**Products** 

# Technical Information **CNGmass**

Coriolis flowmeter



# The refueling application flowmeter with seamless system integration

#### Application

- Measuring principle operates independently of physical fluid properties such as viscosity or density
- Accurate measurement of compressed natural gas (CNG) in high pressure refueling applications

#### Device properties

- Flow rates up to 150 kg/min (330 lb/min)
- Process pressure up to 350 bar (5080 psi)
- Rupture disc available
- Robust, compact transmitter housing
- Modbus RS485
- Designed to meet application needs

#### Your benefits

- Excellent operational safety reliable under extreme ambient conditions
- Fewer process measuring points multivariable measurement (flow, density, temperature)
- Space-saving installation no in/outlet run needs
- Space-saving transmitter full functionality on smallest footprint
- Fast commissioning pre-configured devices
- Automatic recovery of data for servicing



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# **Document information**

# Symbols used

# **Electrical symbols**

Symbol	Meaning
A0011197	Direct current A terminal to which DC voltage is applied or through which direct current flows.
A0011198	Alternating current A terminal to which alternating voltage is applied or through which alternating current flows.
A0017381	Direct current and alternating current  ■ A terminal to which alternating voltage or DC voltage is applied.  ■ A terminal through which alternating current or direct current flows.
	Ground connection A grounded terminal which, as far as the operator is concerned, is grounded via a grounding system.
A0011199	Protective ground connection A terminal which must be connected to ground prior to establishing any other connections.
A0011201	<b>Equipotential connection</b> A connection that has to be connected to the plant grounding system: This may be a potential equalization line or a star grounding system depending on national or company codes of practice.

# $Symbols \ for \ certain \ types \ of \ information$

Symbol	Meaning
A0011182	Allowed Indicates procedures, processes or actions that are allowed.
A0011183	Preferred Indicates procedures, processes or actions that are preferred.
A0011184	Forbidden Indicates procedures, processes or actions that are forbidden.
A0011193	Tip Indicates additional information.
A0011194	Reference to documentation Refers to the corresponding device documentation.
A0011195	Reference to page Refers to the corresponding page number.
A0011196	Reference to graphic Refers to the corresponding graphic number and page number.
A0015502	Visual inspection

# Symbols in graphics

Symbol	Meaning
1, 2, 3,	Item numbers
1. , 2. , 3	Series of steps
A, B, C,	Views
A-A, B-B, C-C,	Sections

Symbol	Meaning
<b>≋</b> → A0013441	Flow direction
A0011187	Hazardous area Indicates a hazardous area.
A0011188	Safe area (non-hazardous area) Indicates a non-hazardous area.

# Function and system design

#### Measuring principle

The measuring principle is based on the controlled generation of Coriolis forces. These forces are always present in a system when both translational and rotational movements are superimposed.

 $F_c = 2 \cdot \Delta m (v \cdot \omega)$ 

 $F_c$  = Coriolis force

 $\Delta m = moving mass$ 

 $\omega$  = rotational velocity

v = radial velocity in rotating or oscillating system

The amplitude of the Coriolis force depends on the moving mass  $\Delta m$ , its velocity v in the system and thus on the mass flow. Instead of a constant rotational velocity  $\omega$ , the sensor uses oscillation.

#### Density measurement

The measuring tube is continuously excited at its resonance frequency. A change in the mass and thus the density of the oscillating system (comprising measuring tube and fluid) results in a corresponding, automatic adjustment in the oscillation frequency. Resonance frequency is thus a function of medium density. The microprocessor utilizes this relationship to obtain a density signal.

#### Temperature measurement

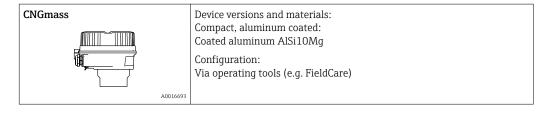
The temperature of the measuring tube is determined in order to calculate the compensation factor due to temperature effects. This signal corresponds to the process temperature and is also available as an output signal.

#### Measuring system

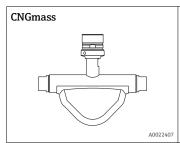
The device consists of a transmitter and a sensor. If a device with Modbus RS485 intrinsically safe is ordered, the Safety Barrier Promass 100 is part of the scope of supply and must be implemented to operate the device.

One device version is available: compact version, transmitter and sensor form a mechanical unit.

