Technical Information
Proline Promass O 100

Coriolis flowmeter

The robust high-pressure flowmeter with an ultra-compact transmitter

Application

- Measuring principle operates independently of physical fluid properties such as viscosity or density
- For premium accuracy and highest process pressures; fully suitable for offshore conditions

Device properties
- Measuring tube in 25Cr Duplex, 1.4410 (UNS S32750)
- Process pressure up to PN 250, Class 1500
- Nominal diameter: DN 80 to 150 (3 to 6")
- Robust, ultra-compact transmitter housing
- High ingress protection: IP69K
- Local display available

Your benefits

- Maximum safety – maximum resistance to stress corrosion cracking
- Fewer process measuring points – multivariable measurement (flow, density, temperature)
- Space-saving installation – no in/outlet run needs
- Space-saving transmitter – full functionality on smallest footprint
- Time-saving local operation without additional software and hardware – integrated web server
- Integrated verification – Heartbeat Technology™

Endress+Hauser

People for Process Automation

Table of contents

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Document information

Symbols used

Electrical symbols

Symbol	Meaning
⎓	**Direct current** A terminal to which DC voltage is applied or through which direct current flows.
∿	**Alternating current** A terminal to which alternating voltage is applied or through which alternating current flows.
⎓∿	**Direct current and alternating current** • A terminal to which alternating voltage or DC voltage is applied. • A terminal through which alternating current or direct current flows.
⏚	**Ground connection** A grounded terminal which, as far as the operator is concerned, is grounded via a grounding system.
⏚	**Protective ground connection** A terminal which must be connected to ground prior to establishing any other connections.
▽	**Equipotential connection** A connection that has to be connected to the plant grounding system: This may be a potential equalization line or a star grounding system depending on national or company codes of practice.

Symbols for certain types of information

Symbol	Meaning
✔	**Permitted** Indicates procedures, processes or actions that are permitted.
✔✔	**Preferred** Indicates procedures, processes or actions that are preferred.
✗	**Forbidden** Indicates procedures, processes or actions that are forbidden.
🛈	**Tip** Indicates additional information.
📖	**Reference to documentation** Refers to the corresponding device documentation.
📄	**Reference to page** Refers to the corresponding page number.
🖼	**Reference to graphic** Refers to the corresponding graphic number and page number.
👁	**Visual inspection**

Symbols in graphics

Symbol	Meaning
1, 2, 3,...	Item numbers
1. , 2. , 3. ...	Series of steps
A, B, C, ...	Views
A-A, B-B, C-C, ...	Sections
≈➡	Flow direction

Symbol	Meaning
$\boxed{\text{EX}}$	**Hazardous area** Indicates a hazardous area.
⬚	**Safe area (non-hazardous area)** Indicates the non-hazardous area.

Function and system design

Measuring principle

The measuring principle is based on the controlled generation of Coriolis forces. These forces are always present in a system when both translational and rotational movements are superimposed.

$$F_c = 2 \cdot \Delta m \, (v \cdot \omega)$$

F_c = Coriolis force

Δm = moving mass

ω = rotational velocity

v = radial velocity in rotating or oscillating system

The amplitude of the Coriolis force depends on the moving mass Δm, its velocity v in the system and thus on the mass flow. Instead of a constant rotational velocity ω, the sensor uses oscillation.

In the sensor, two parallel measuring tubes containing flowing fluid oscillate in antiphase, acting like a tuning fork. The Coriolis forces produced at the measuring tubes cause a phase shift in the tube oscillations (see illustration):
• At zero flow (when the fluid is at a standstill) the two tubes oscillate in phase (1).
• Mass flow causes deceleration of the oscillation at the inlet of the tubes (2) and acceleration at the outlet (3).
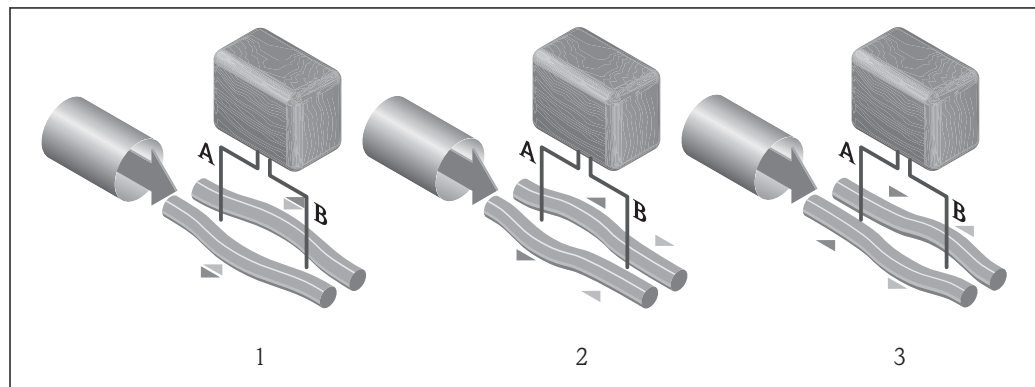
A0016771

The phase difference (A-B) increases with increasing mass flow. Electrodynamic sensors register the tube oscillations at the inlet and outlet. System balance is ensured by the antiphase oscillation of the two measuring tubes. The measuring principle operates independently of temperature, pressure, viscosity, conductivity and flow profile.

Density measurement
The measuring tube is continuously excited at its resonance frequency. A change in the mass and thus the density of the oscillating system (comprising measuring tube and fluid) results in a corresponding, automatic adjustment in the oscillation frequency. Resonance frequency is thus a function of medium density. The microprocessor utilizes this relationship to obtain a density signal.

Volume measurement
Together with the measured mass flow, this is used to calculate the volume flow.

Temperature measurement
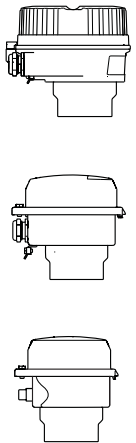
The temperature of the measuring tube is determined in order to calculate the compensation factor due to temperature effects. This signal corresponds to the process temperature and is also available as an output signal.

Measuring system
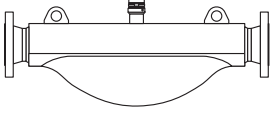
The device consists of a transmitter and a sensor. If a device with Modbus RS485 intrinsically safe is ordered, the Safety Barrier Promass 100 is part of the scope of supply and must be implemented to operate the device.

One device version is available: compact version, transmitter and sensor form a mechanical unit.
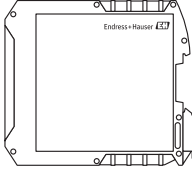
Transmitter

Promass 100	Device versions and materials:
A0016693 A0016694 A0016695	• Compact, aluminum coated: Aluminum, AlSi10Mg, coated • Compact, stainless: Stainless steel 1.4404 (316L) • Ultra compact, stainless: Stainless steel 1.4404 (316L)

	Configuration:
	• Via operating tools (e.g. FieldCare)
	• Additionally for device version with onsite display: Via Web browser (e.g. Microsoft Internet Explorer)
	• Also for device version with 4-20 mA HART, pulse/frequency/switch output: Via Web browser (e.g. Microsoft Internet Explorer)
	• Also for device version with EtherNet/IP output:
	  – Via Web browser (e.g. Microsoft Internet Explorer)
	  – Via Add-on Profile Level 3 for automation system from Rockwell Automation
	  – Via Electronic Data Sheet (EDS)

Sensor

Promass O	• For use at high pressures

A0019545	• Simultaneous measurement of flow, volume flow, density and temperature (multivariable)
	• Suitable for offshore applications
	• Nominal diameters: DN 80 to 150 (3 to 6")
	• Materials:
	  – Sensor: stainless steel, 1.4404 (316L)
	  – Measuring tubes: stainless steel, 25Cr Duplex (Super Duplex) 1.4410 (UNS S32750)
	  – Process connections: 25Cr Duplex (Super Duplex) 1.4410 (F53)

Safety Barrier Promass 100

	• Dual-channel safety barrier for installation in non-hazardous locations or Zone 2/Div. 2:
A0016763	– Channel 1: DC 24 V power supply – Channel 2: Modbus RS485 • In addition to current, voltage and power limitation, it offers galvanic isolation of circuits for explosion protection. • Easy DIN rail mounting (DIN 35mm) for installation in control cabinets

Device architecture
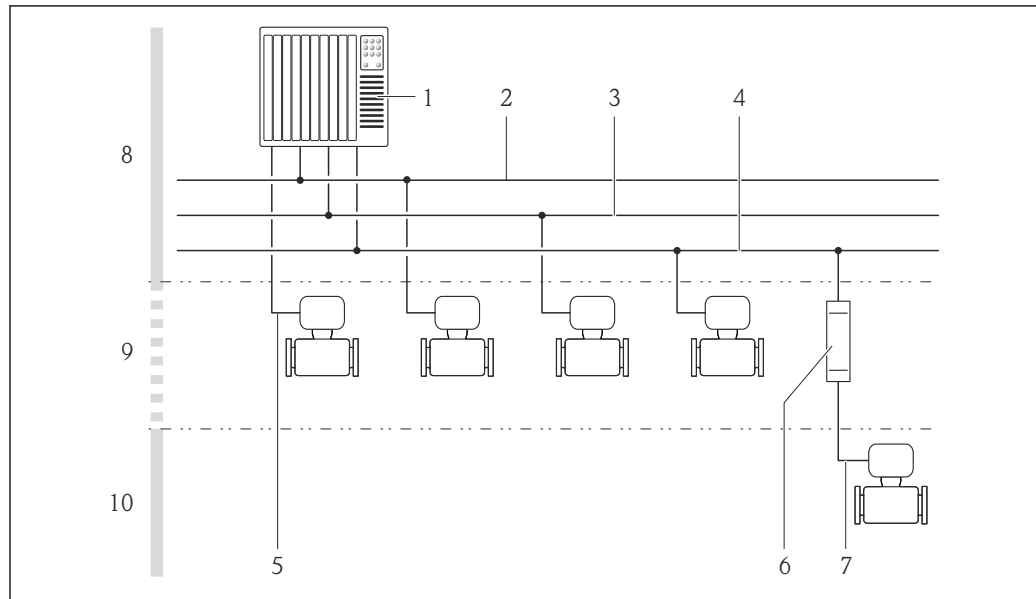
🖼 *1   Possibilities for integrating measuring devices into a system*

1   Control system (e.g. PLC)
2   EtherNet/IP
3   PROFIBUS DP
4   Modbus RS485
5   4-20 mA HART, pulse/frequency/switch output
6   Safety Barrier Promass 100
7   Modbus RS485 intrinsically safe
8   Non-hazardous area
9   Non-hazardous area and Zone 2/Div. 2
10   Intrinsically safe area and Zone 1/Div. 1

Safety

IT security

We only provide a warranty if the device is installed and used as described in the Operating Instructions. The device is equipped with security mechanisms to protect it against any inadvertent changes to the device settings.

IT security measures in line with operators' security standards and designed to provide additional protection for the device and device data transfer must be implemented by the operators themselves.

Input

Measured variable

Direct measured variables

• Mass flow
• Density
• Temperature

Calculated measured variables

• Volume flow
• Corrected volume flow
• Reference density

Measuring range	**Measuring ranges for liquids**

DN		Measuring range full scale values $\dot{m}_{min(F)}$ to $\dot{m}_{max(F)}$	
[mm]	[in]	[kg/h]	[lb/min]
80	3	0 to 180 000	0 to 6 615
100	4	0 to 350 000	0 to 12 860
150	6	0 to 800 000	0 to 29 400

Measuring ranges for gases

The full scale values depend on the density of the gas and can be calculated with the formula below:
$\dot{m}_{max(G)} = \dot{m}_{max(F)} \cdot \rho_G : x$

$\dot{m}_{max(G)}$	Maximum full scale value for gas [kg/h]
$\dot{m}_{max(F)}$	Maximum full scale value for liquid [kg/h]
$\dot{m}_{max(G)} < \dot{m}_{max(F)}$	$\dot{m}_{max(G)}$ can never be greater than $\dot{m}_{max(F)}$
ρ_G	Gas density in [kg/m³] at operating conditions

DN		x
[mm]	[in]	[kg/m³]
80	3	155
100	4	130
150	6	200

To calculate the measuring range, use the *Applicator* sizing tool (→ 🖺 62)

Calculation example for gas
- Sensor: Promass O, DN 80
- Gas: Air with a density of 60.3 kg/m³ (at 20 ℃ and 50 bar)
- Measuring range (liquid):180 000 kg/h
- x = 130 kg/m³ (for Promass O, DN 80)

Maximum possible full scale value:
$\dot{m}_{max(G)} = \dot{m}_{max(F)} \cdot \rho_G : x = 180\,000$ kg/h $\cdot$ 60.3 kg/m³ : 130 kg/m³ = 83 500 kg/h

Recommended measuring range

"Flow limit" section (→ 🖺 43)

Operable flow range	Over 1000 : 1.

Flow rates above the preset full scale value are not overridden by the electronics unit, with the result that the totalizer values are registered correctly.

Output

Output signal	**Current output**

Current output	4-20 mA HART (active)
Maximum output values	• DC 24 V (no flow) • 22.5 mA
Load	0 to 700 Ω

Resolution	0.38 µA
Damping	Adjustable: 0.07 to 999 s
Assignable measured variables	- Mass flow - Volume flow - Corrected volume flow - Density - Reference density - Temperature The range of options increases if the measuring device has one or more application packages.

Pulse/frequency/switch output

Function	Can be set to pulse, frequency or switch output
Version	Passive, open collector
Maximum input values	- DC 30 V 25 mA
Voltage drop	For 25 mA: ≤ DC 2 V
Pulse output	
Pulse width	Adjustable: 0.05 to 2 000 ms
Maximum pulse rate	10 000 Impulse/s
Pulse value	Adjustable
Assignable measured variables	- Mass flow - Volume flow - Corrected volume flow
Frequency output	
Output frequency	Adjustable: 0 to 10 000 Hz
Damping	Adjustable: 0 to 999 s
Pulse/pause ratio	1:1
Assignable measured variables	- Mass flow - Volume flow - Corrected volume flow - Density - Reference density - Temperature The range of options increases if the measuring device has one or more application packages.
Switch output	
Switching behavior	Binary, conductive or non-conductive
Switching delay	Adjustable: 0 to 100 s

Number of switching cycles	Unlimited

Assignable functions	• Off
	• On
	• Diagnostic behavior
	• Limit value
	  – Mass flow
	  – Volume flow
	  – Corrected volume flow
	  – Density
	  – Reference density
	  – Temperature
	  – Totalizer 1-3
	• Flow direction monitoring
	• Status
	  – Partially filled pipe detection
	  – Low flow cut off
	
	  ℹ The range of options increases if the measuring device has one or more application packages.

PROFIBUS DP

Signal encoding	NRZ code
Data transfer	9.6 kBaud…12 MBaud

Modbus RS485

Physical interface	In accordance with EIA/TIA-485-A standard
Terminating resistor	• For device version used in non-hazardous areas or Zone 2/Div. 2: integrated and can be activated via DIP switches on the transmitter electronics module • For device version used in intrinsically safe areas: integrated and can be activated via DIP switches on the Safety Barrier Promass 100

EtherNet/IP

Standards	In accordance with IEEE 802.3

Signal on alarm | Depending on the interface, failure information is displayed as follows:

Current output

4-20 mA

Failure mode	Selectable (as per NAMUR recommendation NE 43): • Minimum value: 3.6 mA • Maximum value: 22 mA • Defined value: 3.59 to 22.5 mA • Actual value • Last valid value

HART

Device diagnostics	Device condition can be read out via HART Command 48

Pulse/frequency/switch output

Pulse output	
Failure mode	Choose from: • Actual value • No pulses
Frequency output	
Failure mode	Choose from: • Actual value • Defined value: 0 to 12 500 Hz • 0 Hz
Switch output	
Failure mode	Choose from: • Current status • Open • Closed

PROFIBUS DP

Status and alarm messages	Diagnostics in accordance with PROFIBUS PA Profile 3.02

Modbus RS485

Failure mode	Choose from: • NaN value instead of current value • Last valid value

EtherNet/IP

Device diagnostics	Device condition can be read out in Input Assembly

Local display

Plain text display	With information on cause and remedial measures
Backlight	Red backlighting indicates a device error.

ℹ️ Status signal as per NAMUR recommendation NE 107

Operating tool

• Via digital communication:
  – HART protocol
  – PROFIBUS DP
  – Modbus RS485
  – EtherNet/IP
• Via service interface

Plain text display	With information on cause and remedial measures

ℹ️ Additional information on remote operation (→ 🕮 54)

Web browser

Plain text display	With information on cause and remedial measures

Light emitting diodes (LED)

Status information	Status indicated by various light emitting diodes
	The following information is displayed depending on the device version: • Supply voltage active • Data transmission active • Device alarm/error has occurred • EtherNet/IP network available • EtherNet/IP connection established

Ex connection data

These values only apply for the following device version:
Order code for "Output", option **M**: Modbus RS485, for use in intrinsically safe areas

Safety Barrier Promass 100

Safety-related values

Terminal numbers			
Supply voltage		Signal transmission	
2 (L-)	1 (L+)	26 (A)	27 (B)
U_{nom} = DC 24 V U_{max} = AC 260 V		U_{nom} = DC 5 V U_{max} = AC 260 V	

Intrinsically safe values

Terminal numbers			
Supply voltage		Signal transmission	
20 (L-)	10 (L+)	62 (A)	72 (B)
U_o = 16.24 V I_o = 623 mA P_o = 2.45 W For IIC[*]: L_o = 92.8 µH, C_o = 0.433 µF, L_o/R_o = 14.6 µH/Ω For IIB[*]: L_o = 372 µH, C_o = 2.57 µF, L_o/R_o = 58.3 µH/Ω			

[*] The gas group depends on the sensor and nominal diameter.

