

# Technical Information Omnigrad S TC61

Thermocouple thermometer EEx-d certified, replaceable insert, thermowell from pipe, process connection: threaded, flanged or sliding. PCP (4...20 mA), HART® or PROFIBUS-PA® electronics



### Range of uses

The Omnigrad S TC61 is an industrial thermometer (thermocouple TC: K or J) and thermowell from pipe, developed for the use in the chemical, petrochemical and energy industries, but suitable also for other generic applications.

In compliance to EN 50014/18/20 (ATEX certification) it is therefore particularly suitable also for hazardous areas. When required, it's also available with a transmitter (PCP,

HART® or PROFIBUS-PA®) into the housing. The process connection of the thermowell can be threaded, flanged or with a sliding compression fitting in compliance to the standard rule DIN 43772 (form 2/3, 2G/3G and 2F/3F).

### Application areas

- Chemicals industry
- Energy industry
- Gas Processing industry
- Petrochemical industry
- General industrial services

### Features and benefits

- Materials: SS 316L/1.4404, SS 316Ti/1.4571, Hastelloy @C276/2.4819 and Inconel® 600/2.4816
- The most common process connections: threaded, flanged and sliding compression fitting are standard; others are on request
- Customized immersion length
- Surface finishing down to  $Ra < 0.8 \ \mu m$
- Aluminium housing, with protection grade from IP66 to IP68
- Thermocouple with hot junction grounded or ungrounded in mineral oxide cable (MgO cable) diameter: 3 or 6 mm
- PCP, HART® and PROFIBUS-PA®, (4...20 mA 2-wire transmitters)
- The accuracy of the TC (K (NiCr-Ni) and J (Fe-CuNi)) are: Cl. 1 - 2 (EN 60584) or Cl. Special - Standard (ANSI MC96.1)
- The TC (K or J) are available in single or double element
- ATEX II 1/2 GD EEx-d IIC certification
- ATEX II 2 GD EEx-d IIC certification

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People for Process Automation

### Function and system design

### Measuring principle

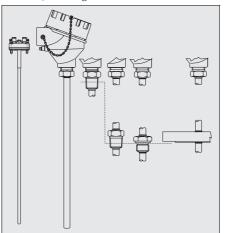
The thermocouple (TC) thermometer's sensing element consists of two metal wires that are homogeneous but different one from the other and insulated along their entire length. The two wires are welded together at one end, known as the "measurement or hot junction". The other end, where the wires are free, is known as the "cold or reference junction" and is connected to a electromotive force measurement circuit where the force is generated by the different thermoelectric power of each of the thermocouple's wires if there is a temperature difference between the hot joint (T1) and the cold joint (Seebeck effect). The cold junction has to be "compensated" with reference to the temperature of  $0^{\circ}$ C (T0). The function that links the electromotive force to the temperatures T1 and T0 is a curve whose characteristics depend on the materials used in the construction of the thermocouple. Some thermocouples curves, and particularly those most reliable for the purposes of industrial readings, are those compliant with standards DIN EN 60584 and ANSI MC96.1.

#### Equipment architecture

The construction of the Omnigrad S TC61 temperature sensor is based on the following standards: • EN 50014/18 (housing)

- EN 60584 (inset)
- DIN 43772 (thermowell)

The housing is in painted aluminium alloy; it is suitable to contain a transmitter and/or the ceramic block of the inset; the "Ingress Protection" is from IP66 to IP68.



The replaceable insert is placed inside the thermowell; the insert is spring loaded to its base in order to improve heat transfer. The hot junction of the thermocouple (type K or J) are positioned close to the tip of the probe. The thermocouple is available in two versions: grounded or ungrounded hot junction. The electrical structure of the thermocouple always complies with DIN EN 60584/61515 or ANSI MC96.1, ASTM E585 standard rules.

The thermowell is made from tube with diameter 9, 11 or 12 mm. The final part of the thermowell can be straight, tapered or reduced. The thermowell materials are: SS 316L/1.4404, SS 316Ti/1.4571, Hastelloy®C276/2.4819 and Inconel® 600/2.4816. The process connection of the thermowell can be threaded (GAS or NPT), flanged (DIN or ANSI) or with a compression fitting (see the section "System components").