### Transmitter

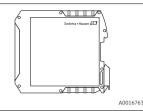


#### Sensor



- Simultaneous measurement of flow, density and temperature (multivariable)
- Immune to process influences
- Nominal diameter range: DN 8 to 25 ( $\frac{3}{8}$  to 1")
- Materials:
  - Sensor: stainless steel 1.4301 (304)
  - Measuring tubes: stainless steel 1.4539 (904L)
  - Process connections: stainless steel 1.4404 (316/316L)
- Limiting medium pressure range: max. 350 bar (5080 psi)

#### **Safety Barrier Promass 100**



- Dual-channel safety barrier for installation in non-hazardous locations or Zone 2/Div. 2:
  - Channel 1: DC 24 V power supply
  - Channel 2: Modbus RS485
- In addition to current, voltage and power limitation, it offers galvanic isolation of circuits for explosion protection.
- Easy DIN rail mounting (DIN 35mm) for installation in control cabinets

# Input

#### Measured variable

#### Direct measured variables

- Mass flow
- Density
- Temperature

#### Measuring range

#### Measuring ranges for Compressed Natural Gas (CNG), non-custody transfer operation

DN		Measuring range full scale values $\dot{m}_{min(F)}$ to $\dot{m}_{max(F)}$	
[mm]	[in]	[kg/min]	[lb/min]
8	3/8	0 to 30	0 to 66
15	1/2	0 to 80	0 to 175
25	1	0 to 150	0 to 330

1110 141400 01

The values of the corresponding custody transfer certificate apply in custody transfer mode.

### Recommended measuring range

"Flow limit" section ( $\rightarrow \equiv 17$ )

#### Operable flow range

Over 1000:1.

Flow rates above the preset full scale value are not overridden by the electronics unit, with the result that the totalizer values are registered correctly.

# Output

#### Output signal

#### Modbus RS485

Physical interface In accordance with EIA/TIA-485-A standard	
Terminating resistor	Integrated, can be activated via DIP switch on the transmitter electronics module

#### Signal on alarm

Depending on the interface, failure information is displayed as follows:

#### Modbus RS485

Failure mode	Choose from:
	■ NaN value instead of current value
	■ Last valid value

#### Operating tool

Via service interface

Plain text display	With information on cause and remedial measures



#### Light emitting diodes (LED)

Status information	Status indicated by various light emitting diodes			
	The following information is displayed depending on the device version:  Supply voltage active  Data transmission active  Device alarm/error has occurred			

#### Ex connection data

These values only apply for the following device version:

Order code for "Output", option  $\mathbf{M}$ : Modbus RS485, for use in intrinsically safe areas

#### **Safety Barrier Promass 100**

Safety-related values

Terminal numbers			
Supply voltage		Signal transmission	
2 (L-)	1 (L+)	26 (A)	27 (B)
U <sub>nom</sub> = DC 24 V U <sub>max</sub> = AC 260 V		U <sub>nom</sub> = DC 5 V U <sub>max</sub> = AC 260 V	

#### Intrinsically safe values

Terminal numbers				
Supply voltage Signal transmission				
20 (L-) 10 (L+) 62 (A) 72 (B)			72 (B)	
$U_0 = 16.24 \text{ V}$ $I_0 = 623 \text{ mA}$				
$P_o = 2.45 \text{ W}$ For IIC*: $L_o = 92.8 \mu\text{H}$ , $C_o = 0.433 \mu\text{F}$ , $L_o/R_o = 14.6 \mu\text{H}/\Omega$				
* The gas group depends on the sensor and nominal diameter.				

For an overview and for information on the interdependencies between the gas group - sensor - nominal  $\,$ diameter, see the "Safety Instructions" (XA) document for the measuring device

#### Transmitter

Intrinsically safe values

Order code for	Terminal numbers			
"Approvals"	Supply voltage		Signal transmission	
	20 (L-)	10 (L+)	62 (A)	72 (B)
<ul> <li>Option BM: ATEX II2G + IECEx Z1 Ex ia, II2D Ex tb</li> <li>Option BU: ATEX II2G + IECEx Z1 Ex ia</li> <li>Option C2: CSA C/US IS Cl. I, II, III Div. 1</li> <li>Option MM: INMETRO Ex ia Zone 1</li> <li>Option NG: NEPSI Ex ia Zone 1</li> <li>Option 85: ATEX II2G + IECEx Z1 Ex ia + CSA C/US IS Cl. I, II, III Div. 1</li> </ul>		$I_{i} = 62$ $P_{i} = 2$ $L_{i} = 0$	6.24 V 23 mA .45 W 0 µH 6 nF	

For an overview and for information on the interdependencies between the gas group - sensor - nominal diameter, see the "Safety Instructions" (XA) document for the measuring device

#### Low flow cut off

The switch points for low flow cut off are user-selectable.

#### Galvanic isolation

The following connections are galvanically isolated from each other:

- Outputs
- Power supply

#### Protocol-specific data

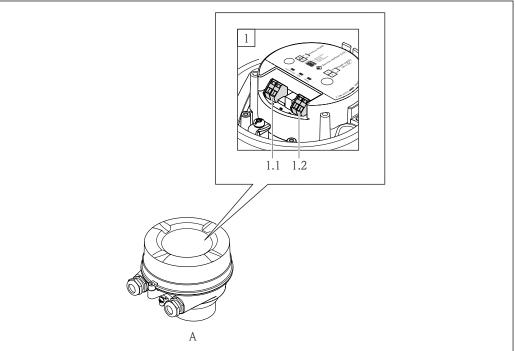
#### Modbus RS485

Protocol	Modbus Applications Protocol Specification V1.1
Device type	Slave
Slave address range	1 to 247
Broadcast address range	0
Function codes	<ul> <li>03: Read holding register</li> <li>04: Read input register</li> <li>06: Write single registers</li> <li>08: Diagnostics</li> <li>16: Write multiple registers</li> <li>23: Read/write multiple registers</li> </ul>
Broadcast messages	Supported by the following function codes:  O6: Write single registers  16: Write multiple registers  23: Read/write multiple registers
Supported baud rate	■ 1200 BAUD ■ 2400 BAUD ■ 4800 BAUD ■ 9600 BAUD ■ 19200 BAUD ■ 38400 BAUD ■ 57600 BAUD ■ 115200 BAUD
Data transfer mode	ASCII     RTU
Data access	Each device parameter can be accessed via Modbus RS485.  For Modbus register information (→ 🖺 23)

# **Power supply**

# Terminal assignment

Overview: housing version



- A Housing version: compact, aluminum coated
  1 Connection version: Modbus RS485
  1.1 Signal transmission

- 1.2 Supply voltage

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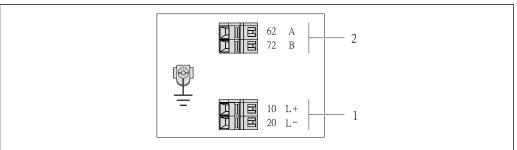
#### Transmitter

Modbus RS485 connection version, for use in intrinsically safe areas

Order code for "Output", option  $\boldsymbol{M}$  (connection via Safety Barrier Promass 100)

Order code for	Connection methods available		Descible entions for order sode	
"Housing"	Output	Power supply	Possible options for order code "Electrical connection"	
Options A	Terminals	Terminals	<ul> <li>Option B: thread M20x1</li> <li>Option C: thread G ½"</li> <li>Option D: thread NPT ½"</li> </ul>	
Order code for "Housing":				

Option  ${\bf A}$ : compact, coated aluminum



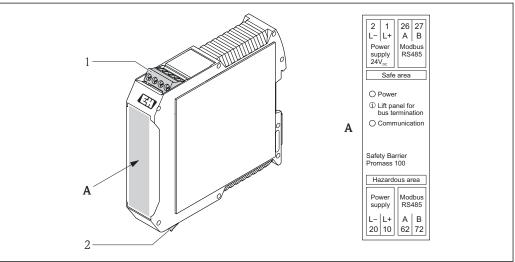
- **■** 1  ${\it Modbus}~RS485~terminal~assignment,~connection~version~for~use~in~intrinsically~safe~areas~(connection~via~approximately~safe~areas~connection~version~for~use~in~intrinsically~safe~areas~(connection~version~for~use~in~intrinsically~safe~areas~connection~version~for~use~in~intrinsically~safe~areas~(connection~version~for~use~in~intrinsically~safe~areas~connection~version~for~use~in~intrinsically~safe~areas~(connection~version~for~use~in~intrinsically~safe~areas~connection~version~for~use~in~intrinsically~safe~areas~(connection~version~for~use~in~intrinsically~safe~areas~connection~version~for~use~in~intrinsically~safe~areas~(connection~version~for~use~in~intrinsically~safe~areas~connection~version~for~use~in~intrinsically~safe~areas~connection~for~use~in~use~in~use~connection~for~use~in~use~connection~for~use~in~use~connection~for~use$ Safety Barrier Promass 100)
- Intrinsically safe power supply
- Modbus RS485

Order code for "Output"	20 (L-)	10 (L+)	72 (B)	62 (A)
Option <b>M</b>	Intrinsically safe supply voltage Modbus RS485 intrin		intrinsically safe	

Order code for "Output":

Option  $\mathbf{M}$ : Modbus RS485, for use in intrinsically safe areas (connection via Safety Barrier Promass 100)

#### **Safety Barrier Promass 100**



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- 2 Safety Barrier Promass 100 with terminals
- 1 Non-hazardous area and Zone 2/Div. 2
- 2 Intrinsically safe area

#### Supply voltage

#### Transmitter

- $\blacksquare$  For device version with all communication types except Modbus RS485 intrinsically safe: DC 20 to 30 V
- For device version with Modbus RS485 intrinsically safe: power supply via Safety Barrier Promass 100

The power unit must be tested to ensure it meets safety requirements (e.g. PELV, SELV).

