50 to +1768 °C (-58 to 3214 °F)	500 K	
	S (PtRh10-Pt)	-50 to +1768 °C (-58 to 3214 °F)	500 K	
	T (Cu-CuNi)	-270 to +400 °C (-454 to 752 °F)	50 K	
	as per ASTM E988	C (W5Re-W26Re) D (W3Re-W25Re)	0 to +2320 °C (32 to 4208 °F) 0 to +2495 °C (32 to 4523 °F)	500 K 500 K
	as per DIN 43710	L (Fe-CuNi) U (Cu-CuNi)	-200 to +900 °C (-328 to 1652 °F) -200 to +600 °C (-328 to 1112 °F)	50 K 50 K
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Internal cold junction (Pt100) or external 0 °C to +80 °C (32 to 176 °F)</li> <li>■ Cold junction accuracy: <math>\pm 1</math> K</li> </ul>			
<b>Voltage transmitters (mV)</b>	Millivolt transmitter (mV)	-10 to 100 mV	5 mV	

## Output

<b>Output signal</b>	Analog 4 to 20 mA, 20 to 4 mA
<b>Signal on alarm</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Underranging: Linear drop to 3.8 mA</li> <li>■ OVERRANGING: Linear rise to 20.5 mA</li> <li>■ Sensor breakage; Sensor short circuit<sup>1</sup>: ≤ 3.6 mA or ≥ 21.0 mA (for configuration ≥ 21.0 mA, output ≥ 21.5 mA is guaranteed)</li> </ul>
<b>Load</b>	Max. $(V_{\text{Power supply}} - 12 \text{ V}) / 0.022 \text{ A}$ (Current output)
<b>Linearization / transmission behavior</b>	Temperature linear, resistance linear, voltage linear
<b>Filter</b>	Digital filter 1 <sup>st</sup> degree: 0 to 8 s
<b>Galvanic isolation</b>	U = 2 kV AC (Input/output)
<b>Min. current consumption</b>	≤ 3.5 mA
<b>Current limit</b>	≤ 23 mA
<b>Switch-on delay</b>	4 s (during power up $I_a \approx 3.8 \text{ mA}$ )

## Power supply

### Electrical connection



Connection terminal	Sensor-connection cable	
	Option 1	Option 2
	① Red, ② White	① White, ② Red
	③ Red, ④ White	③ White, ④ Red

Temperature transmitter terminal connections

<b>Supply voltage</b>	$U_b = 12 \text{ to } 35 \text{ V}$ , polarity protected
	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Not for thermocouple</li> </ol>

**Residual ripple** Allowable ripple  $U_{ss} \leq 3 \text{ V}$  at  $U_b \geq 15 \text{ V}$ ,  $f_{\text{max.}} = 1 \text{ kHz}$

## Performance characteristics

**Response time** 1 s

**Reference operating conditions**

- Calibration temperature:  $+25 \text{ °C} \pm 5 \text{ K}$  ( $77 \text{ °F} \pm 9 \text{ °F}$ )
- Supply voltage: 24 V DC
- 4-wire circuit for resistance adjustment

**Maximum measured error** The accuracy data are typical values and correspond to a standard deviation of  $\pm 3\sigma$  (normal distribution), i.e. 99.8% of all the measured values achieve the given values or better values.

	Type	Measurement accuracy
<b>Resistance thermometer RTD</b>	Pt100, Ni100	0.2 K or 0.08%
	Pt500, Ni500	0.5 K or 0.20%
	Pt1000, Ni1000	0.3 K or 0.12%
<b>Thermocouple TC</b>	K, J, T, E, L, U	typ. 0.5 K or 0.08%
	N, C, D	typ. 1.0 K or 0.08%
	S, B, R	typ. 2.0 K or 0.08%

	Measurement range	Measurement accuracy
<b>Resistance transmitter (<math>\Omega</math>)</b>	10 to 400 $\Omega$	$\pm 0.1 \text{ } \Omega$ or 0.08%
	10 to 2000 $\Omega$	$\pm 1.5 \text{ } \Omega$ or 0.12%
<b>Voltage transmitter (mV)</b>	-10 to 100 mV	$\pm 20 \text{ } \mu\text{V}$ or 0.08%