📖 For an overview and for information on the interdependencies between the gas group - sensor - nominal diameter, see the "Safety Instructions" (XA) document for the measuring device

Transmitter

Intrinsically safe values

Order code for "Approvals"	Terminal numbers			
	Supply voltage		Signal transmission	
	20 (L-)	10 (L+)	62 (A)	72 (B)
• Option **BM**: ATEX II2G + IECEx Z1 Ex ia, II2D Ex tb • Option **BO**: ATEX II1/2G + IECEx Z0/Z1 Ex ia, II2D • Option **BQ**: ATEX II1/2G + IECEx Z0/Z1 Ex ia • Option **BU**: ATEX II2G + IECEx Z1 Ex ia • Option **C2**: CSA C/US IS Cl. I, II, III Div. 1 • Option **85**: ATEX II2G + IECEx Z1 Ex ia + CSA C/US IS Cl. I, II, III Div. 1	U_i = 16.24 V I_i = 623 mA P_i = 2.45 W L_i = 0 µH C_i = 6 nF			

📖 For an overview and for information on the interdependencies between the gas group - sensor - nominal diameter, see the "Safety Instructions" (XA) document for the measuring device

Low flow cut off

The switch points for low flow cut off are user-selectable.

| Galvanic isolation | The following connections are galvanically isolated from each other:
• Outputs
• Power supply |

Protocol-specific data

HART

Manufacturer ID	0x11
Device type ID	0x4A
HART protocol revision	7.0
Device description files (DTM, DD)	Information and files under: www.endress.com
HART load	Min. 250 Ω
Dynamic variables	Read out the dynamic variables: HART command 3 The measured variables can be freely assigned to the dynamic variables. **Measured variables for PV (primary dynamic variable)** • Mass flow • Volume flow • Corrected volume flow • Density • Reference density • Temperature **Measured variables for SV, TV, QV (secondary, tertiary and quaternary dynamic variable)** • Mass flow • Volume flow • Corrected volume flow • Density • Reference density • Temperature • Totalizer 1 • Totalizer 2 • Totalizer 3 The range of options increases if the measuring device has one or more application packages. **Heartbeat Technology Application Package** Additional measured variables are available with the Heartbeat Technology application package: • Carrier pipe temperature • Oscillation amplitude 0
Device variables	Read out the device variables: HART command 9 The device variables are permanently assigned. A maximum of 8 device variables can be transmitted: • 0 = mass flow • 1 = volume flow • 2 = corrected volume flow • 3 = density • 4 = reference density • 5 = temperature • 6 = totalizer 1 • 7 = totalizer 2 • 8 = totalizer 3 • 9 = dynamic viscosity • 10 = kinematic viscosity • 11 = temp. compensated dynamic viscosity • 12 = temp. compensated kinematic viscosity • 13 = target mass flow • 14 = carrier mass flow • 15 = concentration

PROFIBUS DP

Manufacturer ID	0x11
Ident number	0x1561
Profile version	3.02
Device description files (GSD, DTM, DD)	Information and files under: • www.endress.com • www.profibus.org
Output values (from measuring device to automation system)	**Analog input 1 to 8** • Mass flow • Volume flow • Corrected volume flow • Target mass flow • Carrier mass flow • Density • Reference density • Concentration • Dynamic viscosity • Kinematic viscosity • Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity • Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity • Temperature • Carrier pipe temperature • Electronic temperature • Oscillation frequency • Oscillation amplitude • Frequency fluctuation • Oscillation damping • Tube damping fluctuation • Signal asymmetry • Exciter current **Digital input 1 to 2** • Partially filled pipe detection • Low flow cut off **Totalizer 1 to 3** • Mass flow • Volume flow • Corrected volume flow

Input values
(from automation system to measuring device)
	Analog output 1 to 3 (fixed assignment)
	• Pressure
	• Temperature
	• Reference density
	
	Digital output 1 to 3 (fixed assignment)
	• Digital output 1: switch positive zero return on/off
	• Digital output 2: perform zero point adjustment
	• Digital output 3: switch switch output on/off
	
	Totalizer 1 to 3
	• Totalize
	• Reset and hold
	• Preset and hold
	• Stop
	• Operating mode configuration:
	  – Net flow total
	  – Forward flow total
	  – Reverse flow total

Supported functions	• Identification & Maintenance Simplest device identification on the part of the control system and nameplate • PROFIBUS upload/download Reading and writing parameters is up to ten times faster with PROFIBUS upload/download • Condensed status Simplest and self-explanatory diagnostic information by categorizing diagnostic messages that occur
Configuration of the device address	• DIP switches on the I/O electronics module • Via operating tools (e.g. FieldCare)

Modbus RS485

Protocol	Modbus Applications Protocol Specification V1.1
Device type	Slave
Slave address range	1 to 247
Broadcast address range	0
Function codes	• 03: Read holding register • 04: Read input register • 06: Write single registers • 08: Diagnostics • 16: Write multiple registers • 23: Read/write multiple registers
Broadcast messages	Supported by the following function codes: • 06: Write single registers • 16: Write multiple registers • 23: Read/write multiple registers
Supported baud rate	• 1 200 BAUD • 2 400 BAUD • 4 800 BAUD • 9 600 BAUD • 19 200 BAUD • 38 400 BAUD • 57 600 BAUD • 115 200 BAUD
Data transfer mode	• ASCII • RTU
Data access	Each device parameter can be accessed via Modbus RS485. For Modbus register information (→ 🕮 63)

EtherNet/IP

Protocol	• The CIP Networks Library Volume 1: Common Industrial Protocol • The CIP Networks Library Volume 2: EtherNet/IP Adaptation of CIP
Communication type	• 10Base-T • 100Base-TX
Device profile	Generic device (product type: 0x2B)
Manufacturer ID	0x49E
Device type ID	0x104A
Baud rates	Automatic $^{10}/_{100}$ Mbit with half-duplex and full-duplex detection
Polarity	Auto-polarity for automatic correction of crossed TxD and RxD pairs
Supported CIP connections	Max. 3 connections
Explicit connections	Max. 6 connections

I/O connections	Max. 6 connections (scanner)		
Configuration options for measuring device	• DIP switches on the electronics module for IP addressing • Manufacturer-specific software (FieldCare) • Add-on Profile Level 3 for Rockwell Automation control systems • Web browser • Electronic Data Sheet (EDS) integrated in the measuring device		
Configuration of the EtherNet interface	• Speed: 10 MBit, 100 MBit, auto (factory setting) • Duplex: half-duplex, full-duplex, auto (factory setting)		
Configuration of the device address	• DIP switches on the electronics module for IP addressing (last octet) • DHCP • Manufacturer-specific software (FieldCare) • Add-on Profile Level 3 for Rockwell Automation control systems • Web browser • EtherNet/IP tools, e.g. RSLinx (Rockwell Automation)		
Device Level Ring (DLR)	No		
Fix Input			
RPI	5 ms to 10 s (factory setting: 20 ms)		
Exclusive Owner Multicast		Instance	Size [byte]
	Instance configuration:	0x68	398
	O → T configuration:	0x66	64
	T → O configuration:	0x64	44
Exclusive Owner Multicast		Instance	Size [byte]
	Instance configuration:	0x69	-
	O → T configuration:	0x66	64
	T → O configuration:	0x64	44
Input only Multicast		Instance	Size [byte]
	Instance configuration:	0x68	398
	O → T configuration:	0xC7	-
	T → O configuration:	0x64	44
Input only Multicast		Instance	Size [byte]
	Instance configuration:	0x69	-
	O → T configuration:	0xC7	-
	T → O configuration:	0x64	44
Input Assembly	• Current device diagnostics • Mass flow • Volume flow • Corrected volume flow • Density • Reference density • Temperature • Totalizer 1 • Totalizer 2 • Totalizer 3		
Configurable Input			
RPI	5 ms to 10 s (factory setting: 20 ms)		
Exclusive Owner Multicast		Instance	Size [byte]
	Instance configuration:	0x68	398
	O → T configuration:	0x66	64
	T → O configuration:	0x65	88
Exclusive Owner Multicast		Instance	Size [byte]
	Instance configuration:	0x69	-

	O → T configuration:	0x66	64
	T → O configuration:	0x65	88
Input only Multicast		Instance	Size [byte]
	Instance configuration:	0x68	398
	O → T configuration:	0xC7	-
	T → O configuration:	0x65	88
Input only Multicast		Instance	Size [byte]
	Instance configuration:	0x69	-
	O → T configuration:	0xC7	-
	T → O configuration:	0x65	88
Configurable Input Assembly	• Current device diagnostics • Mass flow • Volume flow • Corrected volume flow • Density • Reference density • Temperature • Totalizer 1 • Totalizer 2 • Totalizer 3 ⓘ The range of options increases if the measuring device has one or more application packages.		
Fix Output			
Output Assembly	• Activation of reset totalizers 1-3 • Activation of pressure compensation • Activation of reference density compensation • Activation of temperature compensation • Reset totalizers 1-3 • External pressure value • Pressure unit • External reference density • Reference density unit • External temperature • Temperature unit		
Configuration			

Configuration Assembly	Only the most common configurations are listed below.
	
	• Software write protection
	• Mass flow unit
	• Mass unit
	• Volume flow unit
	• Volume unit
	• Corrected volume flow unit
	• Corrected volume unit
	• Density unit
	• Reference density unit
	• Temperature unit
	• Pressure unit
	• Length
	• Totalizer 1-3:
	  – Assignment
	  – Unit
	  – Measuring mode
	  – Failure mode
	• Alarm delay		

Power supply

Terminal assignment

Overview: housing version
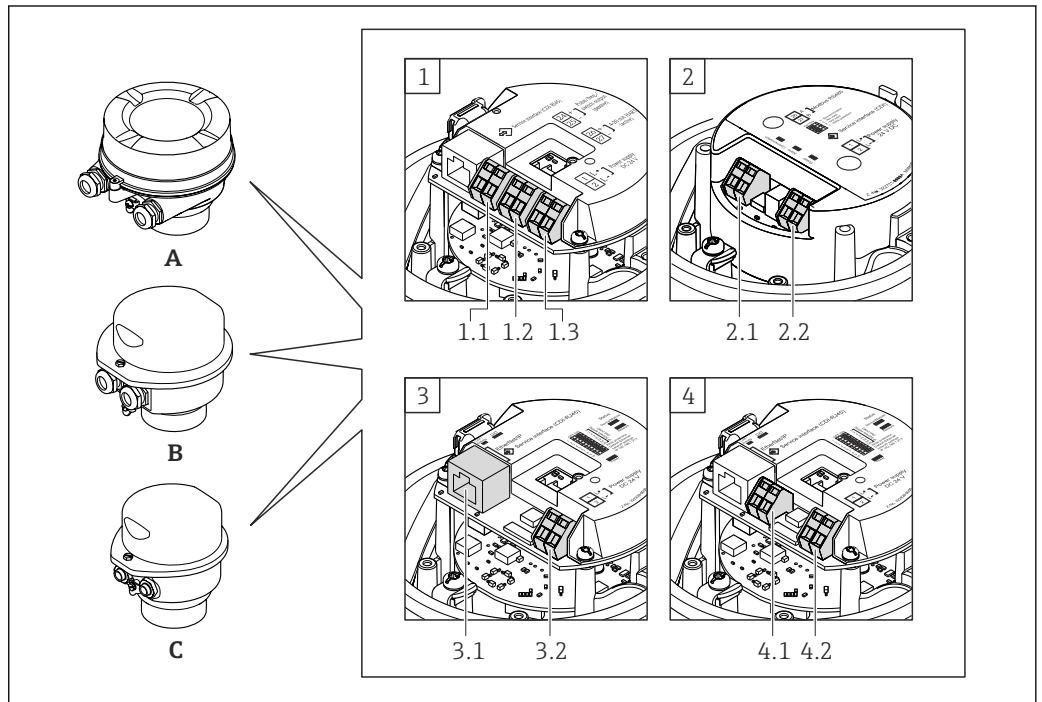
A   Housing version: compact, aluminum coated
B   Housing version: compact, stainless
C   Housing version: ultra-compact, stainless, M12 device plug
1   Connection version: 4-20 mA HART, pulse/frequency/switch output
1.1 Signal transmission: pulse/frequency/switch output
1.2 Signal transmission: 4-20 mA HART
1.3 Supply voltage
2   Connection version: Modbus RS485
2.1 Signal transmission
2.2 Supply voltage
3   Connection version: EtherNet/IP
3.1 Signal transmission
3.2 Supply voltage
4   Connection version: PROFIBUS DP
4.1 PROFIBUS DP
4.2 Supply voltage

Transmitter

Connection version 4-20 mA HART with pulse/frequency/switch output

Order code for "Output", option **B**

Depending on the housing version, the transmitters can be ordered with terminals or device plugs.

Order code for "Housing"	Connection methods available		Possible options for order code "Electrical connection"
	Outputs	Power supply	
Options A, B	Terminals	Terminals	• Option A: coupling M20x1 • Option B: thread M20x1 • Option C: thread G ½" • Option D: thread NPT ½"
Options A, B	Device plug	Terminals	• Option L: plug M12x1 + thread NPT ½" • Option N: plug M12x1 + coupling M20 • Option P: plug M12x1 + thread G ½" • Option U: plug M12x1 + thread M20
Options A, B, C	Device plug	Device plug	Option Q: 2 x plug M12x1
Order code for "Housing": • Option A: compact, coated aluminum • Option B: compact, stainless • Option B: compact, stainless, M12 device plug			
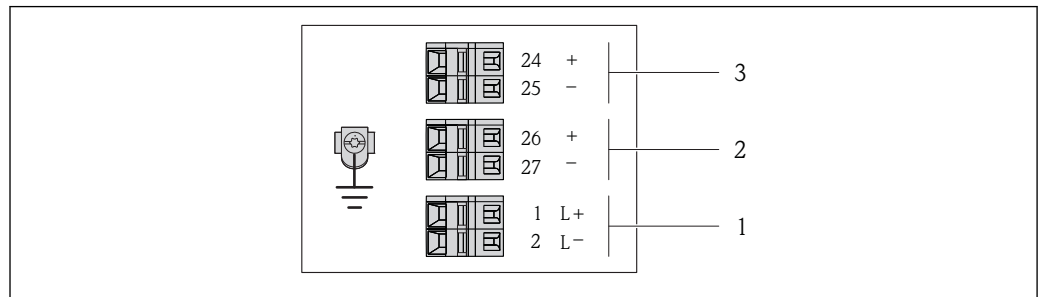
⊞ 2　　*Terminal assignment 4-20 mA HART with pulse/frequency/switch output*

1　*Power supply: DC 24 V*
2　*Output 1: 4-20 mA HART (active)*
3　*Output 2: pulse/frequency/switch output (passive)*

Order code for "Output"	Terminal number					
	Power supply		Output 1		Output 2	
	2 (L-)	1 (L+)	27 (−)	26 (+)	25 (−)	24 (+)
Option B	DC 24 V		4-20 mA HART (active)		Pulse/frequency/switch output (passive)	
Order code for "Output": Option B: 4-20 mA HART with pulse/frequency/switch output						

PROFIBUS DP connection version

ℹ️ For use in the non-hazardous area and Zone 2/Div. 2.

Order code for "Output", option **L**

Depending on the housing version, the transmitters can be ordered with terminals or device plugs.

Order code for "Housing"	Connection methods available		Possible options for order code "Electrical connection"
	Output	Power supply	
Options A, B	Terminals	Terminals	• Option **A**: coupling M20x1 • Option **B**: thread M20x1 • Option **C**: thread G ½" • Option **D**: thread NPT ½"
Options A, B	Device plug	Terminals	• Option **L**: plug M12x1 + thread NPT ½" • Option **N**: plug M12x1 + coupling M20 • Option **P**: plug M12x1 + thread G ½" • Option **U**: plug M12x1 + thread M20
Options A, B, C	Device plug	Device plug	Option **Q**: 2 x plug M12x1
Order code for "Housing": • Option **A**: compact, coated aluminum • Option **B**: compact, stainless • Option **C**: ultra compact, stainless, M12 device plug			

⊠ *3   PROFIBUS DP terminal assignment*

1   Power supply: DC 24 V
2   PROFIBUS DP

Order code for "Output"	Terminal number			
	Power supply		Output	
	2 (L-)	1 (L+)	26 (RxD/TxD-P)	27 (RxD/TxD-N)
Option **L**	DC 24 V		B	A
Order code for "Output": Option **L**: PROFIBUS DP, for use in non-hazardous areas and Zone 2/div. 2				

Modbus RS485 connection version

For use in the non-hazardous area and Zone 2/Div. 2.

Order code for "Output", option **M**

Depending on the housing version, the transmitters can be ordered with terminals or device plugs.

Order code for "Housing"	Connection methods available		Possible options for order code "Electrical connection"
	Output	Power supply	
Options A, B	Terminals	Terminals	• Option A: coupling M20x1 • Option B: thread M20x1 • Option C: thread G ½" • Option D: thread NPT ½"
Options A, B	Device plug	Terminals	• Option L: plug M12x1 + thread NPT ½" • Option N: plug M12x1 + coupling M20 • Option P: plug M12x1 + thread G ½" • Option U: plug M12x1 + thread M20
Options A, B, C	Device plug	Device plug	Option Q: 2 x plug M12x1
Order code for "Housing": • Option A: compact, coated aluminum • Option B: compact, stainless			

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⊠ 4   *Modbus RS485 terminal assignment, connection version for use in non-hazardous areas and Zone 2/Div. 2*

1   *Power supply: DC 24 V*
2   *Modbus RS485*

Order code for "Output"	Terminal number			
	Power supply		Output	
	2 (L-)	1 (L+)	27 (B)	26 (A)
Option M	DC 24 V		Modbus RS485	
Order code for "Output": Option M: Modbus RS485, for use in non-hazardous areas and Zone 2/Div. 2				

Modbus RS485 connection version

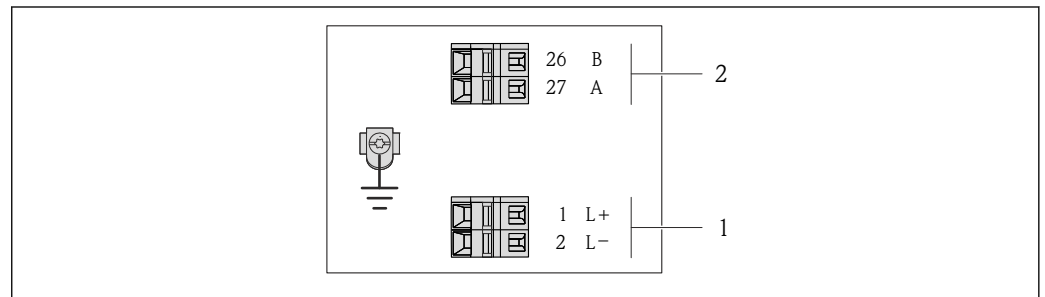ℹ️ For use in the intrinsically safe area. Connection via Safety Barrier Promass 100.

Order code for "Output", option **M**

Depending on the housing version, the transmitters can be ordered with terminals or device plugs.

Order code for "Housing"	Connection methods available		Possible options for order code "Electrical connection"
	Output	Power supply	
Options A, B	Terminals	Terminals	• Option **A**: coupling M20x1 • Option **B**: thread M20x1 • Option **C**: thread G ½" • Option **D**: thread NPT ½"
A, B, C	Device plug		Option **I**: plug M12x1
Order code for "Housing": • Option **A**: compact, coated aluminum • Option **B**: compact, stainless • Option **C**: ultra compact, stainless, M12 device plug			
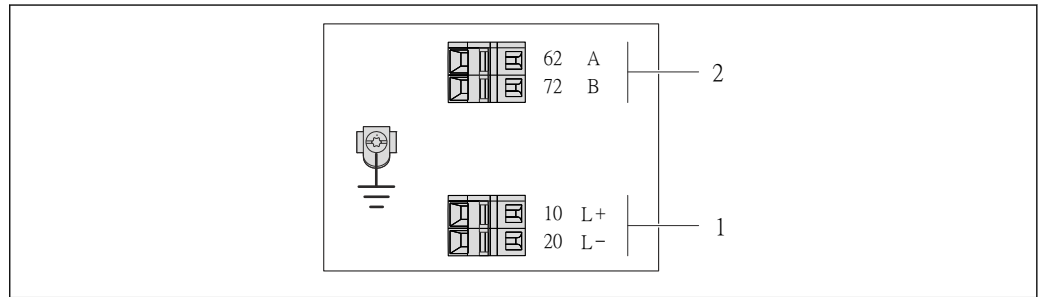
⊞ 5 Modbus RS485 terminal assignment, connection version for use in intrinsically safe areas (connection via Safety Barrier Promass 100)

1 Intrinsically safe power supply
2 Modbus RS485

Order code for "Output"	20 (L-)	10 (L+)	72 (B)	62 (A)
Option **M**	Intrinsically safe supply voltage		Modbus RS485 intrinsically safe	
Order code for "Output": Option **M**: Modbus RS485, for use in intrinsically safe areas (connection via Safety Barrier Promass 100)				

EtherNet/IP connection version

Order code for "Output", option **N**

Depending on the housing version, the transmitters can be ordered with terminals or device plugs.