Fig. 1:TC61 with the various types of process connections and end parts of the probe  $% \left[ {{\left[ {{{\rm{TC}}} \right]}_{\rm{TC}}} \right]_{\rm{TC}}} \right]$ 

Material & Weight	Housing	Insert	Process connection	Weight
	aluminium epoxy	sheath in: SS 316L/1.4404,	fixed or sliding: SS 316L/1.4404, SS	From 0.5 to 1.0 kg
	coated	Inconel® 600/2.4816	316Ti/1.4571, Hastelloy® C276/2.4819 and	for standard options
			Inconel® 600/2.4816	

## Performance

Operating conditions

Operating condition or test	Product type or rules	Value or data of test							
Ambient temperature	housing (without head-mounted t	-40÷130°C	-40÷130°C						
	housing (with head-mounted tran	-40÷85°C							
Process temperature	It is restricted by the thermowell	SS 316L/1.4404							
	material:	< 800°C	SS 316Ti/1.4571						
		Hast.® C276/2.4819 -							
Process pressure (Maximum)	The pressure values to which the	thermowell can	be subjected at the	50 bar to 20°C					
	various temperatures are illustrate	d by the drawir	ngs in fig. 2 . For 9	33 bar to 250°C					
	mm diameter pipes, with a limited	d flow velocity,	the maximum toler-	24 bar to 400°C					
	ated pressures are the following:								
Maximum flow velocity	The highest flow velocity, (of the	The highest flow velocity, (of the stream or of the fluid), tolerated by the thermowell,							
	diminishes with increasing lengths, of the thermowell/probe exposed (fig. 2).								

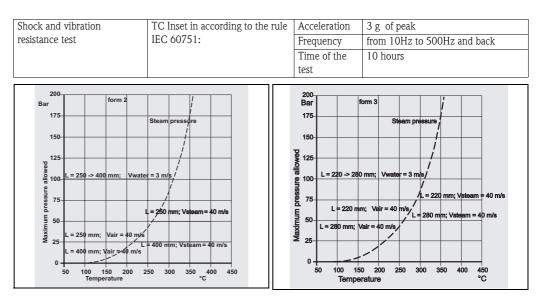


Fig. 2: Pressure/temperature drawing for thermowell with straight tube ø 11 mm in SS 316Ti/1.4571(left), with tapered tube ø 12 mm in SS 316Ti/1.4571 (right)

Accuracy	Thermocouple	EN 60584											
	and range °C	Class	Max deviation	Class	Max deviation	Cable colours							
	J (Fe-CuNi)	2	+/-2.5°C (-40333°C)	1	+/-1.5°C (-40375°C)	+ black							
	-40° 750°C		+/-0.0075 ltl (333750°C)		+/-0.004 ltl (375750°C)	- white							
	K (NiCr-Ni)	2	+/-2.5°C (-40333°C)	1	+/-1.5°C (-40375°C)	+ green							
	-40 1200°C		+/-0.0075 ltl (3331200°C)		+/-0.004 ltl (3751000°C)	- white							
		ItI = absolute temperature value in °C											
	Thermocouple		ANSI MC96.1										
	and range °C	Class	Max deviation	Class	Max deviation	Cable colours							
	J (Fe-CuNi)	Stand-	+/-2.2°C (0293°C)	Special	+/-1.1°C (0275°C)	+ black							
	0750°C	ard	+/-0.75% (293750°C)	Special	+/-0.4% (275750°C)	- red + yellow							
	K (NiCr-Ni)	Stand-			+/-1.1°C (0275°C)								
	01250°C	ard	+/-0.75% (2931250°C)		+/-0.4% (2751250°C)	– red							
	ItI = absolute temperature value in °C												
	Others errors												
	Transmitter maxim	um error	m error See the corresponding documentation (codes at the end of the document)										
	Display maximum error0.1% FSR + 1 digit (FSR = Full Scale Range)												
Response time	Tests in water at (	) 1 m/s (	according to IEC 60751; from	n 23 to 1	33°C sten changes).								
Response une	Stem diameter of		,			nse time							
	SS 316 - d. 6 mm		K (NiCr-Ni) or J (Fe-CuNi	) t <sub>50</sub>	2,5 s								
			. , .	t <sub>90</sub>	7,0 s								
	Measurement Insulation type Result												
TInsulation		Measurement Insulation type											
		Insulation resistance between terminals and probe sheath											
	according to EN 60	584, test	voltage 500 V		$> 5 \text{ M}\Omega$ at 500°C								
Self heating	Nagligible when the	bo E i U i	TEMP® transmitters are emp	lourd									
Jen neating	negugine when th			noyeu.									