### Safety Barrier Promass 100

DC 20 to 30 V

#### Power consumption

#### Transmitter

Order code for	Maximum	
"Output"	Power consumption	
Option <b>M</b> : Modbus RS485, for use in intrinsically safe areas	2.45 W	

### Safety Barrier Promass 100

Order code for	Maximum	
"Output"	Power consumption	
Option <b>M</b> : Modbus RS485, for use in intrinsically safe areas	4.8 W	

#### **Current consumption**

#### Transmitter

Order code for	Maximum	Maximum
"Output"	Current consumption	switch-on current
Option <b>M</b> : Modbus RS485, for use in intrinsically safe areas	145 mA	16 A (<0.4 ms)

#### **Safety Barrier Promass 100**

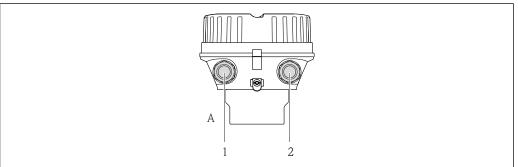
Order code for "Output"	Maximum Current consumption	Maximum switch-on current
Option <b>M</b> : Modbus RS485, for use in intrinsically safe areas	230 mA	10 A (<0.8 ms)

#### Power supply failure

- Totalizers stop at the last value measured.
- Configuration is retained in the device memory.
- Error messages (incl. total operated hours) are stored.

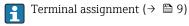
#### **Electrical connection**

#### Connecting the transmitter



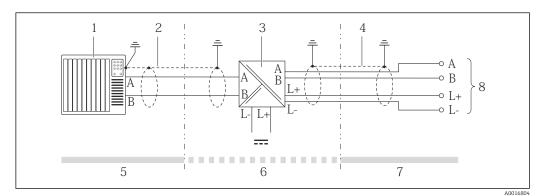
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- A Housing version: compact, aluminum coated
- 1 Cable entry for signal transmission
- 2 Cable entry for supply voltage



#### **Connection examples**

Modbus RS485



■ 3 Connection example for Modbus RS485 intrinsically safe

- 1 Control system (e.g. PLC)
- *2* Cable shield, observe cable specifications ( $\rightarrow \implies 12$ )
- 3 Safety Barrier Promass 100
- 4 Observe cable specifications ( $\rightarrow \implies 12$ )
- 5 Non-hazardous area
- 6 Non-hazardous area and Zone 2/Div. 2
- 7 Intrinsically safe area
- 8 Transmitter

#### Potential equalization

No special measures for potential equalization are required.

For devices intended for use in hazardous locations, please observe the guidelines in the Ex documentation (XA).

#### **Terminals**

#### Transmitter

Spring terminals for wire cross-sections 0.5 to 2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (20 to 14 AWG)

#### **Safety Barrier Promass 100**

Plug-in screw terminals for wire cross-sections 0.5 to 2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (20 to 14 AWG)

#### Cable entries

- Cable gland: M20 × 1.5 with cable  $\phi$ 6 to 12 mm (0.24 to 0.47 in)
- Thread for cable entry:
  - NPT ½"
  - G ½"
  - M20

#### Cable specification

#### Permitted temperature range

- -40 °C (-40 °F) to +80 °C (+176 °F)
- Minimum requirement: cable temperature range ≥ ambient temperature +20 K

#### Power supply cable

Standard installation cable is sufficient.

#### Signal cable

#### Modbus RS485

The EIA/TIA-485 standard specifies two types of cable (A and B) for the bus line which can be used for every transmission rate. Cable type A is recommended.

Cable type	A
Characteristic impedance	135 to 165 $\Omega$ at a measuring frequency of 3 to 20 MHz
Cable capacitance	<30 pF/m
Wire cross-section	>0.34 mm <sup>2</sup> (22 AWG)
Cable type	Twisted pairs
Loop resistance	≤110 Ω/km
Signal damping	Max. 9 dB over the entire length of the cable cross-section
Shielding	Copper braided shielding or braided shielding with foil shield. When grounding the cable shield, observe the grounding concept of the plant.

#### Connecting cable between Safety Barrier Promass 100 and measuring device

Cable type	Shielded twisted-pair cable with 2x2 wires. When grounding the cable shield, observe the grounding concept of the plant.
Maximum cable resistance	$2.5 \Omega$ , one side

Comply with the maximum cable resistance specifications to ensure the operational reliability of the measuring device.

Wire cross-section		Maximum cable length	
[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[m]	[ft]
0.5	20	70	230
0.75	18	100	328
1.0	17	100	328

Wire cros	ss-section	Maximum cable length		
[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	[m]	[ft]	
1.5	16	200	656	
2.5	14	300	984	

### Performance characteristics

# Reference operating conditions

- Error limits based on ISO 11631
- Water with +15 to +45 °C (+59 to +113 °F) at 2 to 6 bar (29 to 87 psi)
- Specifications as per calibration protocol
- Accuracy based on accredited calibration rigs that are traced to ISO 17025.



To obtain measured errors, use the *Applicator* sizing tool ( $\Rightarrow \implies 23$ )

#### Maximum measured error

#### Base accuracy

#### Mass flow (gases)

 $\pm 0.50$  % of the quantity filled in typical CNG refueling with the coefficients determined during factory calibration.