Order code for "Housing"	Connection methods available		Possible options for order code "Electrical connection"
	Output	Power supply	
Options A, B	Device plug	Terminals	▪ Option **L**: plug M12x1 + thread NPT ½" ▪ Option **N**: plug M12x1 + coupling M20 ▪ Option **P**: plug M12x1 + thread G ½" ▪ Option **U**: plug M12x1 + thread M20
Options A, B, C	Device plug	Device plug	Option **Q**: 2 x plug M12x1
Order code for "Housing": ▪ Option **A**: compact, coated aluminum ▪ Option **B**: compact, stainless ▪ Option **C**: ultra compact, stainless, M12 device plug			

🖾 *6   EtherNet/IP terminal assignment*

1   Power supply: DC 24 V
2   EtherNet/IP

Order code for "Output"	Terminal number		
	Power supply		Output
	2 (L-)	1 (L+)	Device plug M12x1
Option **N**	DC 24 V		EtherNet/IP
Order code for "Output": Option **N**: EtherNet/IP			

Safety Barrier Promass 100
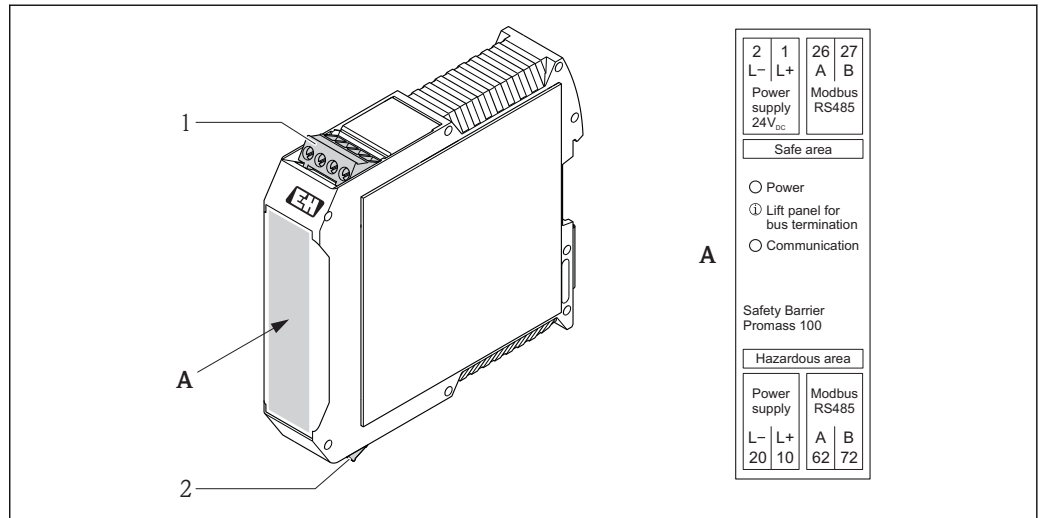
☒ 7 *Safety Barrier Promass 100 with terminals*

1   Non-hazardous area and Zone 2/Div. 2
2   Intrinsically safe area

Pin assignment, device plug

ℹ️ Order codes for the M12x1 connectors, see the "Order code for **electrical connection**" column:
  • 4-20 mA HART, pulse/frequency/switch output (→ 🖹 17)
    • PROFIBUS-DP(→ 🖹 19)
    • Modbus RS485 (→ 🖹 20)
    • EtherNet/IP (→ 🖹 22)

Supply voltage

For all connection versions except MODBUS RS485 intrinsically safe (device side)
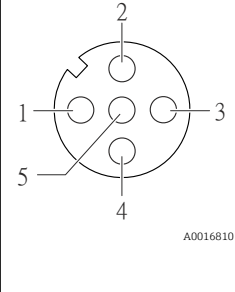
ℹ️ Device plug MODBUS RS485 intrinsically safe with supply voltage (→ 🖹 24)

Pin		Assignment	Coding	Plug/socket
1	L+	DC 24 V	A	Plug
2				
3				
4	L-	DC 24 V		
5		Grounding/shielding		

ℹ️ The following is recommended as a socket:
  • Binder, series 763, part no. 79 3440 35 05
    • Alternatively: Phoenix part no. 1669767 SAC-5P-M12MS
      – With the order code for "Output", option **B**: 4-20 mA HART, pulse/frequency/switch output
      – With the order code for "Output", option **N**: EtherNet/IP
  • When using the device in a hazardous location: Use a suitably certified socket.

4-20 mA HART with pulse/frequency/switch output

Device plug for signal transmission (device side)
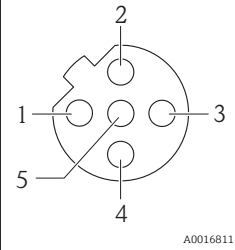
Pin		Assignment	Coding	Plug/socket
1	+	4-20 mA HART (active)	A	Socket
2	-	4-20 mA HART (active)		
3	+	Pulse/frequency/switch output (passive)		
4	-	Pulse/frequency/switch output (passive)		
5		Grounding/shielding		

ℹ️ • Recommended plug: Binder, series 763, part no. 79 3439 12 05
• When using the device in a hazardous location: Use a suitably certified plug.

PROFIBUS DP
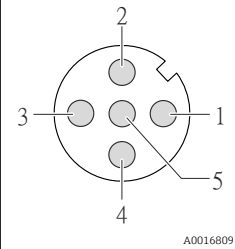
ℹ️ For use in the non-hazardous area and Zone 2/Div. 2.

Device plug for signal transmission (device side)

Pin		Assignment	Coding	Plug/socket
1			B	Socket
2	A	PROFIBUS DP		
3				
4	B	PROFIBUS DP		
5		Grounding/shielding		

ℹ️ • Recommended plug: Binder, series 763, part no. 79 4449 20 05
• When using the device in a hazardous location: Use a suitably certified plug.

MODBUS RS485
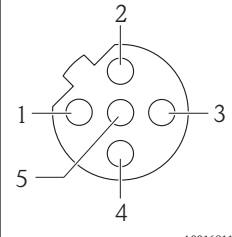
Device plug for signal transmission with supply voltage (device side), MODBUS RS485 (intrinsically safe)

Pin		Assignment	Coding	Plug/socket
1	L+	Supply voltage, intrinsically safe	A	Plug
2	A	Modbus RS485 intrinsically safe		
3	B			
4	L-	Supply voltage, intrinsically safe		
5		Grounding/shielding		

ℹ️ • Recommended socket: Binder, series 763, part no. 79 3439 12 05
• When using the device in a hazardous location: Use a suitably certified socket.

Device plug for signal transmission (device side), MODBUS RS485 (not intrinsically safe)
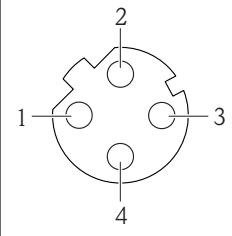
For use in the non-hazardous area and Zone 2/Div. 2.

Pin		Assignment	Coding	Plug/socket
1			B	Socket
2	A	Modbus RS485		
3				
4	B	Modbus RS485		
5		Grounding/shielding		

- Recommended plug: Binder, series 763, part no. 79 4449 20 05
- When using the device in a hazardous location: Use a suitably certified plug.

EtherNet/IP

Device plug for signal transmission (device side)

Pin		Assignment	Coding	Plug/socket
1	+	Tx	D	Socket
2	+	Rx		
3	-	Tx		
4	-	Rx		

Recommended plug:
- Binder, series 763, part no. 99 3729 810 04
- Phoenix, part no. 1543223 SACC-M12MSD-4Q
- When using the device in a hazardous location: Use a suitably certified plug.

Supply voltage	**Transmitter**

- For device version with all communication types except Modbus RS485 intrinsically safe: DC 20 to 30 V
- For device version with Modbus RS485 intrinsically safe: power supply via Safety Barrier Promass 100

The power unit must be tested to ensure it meets safety requirements (e.g. PELV, SELV).

Safety Barrier Promass 100

DC 20 to 30 V

Power consumption	*Transmitter*

Order code for "Output"	Maximum Power consumption
Option **B**: 4-20mA HART, pulse/frequency/switch output	3.5 W
Option **L**: PROFIBUS DP	3.5 W
Option **M**: Modbus RS485, for use in non-hazardous areas and Zone 2/Div. 2	3.5 W
Option **M**: Modbus RS485, for use in intrinsically safe areas	2.45 W
Option **N**: EtherNet/IP	3.5 W

Safety Barrier Promass 100

Order code for "Output"	Maximum Power consumption
Option **M**: Modbus RS485, for use in intrinsically safe areas	4.8 W

Current consumption

Transmitter

Order code for "Output"	Maximum Current consumption	Maximum switch-on current
Option **B**: 4-20mA HART, pul./freq./switch output	145 mA	18 A (<0.125 ms)
Option **L**: PROFIBUS DP	145 mA	18 A (<0.125 ms)
Option **M**: Modbus RS485, for use in non-hazardous areas and Zone 2/Div. 2	90 mA	10 A (<0.8 ms)
Option **M**: Modbus RS485, for use in intrinsically safe areas	145 mA	16 A (<0.4 ms)
Option **N**: EtherNet/IP	145 mA	18 A (<0.125 ms)

Safety Barrier Promass 100

Order code for "Output"	Maximum Current consumption	Maximum switch-on current
Option **M**: Modbus RS485, for use in intrinsically safe areas	230 mA	10 A (<0.8 ms)

Power supply failure
- Totalizers stop at the last value measured.
- Depending on the device version, the configuration is retained in the device memory or in the plug-in memory (HistoROM DAT).
- Error messages (incl. total operated hours) are stored.

Electrical connection

Connecting the transmitter
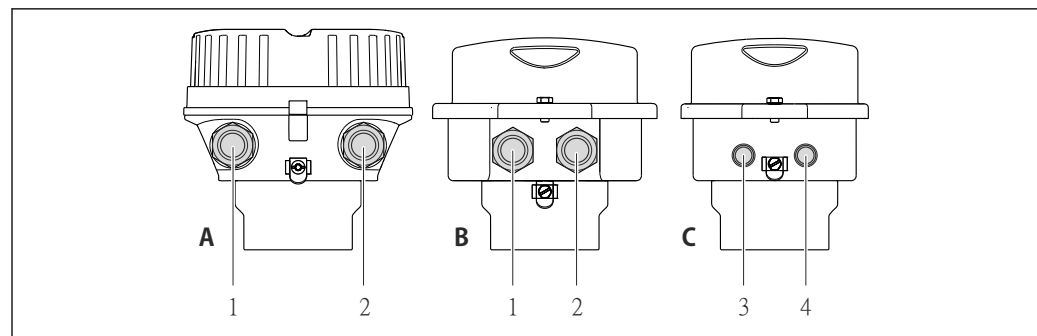
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A   Housing version: compact, aluminum coated
B   Housing version: compact, stainless
1   Cable entry or device plug for signal transmission
2   Cable entry or device plug for supply voltage
C   Housing version: ultra-compact, stainless, M12 device plug
3   Device plug for signal transmission
4   Device plug for supply voltage

- Terminal assignment (→ 🖺 17)
- Pin assignment, device plug (→ 🖺 23)

In the case of device versions with a connector, the transmitter housing does not need to be opened to connect the signal cable or power supply cable.

Connection examples

Current output 4-20 mA HART
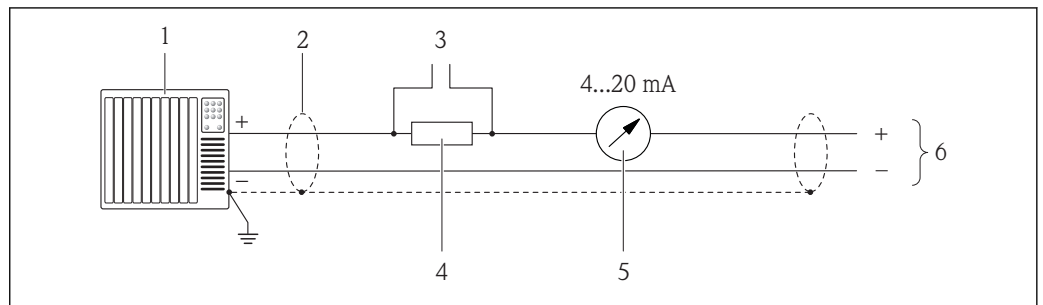
⊠ 8   Connection example for 4-20 mA HART current output (active)

1   Automation system with current input (e.g. PLC)
2   Cable shield, observe cable specifications (→ 🖹 31)
3   Connection for HART operating devices (→ 🖹 54)
4   Resistor for HART communication (≥ 250 Ω): observe maximum load (→ 🖹 7)
5   Analog display unit: observe maximum load (→ 🖹 7)
6   Transmitter

Pulse/frequency output
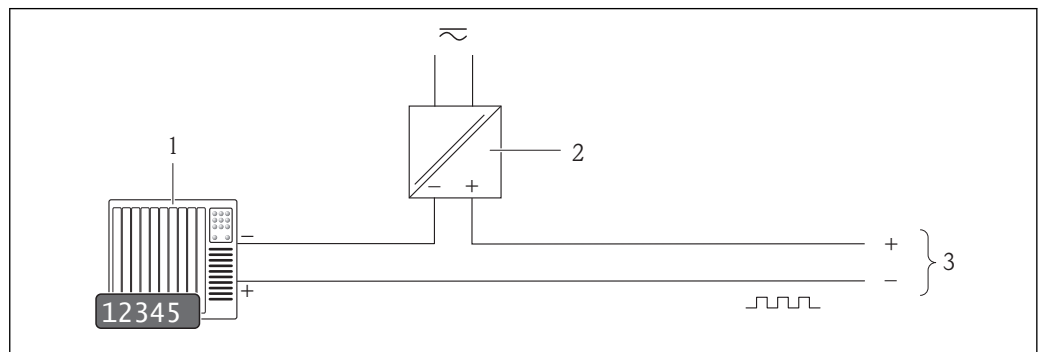
⊠ 9   Connection example for pulse/frequency output (passive)

1   Automation system with pulse/frequency input (e.g. PLC)
2   Power supply
3   Transmitter: observe input values (→ 🖹 8)

Switch output
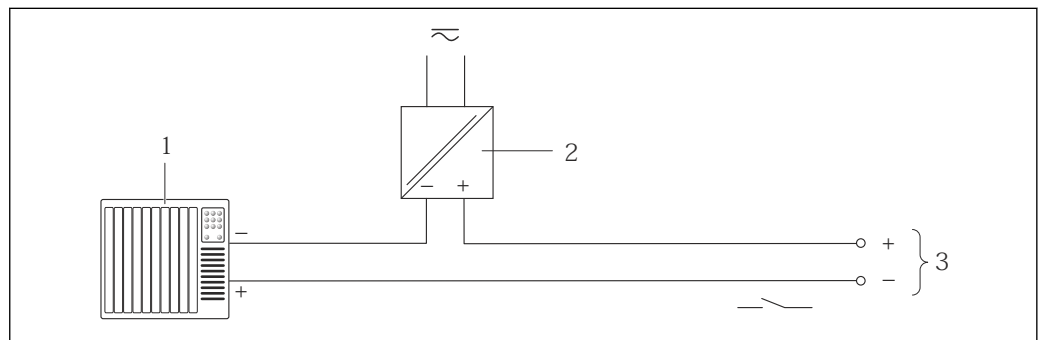
⊠ 10   Connection example for switch output (passive)

1   Automation system with switch input (e.g. PLC)
2   Power supply
3   Transmitter: observe input values (→ 🖹 8)

PROFIBUS DP
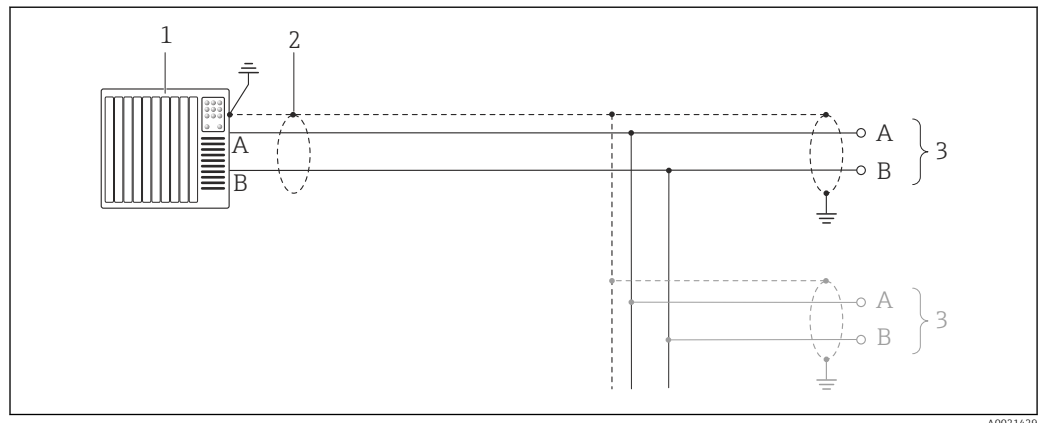
⊠ *11   Connection example for PROFIBUS DP, non-hazardous area and Zone 2/Div. 2*

1   Control system (e.g. PLC)
2   Cable shield: the cable shield must be grounded at both ends to comply with EMC requirements; observe cable specifications (→ 🗎 31)
3   Distribution box
4   Transmitter

> If baud rates > 1.5 MBaud an EMC cable entry must be used and the cable shield must continue as far as the terminal wherever possible.

Modbus RS485
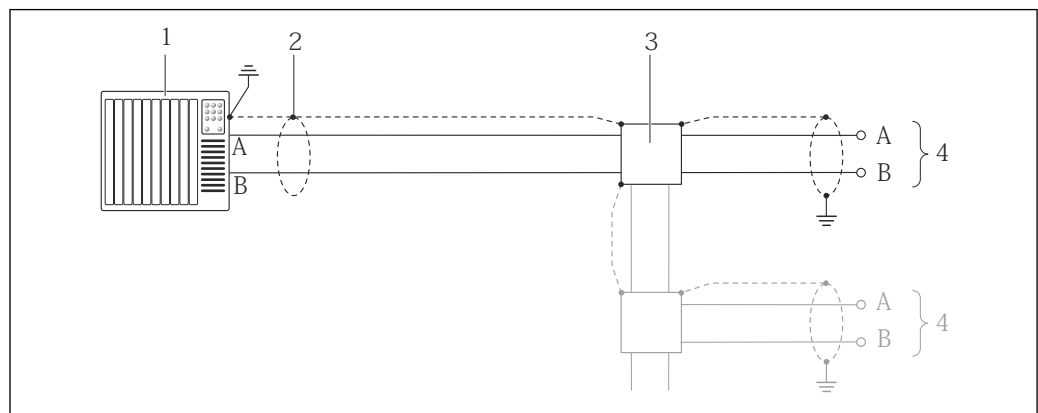
⊠ *12   Connection example for Modbus RS485, non-hazardous area and Zone 2/Div. 2*

1   Control system (e.g. PLC)
2   Cable shield: the cable shield must be grounded at both ends to comply with EMC requirements; observe cable specifications (→ 🗎 31)
3   Distribution box
4   Transmitter
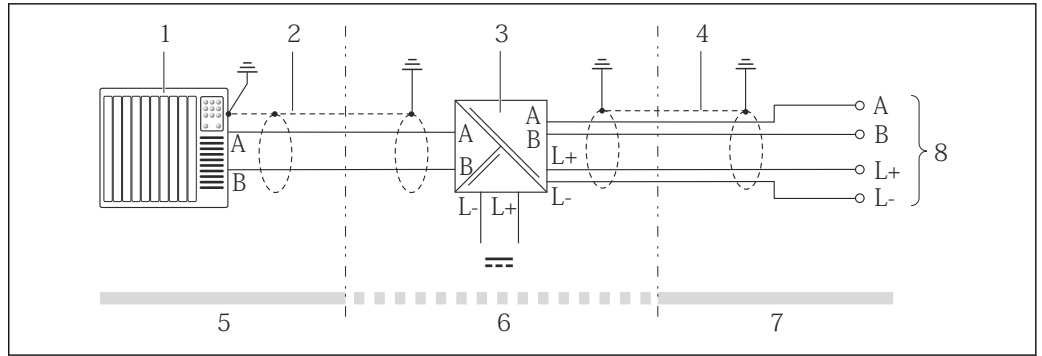
13   Connection example for Modbus RS485 intrinsically safe

1   Control system (e.g. PLC)
2   Cable shield, observe cable specifications (→ 🔲 31)
3   Safety Barrier Promass 100
4   Observe cable specifications (→ 🔲 31)
5   Non-hazardous area
6   Non-hazardous area and Zone 2/Div. 2
7   Intrinsically safe area
8   Transmitter