### Installation

The Omnigrad S TC61 thermometers can be installed on pipes or tanks by means of threaded or flanged connections. The immersion length must take into account all the parameters of the thermometer and the process to measure. If the immersion is too low, an error may be generated in the temperature recorded due to the lower temperature of the process fluid near to the walls and heat transfer, which takes place through the sensor stem. In the case of ATEX certified components (transmitter, insert), please refer to the relevant documentation (refer to the code at the end of this document). The incidence of such an error can be not negligible if there is a big difference between the process temperature and the ambient temperature. To prevent measuring errors of this kind, it is advisable to use thermometer with a small diameter on well and an immersion length (L) of at least  $80\div100$  mm. In small section ducts the tubing's axis must be reached and preferibly slightly exceeded by the tip of the probe (see fig. 3A-3C). Insulation of the outer part of the sensor reduces the effect produced by a low immersion. Alternatively, it is also possible to adopt a tilted installation (see fig. 3B-3D).

With regard to corrosion, the base material of the wetted parts can tolerate the common corrosive media right up to even the highest temperatures. For a best installation, in the industries, it's better to follow the rule:  $h \simeq d$ , L > D/2 + h.

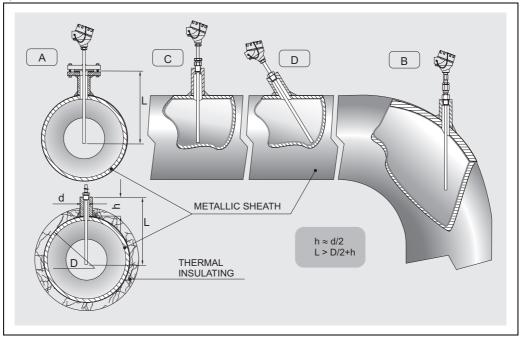


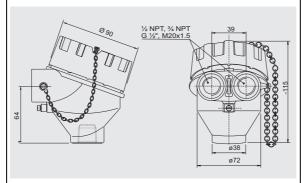
Fig. 3: Installation examples

For further information on specific applications, please contact the E+H Customer Service Department. In the case that the sensor components are disassembled, in the following reassembly procedure the definite torques must be employed. This will assure the housings with the IP grade defined.

### System components

Housing

The protection housing, our "TA21H", commonly referred to the "connection head", is used to contain and protect the terminal block or the transmitter and to join the electric connections to the mechanical component.



The TA21H used for the TC61 is compliant with EN 50014/18 and EN 50281-1-1, EN 50281-1-2 standards (EEx-d certification for explosion proof type of protection). The matching of the head with the extension

below the head and the cover (threaded) ensures a degree of protection from IP66 to IP68. The head also has a chain to connect the body to the cover, which facilitates the use of the instrument during the maintenance on systems.

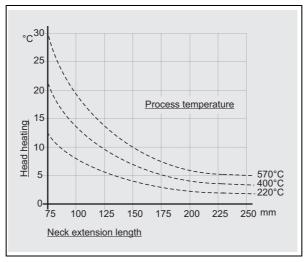
The single or double threaded electrical cable entry can be: M20x1.5, 1/2" NPT or 3/4" NPT, G1/2".

Fig. 4: Housing TA21H

### Extension neck

The extension neck is the part between the process connection and the housing.