#### Temperature

 $\pm 0.5 \,^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 0.005 \cdot \text{T} \,^{\circ}\text{C} \, (\pm 0.9 \,^{\circ}\text{F} \pm 0.003 \cdot (\text{T} - 32) \,^{\circ}\text{F})$ 

#### Repeatability

#### Base repeatability

#### Mass flow (gases)

±0.25 % of the quantity filled in typical CNG refueling

#### Temperature

 $\pm 0.25 \,^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 0.0025 \cdot \text{T} \,^{\circ}\text{C} \, (\pm 0.45 \,^{\circ}\text{F} \pm 0.0015 \cdot (\text{T} - 32) \,^{\circ}\text{F})$ 

#### Response time

- The response time depends on the configuration (damping).
- Response time in the event of erratic changes in the measured variable (only mass flow): after 100 ms → 95 % of the full scale value

# Influence of medium temperature

#### Mass flow

When there is a difference between the temperature for zero point adjustment and the process temperature, the typical measured error of the sensor is  $\pm 0.0003$  % of the full scale value/°C ( $\pm 0.00015$  % of the full scale value/°F).

#### **Temperature**

 $\pm 0.005 \cdot \text{T} \,^{\circ}\text{C} \, (\pm 0.005 \cdot (\text{T} - 32) \,^{\circ}\text{F})$ 

# Influence of medium pressure

A difference between the calibration pressure and process pressure does not affect accuracy.

### Installation

No special measures such as supports are necessary. External forces are absorbed by the construction of the device.

#### Inlet and outlet runs

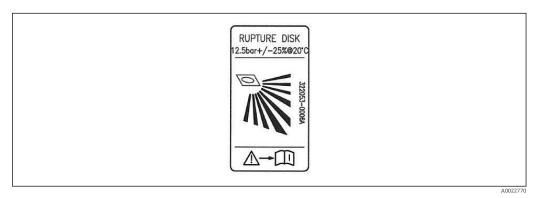
No special precautions need to be taken for fittings which create turbulence, such as valves, elbows or T-pieces, as long as no cavitation occurs .

# Special mounting instructions

#### Rupture disk

Make sure that the function and operation of the rupture disk is not impeded through the installation of the device. The position of the rupture disk is indicated on a sticker applied over it. If

the rupture disk is triggered, the sticker is destroyed. The disk can therefore be visually monitored. For additional information that is relevant to the process  $(\rightarrow \ \ \ \ \ \ \ )$  17).



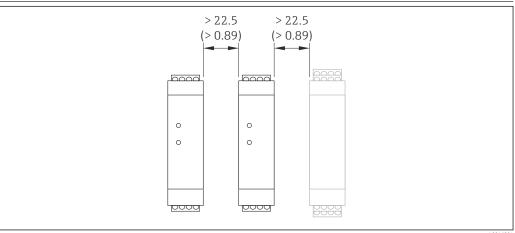
■ 4 Rupture disk label

#### Zero point adjustment

Experience shows that zero point adjustment is advisable only in special cases:

- To achieve maximum measuring accuracy even with low flow rates
- Under extreme process or operating conditions (e.g. very high process temperatures or very highviscosity fluids).

# Mounting Safety Barrier Promass 100



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Minimum distance between additional Safety Barrier Promass 100 or other modules. Engineering unit mm

# **Environment**

#### Ambient temperature range

Measuring device	-40 to +60 °C (-40 to +140 °F)
Safety Barrier Promass 100	-40 to +60 °C (-40 to +140 °F)

► If operating outdoors:

Avoid direct sunlight, particularly in warm climatic regions.

Weather protection covers can be ordered from Endress+Hauser: see "Accessories" section

#### Temperature tables

In the following tables, the following interdependencies between the maximum medium temperature for T1-T6 and the maximum ambient temperature  $T_a$  apply when operating the device in hazardous areas.

#### Ex ia, cCSAUS IS

#### SI units

Order code for "Housing"	T <sub>a</sub> [°C]	T6 [85 ℃]	T5 [100 ℃]	T4 [135 ℃]	T3 [200 °C]	T2 [300°C]	T1 [450°C]
	35	50	85	120	150	150	150
Option A "Compact coated alu"	50	-	85	120	150	150	150
	60	-	-	120	150	150	150

#### US units

Order code for "Housing"	T <sub>a</sub> [°F]	T6 [185 °F]	T5 [212 °F]	T4 [275 °F]	T3 [392 °F]	T2 [572 °F]	T1 [842 °F]
	95	122	185	248	302	302	302
Option A "Compact coated alu"	122	-	185	248	302	302	302
	140	-	-	248	302	302	302

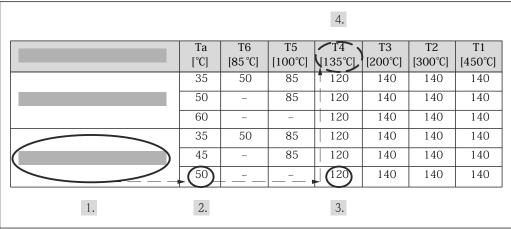
Explosion hazards arising from dust and gas

#### Determine the temperature class and surface temperature using the temperature table

- ullet For gas: determine the temperature class depending on the ambient temperature  $T_a$  and medium temperature  $T_m$ .
- For dust: determine the maximum surface temperature depending on the maximum ambient temperature T<sub>a</sub> and the maximum medium temperature T<sub>m</sub>.