EtherNet/IP
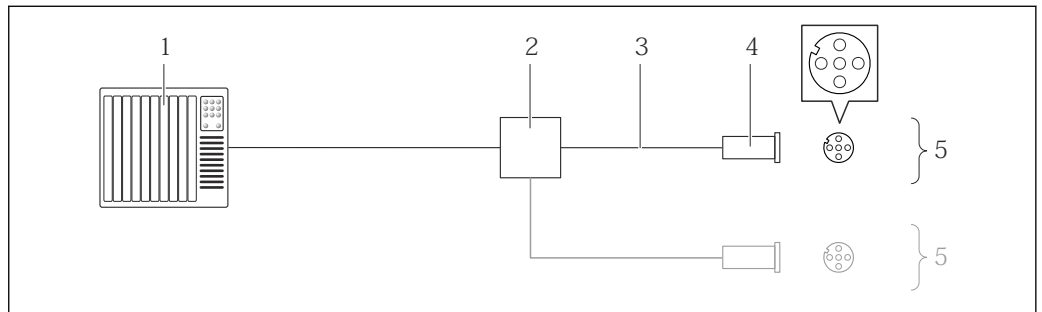
14   Connection example for EtherNet/IP

1   Control system (e.g. PLC)
2   Ethernet switch
3   Observe cable specifications (→ 🔲 31)
4   Connector
5   Transmitter

HART input
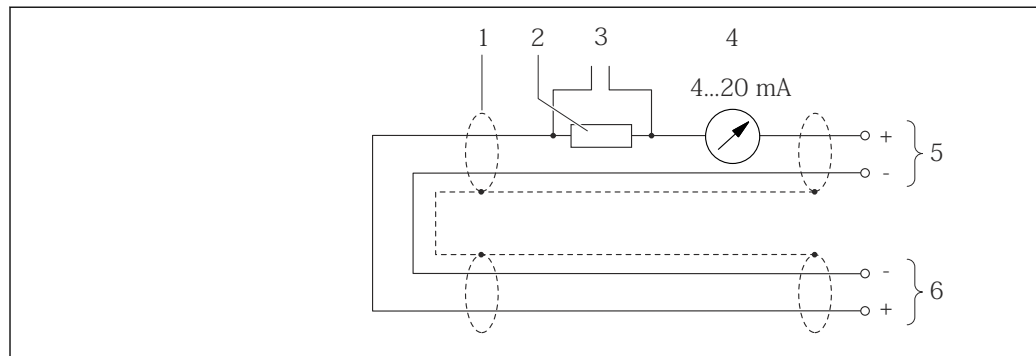
15   Connection example for HART input (burst mode) via current output (active)

1   Cable shield, observe cable specifications (→ 🕮 31)
2   Resistor for HART communication (≥ 250 Ω): observe maximum load (→ 🕮 7)
3   Connection for HART operating devices (→ 🕮 54)
4   Analog display unit
5   Transmitter
6   Sensor for external measured variable
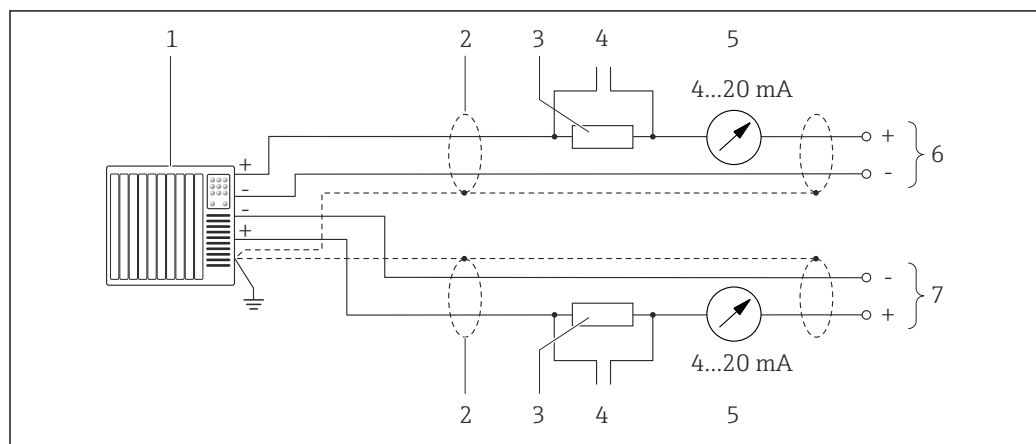
16   Connection example for HART input (master mode) via current output (active)

1   Automation system with current input (e.g. PLC).
*   Prerequisite: automation system with HART version 6, HART commands 113 and 114 can be processed.*
2   Cable shield, observe cable specifications (→ 🕮 31)
3   Resistor for HART communication (≥ 250 Ω): observe maximum load (→ 🕮 7)
4   Connection for HART operating devices (→ 🕮 54)
5   Analog display unit
6   Transmitter
7   Sensor for external measured variable

Potential equalization	No special measures for potential equalization are required.
	📖 For devices intended for use in hazardous locations, please observe the guidelines in the Ex documentation (XA).
Terminals	**Transmitter** Spring terminals for wire cross-sections 0.5 to 2.5 mm² (20 to 14 AWG) **Safety Barrier Promass 100** Plug-in screw terminals for wire cross-sections 0.5 to 2.5 mm² (20 to 14 AWG)

Cable entries	• Cable gland: M20 × 1.5 with cable ϕ6 to 12 mm (0.24 to 0.47 in)
	• Thread for cable entry:
	  – NPT ½"
	  – G ½"
	  – M20

Cable specification	**Permitted temperature range** • −40 ℃ (−40 ℉) to +80 ℃ (+176 ℉) • Minimum requirement: cable temperature range ≥ ambient temperature +20 K

Power supply cable

Standard installation cable is sufficient.

Signal cable

Current output

For 4-20 mA HART: Shielded cable recommended. Observe grounding concept of the plant.

Pulse/frequency/switch output

Standard installation cable is sufficient.

PROFIBUS DP

The IEC 61158 standard specifies two types of cable (A and B) for the bus line which can be used for every transmission rate. Cable type A is recommended.

Cable type	A
Characteristic impedance	135 to 165 Ωat a measuring frequency of 3 to 20 MHz
Cable capacitance	<30 pF/m
Wire cross-section	>0.34 mm^2 (22 AWG)
Cable type	Twisted pairs
Loop resistance	≤110 Ω/km
Signal damping	Max. 9 dB over the entire length of the cable cross-section
Shielding	Copper braided shielding or braided shielding with foil shield. When grounding the cable shield, observe the grounding concept of the plant.

Modbus RS485

The EIA/TIA-485 standard specifies two types of cable (A and B) for the bus line which can be used for every transmission rate. Cable type A is recommended.

Cable type	A
Characteristic impedance	135 to 165 Ωat a measuring frequency of 3 to 20 MHz
Cable capacitance	<30 pF/m
Wire cross-section	>0.34 mm^2 (22 AWG)
Cable type	Twisted pairs
Loop resistance	≤110 Ω/km
Signal damping	Max. 9 dB over the entire length of the cable cross-section
Shielding	Copper braided shielding or braided shielding with foil shield. When grounding the cable shield, observe the grounding concept of the plant.

EtherNet/IP

The standard ANSI/TIA/EIA-568-B.2 Annex specifies CAT 5 as the minimum category for a cable used for EtherNet/IP. CAT 5e and CAT 6 are recommended.

For more information on planning and installing EtherNet/IP networks, please refer to the "Media Planning and Installation Manual. EtherNet/IP" of the ODVA Organization.

Connecting cable between Safety Barrier Promass 100 and measuring device

Cable type	Shielded twisted-pair cable with 2x2 wires. When grounding the cable shield, observe the grounding concept of the plant.
Maximum cable resistance	2.5 Ω, one side

▶ Comply with the maximum cable resistance specifications to ensure the operational reliability of the measuring device.

The maximum cable length for individual wire cross-sections is specified in the table below. Observe the maximum capacitance and inductance per unit length of the cable and connection values for hazardous areas (→ 🖹 11).

Wire cross-section		Maximum cable length	
[mm²]	[AWG]	[m]	[ft]
0.5	20	70	230
0.75	18	100	328
1.0	17	100	328
1.5	16	200	656
2.5	14	300	984

Performance characteristics

Reference operating conditions	• Error limits based on ISO 11631

- Error limits based on ISO 11631
- Water with +15 to +45 °C (+59 to +113 °F) at2 to 6 bar (29 to 87 psi)
- Specifications as per calibration protocol
- Accuracy based on accredited calibration rigs that are traced to ISO 17025.

To obtain measured errors, use the *Applicator* sizing tool (→ 🖹 62)

Maximum measured error   o.r. = of reading; 1 g/cm³ = 1 kg/l; T = medium temperature

Base accuracy

Mass flow and volume flow (liquids)
±0.05 % o.r. (PremiumCal, for mass flow)
±0.10 %

Mass flow (gases)
±0.35 % o.r.

Design fundamentals (→ 🖹 35)

Density (liquids)
- Reference conditions:±0.0005 g/cm³
- Standard density calibration:±0.01 g/cm³
  (valid over the entire temperature range and density range)
- Wide-range density specification (order code for "Application package", option EF "Special density and concentration ") : ±0.001 g/cm³ (valid range for special density calibration: 0 to 2 g/cm³, +5 to +80 °C (+41 to +176 °F))

Temperature
±0.5 °C ± 0.005 · T °C (±0.9 °F ± 0.003 · (T – 32) °F)

Zero point stability

DN		Zero point stability	
[mm]	[in]	[kg/h]	[lb/min]
80	3	9.0	0.330
100	4	14.0	0.514
150	6	32.0	1.17

Flow values

Flow values as turndown parameter depending on nominal diameter.

SI units

DN	1:1	1:10	1:20	1:50	1:100	1:500
[mm]	[kg/h]	[kg/h]	[kg/h]	[kg/h]	[kg/h]	[kg/h]
80	180000	18000	9000	3600	1800	360
100	350000	35000	17500	7000	3500	700
150	800000	80000	40000	16000	8000	1600

US units

DN	1:1	1:10	1:20	1:50	1:100	1:500
[inch]	[lb/min]	[lb/min]	[lb/min]	[lb/min]	[lb/min]	[lb/min]
3	6615	661.5	330.8	132.3	66.15	13.23
4	12860	1286	643.0	257.2	128.6	25.72
6	29400	2940	1470	588	294	58.80

Accuracy of outputs

o.r. = of reading; o.f.s. = of full scale value

The output accuracy must be factored into the measured error if analog outputs are used, but can be ignored for fieldbus outputs (e.g. Modbus RS485, EtherNet/IP).

Current output

Accuracy	Max. ±0.05 % o.f.s. or ±5 µA

Pulse/frequency output

Accuracy	Max. ±50 ppm o.r.

Repeatability   o.r. = of reading; 1 g/cm^3 = 1 kg/l; T = medium temperature

Base repeatability

Mass flow and volume flow (liquids)
±0.025 % o.r. (PremiumCal, for mass flow)
±0.05 % o.r.

Mass flow (gases)
±0.25 % o.r.

Design fundamentals (→ 🖺 35)

Density (liquids)
±0.00025 g/cm³

Temperature
±0.25 ℃ ± 0.0025 · T ℃ (±0.45 ℉±0.0015 · (T−32) ℉)

Response time	The response time depends on the configuration (damping).

Influence of ambient temperature	o.r. = of reading; o.f.s. = of full scale value

Current output

Temperature coefficient	Max. ±50 ppm/℃ o.f.s. or ±1 µA/℃

Pulse/frequency output

Temperature coefficient	Max. ±50 ppm o.r. /100 ℃

Influence of medium temperature

Mass flow and volume flow
When there is a difference between the temperature for zero point adjustment and the process temperature, the typical measured error of the sensor is ±0.0002 % of the full scale value/℃ (±0.0001 % of the full scale value/℉).

Density
When there is a difference between the density calibration temperature and the process temperature, the typical measured error of the sensor is
±0.00005 g/cm³ /℃ (±0.000025 g/cm³ /℉). Field density calibration is possible.

Wide-range density specification (special density calibration)
If the process temperature is outside the valid range (→ 🖹 32) the measured error is
±0.00005 g/cm³ /℃ (±0.000025 g/cm³ /℉)
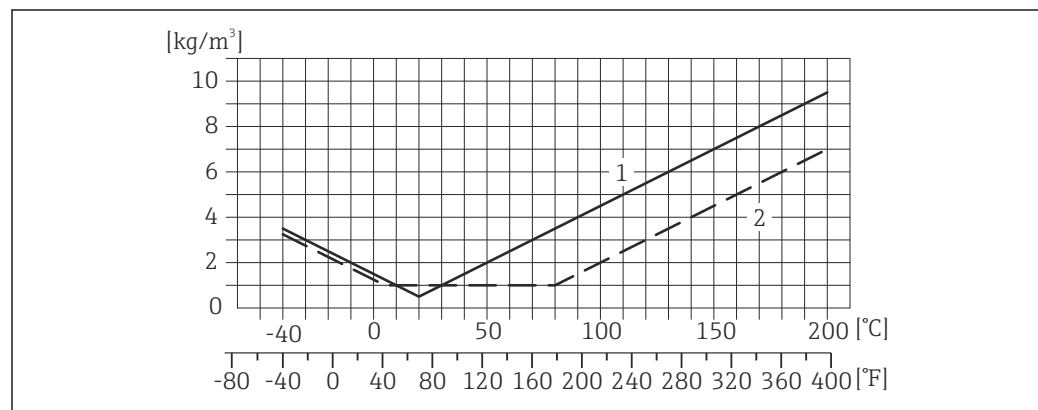
1 Field density calibration, for example at +20 ℃ (+68 ℉)
2 Special density calibration

Temperature
±0.005 · T ℃ (±0.005 · (T − 32) ℉)

Influence of medium pressure	The table below shows the effect on accuracy of mass flow due to a difference between calibration pressure and process pressure.

o.r. = of reading

DN		[% o.r./bar]	[% o.r./psi]
[mm]	[in]		
80	3	−0.0055	−0.0004
100	4	−0.0035	−0.0002
150	6	−0.002	−0.0001

Design fundamentals

o.r. = of reading, o.f.s. = of full scale value

BaseAccu = base accuracy in % o.r., BaseRepeat = base repeatability in % o.r.

MeasValue = measured value; ZeroPoint = zero point stability

Calculation of the maximum measured error as a function of the flow rate

Flow rate	Maximum measured error in % o.r.
$\geq \dfrac{\text{ZeroPoint}}{\text{BaseAccu}} \cdot 100$ A0021332	$\pm\ \text{BaseAccu}$ A0021339
$< \dfrac{\text{ZeroPoint}}{\text{BaseAccu}} \cdot 100$ A0021333	$\pm\ \dfrac{\text{ZeroPoint}}{\text{MeasValue}} \cdot 100$ A0021334

Calculation of the maximum repeatability as a function of the flow rate

Flow rate	Maximum repeatability in % o.r.
$\geq \dfrac{\frac{1}{2} \cdot \text{ZeroPoint}}{\text{BaseRepeat}} \cdot 100$ A0021335	$\pm\ \text{BaseRepeat}$ A0021340
$< \dfrac{\frac{1}{2} \cdot \text{ZeroPoint}}{\text{BaseRepeat}} \cdot 100$ A0021336	$\pm\ \frac{1}{2} \cdot \dfrac{\text{ZeroPoint}}{\text{MeasValue}} \cdot 100$ A0021337

Example for max. measured error

A0016708
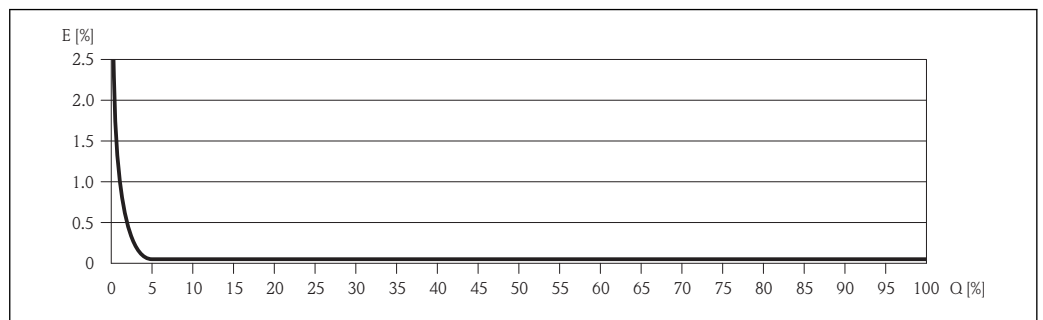
E   Error: Maximum measured error as % o.r. (example using PremiumCal)
Q   Flow rate as %

Design fundamentals (→ 🗎 35)

Installation

No special measures such as supports are necessary. External forces are absorbed by the construction of the device.

Mounting location

To prevent measuring errors arising from accumulation of gas bubbles in the measuring tube, avoid the following mounting locations in the pipe:
• Highest point of a pipeline.
• Directly upstream of a free pipe outlet in a down pipe.
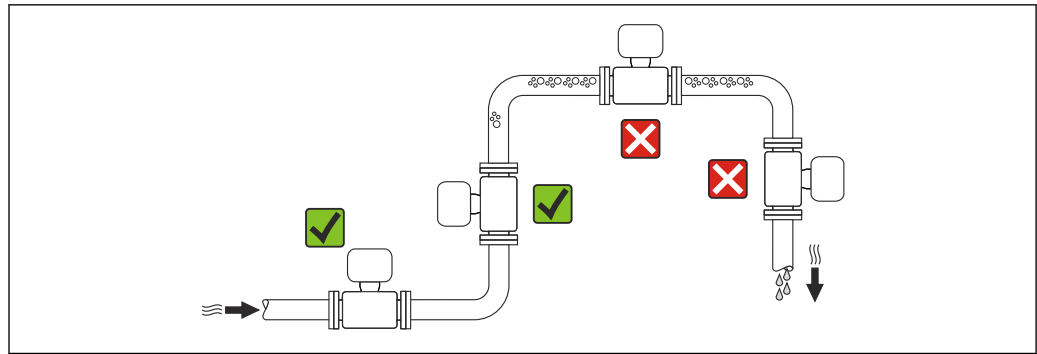
A0023344

Installation in down pipes

However, the following installation suggestion allows for installation in an open vertical pipeline. Pipe restrictions or the use of an orifice with a smaller cross-section than the nominal diameter prevent the sensor running empty while measurement is in progress.
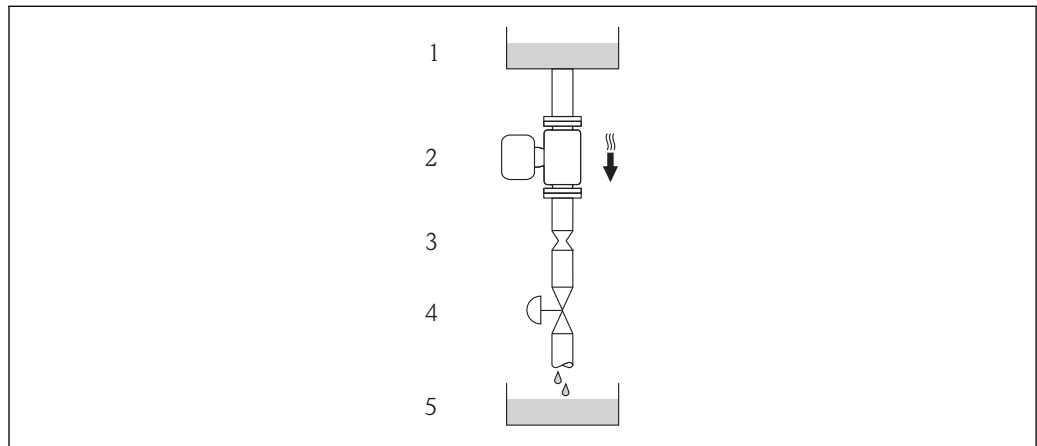
A0015596
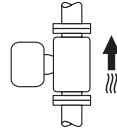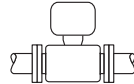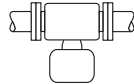
⊡ *17   Installation in a down pipe (e.g. for batching applications)*

1   Supply tank
2   Sensor
3   Orifice plate, pipe restriction
4   Valve
5   Batching tank

DN		Ø orifice plate, pipe restriction	
[mm]	[in]	[mm]	[in]

| Orientation | The direction of the arrow on the sensor nameplate helps you to install the sensor according to the flow direction (direction of medium flow through the piping). |

	Orientation		Recommendation
A	Vertical orientation	\n\nA0015591	☑☑
B	Horizontal orientation, transmitter head up	A0015589	☑☑ [1]\nException:\n(→ 🖻 18, 🕮 37)
C	Horizontal orientation, transmitter head down	A0015590	☑☑ [2]\nException:\n(→ 🖻 18, 🕮 37)
D	Horizontal orientation, transmitter head at side	A0015592	☒

1) Applications with low process temperatures may reduce the ambient temperature. To maintain the minimum ambient temperature for the transmitter, this orientation is recommended.
2) Applications with high process temperatures may increase the ambient temperature. To maintain the maximum ambient temperature for the transmitter, this orientation is recommended.

