# Accessories Diagnostic accessories

### Analyzer for encoders - HENQ 1100



#### Part number

HENQ 1100 Analyzer for encoders

#### Description

The Baumer Hübner ENcoder Quality Measurement System HENQ 1100 is a hand-held testing instrument for incremental encoders with HTL/TTL or sin/cos signal output.

Fast signal processing enables quick tracking of sporadic errors, for example caused by interference in the signal leads or short voltage drop-outs in power supply. In addition, both angular position and speed are continuously shown in the display.

Besides the Baumer encoders, also those of other brands with TTL/HTL or sin/cos signals can be utilized. Encoder supply is either by the HENQ 1100 or an external source. This way, the encoder allows for independent operation offline the standard supply and also eavesdropping on a running system.

Device operation is by the integrated, user-friendly keypad and a 4-line LCD display with backlight.

Measured values of several encoders can be compiled and saved in the memory for further evaluation.

User-defined profiles can be used to program various thresholds as parameters, for instance:

- permissible phase deviation
- permissible pulse/pause ratio

Besides visual error messages on the LCD display, the integrated buzzer will give an acoustic alarm. HENQ 1100 will come with a power pack (12 V power pack with integrated charging circuitry) as an option to enable mains-independent operation for up to 5 hours. Encoder supply by HENQ 1100 is also enabled when battery-powered.

#### Features

- Analyzer for encoders
- Continuous monitoring and display of encoder data (speed, angular position, position of the zero pulse, phase shift, pulse/pause ratio, voltage range etc.)
- Continuous error monitoring (elimination of signal disturbances, comparison of the nominal/actual number of pulses per turn, check of the quadrature coding)
- Individual error messages
- Windows applications software for the PC, for graphical display and statistical evaluation of the measurements
- Recording of measurements and error messages

#### **Technical data**

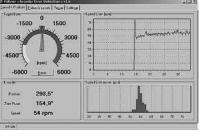
HENQ 1100	
Voltage supply	930 VDC
Current consumption	≤500 mA
Permissible ambient temperature	-10+50 °C
Accumulator as option Accumulator voltage Subthreshold warning Charging time Operating time	12 V nominal 10 V 5 hours ~5 hours
Input	SUB-D female 15 pin
Outputs	SUB-D male 15 pin RS-485 (female 9 pin) Option: RS-232
Encoder	
Output frequency	≤250 kHz
Encoder power supplied from the HENQ 1100	$U_1 = UB - 1 V or$ $U_2 = 5 V$
Current consumption with encoder power supplied from the HENQ 1100 *	≤300 mA
External supply voltage with measuring signal looped through	$U_1 = U_{REG1}$ or $U_2 = U_{REG2}$
Current consumption with externer supply voltage and encoder signal looped through *	≤500 mA

\* limited by polymer fuse

# Data display via measurement program for PC or Laptop (RS-485 interface):

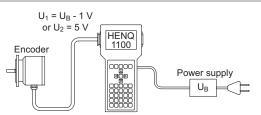
Display of

- Angular position
- Zero pulse position
- Speed
- Voltage and current
- Error messages

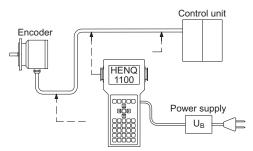


## Analyzer for encoders - HENQ 1100

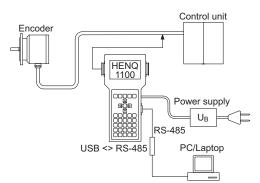
#### **Connection examples**



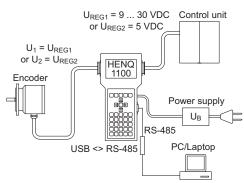
Encoder supply from the HENQ 1100



Error analysis through a step-by-step check of the test signal at various points in the signal path



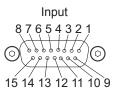
Long-term monitoring by a PC to detect sporadic errors

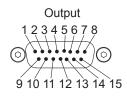


Long-term monitoring with simultaneous filtering of the looped-through measuring signal

Terminal assignment			
Input/Output SUB-D Female/male, 15 pin			
Input Assignment female	Output Assignment male		
A+ (K1)	A+ (K1)		
A- ( <del>K1</del> )	A- ( <del>K1</del> )		
B+ (K2)	B+ (K2)		
B- ( <del>K2</del> )	B- ( <del>K2</del> )		
R+ (K0) [zero pulse]	R+ (K0) [zero pulse]		
R- (K0) [zero pulse inv.]	R- (K0) [zero pulse inv.]		
n.c.	n.c.		
n.c.	n.c.		
U <sub>1</sub> = 9 30 VDC	U <sub>REG1</sub> = 9 30 VDC *		
U <sub>1</sub> = 9 30 VDC	U <sub>REG1</sub> = 9 30 VDC *		
$U_2 = 5 \text{ VDC}$	U <sub>REG2</sub> = 5 VDC *		
U <sub>2</sub> = 5 VDC	U <sub>REG2</sub> = 5 VDC *		
GND	GND		
GND	GND		
GND	GND		
	Image: 15 pin   Input   Assignment female   A+ (K1)   A- (K1)   B+ (K2)   B- (K2)   R+ (K0) [zero pulse]   R- (K0) [zero pulse]   R- (K0) [zero pulse inv.]   n.c.   n.c.   U <sub>1</sub> = 9 30 VDC   U <sub>2</sub> = 5 VDC   U <sub>2</sub> = 5 VDC   GND   GND		

\* from control unit





#### **RS-485** interface

	Assignment	
Pin 1	B (D-)	
Pin 2	A (D+)	
Pin 3	B (D-)	
Pin 8	A (D+)	



The output signals of the HENQ 1100 are always differential! It is not possible to make a daisy-chain signal loop with sinewave signals.