#### Example

- Maximum ambient temperature:  $T_a = 50 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$
- Measured maximum medium temperature:  $T_{mm} = 108 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$



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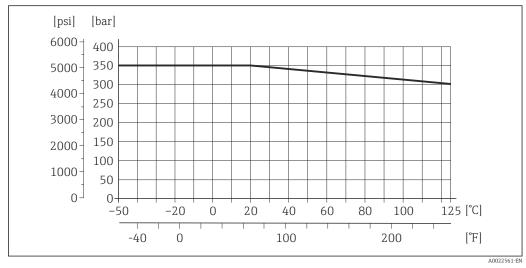
- 6 Procedure for determining the temperature class and surface temperature
- 1. Select the order code of the device: nominal diameter, housing option, etc.
- 2. Select the ambient temperature  $T_a$  (50 °C).
  - $\begin{tabular}{ll} \end{tabular}$  The row containing the maximum medium temperature is determined.
- 3. Select the maximum medium temperature  $T_m$  in this row that is directly larger than or equal to the measured maximum medium temperature  $T_{mm}$ .
  - The column with the temperature class for gas is determined:  $108 \,^{\circ}\text{C} \leq 120 \,^{\circ}\text{C} \rightarrow T4$ .

	4. The maximum temperature of the temperature class determined corresponds to the maximum surface temperature for dust: $T4 = 135$ °C.
Storage temperature	-40 to +60 °C (-40 to +140 °F)
Climate class	DIN EN 60068-2-38 (test Z/AD)
Degree of protection	Transmitter and sensor  As standard: IP66/67, type 4X enclosure When housing is open: IP20, type 1 enclosure  Safety Barrier Promass 100
Shock resistance	IP20  As per IEC/EN 60068-2-31
	•
Vibration resistance	Acceleration up to 1 g, 10 to 150 Hz, based on IEC/EN 60068-2-6
Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)	<ul> <li>As per IEC/EN 61326 and NAMUR Recommendation 21 (NE 21)</li> <li>Complies with emission limits for industry as per EN 55011 (Class A)</li> </ul>
	Details are provided in the Declaration of Conformity.

# **Process**

Medium temperature range	<b>Sensor</b> -50 to +125 °C (-58 to +257 °F)				
	Seals No internal seals				
Medium pressure range (nominal pressure)	Measuring tubes, connector: max. 350 bar (5080 psi)				
Medium density	0 to 5 000 kg/m <sup>3</sup> (0 to 312 lb/cf)				
Pressure-temperature ratings	The following material load diagrams refer to the entire device and not just the process connection.				

Process connection: Cylindrical internal thread BSP (G) in accordance with ISO 228-1



■ 7 Material process connection: 1.4404 (316/316L)

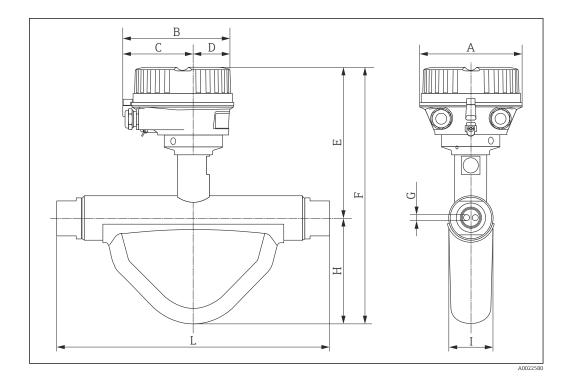
Rupture disk	Triggering pressure in the housing: 10 to 15 bar (145 to 218 psi)
	Special mounting instructions: ( $\rightarrow \triangleq 13$ )
Flow limit	Select the nominal diameter by optimizing between the required flow range and permissible pressure loss.
	For an overview of the measuring range full scale values, see the "Measuring range" section $(\rightarrow \ \ \ )$
	<ul> <li>The minimum recommended full scale value is approx. 1/20 of the maximum full scale value</li> <li>In most applications, 20 to 50 % of the maximum full scale value can be considered ideal</li> <li>Select a lower full scale value for abrasive substances (such as liquids with entrained solids): flow velocity &lt;1 m/s (&lt;3 ft/s).</li> </ul>
Pressure loss	To calculate the pressure loss, use the <i>Applicator</i> sizing tool ( $\Rightarrow  riangleq  riangleq  riangleq 23)$
Vibrations	The high oscillation frequency of the measuring tubes ensures that the correct operation of the measuring system is not influenced by plant vibrations.