If a sensor is installed horizontally with a curved measuring tube, match the position of the sensor to the fluid properties.

A0014057
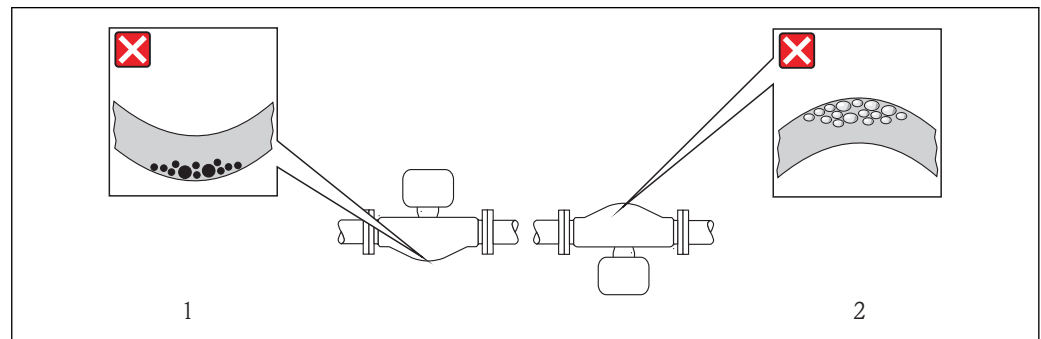
🖻 *18   Orientation of sensor with curved measuring tube*

1   Avoid this orientation for fluids with entrained solids: Risk of solids accumulating.
2   Avoid this orientation for outgassing fluids: Risk of gas accumulating.

| **Inlet and outlet runs** | No special precautions need to be taken for fittings which create turbulence, such as valves, elbows or T-pieces, as long as no cavitation occurs (→ 🕮 43). |

| **Special mounting instructions** | **Rupture disk**\n\nMake sure that the function and operation of the rupture disk is not impeded through the installation of the device. The position of the rupture disk is indicated on a sticker beside it. For additional information that is relevant to the process (→ 🕮 43).\n\nThe existing connecting nozzles are not designed for a rinse or pressure monitoring function. |
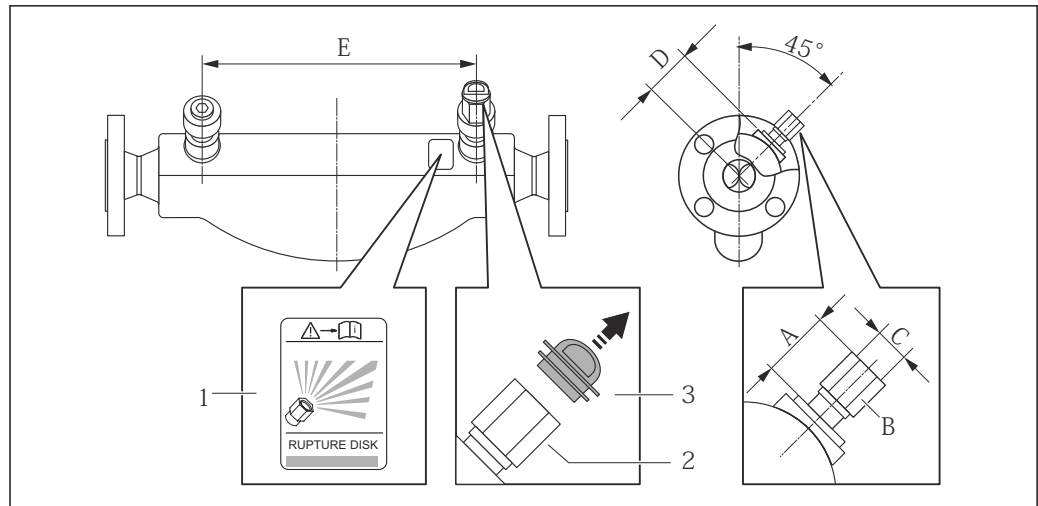
1   Rupture disk label
2   Rupture disk with 1/2" NPT internal thread with 1" width across flat
3   Transport protection

DN		A		B	C	D		E	
[mm]	[in]	[mm]	[in]	[in]	[in]	[mm]	[in]	[mm]	[in]
80	3	Approx.42	Approx.1.65	AF 1	½ NPT	101	3.98	560	22.0
100	4	Approx.42	Approx.1.65	AF 1	½ NPT	120	4.72	684	27.0
150	6	Approx.42	Approx.1.65	AF 1	½ NPT	141	5.55	880	34.6

Zero point adjustment

All measuring devices are calibrated in accordance with state-of-the-art technology. Calibration takes place under reference conditions (→ 🖺 32). Therefore, a zero point adjustment in the field is generally not required.

Experience shows that zero point adjustment is advisable only in special cases:
• To achieve maximum measuring accuracy even with low flow rates
• Under extreme process or operating conditions (e.g. very high process temperatures or very high-viscosity fluids).

Mounting Safety Barrier Promass 100
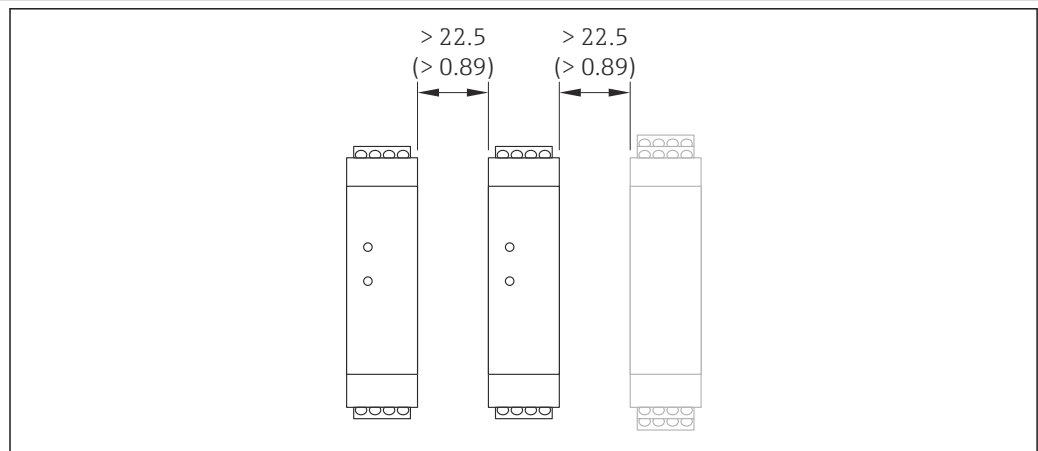
🖻 *19   Minimum distance between additional Safety Barrier Promass 100 or other modules.Engineering unit mm (in)*

Environment

Ambient temperature range	Measuring device	Non-Ex	−40 to +60 °C (−40 to +140 °F)
		Ex na, NI version	−40 to +60 °C (−40 to +140 °F)
		Ex ia, IS version	• −40 to +60 °C (−40 to +140 °F) • −50 to +60 °C (−58 to +140 °F) (Order code for "Test, certificate", option JM
	Local display		−20 to +60 °C (−4 to +140 °F) The readability of the display may be impaired at temperatures outside the temperature range.
	Safety Barrier Promass 100		−40 to +60 °C (−40 to +140 °F)

▶ If operating outdoors:
Avoid direct sunlight, particularly in warm climatic regions.

🛈 Weather protection covers can be ordered from Endress+Hauser: see "Accessories" section

Temperature tables

In the following tables, the following interdependencies between the maximum medium temperature for T1-T6 and the maximum ambient temperature T_a apply when operating the device in hazardous areas.

Ex ia, $_cCSA_{US}$ IS

SI units

Order code for "Housing"	T_a [°C]	T6 [85 °C]	T5 [100 °C]	T4 [135 °C]	T3 [200 °C]	T2 [300 °C]	T1 [450 °C]
Option A "Compact coated alu" Option B "Compact hygienic, stainless"	35	50	85	120	150 [1]	150 [2]	150 [2]
	50	–	85	120	150 [1]	150 [2]	150 [2]
	60	–	–	120	150 [1]	150 [2]	150 [2]
Option C "Ultra compact hygienic, stainless, M12 device plug"	35	50	85	120	150 [1]	150 [2]	150 [2]
	45	–	85	120	150 [1]	150 [2]	150 [2]
	50	–	–	120	150 [1]	150 [2]	150 [2]

[1] The following applies for specified sensors with a maximum medium temperature T_m = 200 °C: T_m = 170 °C
[2] The following applies for specified sensors with a maximum medium temperature T_m = 200 °C: T_m = 200 °C

US units

Order code for "Housing"	T_a [°F]	T6 [185 °F]	T5 [212 °F]	T4 [275 °F]	T3 [392 °F]	T2 [572 °F]	T1 [842 °F]
Option A "Compact coated alu" Option B "Compact hygienic, stainless"	95	122	185	248	302 [1]	302 [2]	302 [2]
	122	–	185	248	302 [1]	302 [2]	302 [2]
	140	–	–	248	302 [1]	302 [2]	302 [2]
Option C "Ultra compact hygienic, stainless, M12 device plug"	95	122	185	248	302 [1]	302 [2]	302 [2]
	113	–	185	248	302 [1]	302 [2]	302 [2]
	122	–	–	248	302 [1]	302 [2]	302 [2]

[1] The following applies for specified sensors with a maximum medium temperature T_m = 392 °F: T_m = 338 °F
[2] The following applies for specified sensors with a maximum medium temperature T_m = 392 °F: T_m = 392 °F

SI units

Order code for "Housing"	T_a [°C]	T6 [85 °C]	T5 [100 °C]	T4 [135 °C]	T3 [200 °C]	T2 [300 °C]	T1 [450 °C]
Option A "Compact coated alu"	35	50	85	120	150 [1]	150 [2]	150
Option B "Compact hygienic, stainless"	50	–	85	120	150	150	150
	60	–	–	120	150	150	150
Option C "Ultra compact hygienic, stainless, M12 device plug"	50	–	85	120	150	150	150
	60	–	–	120	150	150	150

1) The following applies for specified sensors with a maximum medium temperature T_m = 200 °C: T_m = 170 °C
2) The following applies for specified sensors with a maximum medium temperature T_m = 200 °C: T_m = 200 °C

US units

Order code for "Housing"	T_a [°F]	T6 [185 °F]	T5 [212 °F]	T4 [275 °F]	T3 [392 °F]	T2 [572 °F]	T1 [842 °F]
Option A "Compact coated alu"	95	122	185	248	302 [1]	302 [2]	302
Option B "Compact hygienic, stainless"	122	–	185	248	302	302	302
	140	–	–	248	302	302	302
Option C "Ultra compact hygienic, stainless, M12 device plug"	122	–	185	248	302	302	302
	140	–	–	248	302	302	302

1) The following applies for specified sensors with a maximum medium temperature T_m = 392 °F: T_m = 338 °F
2) The following applies for specified sensors with a maximum medium temperature T_m = 392 °F: T_m = 392 °F

Explosion hazards arising from gas and dust

Determining the temperature class and surface temperature with the temperature table
- In the case of gas: Determine the temperature class as a function of the ambient temperature T_a and the medium temperature T_m.
- In the case of dust: Determine the maximum surface temperature as a function of the maximum ambient temperature T_a and the maximum medium temperature T_m.

Example
- Measured maximum ambient temperature: T_{ma} = 47 °C
- Measured maximum medium temperature: T_{mm} = 108 °C

🖎 *20   Procedure for determining the maximum surface temperature*

1. Select device.

2. In the column for the maximum ambient temperature T_a select the temperature that is immediately greater than or equal to the measured maximum ambient temperature T_{ma} that is present.
   - T_a = 50 °C.

   The row showing the maximum medium temperature is determined.

3. Select the maximum medium temperature T_m of this row, which is larger or equal to the measured maximum medium temperature T_{mm}.
   ↳ The column with the temperature class for gas is determined: 108 ℃ ≤ 120℃ → T4.

4. The maximum temperature of the temperature class determined corresponds to the maximum surface temperature for dust: T4 = 135 ℃

Storage temperature	−50 to +60 ℃ (−58 to +140 ℉) (Order code for "Test, certificate", option JM)
Climate class	DIN EN 60068-2-38 (test Z/AD)
Degree of protection	**Transmitter and sensor** • As standard: IP66/67, type 4X enclosure • With the order code for "Sensor options", option **CM**: IP69K can also be ordered • When housing is open: IP20, type 1 enclosure • Display module: IP20, type 1 enclosure **Safety Barrier Promass 100** IP20
Shock resistance	As per IEC/EN 60068-2-31
Vibration resistance	Acceleration up to 1 g, 10 to 150 Hz, based on IEC/EN 60068-2-6
Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)	• As per IEC/EN 61326 and NAMUR Recommendation 21 (NE 21) • Complies with emission limits for industry as per EN 55011 (Class A) • Device version with PROFIBUS DP: Complies with emission limits for industry as per EN 50170 Volume 2, IEC 61784 The following applies for PROFIBUS DP: If baud rates > 1.5 MBaud an EMC cable entry must be used and the cable shield must continue as far as the terminal wherever possible. For details refer to the Declaration of Conformity.

Process

Medium temperature range	**Sensor** −40 to +200 ℃ (−40 to +392 ℉) **Seals** No internal seals
Density	0 to 5 000 kg/m³ (0 to 312 lb/cf)
Pressure-temperature ratings	The following pressure-temperature ratings refer to the entire device and not just the process connection.

Flange connection according to EN 1092-1 (DIN 2501)
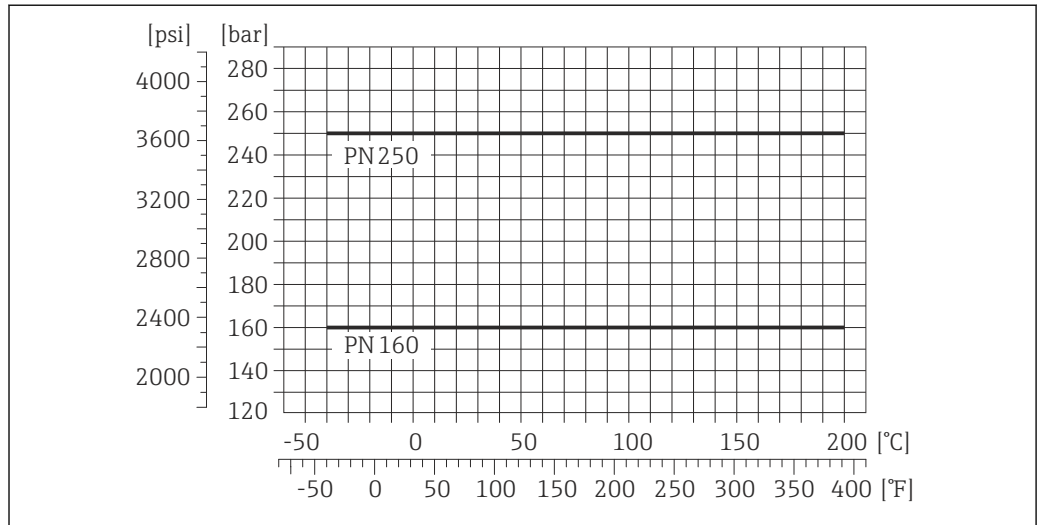
21 *With flange material 25Cr Duplex (Super Duplex) 1.4410 (UNS S 32750 F53)*

Flange connection according to ASME B16.5
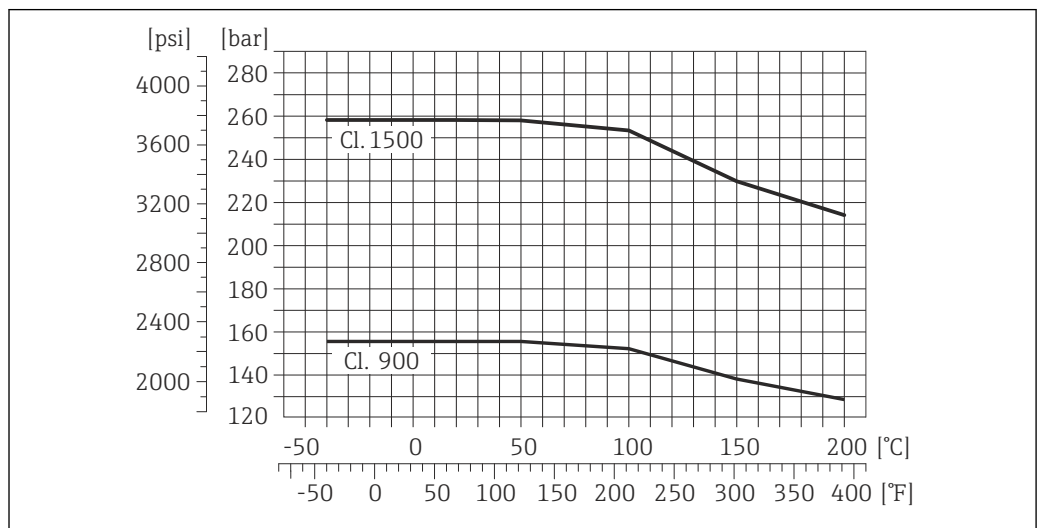
22 *With flange material 25Cr Duplex (Super Duplex) 1.4410 (UNS S 32750 F53)*

Secondary containment pressure rating

The sensor housing is filled with dry nitrogen and protects the electronics and mechanics inside.

Nominal pressure according to ASME BPVC.

DN		Secondary containment nominal pressure (designed with a safety factor ≥ 4)		Secondary containment burst pressure	
[mm]	[in]	[bar]	[psi]	[bar]	[psi]
80	3	16	232	95	1440
100	4	16	232	90	1360
150	6	16	232	85	1270

If there is a risk of measuring tube failure due to process characteristics, e.g. with corrosive process fluids, we recommend the use of sensors whose secondary containment is equipped with special pressure monitoring connections (order code for "Purge connection", option CH).

With the help of these connections, the fluid collected in the secondary containment can be bled off in the event of tube failure. This is especially important in high-pressure gas applications. These connections can also be used for gas purging (gas detection).

Do not open the purge connections unless the containment can be filled immediately with a dry, inert gas. Use only low gauge pressure to purge. Maximum pressure: 5 bar (72.5 psi).

If a device fitted with purge connections is connected to the purge system, the maximum nominal pressure is determined by the purge system itself or by the device, depending on which component has the lower nominal pressure.

If, on the other hand, the device is fitted with a rupture disk, the rupture disk is decisive for the maximum nominal pressure (→ 🖹 43).