**Influence of power supply**  $\leq \pm 0.01\%/V$  deviation from 24 V<sup>1</sup>

**Influence of ambient temperature (temperature drift)** Total temperature drift = input temperature drift + output temperature drift

Impact on accuracy when ambient temperature changes by 1 K (1.8 °F):	
Input 10 to 400 $\Omega$	Typ. 0.001% of the measured value, min. 1 m $\Omega$
Input 10 to 2000 $\Omega$	Typ. 0.001% of the measured value, min. 10 m $\Omega$
Input -10 to 100 mV	Typ. 0.001% of the measured value, min. 0.2 $\mu\text{V}$
Output 4 to 20 mA	Typ. 0.0015% of the span

Typical sensitivity of resistance thermometers	
Pt: $0.00385 * R_{\text{nom}}/K$	Ni: $0.00617 * R_{\text{nom}}/K$
Example Pt100: $0.00385 * 100 \text{ } \Omega/K = 0.385 \text{ } \Omega/K$	

Typical sensitivity of thermocouples:					
B: 9 $\mu\text{V}/K$ at 1000 °C (1832 °F)	C: 18 $\mu\text{V}/K$ at 1000 °C (1832 °F)	D: 20 $\mu\text{V}/K$ at 1000 °C (1832 °F)	E: 81 $\mu\text{V}/K$ at 500 °C (932 °F)	J: 56 $\mu\text{V}/K$ at 500 °C (932 °F)	K: 43 $\mu\text{V}/K$ at 500 °C (932 °F)
L: 60 $\mu\text{V}/K$ at 500 °C (932 °F)	N: 38 $\mu\text{V}/K$ at 500 °C (932 °F)	R: 13 $\mu\text{V}/K$ at 1000 °C (1832 °F)	S: 11 $\mu\text{V}/K$ at 1000 °C (1832 °F)	T: 46 $\mu\text{V}/K$ at 100 °C (212 °F)	U: 70 $\mu\text{V}/K$ at 500 °C (932 °F)

**Example of calculating the measured error with ambient temperature drift:**

Input temperature drift  $\Delta \vartheta = 10 \text{ K}$  (18 °F), Pt100, measuring range 0 to 100 °C (32 to 212 °F). Maximum process temperature: 100 °C (212 °F)

Measured resistance value: 138.5  $\Omega$  (IEC 60751) at maximum process temperature

Typical temperature drift in  $\Omega$ : (0.001% of 138.5  $\Omega$ ) \* 10 = 0.01385  $\Omega$

Conversion to Kelvin: 0.01385  $\Omega$  / 0.385  $\Omega/\text{K}$  = 0.04 K (0.054 °F)

<b>Long-term stability</b>	$\leq 0.1\text{K}/\text{year}$ or $\leq 0.05\%/ \text{year}^1$ 2
<b>Influence of load</b>	$\leq \pm 0.02\%/100 \Omega^1$
<b>Influence of cold junction</b>	Pt100 DIN IEC 60751 Cl. B (internal cold junction with thermocouples TC)