# Mechanical construction

# Design, dimensions

### Compact version

Order code for "Housing", option A "Alu"



### Dimensions SI units

DN [mm]	A [mm]	B [mm]	C [mm]	D [mm]	E [mm]	F [mm]	G [mm]	H [mm]	I [mm]	L [mm]
8	136	147.5	93.5	54	177	266	3.87	89	40	214
15	136	147.5	93.5	54	177	277	6.23	100	38	267
25	136	147.5	93.5	54	174	276	8.80	102	48	316

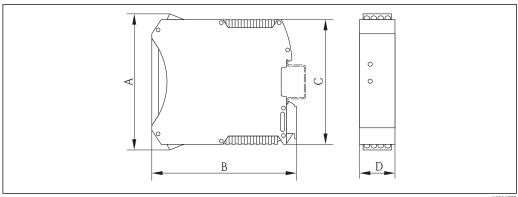
#### Dimensions US units

DN [in]	A [in]	B [in]	C [in]	D [in]	E [in]	F [in]	G [in]	H [in]	I [in]	L [in]
3/8	5.35	5.81	3.68	2.13	6.97	10.5	0.15	3.50	1.57	8.43
1/2	5.35	5.81	3.68	2.13	6.97	10.9	0.25	3.94	1.50	10.5
1	5.35	5.81	3.68	2.13	6.85	10.9	0.35	4.02	1.89	12.4

### Safety Barrier Promass 100

Top-hat rail EN 60715:

- TH 35 x 7.5
- TH 35 x 15



A0016777

	A	В		(	3	D	
[mm]	[in]	[mm]	[in]	[mm]	[in]	[mm]	[in]
108	4.25	114.5	4.51	99	3.9	22.5	0.89

### Weight

### **Compact version**

Weight in SI units

DN [mm]	Weight [kg]
8	3.8
15	4.4
25	5.1

Weight in US units

DN [in]	Weight [lbs]
3/8	8.4
1/2	9.7
1	11.3

### Safety Barrier Promass 100

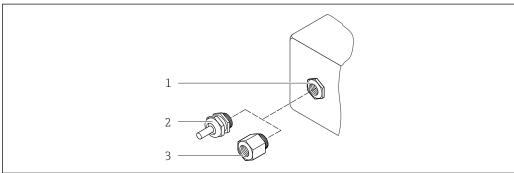
49 g (1.73 ounce)

#### Materials

#### Transmitter housing

Order code for "Housing", option  $\boldsymbol{A}$  "Compact, aluminum coated": Coated aluminum AlSi10Mg

#### Cable entries/cable glands



A0020640

- 8 Possible cable entries/cable glands
- 1 Cable entry in transmitter housing, wall-mount housing or connection housing with internal thread M20 x 1.5
- 2 Cable gland M20 x 1.5
- 3 Adapter for cable entry with internal thread G ½" or NPT ½"

Order code for "Housing", option A "Compact, coated aluminum"

The various cable entries are suitable for hazardous and non-hazardous areas.

Cable entry/cable gland	Material
Cable gland M20 × 1.5	Nickel-plated brass
Adapter for cable entry with internal thread G ½"	
Adapter for cable entry with internal thread NPT ½"	

#### Sensor housing

- Acid and alkali-resistant outer surface
- Stainless steel 1.4301 (304)

#### Measuring tubes

- Stainless steel 1.4435 (316L); manifold: 1.4404 (316/316L)
- Surface quality:
  - Not polished
  - $Ra_{max} = 0.8 \mu m (32 \mu in)$

#### **Process connections**

For all process connections: Stainless steel 1.4404 (316/316L)



List of all available process connections ( $\rightarrow \triangleq 20$ )

#### Seals

Welded process connections without internal seals

#### **Safety Barrier Promass 100**

Housing: Polyamide

#### **Process connections**

Cylindrical internal thread BSPP (G) in accordance with ISO 228-1 with sealing surfaces in accordance with DIN 3852-2/ISO 1179-1:

- G 1/2" for DN 08
- G ¾" for DN 15
- G 1" for DN 25

Sealed with profile seal in accordance with DIN 3869 or copper disk or steel seal disk with plastic lip.

# Operability

#### Operating concept

#### Operator-oriented menu structure for user-specific tasks

- Commissioning
- Operation
- Diagnostics
- Expert level

#### Quick and safe commissioning

- Individual menus for applications
- Menu guidance with brief explanations of the individual parameter functions

#### Reliable operation

Operation in the following languages:

Via "FieldCare" operating tool:

English, German

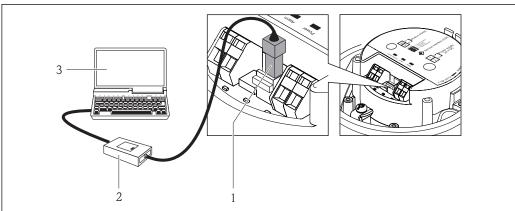
#### Efficient diagnostics increase measurement availability

- Troubleshooting measures can be called up via the operating tools and Web browser
- Diverse simulation options
- Status indicated by several light emitting diodes (LEDs) on the electronic module in the housing compartment

#### Remote operation

#### Via service interface (CDI)

This communication interface is present in the following device version: Order code for "Output", option M: Modbus RS485



- Service interface (CDI) of the measuring device
- Commubox FXA291
- Computer with "FieldCare" operating tool with COM DTM "CDI Communication FXA291"

# Certificates and approvals

#### CE mark

The measuring system is in conformity with the statutory requirements of the applicable EC Directives. These are listed in the corresponding EC Declaration of Conformity along with the standards applied.