Dimensions: (→ 🖹 51)

Rupture disk	To increase the level of safety, a device version with a rupture disk with a triggering pressure of 10 to 15 bar (145 to 217.5 psi) can be used. Special mounting instructions: (→ 🖹 37)
Flow limit	Select the nominal diameter by optimizing between the required flow range and permissible pressure loss. For an overview of the measuring range full scale values, see the "Measuring range" section (→ 🖹 7) • The minimum recommended full scale value is approx. 1/20 of the maximum full scale value • In most applications, 20 to 50 % of the maximum full scale value can be considered ideal • Select a lower full scale value for abrasive substances (such as liquids with entrained solids): flow velocity <1 m/s (<3 ft/s). • For gas measurement the following rules apply: – The flow velocity in the measuring tubes should not exceed half the sonic velocity (0.5 Mach). – The maximum mass flow depends on the density of the gas: formula (→ 🖹 7)
Pressure loss	To calculate the pressure loss, use the *Applicator* sizing tool (→ 🖹 62)
System pressure	It is important that cavitation does not occur, or that gases entrained in the liquids do not outgas. This is prevented by means of a sufficiently high system pressure. For this reason, the following mounting locations are recommended: • At the lowest point in a vertical pipe • Downstream from pumps (no danger of vacuum)
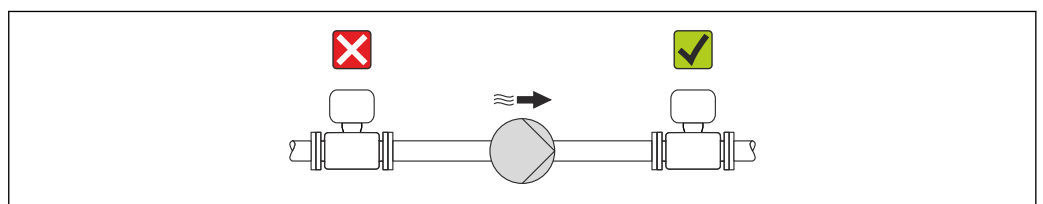
A0015594

Thermal insulation	In the case of some fluids, it is important that the heat radiated from the sensor to the transmitter is kept to a minimum. A wide range of materials can be used for the required insulation.
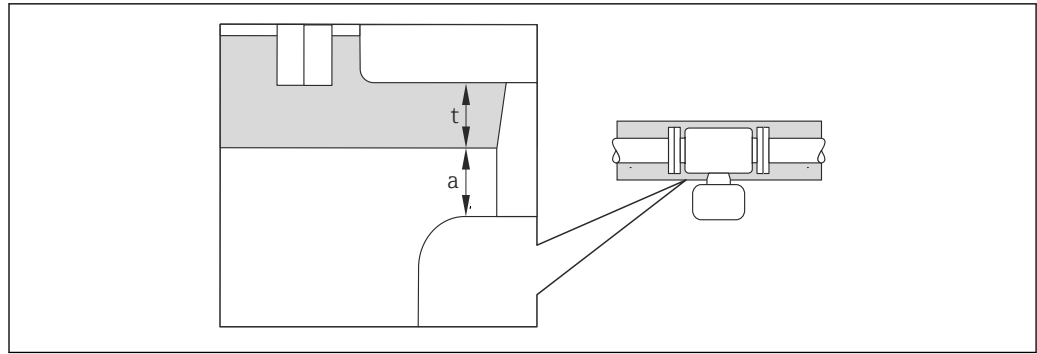
a   *Minimum distance to insulation*
t   *Insulation thickness*

The minimum distance between the transmitter housing and the insulation is 10 mm (0.39 in) so that the transmitter head remains completely exposed.
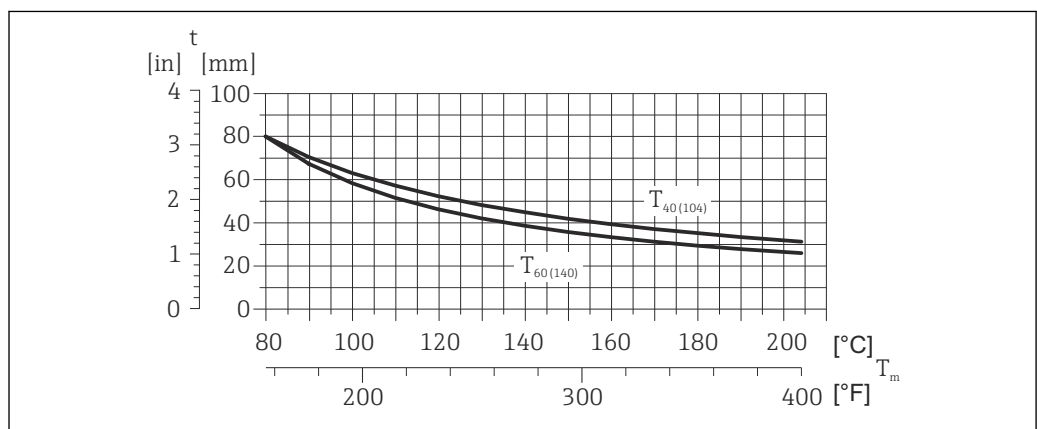
⊠ *23   Recommended insulation thicknesses depending on the medium and ambient temperature*

t	Insulation thickness
T_m	Medium temperature
$T_{40(104)}$	Insulation thickness with ambient temperature of T_a = 40 ℃ (104 ℉)
$T_{60(140)}$	Insulation thickness with ambient temperature of T_a = 60 ℃ (140 ℉)

> **NOTICE**
>
> **The insulation can also be thicker than the recommended insulation thickness.**
> Prerequisite:
> ▸ The temperature at the lower end of the transmitter housing does not exceed 80 ℃ (176 ℉)
> ▸ Ensure that convection takes place on a sufficiently large scale at the transmitter neck.
> ▸ Ensure that a sufficiently large area of the housing support remains exposed. The uncovered part serves as a radiator and protects the electronics from overheating and excessive cooling.

Heating

Some fluids require suitable measures to avoid loss of heat at the sensor.

Heating options
• Electrical heating, e.g. with electric band heaters
• Via pipes carrying hot water or steam
• Via heating jackets

Vibrations

The high oscillation frequency of the measuring tubes ensures that the correct operation of the measuring system is not influenced by plant vibrations.

Mechanical construction

Design, dimensions

Compact version

Order code for "Housing", option A "Compact coated alu"
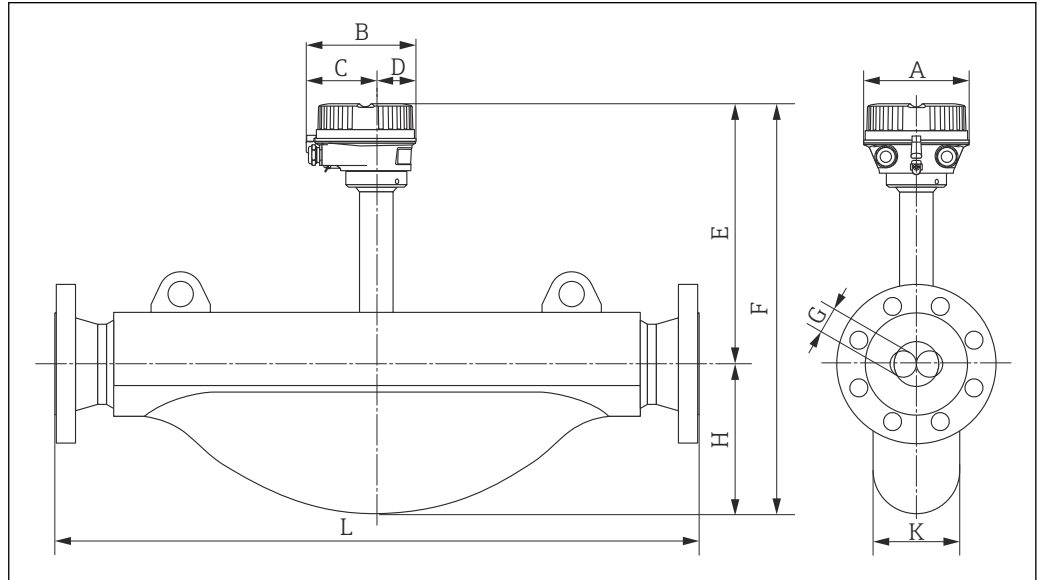
A0019454

Dimensions SI units

DN [mm]	A [mm]	B [mm]	C [mm]	D [mm]	E [1) [mm]	F [1) [mm]	G [mm]	H [mm]	K [mm]	L [mm]
80	136	147.5	93.5	54	292	492	38.5	200	117	2)
100	136	147.5	93.5	54	308	562	49.0	254	138	2)
150	136	147.5	93.5	54	328	706	66.1	378	205	2)

1)   If using a display, order code for "Display; Operation", option B: values + 28 mm
2)   dependent on respective process connection

Dimensions US units

DN [in]	A [in]	B [in]	C [in]	D [in]	E [1) [in]	F [1) [in]	J [in]	H [in]	K [in]	L [in]
3	5.35	5.81	3.68	2.13	11.5	19.4	1.52	7.87	4.61	2)
4	5.35	5.81	3.68	2.13	12.1	22.1	1.93	10	5.43	2)
6	5.35	5.81	3.68	2.13	12.9	27.8	2.60	14.88	8.07	2)

1)   If using a display, order code for "Display; Operation", option B: values + 1.1 in
2)   dependent on respective process connection

Order code for "Housing", option B "Compact hygienic, stainless"

A0018769

Dimensions SI units

DN [mm]	A [mm]	B [mm]	C [mm]	D [mm]	E [1] [mm]	F [1] [mm]	G [mm]	H [mm]	K [mm]	L [mm]
80	133.5	136.8	78	58.8	288	488	38.5	200	117	[2]
100	133.5	136.8	78	58.8	304	548	49.0	254	138	[2]
150	133.5	136.8	78	58.8	324	702	66.1	378	205	[2]

1) If using a display, order code for "Display; Operation", option B: values + 14 mm
2) dependent on respective process connection

Dimensions US units

DN [in]	A [in]	B [in]	C [in]	D [in]	E [1] [in]	F [1] [in]	G [in]	H [in]	K [in]	L [in]
3	5.26	5.39	3.07	2.31	11.3	19.2	1.52	7.87	4.61	[2]
4	5.26	5.39	3.07	2.31	12.0	21.6	1.93	10	5.43	[2]
6	5.26	5.39	3.07	2.31	12.8	27.6	2.60	14.88	8.07	[2]

1) If using a display, order code for "Display; Operation", option B: values + 0.55 in
2) dependent on respective process connection

Order code for "Housing", option C "Ultra compact hygienic, stainless"

A0018777

Dimensions SI units

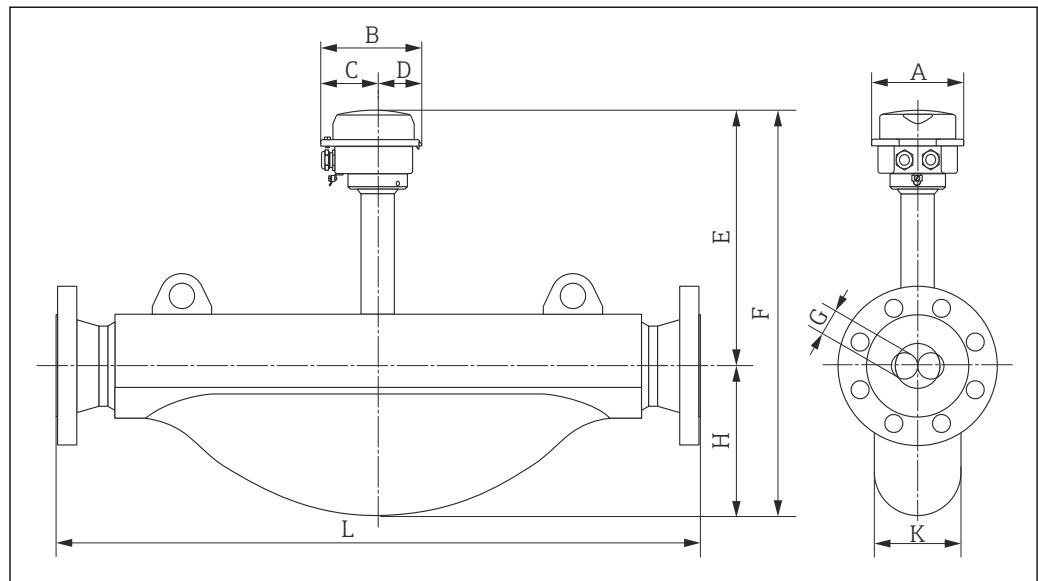| DN [mm]	A [mm]	B [mm]	C [mm]	D [mm]	E [1] [mm]	F [1] [mm]	G [mm]	H [mm]	K [mm]	L [mm]
80	114.4	123.6	67.7	55.9	287	487	38.5	200	117	[2]
100	114.4	123.6	67.7	55.9	303	547	49.0	254	138	[2]
150	114.4	123.6	67.7	55.9	323	701	66.1	378	205	[2]

1)   If using a display, order code for "Display; Operation", option B: values + 14 mm
2)   dependent on respective process connection

Dimensions US units

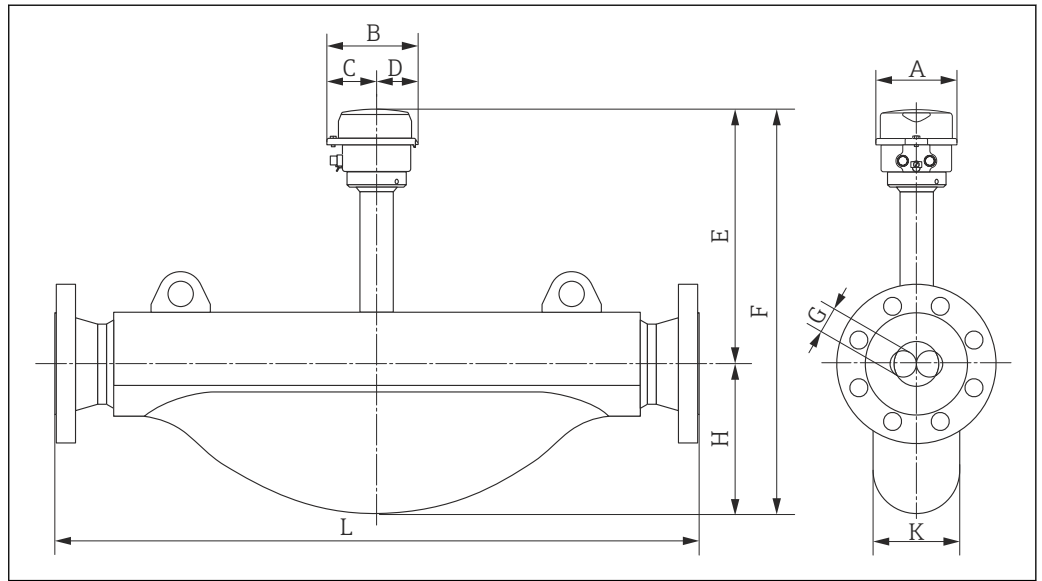| DN [in]	A [in]	B [in]	C [in]	D [in]	E [1] [in]	F [1] [in]	G [in]	H [in]	K [in]	L [in]
3	4.39	4.87	2.67	2.2	11.3	19.2	1.52	7.87	4.61	[2]
4	4.39	4.87	2.67	2.2	11.9	21.5	1.93	10	5.43	[2]
6	4.39	4.87	2.67	2.2	12.7	27.6	2.60	14.88	8.07	[2]

1)   If using a display, order code for "Display; Operation", option B: values + 0.55 in
2)   dependent on respective process connection

Process connections in SI units

Flange connections EN (DIN)
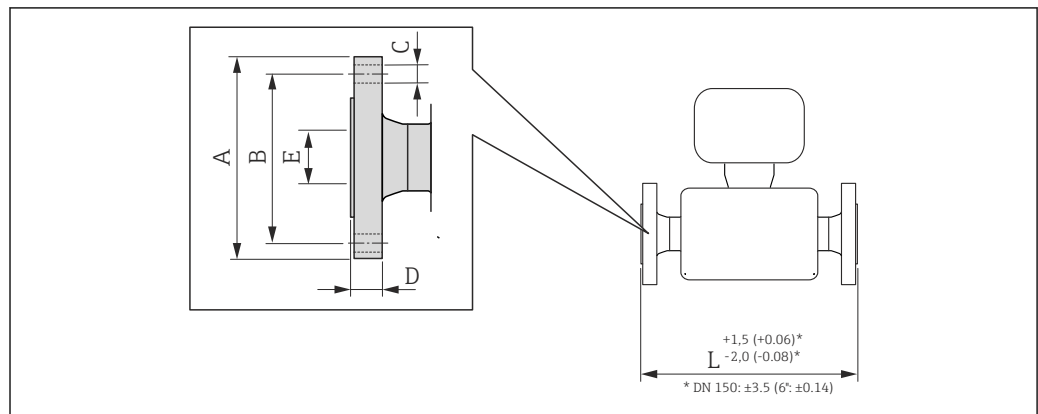
⊡ *24   Engineering unit mm (in)*

Flange according to EN 1092-1 (DIN 2501 / DIN 2512N [1]), PN 160: 25Cr Duplex (Super Duplex) 1.4410 (F53) (order code for "Process connection", option DAD)						
Surface roughness (flange): EN 1092-1 Form B2 or Form D (DIN 2526 Form E), Ra 0.8 to 3.2 μm						
DN [mm]	A [mm]	B [mm]	C [mm]	D [mm]	E [mm]	L [mm]
80	230	180	8 × Ø26	36	80.9	916
100	265	210	8 × Ø30	40	104.3	1208
150	355	290	12 × Ø33	50	155.7	1476

1)   Flange with groove according to EN 1092-1 Form D (DIN 2512N) available (order code for "Process connection", option DCD)

Flange according to EN 1092-1 (DIN 2501 / DIN 2512N [1]), PN 250: 225Cr Duplex (Super Duplex) 1.4410 (F53) (order code for "Process connection", option DBD)						
Surface roughness (flange): EN 1092-1 Form B2 or Form D (DIN 2526 Form E), Ra 0.8 to 3.2 μm						
DN [mm]	A [mm]	B [mm]	C [mm]	D [mm]	E [mm]	L [mm]
80	255	200	8 × Ø30	46	77.7	948
100	300	235	8 × Ø33	54	100.3	1248
150	390	320	12 × Ø36	68	148.3	1540

1)   Flange with groove according to EN 1092-1 Form D (DIN 2512N) available (order code for "Process connection", option DDD)

Flange connections ASME B16.5
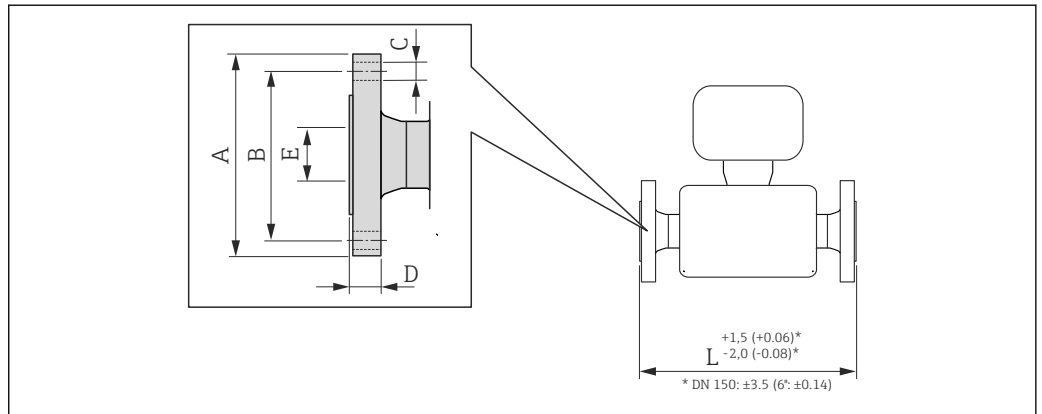
⊞ *25   Engineering unit mm (in)*

A0023178

Flange according to ASME B16.5, Cl 900 Sched 40: 1.4404 (order code for "Process connection", option ADD)

Surface roughness (flange): Ra 3.2 to 6.3 µm

DN [mm]	A [mm]	B [mm]	C [mm]	D [mm]	E [mm]	L [mm]
80	240	190.5	8 × Ø25.4	45.1	78.0	962
100	290	235	8 × Ø31.8	51.4	102.4	1251
150	380	317.5	12 × Ø31.8	62.6	154.1	1513