It is normally made of a tube with dimensional and physical characteristics (diameter and material) which are the same of the tube under the connection.



The standard lengths of the neck are 80 or 145 mm, according to the selected option. In accordance with the norm DIN 43772, in the case of a thermowell with a diameter of 12 mm and a tapered tip (form 3G), the extension neck will be respectively 82 or 147 mm. The connection situated in the upper part of the neck allows for orientation of the sensor head. As illustrated by the drawing in figure 5, the length of the extension neck may influence the temperature in the head. It is necessary that this temperature is kept within the limit values defined in the paragraph "Operating Conditions".

Fig. 5:Heating of the head consequent to the process temperature  $% \left[ {{{\rm{Fig.}}} \right] = {{\rm{Fig.}}} \right]$ 

#### Electronic head transmitter

The required type of output signal can be obtained by choosing the correct head mounted transmitter. Endress+Hauser supplies "state-of-the-art" transmitters (the iTEMP® series) built in 2-wire technology and with 4...20 mA output signal, HART® or PROFIBUS-PA®. All of the transmitters can be easily programmed using a PC:

Head transmitter	Communication software
PCP TMT181	ReadWin® 2000
HART® TMT182	ReadWin® 2000, FieldCare, Hand held module DXR275, DXR375
PROFIBUS PA® TMT184	FieldCare

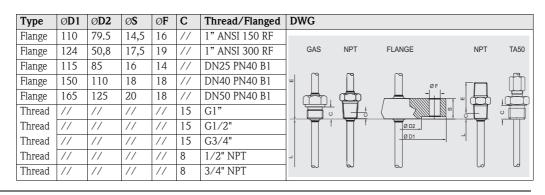
In the case of PROFIBUS-PA® transmitters, E+H recommends the use of PROFIBUS® dedicated connectors. The Weidmüller type is provided as a standard option. For detailed information about transmitters, please refer to the relevant documentation (refer to TI codes at the end of the document). If a head-mounted transmitter is not employed, the sensor probe may be connected through the terminal block to a remote converter (i.e. DIN rail transmitter). The customer may specify the configuration desired during the order phase. The head-mounted transmitters available are:

Description	Dwg
TMT181: PCP 420 mA. The TMT181 is a PC programmable transmitters TMT182: Smart HART®. The TMT182 output consists of 420 mA and HART® superimposed signals.	
TMT184: PROFIBUS-PA®. For the TMT184, with PROFIBUS-PA® output signal, the communication address may be set via software or via mechanical dip-switch.	

#### **Process connection**

Standard connections are available in the following types: Threaded or Flanged

Other versions may be supplied upon request, while other characteristic are available in the structure at the and of this document. The table below illustrate the engaging lengths and typies of process connections.



Probe

In the TC61 the measuring probe is made up of a mineral insulated insert (MgO) positioned inside the thermowell. The employed MgO cable is compliant with the norm DIN EN 61515 (IEC 1515) or ASME E585 depending on the requested version. The insert length is available in the standard dimensions DIN 43772 and in the most commonly used ones, or it can be personalized by the client within a range of values (refer to "Sales Structure" at the end of the document).

For replacement, the length of the insert (IL) must be chosen in compliance with the immersion length (L) of the thermowell (see fig. 6). If spare parts are required, refer to the following table.

With regards to the thermowell, the surface roughness (Ra) of the wetted parts is 0.8 mm, while the various kinds of tips (reduced or tapered) are described in fig. 6;

Thermowell type	Tip of the sensor	Insert type	Insert	(E) Neck	Insert Length (mm)
	Straight		Ø = 6  mm		
TW 10	Reduced on Ø 9 and Ø			E = 80/82 mm	
TW 13	11	TPC100/TPC3		E =	IL = L + E + 33
	Tapered on Ø 9	00	Ø = 3  mm	145/147mm	
	Tapered on Ø 12				
	Straight		Ø = 6  mm		
TW 12	Reduced on $Ø$ 9 and $Ø$			E = 80/82 mm	
	11	TPC100/TPC3		E =	IL = L + 63
	Tapered on Ø 9	00	Ø = 3  mm	145/147mm	
	Tapered on Ø 12				
	Straight		Ø = 6  mm		
TW 11	Reduced on $Ø$ 9 and $Ø$				
(GAS)	11	TPC100/TPC3		11	IL = L + 70
	Tapered on Ø 9	00	Ø = 3  mm		
	Tapered on Ø 12				
	Straight		Ø = 6  mm		
TW 11	Reduced on Ø 9 and Ø				
(NPT)	11	TPC100/TPC3		11	IL = L + 75
	Tapered on Ø 9	00	Ø = 3  mm	1	
	Tapered on Ø 12				