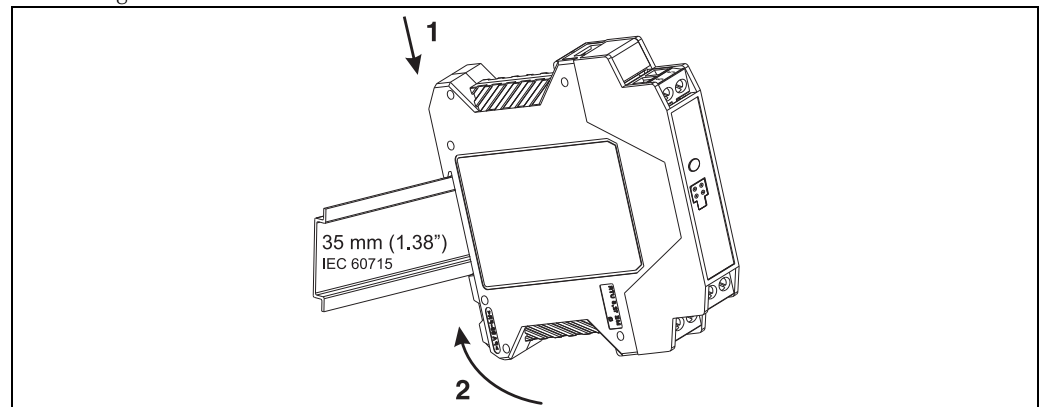
1) according to reference conditions

2) % is related to the adjusted measurement range (the value to be applied is the greater one)

## Installation conditions

### Installation instructions

#### ■ Mounting location:



Installation on DIN rail according to IEC 60715, TH35 - follow sequence 1 and 2

T09-TMT111-17-10-06-zx-000

- #### ■ Orientation:
- No restrictions

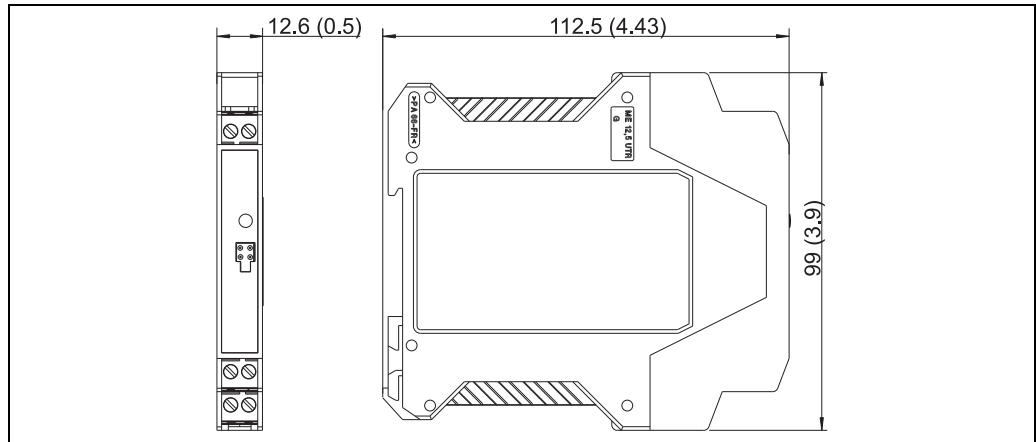
## Environmental conditions

<b>Ambient temperature</b>	-40 to +85 °C (-40 to +185 °F) - for Ex-areas see Ex-certification
<b>Storage temperature</b>	-40 to +100 °C (-40 to 212 °F)
<b>Climate class</b>	According to IEC 60654-1, Class C
<b>Degree of protection</b>	IP20 (NEMA Type 1 Encl.)
<b>Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)</b>	Interference immunity and interference emission according to IEC 61326 and NAMUR NE 21
<b>Humidity</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Condensation as per IEC 60 068-2-33 permitted</li> <li>■ Max. rel. humidity: 95% as per IEC 60068-2-30</li> </ul>

## Mechanical construction

### Design, dimensions

Installation on DIN rail according to IEC 60715, TH35



Dimensions in mm (in)

T09-TMT111-06-10-XX-XX-000

<b>Weight</b>	Approx. 90 g (3.17 oz)
<b>Material</b>	Housing: Plastic PC/ABS, UL 94V0
<b>Terminals</b>	Keyed plug-in screw terminals, core size max. 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (16 AWG) solid, or strands with ferrules

## Human interface

**Display elements** A yellow illuminated LED signalizes: Device is operational.

**Operating elements** No operating elements are available on the temperature transmitter. The temperature transmitter will be configured by remote operation with the PC software ReadWin® 2000. Available configuration kits see chapter 'accessories' on page 9.