Flange according to ASME B16.5, Cl 1500 Sched 80: 1.4404 (order code for "Process connection", option AFD)

Surface roughness (flange): Ra 3.2 to 6.3 µm

DN [mm]	A [mm]	B [mm]	C [mm]	D [mm]	E [mm]	L [mm]
80	265	203.2	8 × Ø31.8	54.8	73.7	993
100	310	241.3	8 × Ø35.1	60.8	97.3	1270
150	395	317.5	12 × Ø38.1	89.6	146.3	1577

RTJ flange according to ASME B16.5, Cl 900 Sched 40: 1.4404 (order code for "Process connection", option AED)

Surface roughness (flange): Ra 3.2 to 6.3 µm

DN [mm]	A [mm]	B [mm]	C [mm]	D [mm]	E [mm]	L [mm]
80	240	190.5	8 × Ø25.4	46.0	78.0	963
100	290	235	8 × Ø31.8	52.3	102.4	1252
150	380	317.5	12 × Ø31.8	63.5	154.1	1515

RTJ flange according to ASME B16.5, Cl 1500 Sched 80: 1.4404 (order code for "Process connection", option AGD)						
Surface roughness (flange): Ra 3.2 to 6.3 µm						
DN [mm]	A [mm]	B [mm]	C [mm]	D [mm]	E [mm]	L [mm]
80	265	203.2	8 × Ø31.8	55.7	73.7	995
100	310	241.3	8 × Ø35.1	61.7	97.3	1272
150	395	317.5	12 × Ø38.1	92.1	146.3	1582

Process connections in US units

Flange connections ASME B16.5

🔲 *26   Engineering unit mm (in)*

Flange according to ASME B16.5, Cl 900 Sched 40: 1.4404 (order code for "Process connection", option ADD)						
Surface roughness (flange): Ra 126 to 248 µin						
DN [in]	A [in]	B [in]	C [in]	D [in]	E [in]	L [in]
3	9.45	7.5	8 × Ø1.0	1.78	3.07	37.87
4	11.42	9.25	8 × Ø1.25	2.02	4.03	49.25
6	14.96	12.5	12 × Ø1.25	2.46	6.07	59.57

Flange according to ASME B16.5, Cl 1500 Sched 80: 1.4404 (order code for "Process connection", option AFD)						
Surface roughness (flange): Ra 126 to 248 µin						
DN [in]	A [in]	B [in]	C [in]	D [in]	E [in]	L [in]
3	10.43	8	8 × Ø1.0	2.16	2.90	39.09
4	12.20	9.5	8 × Ø1.38	2.39	3.83	50.00
6	15.55	12.5	12 × Ø1.50	3.53	5.76	62.09

RTJ flange according to ASME B16.5, Cl 900 Sched 40: 1.4404 (order code for "Process connection", option AED)
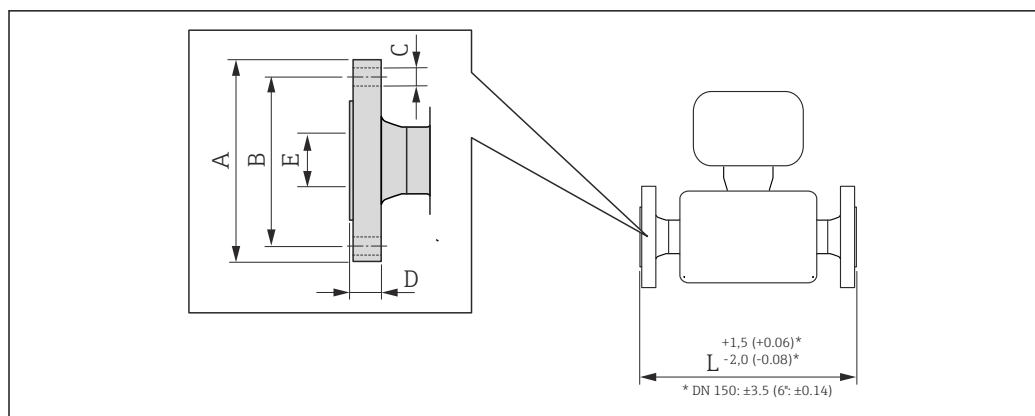
Surface roughness (flange): Ra 126 to 248 µin

DN [in]	A [in]	B [in]	C [in]	D [in]	E [in]	L [in]
3	9.45	7.5	8 × Ø1.0	1.81	3.07	37.91
4	11.42	9.25	8 × Ø1.25	2.06	4.03	49.29
6	14.96	12.5	12 × Ø1.25	2.50	6.07	59.65

RTJ flange according to ASME B16.5, Cl 1500 Sched 80: 1.4404 (order code for "Process connection", option AGD)

Surface roughness (flange): Ra 126 to 248 µin

DN [in]	A [in]	B [in]	C [in]	D [in]	E [in]	L [in]
3	10.43	8	8 × Ø1.0	2.19	2.90	39.17
4	12.20	9.5	8 × Ø1.38	2.43	3.83	50.08
6	15.55	12.5	12 × Ø1.50	3.63	5.76	62.28

Safety Barrier Promass 100

Top-hat rail EN 60715:
- TH 35 x 7.5
- TH 35 x 15
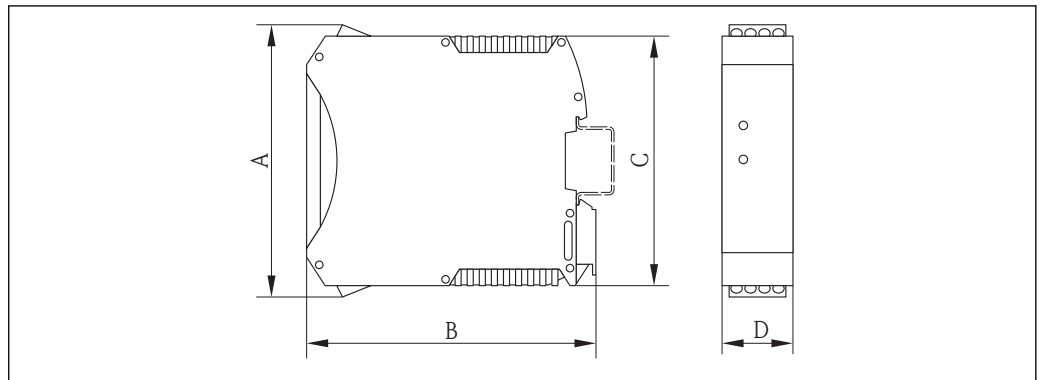
A0016777

A		B		C		D	
[mm]	[in]	[mm]	[in]	[mm]	[in]	[mm]	[in]
108	4.25	114.5	4.51	99	3.9	22.5	0.89

Accessories

Purge connections / secondary containment monitoring

Order code for "Sensor options", option CH
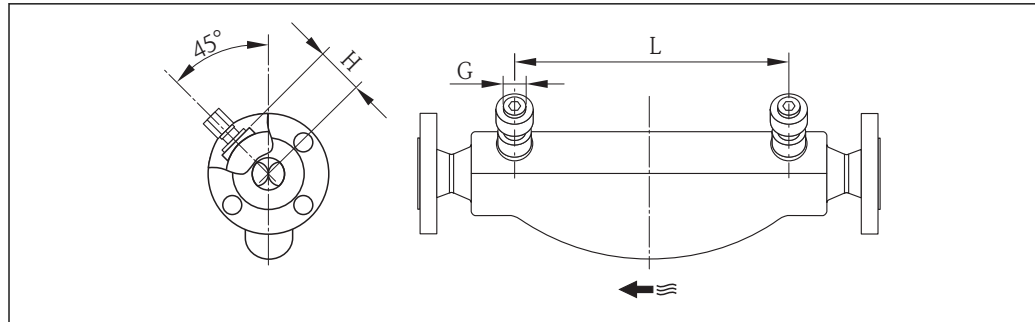
A0002537

DN		G	H		L	
[mm]	[in]	[in]	[mm]	[in]	[mm]	[in]
80	3	½ NPT	101	3.98	560	22.0
100	4	½ NPT	120	4.72	684	27.0
150	6	½ NPT	141	5.55	880	34.6

Weight

Compact version

Weight in SI units

All values (weight) refer to devices with Class 900 flanges. Weight information in [kg].

DN [mm]	Weight [kg]
80	73
100	139
150	244

Weight in US units

All values (weight) refer to devices with Class 900 flanges. Weight information in [lbs].

| DN [in]	Weight [lbs]
3	161
4	306
6	538

Safety Barrier Promass 100

49 g (1.73 ounce)

Materials

Transmitter housing

- Order code for "Housing", option **A** "Compact, aluminum coated":
  Aluminum, AlSi10Mg, coated
- Order code for "Housing", option **B** "Compact, stainless":
  Stainless steel 1.4404 (316L)
- Order code for "Housing", option **C** "Ultra compact, stainless":
  Stainless steel 1.4404 (316L)

Cable entries/cable glands
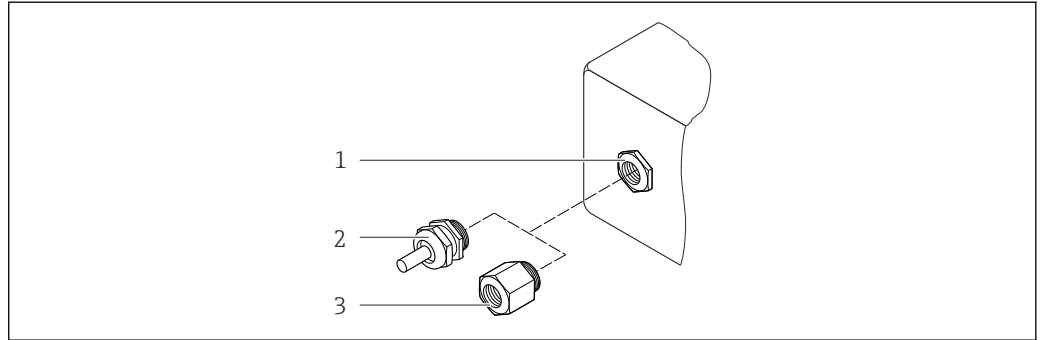
⊠ 27   Possible cable entries/cable glands

1   Cable entry in transmitter housing, wall-mount housing or connection housing with internal thread M20 x 1.5
2   Cable gland M20 x 1.5
3   Adapter for cable entry with internal thread G ½" or NPT ½"

Order code for "Housing", option A "Compact, coated aluminum"

The various cable entries are suitable for hazardous and non-hazardous areas.

Cable entry/cable gland	Material
Cable gland M20 × 1.5	Nickel-plated brass
Adapter for cable entry with internal thread G ½"	
Adapter for cable entry with internal thread NPT ½"	

Order code for "Housing", option B "Compact, stainless"

The various cable entries are suitable for hazardous and non-hazardous areas.

Cable entry/cable gland	Material
Cable gland M20 × 1.5	Stainless steel, 1.4404 (316L)
Adapter for cable entry with internal thread G ½"	
Adapter for cable entry with internal thread NPT ½"	

Device plug

Electrical connection	Material
Plug M12x1	• Socket: Stainless steel, 1.4404 (316L) • Contact housing: Polyamide • Contacts: Gold-plated brass

Sensor housing

• Acid and alkali-resistant outer surface
• Stainless steel, 1.4404 (316L)

Measuring tubes

Stainless steel, 25Cr Duplex (Super Duplex); 1.4410 (UNS S32750)

Surface quality:
Not polished

Process connections

- Stainless steel, 25Cr Duplex (Super Duplex)
- Stainless steel, 1.4410 (F53)

Safety Barrier Promass 100

Housing: Polyamide

Process connections	Flanges: – EN 1092-1 (DIN 2512N) – ASME B16.5 For information on the materials of the process connections (→ 🗎 52)

Operability

|	

Operating concept	**Operator-oriented menu structure for user-specific tasks**
	- Commissioning
	- Operation
	- Diagnostics
	- Expert level
	
	Quick and safe commissioning
	- Individual menus for applications
	- Menu guidance with brief explanations of the individual parameter functions
	
	Reliable operation
	- Operation in the following languages:
	  – Via "FieldCare" operating tool:
	    English, German, French, Spanish, Italian, Chinese, Japanese
	  – Via Web browser:
	    English, German, French, Spanish, Italian, Dutch, Portuguese, Polish, Russian, Turkish, Chinese, Japanese, Bahasa (Indonesian), Vietnamese, Czech
	- Uniform operating philosophy applied to operating tools and Web browser
	- If replacing the electronic module, transfer the device configuration via the plug-in memory (HistoROM DAT) which contains the process and measuring device data and the event logbook. No need to reconfigure.
	  For devices with Modbus RS485, the data recovery function is implemented without the plug-in memory (HistoROM DAT).
	
	Efficient diagnostics increase measurement availability
	- Troubleshooting measures can be called up via the operating tools and Web browser
	- Diverse simulation options
	- Status indicated by several light emitting diodes (LEDs) on the electronic module in the housing compartment

Local display	The local display is only available with the following device version: Order code for "Display; Operation", option **B**: 4-line; via communication **Display element** - 4-line liquid crystal display with 16 characters per line. - White background lighting; switches to red in event of device errors. - Format for displaying measured variables and status variables can be individually configured. - Permitted ambient temperature for the display: –20 to +60 °C (–4 to +140 °F). The readability of the display may be impaired at temperatures outside the temperature range.
Remote operation	**Via HART protocol** This communication interface is present in the following device version: Order code for "Output", option **B**: 4-20 mA HART, pulse/frequency/switch output
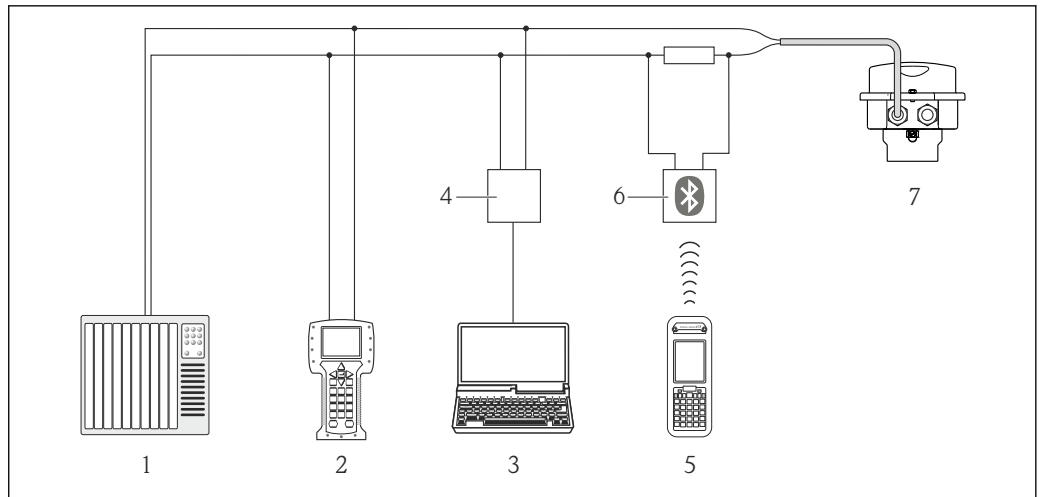
A0016948

28   Options for remote operation via HART protocol

1   Control system (e.g. PLC)
2   Field Communicator 475
3   Computer with operating tool (e.g. FieldCare, AMS Device Manager, SIMATIC PDM)
4   Commubox FXA195 (USB)
5   Field Xpert SFX350 or SFX370
6   VIATOR Bluetooth modem with connecting cable
7   Transmitter

Via Ethernet-based fieldbus

This communication interface is present in the following device version:
Order code for "Output", option **N**: EtherNet/IP
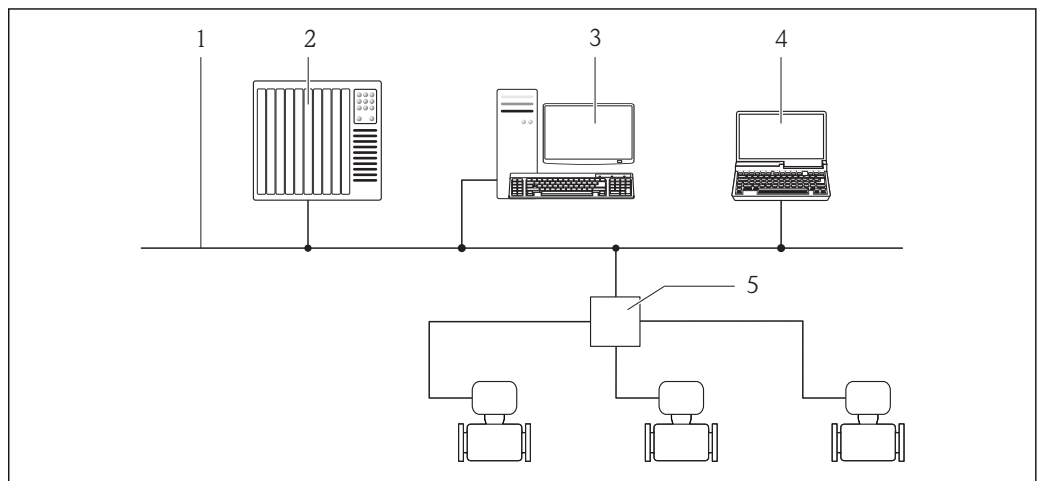
A0016961

1   Ethernet network
2   Automation system, e.g. "RSLogix" (Rockwell Automation)
3   Workstation for measuring device operation: with Add-on Profile Level 3 for "RSLogix 5000" (Rockwell Automation) or with Electronic Data Sheet (EDS)
4   Computer with Web browser (e.g. Internet Explorer) for accessing the integrated device Web server or with "FieldCare" operating tool with COM DTM "CDI Communication TCP/IP"
5   Ethernet switch

Via PROFIBUS DP network

This communication interface is present in the following device version:
Order code for "Output", option **L**: PROFIBUS DP
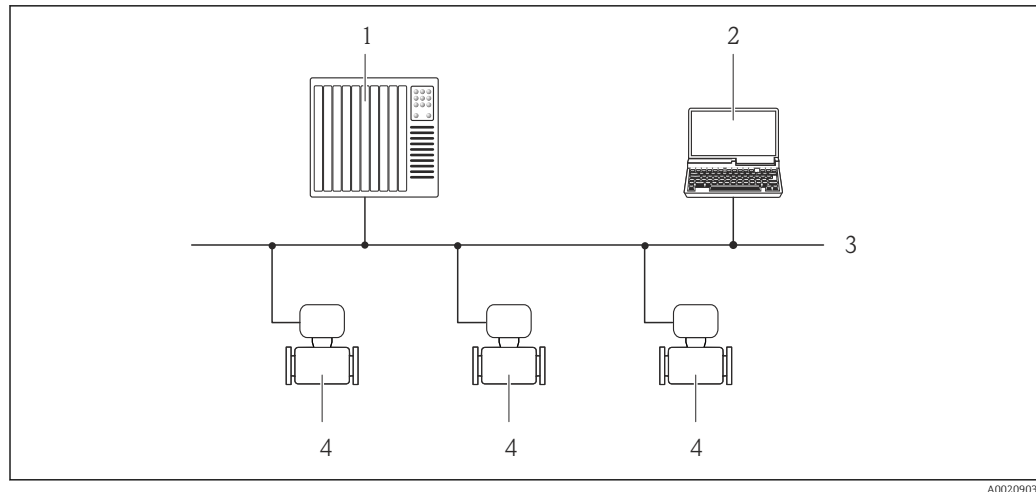
1   Automation system
2   Computer with PROFIBUS network card
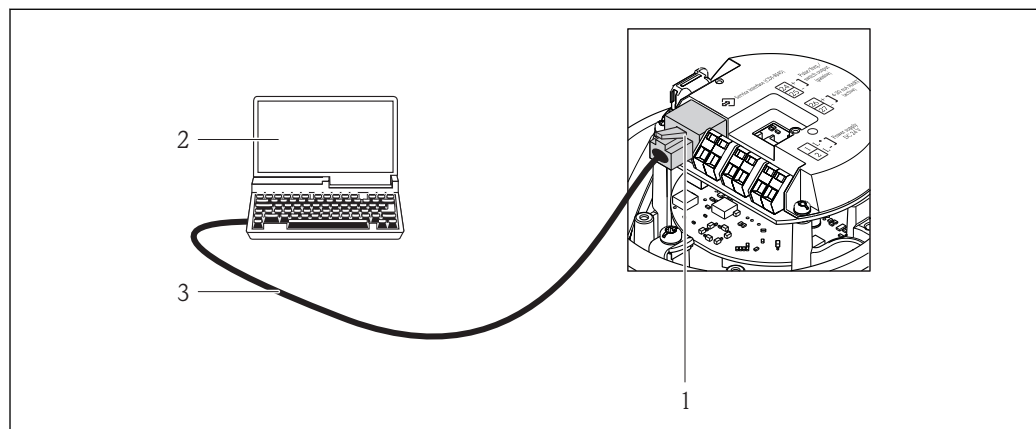*3   PROFIBUS DP network*
4   Measuring device