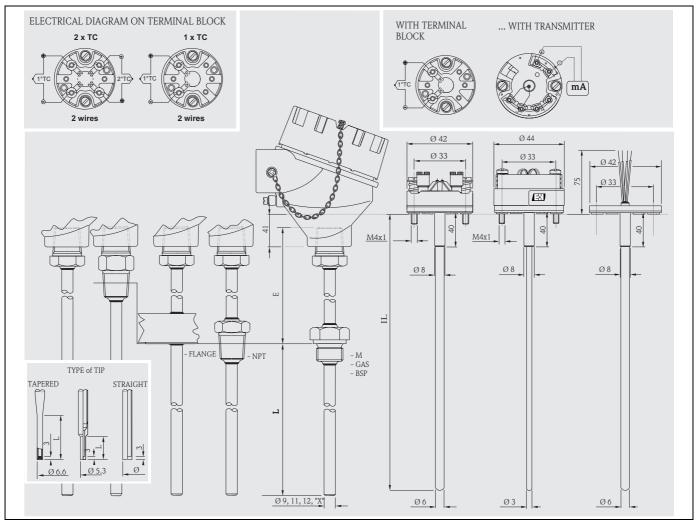


Fig. 6: Functional components, standard electrical diagrams (ceramic terminal block), Tip on the end of the probe

## Certificates & approvals

Ex approval	<ul> <li>ATEX Certificate CESI 05ATEX038 for explosion proof type of protection: ATEX II 2 GD EEx-d IIC T6T5 T85°T100°C. The TC61 is C€ marked.</li> <li>With regards to the NAMUR NE 24 certificate and the Manufacturer's Declaration according to the standard EN 50018, EN 50020, EN 50281-1-1, EN 50281-1-2, E+H Customer Service will be able to provide further detailed information.</li> </ul>
PED approval	The Pressure Equipment Directive (97/23/CE) is respected. As paragraph 2.1 of article 1 is not applicable to

The Pressure Equipment Directive (97/23/CE) is respected. As paragraph 2.1 of article 1 is not applicable to these types of instruments. The **C c** mark according to PED Directive is not requested.

Material certification	The material certificate EN 10204 3.1 can be directly selected from the sale structure of the product and refers to the parts of the sensor in contact with the process fluid. Other types of certificates related to materials can be requested separately. The "short form" certificate includes a semplified declaration with no enclosures of documents related to the materials used in the construction of the single sensor and guarantees the traceability of the materials through the identification number of the thermometer. The data related to the origin of the materials can subsequently be requested by the client if necessary.
Test on thermowell	The pressure tests are carried out at ambient temperature in order to verify the resistance of the thermowell to the specifications indicated by the norm DIN 43772. With regards to the thermowells that do not comply with this norm (with a reduced tip, a tapered tip on a 9 mm tube, special dimensions,), the pressure of the corresponding straight tube with similar dimensions is verified. The sensors certified for use in Ex Zones, are always tested to pressure according to the same criterions.

## Further details

Maintenance

The Omnigrad S TC61 thermometers do not require any specific maintenance. In the case of ATEX certified components (transmitter, insert or thermowell) please refer to the corresponding specific relevant documentation (at the end of the document).