Endress+Hauser confirms successful testing of the device by affixing to it the CE mark.

#### C-Tick symbol

The measuring system meets the EMC requirements of the "Australian Communications and Media Authority (ACMA)".

#### Ex approval

The measuring device is certified for use in hazardous areas and the relevant safety instructions are provided in the separate "Safety Instructions" (XA) document. Reference is made to this document on the nameplate.



The separate Ex documentation (XA) containing all the relevant explosion protection data is available from your Endress+Hauser sales center.

#### ATEX/IECEx

Currently, the following versions for use in hazardous areas are available:

#### Ex ia

Category (ATEX)	Type of protection
II2G	Ex ia IIC T6T1 Gb
II2G	Ex ia IIC T6T1 Gb or Ex ia IIB T6T1 Gb
II1/2G, II2D	Ex ia IIC T6T1 Ga/Gb or Ex ia IIB T6T1 Ga/Gb Ex tb IIIC Txxx Db
II2G, II2D	Ex ia IIC T6T1 Gb or Ex ia IIB T6T1 Gb Ex tb IIIC Txxx Db

#### Modbus RS485 certification

The measuring device meets all the requirements of the MODBUS/TCP conformity test and has the "MODBUS/TCP Conformance Test Policy, Version 2.0". The measuring device has successfully passed all the test procedures carried out and is certified by the "MODBUS/TCP Conformance Test Laboratory" of the University of Michigan.

# Ordering information

Detailed ordering information is available from the following sources:

- In the Product Configurator on the Endress+Hauser website: www.endress.com → Select country → Instruments → Select device → Product page function: Configure this product
- From your Endress+Hauser Sales Center: www.endress.com/worldwide
- i

# Product Configurator - the tool for individual product configuration

- Up-to-the-minute configuration data
- Depending on the device: Direct input of measuring point-specific information such as measuring range or operating language
- Automatic verification of exclusion criteria
- Automatic creation of the order code and its breakdown in PDF or Excel output format
- Ability to order directly in the Endress+Hauser Online Shop

# Accessories

Various accessories, which can be ordered with the device or subsequently from Endress+Hauser, are available for the device. Detailed information on the order code in question is available from your local Endress+Hauser sales center or on the product page of the Endress+Hauser website: www.endress.com.

# Communication-specific accessories

Accessories	Description
Commubox FXA291	Connects Endress+Hauser field devices with a CDI interface (= Endress+Hauser Common Data Interface) and the USB port of a computer or laptop.
	For details, see "Technical Information" TI00405C

	• ••	
Service-s	necitic	accessories

Accessories	Description	
Applicator	Software for selecting and sizing Endress+Hauser measuring devices:  Calculation of all the necessary data for identifying the optimum flowmeter: e.g. nominal diameter, pressure loss, accuracy or process connections.  Graphic illustration of the calculation results	
	Administration, documentation and access to all project-related data and parameters over the entire life cycle of a project.	
	Applicator is available:  • Via the Internet: https://wapps.endress.com/applicator  • On CD-ROM for local PC installation.	
W@M	Life cycle management for your plant W@M supports you with a wide range of software applications over the entire process: from planning and procurement, to the installation, commissioning and operation of the measuring devices. All the relevant device information, such as the device status, spare parts and device-specific documentation, is available for every device over the entire life cycle. The application already contains the data of your Endress+Hauser device. Endress +Hauser also takes care of maintaining and updating the data records.  W@M is available:  Via the Internet: www.endress.com/lifecyclemanagement On CD-ROM for local PC installation.	
FieldCare	FDT-based plant asset management tool from Endress+Hauser. It can configure all smart field units in your system and helps you manage them. By using the status information, it is also a simple but effective way of checking their status and condition.	
	For details, see Operating Instructions BA00027S and BA00059S	

# **Documentation**



For an overview of the scope of the associated Technical Documentation, refer to the following:  $\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{2} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{2} \right) \left( \frac{1}{2}$ 

- The CD-ROM provided for the device (depending on the device version, the CD-ROM might not be part of the delivery!)
- The *W@M Device Viewer*: Enter the serial number from the nameplate (www.endress.com/deviceviewer)
- The *Endress+Hauser Operations App*: Enter the serial number from the nameplate or scan the 2-D matrix code (QR code) on the nameplate.

#### Standard documentation

Communication	Document type	Documentation code
-	Brief Operating Instructions	KA01170D
Modbus RS485	Operating Instructions	BA01283D

#### Supplementary devicedependent documentation

Document type	Contents	Documentation code
Safety Instructions	ATEX/IECEx Ex i	XA01251D
	cCSAus IS	XA01252D
	INMETRO	XA01253D
	NEPSI	XA01254D
Special Documentation	Modbus RS485 Register Information	SD01166D
Installation Instructions		Specified for each individual accessory $(\rightarrow \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ )$

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www.addresses.endress.com