Service interface   **Service interface (CDI-RJ45)**

This communication interface is present in the following device version:
- Order code for "Output", option **B**: 4-20 mA HART, pulse/frequency/switch output
- Order code for "Output", option **L**: PROFIBUS DP
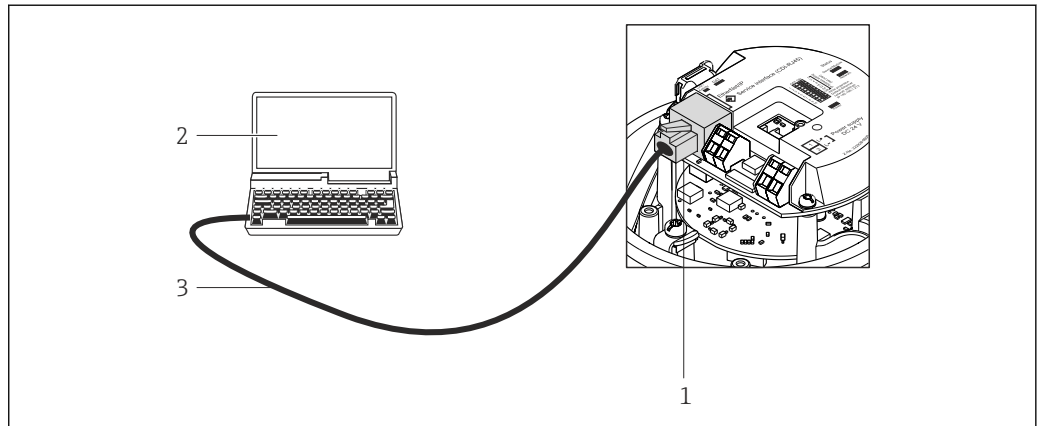- Order code for "Output", option **N**: EtherNet/IP

HART

⊠ *29   Connection for the order code for "Output", option B: 4-20 mA HART, pulse/frequency/switch output*

1   Service interface (CDI -RJ45) of the measuring device with access to the integrated Web server
2   Computer with Web browser (e.g. Internet Explorer) for accessing the integrated device Web server or with "FieldCare" operating tool with COM DTM "CDI Communication TCP/IP"
3   Standard Ethernet connecting cable with RJ45 plug

PROFIBUS DP

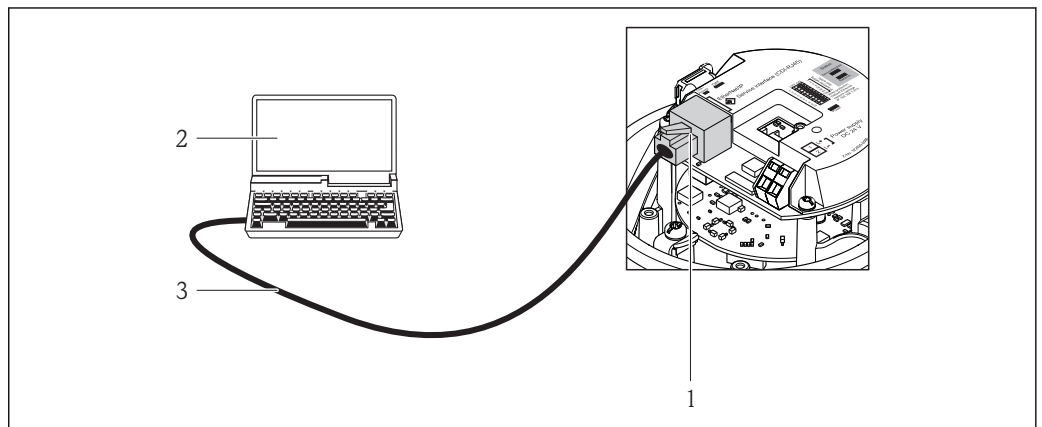⊞ *30   Connection for order code for "Output", option L: PROFIBUS DP*

1   Service interface (CDI -RJ45) of the measuring device with access to the integrated Web server
2   Computer with Web browser (e.g. Internet Explorer) for accessing the integrated device Web server or with "FieldCare" operating tool with COM DTM "CDI Communication TCP/IP"
3   Standard Ethernet connecting cable with RJ45 plug

EtherNet/IP

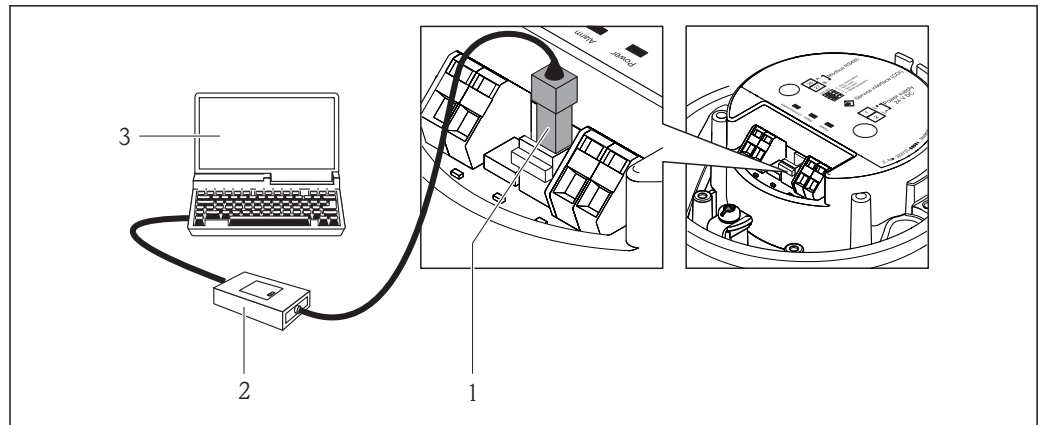⊞ *31   Connection for order code for "Output", option N: EtherNet/IP*

1   Service interface (CDI -RJ45) and EtherNet/IP interface of the measuring device with access to the integrated Web server
2   Computer with Web browser (e.g. Internet Explorer) for accessing the integrated device Web server or with "FieldCare" operating tool with COM DTM "CDI Communication TCP/IP"
3   Standard Ethernet connecting cable with RJ45 plug

Service interface (CDI)

This communication interface is present in the following device version:
Order code for "Output", option **M**: Modbus RS485

1 Service interface (CDI) of the measuring device
2 Commubox FXA291
3 Computer with "FieldCare" operating tool with COM DTM "CDI Communication FXA291"

Certificates and approvals

CE mark	The measuring system is in conformity with the statutory requirements of the applicable EC Directives. These are listed in the corresponding EC Declaration of Conformity along with the standards applied.
	Endress+Hauser confirms successful testing of the device by affixing to it the CE mark.

C-Tick symbol	The measuring system meets the EMC requirements of the "Australian Communications and Media Authority (ACMA)".

Ex approval

The measuring device is certified for use in hazardous areas and the relevant safety instructions are provided in the separate "Safety Instructions" (XA) document. Reference is made to this document on the nameplate.

The separate Ex documentation (XA) containing all the relevant explosion protection data is available from your Endress+Hauser sales center.

ATEX/IECEx

Currently, the following versions for use in hazardous areas are available:

Ex ia

Category (ATEX)	Type of protection
II1/2G	Ex ia IIC T6…T1 Ga/Gb or Ex ia IIB T6…T1 Ga/Gb
II2G	Ex ia IIC T6…T1 Gb or Ex ia IIB T6…T1 Gb
II1/2G, II2D	Ex ia IIC T6…T1 Ga/Gb or Ex ia IIB T6…T1 Ga/Gb Ex tb IIIC Txxx Db
II2G, II2D	Ex ia IIC T6…T1 Gb or Ex ia IIB T6…T1 Gb Ex tb IIIC Txxx Db

Ex nA

Category (ATEX)	Type of protection
II3G	Ex nA IIC T6…T1 Gc or Ex nA IIC T5-T1 Gc

$_c$CSA$_{US}$

Currently, the following versions for use in hazardous areas are available:

IS (Ex i)
- Class I Division 1 Groups ABCD
- Class II Division 1 Groups EFG and Class III

NI (Ex nA)
Class I Division 2 Groups ABCD

Certification PROFIBUS	**PROFIBUS interface**
	The measuring device is certified and registered by the PROFIBUS User Organization (PNO). The measuring system meets all the requirements of the following specifications:
	• Certified in accordance with PROFIBUS PA Profile 3.02
	• The device can also be operated with certified devices of other manufacturers (interoperability)
Modbus RS485 certification	The measuring device meets all the requirements of the MODBUS/TCP conformity test and has the "MODBUS/TCP Conformance Test Policy, Version 2.0". The measuring device has successfully passed all the test procedures carried out and is certified by the "MODBUS/TCP Conformance Test Laboratory" of the University of Michigan.
EtherNet/IP certification	The measuring device is certified and registered by the ODVA (Open Device Vendor Association). The measuring system meets all the requirements of the following specifications:
	• Certified in accordance with the ODVA Conformance Test
	• EtherNet/IP Performance Test
	• EtherNet/IP PlugFest compliance
	• The device can also be operated with certified devices of other manufacturers (interoperability)
Pressure Equipment Directive	The devices can be ordered with or without a PED approval. If a device with a PED approval is required, this must be explicitly stated in the order.
	• With the PED/G1/x (x = category) marking on the sensor nameplate, Endress+Hauser confirms compliance with the "Essential Safety Requirements" specified in Annex I of the Pressure Equipment Directive 97/23/EC.
	• Devices bearing this marking (PED) are suitable for the following types of medium:
	– Media in Group 1 and 2 with a vapor pressure greater than, or smaller and equal to0.5 bar (7.3 psi)
	– Unstable gases
	• Devices not bearing this marking (PED) are designed and manufactured according to good engineering practice. They meet the requirements of Art.3 Section 3 of the Pressure Equipment Directive 97/23/EC. The range of application is indicated in tables 6 to 9 in Annex II of the Pressure Equipment Directive.
Other standards and guidelines	• EN 60529 Degrees of protection provided by enclosures (IP code)
	• IEC/EN 60068-2-6 Environmental influences: Test procedure - Test Fc: vibrate (sinusoidal).
	• IEC/EN 60068-2-31 Environmental influences: Test procedure - Test Ec: shocks due to rough handling, primarily for devices.
	• EN 61010-1 Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use
	• IEC/EN 61326 Emission in accordance with Class A requirements. Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC requirements).
	• NAMUR NE 21 Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) of industrial process and laboratory control equipment
	• NAMUR NE 32 Data retention in the event of a power failure in field and control instruments with microprocessors
	• NAMUR NE 43 Standardization of the signal level for the breakdown information of digital transmitters with analog output signal.
	• NAMUR NE 53 Software of field devices and signal-processing devices with digital electronics
	• NAMUR NE 80 The application of the pressure equipment directive to process control devices

- NAMUR NE 105
  Specifications for integrating fieldbus devices in engineering tools for field devices
- NAMUR NE 107
  Self-monitoring and diagnosis of field devices
- NAMUR NE 131
  Requirements for field devices for standard applications
- NAMUR NE 132
  Coriolis mass meter
- NACE MR0103
  Materials resistant to sulfide stress cracking in corrosive petroleum refining environments.
- NACE MR0175/ISO 15156-1
  Materials for use in H2S-containing Environments in Oil and Gas Production.

Ordering information

Detailed ordering information is available from the following sources:
- In the Product Configurator on the Endress+Hauser website: www.endress.com → Select country → Instruments → Select device → Product page function: Configure this product
- From your Endress+Hauser Sales Center: www.endress.com/worldwide

Product Configurator - the tool for individual product configuration
- Up-to-the-minute configuration data
- Depending on the device: Direct input of measuring point-specific information such as measuring range or operating language
- Automatic verification of exclusion criteria
- Automatic creation of the order code and its breakdown in PDF or Excel output format
- Ability to order directly in the Endress+Hauser Online Shop

Application packages

Many different application packages are available to enhance the functionality of the device. Such packages might be needed to address safety aspects or specific application requirements.

The application packages can be ordered from Endress+Hauser either directly with the device or subsequently. Detailed information on the order code in question is available from your local Endress+Hauser sales center or on the product page of the Endress+Hauser website: www.endress.com.

Heartbeat Technology

Package	Description
Heartbeat Verification +Monitoring	**Heartbeat Monitoring:** Continuously supplies monitoring data, which are characteristic of the measuring principle, for an external condition monitoring system. This makes it possible to: • Draw conclusions - using these data and other information - about the impact the measuring application has on the measuring performance over time. • Schedule servicing in time. • Monitor the product quality, e.g. gas pockets. **Heartbeat Verification:** Makes it possible to check the device functionality on demand when the device is installed, without having to interrupt the process. • Access via onsite operation or other operating interfaces, such as FieldCare for instance. • Documentation of device functionality within the framework of manufacturer specifications, for proof testing for instance. • End-to-end, traceable documentation of the verification results, including report. • Makes it possible to extend calibration intervals in accordance with operator's risk assessment.

Concentration

Package	Description
Concentration measurement and special density	**Calculation and outputting of fluid concentrations** Many applications use density as a key measured value for monitoring quality or controlling processes. The device measures the density of the fluid as standard and makes this value available to the control system. The "Special Density" application package offers high-precision density measurement over a wide density and temperature range particularly for applications subject to varying process conditions. With the help of the "Concentration Measurement" application package, the measured density is used to calculate other process parameters: • Temperature-compensated density (reference density). • Percentage mass of the individual substances in a two-phase fluid. (Concentration in %). • Fluid concentration is output with special units (°Brix, °Baumé, °API, etc.) for standard applications. The measured values are output via the digital and analog outputs of the device.

Accessories

Various accessories, which can be ordered with the device or subsequently from Endress+Hauser, are available for the device. Detailed information on the order code in question is available from your local Endress+Hauser sales center or on the product page of the Endress+Hauser website:
www.endress.com.

Communication-specific accessories

Accessories	Description
Commubox FXA195 HART	For intrinsically safe HART communication with FieldCare via the USB interface. For details, see "Technical Information" TI00404F
HART Loop Converter HMX50	Is used to evaluate and convert dynamic HART process variables to analog current signals or limit values. For details, see "Technical Information" TI00429F and Operating Instructions BA00371F
Wireless HART adapter SWA70	Is used for the wireless connection of field devices. The WirelessHART adapter can be easily integrated into field devices and existing infrastructures, offers data protection and transmission safety and can be operated in parallel with other wireless networks with minimum cabling complexity. For details, see Operating Instructions BA00061S
Fieldgate FXA320	Gateway for the remote monitoring of connected 4-20 mA measuring devices via a Web browser. For details, see "Technical Information" TI00025S and Operating Instructions BA00053S
Fieldgate FXA520	Gateway for the remote diagnostics and remote configuration of connected HART measuring devices via a Web browser. For details, see "Technical Information" TI00025S and Operating Instructions BA00051S
Field Xpert SFX350	Field Xpert SFX350 is a mobile computer for commissioning and maintenance. It enables efficient device configuration and diagnostics for HART and FOUNDATION Fieldbus devices in the **non-Ex area**. For details, see Operating Instructions BA01202S
Field Xpert SFX370	Field Xpert SFX370 is a mobile computer for commissioning and maintenance. It enables efficient device configuration and diagnostics for HART and FOUNDATION Fieldbus devices in the **non-Ex area** and the **Ex area**. For details, see Operating Instructions BA01202S

Service-specific accessories

Accessories	Description
Applicator	Software for selecting and sizing Endress+Hauser measuring devices: • Calculation of all the necessary data for identifying the optimum flowmeter: e.g. nominal diameter, pressure loss, accuracy or process connections. • Graphic illustration of the calculation results Administration, documentation and access to all project-related data and parameters over the entire life cycle of a project. Applicator is available: • Via the Internet: https://wapps.endress.com/applicator • On CD-ROM for local PC installation.
W@M	Life cycle management for your plant W@M supports you with a wide range of software applications over the entire process: from planning and procurement, to the installation, commissioning and operation of the measuring devices. All the relevant device information, such as the device status, spare parts and device-specific documentation, is available for every device over the entire life cycle. The application already contains the data of your Endress+Hauser device. Endress+Hauser also takes care of maintaining and updating the data records. W@M is available: • Via the Internet: www.endress.com/lifecyclemanagement • On CD-ROM for local PC installation.
FieldCare	FDT-based plant asset management tool from Endress+Hauser. It can configure all smart field units in your system and helps you manage them. By using the status information, it is also a simple but effective way of checking their status and condition. 📖 For details, see Operating Instructions BA00027S and BA00059S
Commubox FXA291	Connects Endress+Hauser field devices with a CDI interface (= Endress+Hauser Common Data Interface) and the USB port of a computer or laptop. 📖 For details, see "Technical Information" TI00405C

System components

Accessories	Description
Memograph M graphic display recorder	The Memograph M graphic display recorder provides information on all relevant measured variables. Measured values are recorded correctly, limit values are monitored and measuring points analyzed. The data are stored in the 256 MB internal memory and also on a SD card or USB stick. 📖 For details, see "Technical Information" TI00133R and Operating Instructions BA00247R
iTEMP	The temperature transmitters can be used in all applications and are suitable for the measurement of gases, steam and liquids. They can be used to read in the fluid temperature. 📖 For details, see "Fields of Activity", FA00006T

Documentation

ℹ️ For an overview of the scope of the associated Technical Documentation, refer to the following:
• The CD-ROM provided for the device (depending on the device version, the CD-ROM might not be part of the delivery!)
• The *W@M Device Viewer* : Enter the serial number from the nameplate (www.endress.com/deviceviewer)
• The *Endress+Hauser Operations App*: Enter the serial number from the nameplate or scan the 2-D matrix code (QR code) on the nameplate.

Standard documentation	**Brief Operating Instructions**

Measuring device	Documentation code
Promass O 100	KA01147D

Operating Instructions

Measuring device	Documentation code			
	HART	PROFIBUS DP	Modbus RS485	EtherNet/IP
Promass O 100	BA01191D	BA01252D	BA01180D	BA01185D

Supplementary device-dependent documentation	**Safety Instructions**

Contents	Documentation code
ATEX/IECEx Ex i	XA00159D
ATEX/IECEx Ex nA	XA01029D
cCSAus IS	XA00160D
INMETRO Ex i	XA01219D
INMETRO Ex nA	XA01220D
NEPSI Ex i	XA01249D
NEPSI Ex nA	XA01262D

Special Documentation

Contents	Documentation code
Information on the Pressure Equipment Directive	SD00142D
Modbus RS485 Register Information	SD00154D
Concentration Measurement	SD01152D
Heartbeat Technology	SD01153D

Installation Instructions

Contents	Documentation code
Installation Instructions for spare part sets	Specified for each individual accessory (→ 🖺 61)

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