### Operation via PC

Menu	Configurable parameters
Standard settings	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Sensor type</li> <li>■ Connection (2-, 3- or 4-wire connection)</li> <li>■ Units °C, °F</li> <li>■ Measurements range limits (depends on selected sensor type)</li> </ul>
Expanded settings	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Cold junction compensation (internal/external on TC connection)</li> <li>■ Temperature external (on TC with cold junction compensation external)</li> <li>■ Compensation resistance (0 to 20 Ω) on RTD 2-wire connection</li> <li>■ Fault condition reaction (≤ 3.6 mA or ≥ 21.0 mA), for configuration ≥ 21.0 mA, output ≥ 21.5 mA is guaranteed</li> <li>■ Analog output: 4 to 20 mA (standard) or 20 to 4 mA (inverse)</li> <li>■ Filter, optional from 0 to 8 s</li> <li>■ Zero point, offset (-9.9 to +9.9 K / -18 to +18 °F)</li> <li>■ TAG (Measurement point description)</li> </ul>
Service functions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Simulation analog output: on/off</li> <li>■ Password assignment</li> </ul>

## Certificates and approvals

### CE approval

The measurement system fulfils the requirements demanded by the EU regulations. Endress+Hauser acknowledges successful unit testing by adding the CE mark.

### Hazardous area approvals

#### ATEX approval

TMT111		ATEX II 2(1)G	EEx ia IIC	T6/T5/T4
Power supply (Terminals 5 and 6)		$U_i \leq 30$ V DC $I_i \leq 100$ mA $P_i \leq 750$ mW $C_i =$ negligibly small $L_i =$ negligibly small		
Sensor circuit (Terminals 1 to 4)		$U_0 \leq 4.4$ V DC $I_0 \leq 9.6$ mA $P_0 \leq 10.6$ mW		
Max. connection data	EEx ia IIC EEx ia IIB	$L_0 = 100$ mH $L_0 = 100$ mH		$C_0 = 2.4$ $\mu$ F $C_0 = 12$ $\mu$ F
Temperature range	T6 T5 T4	$T_a = -40$ °C ... +50 °C $T_a = -40$ °C ... +65 °C $T_a = -40$ °C ... +85 °C		

Application:

- Equipment Category: Explosive gas-air mixtures (G)
- Category 1 Zone 1 or 2, Apparatus with external circuits for connection to equipment in category 1



#### Note!

For Zone 0: This apparatus may be installed in Zones 1, 2 and the sensor circuit can be fed into Zone 0.

#### FM approval

TMT111		IS / Class I / Division 1 / Groups ABCD / T4/T5/T6 Class I / Zone 0 / AEx ia IIC / T4/T5/T6 NI / Class I / Division 2 / Groups ABCD / T4/T5/T6		
Supply circuit (Terminals 5 and 6)		$U_i \leq 30$ V DC $I_i \leq 100$ mA $P_i \leq 750$ mW $C_i =$ negligible small $L_i =$ negligible small		
Sensor circuit (Terminals 1 to 4)		$U_0 \leq 2.5$ V DC $I_0 \leq 2.2$ mA $P_0 \leq 1.4$ mW		
Max. connecting values	Group A, B Group C Group D	IIC IIB IIA	$L_a = L_0 = 1000$ mH $L_a = L_0 = 1000$ mH $L_a = L_0 = 1000$ mH	$C_a = C_0 = 100$ $\mu$ F $C_a = C_0 = 1000$ $\mu$ F $C_a = C_0 = 1000$ $\mu$ F
Temperature range	T6 T5 T4		$T_a = -40$ °C ... +50 °C $T_a = -40$ °C ... +65 °C $T_a = -40$ °C ... +85 °C	

Labeling:

- IS / Class I / Division 1 / Groups ABCD / T4/T5/T6
- Class I / Zone 0 / AEx ia IIC / T4/T5/T6
- NI / Class I / Division 2 / Groups ABCD / T4/T5/T6

Application:

- Intrinsic Safety
- Non-Incendive

**CSA (Canadian Standard Association)**

<b>TMT111</b>		<b>IS / Class I / Division 1 / Groups ABCD / T4/T5/T6 Ex ia IIC / T4/T5/T6 NI / Class I / Division 2 / Groups ABCD / T4/T5/T6</b>	
Supply circuit (Terminals 5+ and 6-)		$U_i \leq 30 \text{ V DC}$ $I_i \leq 100 \text{ mA}$ $P_i \leq 750 \text{ mW}$ $C_i = \text{negligible small}$ $L_i = \text{negligible small}$	
Sensor circuit (Terminals 1 to 4)		$U_0 \leq 4.4 \text{ V DC}$ $I_0 \leq 9.6 \text{ mA}$ $P_0 \leq 10.2 \text{ mW}$	
Max. connecting values	Group A, B Group C Group D	IIC IIB IIA	$L_a = L_0 = 100 \text{ mH}$ $C_a = C_0 = 100 \mu\text{F}$ $L_a = L_0 = 100 \text{ mH}$ $C_a = C_0 = 1000 \mu\text{F}$ $L_a = L_0 = 100 \text{ mH}$ $C_a = C_0 = 1000 \mu\text{F}$
Temperature range	T6 T5 T4		$T_a = -40 \text{ }^\circ\text{C} \dots +50 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ $T_a = -40 \text{ }^\circ\text{C} \dots +65 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ $T_a = -40 \text{ }^\circ\text{C} \dots +85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

## Labeling:

- Class I / Div. 1 / Groups ABCD / T4/T5/T6
- Class I / Div. 2 / Groups ABCD / T4/T5/T6

## Application:

- Intrinsically safe
- Non-Incendive

For further details on the available Ex versions (ATEX, CSA, FM, etc.), please contact your nearest Endress+Hauser sales organization. All relevant data for hazardous areas can be found in separate Ex documentation. If required, please request copies from your Endress+Hauser sales organization.

**UL**

Recognized component to UL 3111-1

**CSA GP**

CSA General Purpose according to C22.2 No. 1010.1-92

**Other standards and guidelines**

- IEC 60529: Degrees of protection by housing (IP code)
- IEC 61010: Safety requirements for electrical measurement, control and laboratory instrumentation
- IEC 61326: Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC requirements)
- NAMUR: International user association of automation technology in process industries ([www.namur.de](http://www.namur.de)).

**Ordering information**

Detailed ordering information is available from the following sources:

- In the Product Configurator on the Endress+Hauser website:  
[www.endress.com](http://www.endress.com) → Select country → Instruments → Select device → Product page function:  
Configure this product
- From your Endress+Hauser Sales Center:  
[www.endress.com/worldwide](http://www.endress.com/worldwide)

**Product Configurator - the tool for individual product configuration:**

- Up-to-the-minute configuration data
- Depending on the device: Direct input of measuring point-specific information such as measuring range or operating language
- Automatic verification of exclusion criteria
- Automatic creation of the order code and its breakdown in PDF or Excel output format
- Ability to order directly in the Endress+Hauser Online Shop



## Accessories

---

### Configuration kits for PC programmable transmitters

- FXA291 Commubox: PC-interface cable with 4-pin USB-plug;  
**Order-Code: 51516983**
- TMT121A-VK: Setup-program ReadWin<sup>®</sup> 2000 and PC-interface cable (TTL/RS232C);  
**Order-Code: TMT121A-VK**
- TXU10-AA: Setup-program ReadWin<sup>®</sup> 2000 and PC-interface cable with 4-pin USB-plug;  
**Order-Code: TXU10-AA**

The operating software ReadWin<sup>®</sup> 2000 can be downloaded free of charge from the Internet from the following address: **[www.endress.com/readwin](http://www.endress.com/readwin)**

## Documentation

---

- Operating Instructions "iTEMP<sup>®</sup> TMT111 DIN rail" (BA159R/09/c4)
- Ex supplementary documentation: ATEX II 2(1) G EEx ia IIC (XA021R/09/a3)

**Instruments International**

Endress+Hauser  
Instruments International AG  
Kaegenstrasse 2  
4153 Reinach  
Switzerland

Tel.+41 61 715 81 00  
Fax+41 61 715 25 00  
[www.endress.com](http://www.endress.com)  
[info@ii.endress.com](mailto:info@ii.endress.com)

**Endress + Hauser**   
People for Process Automation