## Ordering information

Sales structure	TC61-	Omnigrad S TC61. Thermocouple thermometer         Thermometer complete of DIN style pipe thermowell.         Replaceable mineral insulated inset, spring loaded in terminal head, IP66 - IP68 connection with epoxy coating.         Two operating and measurement ranges: from -40 to 750°C (with TC J); -40 to 1100°C (with TC K)         Approval:         A         Non-harzarus area         F       *ATEX II 2 GD EEx d IIC						
		E M			2 GD EEx d IIC			
				,	terial, IP grade			
			A Y		Alu. epoxy coating, , IP66/IP68 version, to be specified			
				Cable	e entry			
					x 1/2 NPT			
			2 x 1/2 NPT					
		<b>C</b> 1 x 3/4 NPT						
				_	2 x 3/4 NPT			
					x M20 x1,5			
					2 x M20 x1,5 Special version, to be specified			
				1	· / ·			
					Pipe Diameter; Material: (price for 100 mm of L)			
					<b>A</b> 9 mm; 316L			
				E				
				I				
				H				
		<b>F</b> 12 mm; 316Ti						
		G 9 mm; Hastelloy® C276 H 11 mm; Hastelloy® C276						
		J 9 mm; Inconel® 600						
		<b>K</b> 11 mm; Inconel® 600						
				) N				
	1			1	opecial version, to be opeciated			

		ck leng							
	0	Not ne							
	1	80 mn							
	2	82 mn							
	3	145 m							
	4	147 m							
	X	mm							
	Y	Specia	ı versi	ion, to	be sp	ecified			
		Proce				n:			
		AA	Not n	needeo	i				
			-			150 RF B16.5; 316L			
			-			300 RF B16.5; 316L			
						DIN 43772; 316Ti			
						IN 43772; 316Ti			
					/2" ; (				
					/4";: " 21/				
					";310 77 NIT				
		-				T; 316L			
						T; 316L			
			-			40 B1 EN1092-1; 316L			
		EB	-			40 B1 EN1092-1; 316L			
			-			40 B1 EN1092-1; 316L			
			-			40 B1 EN1092-1; 316Ti 40 B1 EN1092-1; 316Ti			
						40 BI EN1092-1; 31011 40 BI EN1092-1; 316Ti			
						40 B1 EN1092-1; S1011 40 B1 EN1092-1; Hastelloy® C276 > 316L			
			-			40 B1 EN1092-1; Hastelloy® C276 > 316L			
			-						
					<ul> <li>/2" NPT; Hastelloy® C276</li> <li>1/2" A DIN 43772; Hastelloy® C276</li> <li>N25 PN40 B1 EN1092-1; Inconel® 600 &gt; 316L</li> <li>V50 PN40 B1 EN1092-1; Inconel® 600 &gt; 316L</li> <li>/2"NPT; Inconel® 600</li> <li>1/2" A DIN 43772; Inconel® 600</li> <li>/2", 316L</li> </ul>				
		LA							
			-						
			-						
					2", PTFE				
				,	, 316I				
					, PTFI				
						o be specified			
			Tin	Shap	<b>A</b>				
			M	_		L >= 80 mm			
			R			L >= 60  mm			
			S	Strai					
			T		-	. >= 100 mm			
			w	-		IN 43772-3G, L >= 120 mm			
			Y	-		sion, to be specified			
				-					
				Imr X	mi	m			
				л Ү		ial version, to be specified			
						ad transmitter; Range:			
					F	Flying leads			
					C	Terminal block			
					P	TMT181-A, PCP, fromto°C, 2-wire, isolated			
					Q	TMT181-B, PCP ATEX, fromto°C, 2-wire, isolated			
					R	TMT182-A, HART®, fromto°C, 2-wire, isolated			
					T	TMT182-B, HART® ATEX, fromto°C, 2-wire, isolated			
					S	TMT184-A, Profibus PA®, fromto°C, 2-wire, isolated			
					V	TMT184-B, Profibus PA® ATEX, fromto°C, 2-wire, isolated			
					1	THT1 separate item			
					9	Special version, to be specified			
1 1 1									
						TC Accuracy; Material;			

					TC	Accu	curacy; Material;
					В	2x ty	type K Cl. 1 special; Inconel®600
					Ε	1 x ty	t type J Cl. 1 special; SS 316L
					F	2x ty	t type J Cl. 1 special; SS 316L
					Y	Spec	ecial version, to be specified
						TC	C standard; Hot junction;
						1	EN 60584; ungrounded
						2	EN 60584; grounded
						3	ANSI MC96.1; ungrounded
						4	ANSI MC96.1; grounded
						9	Special version, to be specified
							Additional options
							A TW10, Assembly
							B TW11, Assembly
							C TW12, Assembly
							D TW13, Assembly
							Y Special version, to be specified
							0 Not needed
TC61-							$\Leftarrow$ Order code (complete)

Sales structure

HT1 Model and version of the head transmitte	r
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THT1	Mode	odel and version of the head transmitter			
	F11	TMT	181-A PCP, 2-wire, isolated, programmable fromto°C		
	F21	TMT	181-B PCP ATEX, 2-wire, isolated, programmable fromto°C		
	F22	TMT	181-C PCP FM IS, 2-wire, isolated, programmable fromto°C		
	F23	TMT	181-D PCP CSA, 2-wire, isolated, programmable fromto°C		
	F24	TMT	181-E PCP ATEX II3D, 2-wire, isolated, programmable fromto°C		
	F25	TMT	181-F PCP ATEX II3D, 2-wire, isolated, programmable fromto°C		
	L11	TMT	182-A HART®, 2-wire, isolated, programmable fromto°C		
	L21	TMT	182-B HART® ATEX, 2-wire, isolated, programmable fromto°C		
	L22	TMT	182-C HART® FM IS, 2-wire, isolated, programmable fromto°C		
	L23	TMT	182-D HART® CSA, 2-wire, isolated, programmable fromto°C		
	L24	TMT	182-E HART® ATEX II3D, 2-wire, isolated, programmable fromto°C		
	L25	TMT	182-F HART® ATEX II3D, 2-wire, isolated, programmable fromto°C		
	K11	TMT	184-A PROFIBUS-PA®, 2-wire, programmable fromto°C		
	K21	TMT	184-B PROFIBUS-PA® ATEX, 2-wire, programmable fromto°C		
	K22	TMT	184-C PROFIBUS-PA® FM IS, 2-wire, programmable fromto°C		
	K23	TMT	184-D PROFIBUS-PA® CSA, 2-wire, programmable fromto°C		
	K24	TMT	184-E PROFIBUS-PA® CSA, 2-wire, programmable fromto°C		
	K25	TMT	184-F PROFIBUS-PA® ATEX II3D, 2-wire, isolated, programmable fromto°C		
	YYY	Speci	al transmitter		
		Application and services			
		1	Assembled into position		
		9	Special version		
THT1-			← Order code (complete)		

# Supplementary documentation

<ul> <li>Brochure Field of activities - Temperature measurement</li> <li>Temperature head transmitter iTEMP® PCP TMT181</li> <li>Temperature head transmitter iTEMP® HART® TMT182</li> <li>Temperature head transmitter iTEMP® PA TMT184</li> <li>TC insert for temperature sensors - Omniset TPC100</li> <li>TC insert for temperature sensors - Omniset TPC300 (to be released)</li> <li>Safety instructions for use in hazardous areas (TPC300 to be released)</li> <li>TA fittings &amp; sockets Omnigrad TA50, TA55, TA60, TA70, TA75</li> <li>TC thermometers Omnigrad TSC - General information</li> <li>Thermowell for temperature sensor - Omnigrad M TW10</li> <li>Thermowell for temperature sensor - Omnigrad M TW11</li> </ul>	FA006T/09/en TI070R/09/en TI078R/09/en TI079R/09/en TI278T/02/en TI291T/02/en TI091T/02/en TI090T/02/en TI261T/02/en TI263T/02/en
<ul> <li>Thermowell for temperature sensor - Omnigrad M TW11</li> <li>Thermowell for temperature sensor - Omnigrad M TW12</li> <li>Thermowell for temperature sensor - Omnigrad M TW13</li> </ul>	TI263T/02/en TI264T/02/en TI264T/02/en

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TI285T/02/en/07.05 FM+SGML6.0 71105554