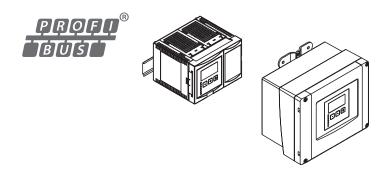


# Brief Operating Instructions Prosonic S FMU95

Transmitter for 5 or 10 ultrasonic sensors



These Instructions are Brief Operating Instructions; they do not replace the Operating Instructions included in the scope of supply.

For detailed information, refer to the Operating Instructions and other documentation on the CD-ROM provided or visit "www.endress.com/ deviceviewer".

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# 1 Safety Instructions

# 1.1 Designated use

The Prosonic S FMU95 is a transmitter for the ultrasonic sensors FDU90, FDU91, FDU91F, FDU92, FDU93, FDU95 and FDU96. The sensors of the class FDU8x can be connected as well.

# 1.2 Installation, commissioning, operation

The Prosonic S FMU95 is fail-safe and constructed to the state-of-the-art. It meets the appropriate standards and EC directives. However, if you use it improperly or other than for its designated use, it may pose application-specific hazards, e.g. product overflow due to incorrect installation or configuration. Installation, electrical connection, start-up, operation and maintenance of the measuring device must therefore be carried out exclusively by trained specialists authorised by the system operator. Technical personnel must have read and understood these operating instructions and must adhere to them. You may only undertake modifications or repair work to the device when it is expressly permitted by the operating instructions.

# 1.3 Operational safety and process safety

- Alternative monitoring measures must be taken to ensure operational safety and process safety during confiugration, testing and maintenance work on the device.
- The device is safely built and tested according to state-of-the-art technology and has left the factory in perfect condition as regards technical safety. The applicable regulations and European standards have been taken into account.
- Pay particular attention to the technical data on the nameplate.
- If the device is to be installed in an explosion hazardous area, then the specifications in the certificate as well as all national and local regulations must be observed. The device is accompanied by separate "Ex documentation", which is an integral part of this Operating Instructions. The installation regulations, connection values and Safety Instructions listed in this Ex document must be observed. The documentation number of the related Safety Instructions is also indicated.
- If using devices for applications with safety integrity level, the separate manual on functional safety must be observed thoroughly (→ see CD-ROM).

# / Warning!

The sensors FDU83, FDU84, FDU85 and FDU86 with an ATEX, FM or CSA certificate are not certified for connection to the FMU90 transmitter.

# 1.4 Return

Follow the instructions on returning the device as outlined in the Operating Instructions on the CD-ROM provided.

# 1.5 Safety icons

Safety conventions				
$\wedge$	Warning! A warning highlights actions or procedures which, if not performed correctly, will lead to personal injury, a safety hazard or destruction of the instrument			
Ċ	Caution! Caution highlights actions or procedures which, if not performed correctly, may lead to personal injury or incorrect functioning of the instrument			
	<b>Note!</b> A note highlights actions or procedures which, if not performed correctly, may indirectly affect operation or may lead to an instrument response which is not planned			
Explosion p	rotection			
(Ex)	Device certified for use in explosion hazardous area If the device has this symbol embossed on its name plate it can be installed in an explosion hazardous area			
EX	<b>Explosion hazardous area</b> Symbol used in drawings to indicate explosion hazardous areas. Devices located in and wiring entering areas with the designation "explosion hazardous areas" must conform with the stated type of protection.			
X	Safe area (non-explosion hazardous area) Symbol used in drawings to indicate, if necessary, non-explosion hazardous areas. Devices located in safe areas still require a certificate if their outputs run into explosion hazardous areas			

# 2 Mounting

# 2.1 Incoming acceptance, storage

### 2.1.1 Incoming acceptance

Check the packing and contents for any signs of damage. Check the shipment, make sure nothing is missing and that the scope of supply matches your order.

# 2.1.2 Storage

Pack the measuring instrument so that is protected against impacts for storage and transport. The original packing material provides the optimum protection for this. The permissible storage temperature is -40 to +60 °C (-40 to +140 °F).

# 2.2 Installation

#### 2.2.1 Installation conditions of the field housing

#### Weather protection

In order to avoid excessive sunlight exposure, the instrument should be mounted in a position which is protected against direct sunlight or a protection cover should be applied.

#### Overvoltage protection

In order to protect the Prosonic against overvoltages (especially if mounted outdoors), connection of an overvoltage protection is recommended.

#### Wall mounting

A mounting help for wall mounting is supplied. It also serves as drilling template. The mounting help should be mounted on a flat surface and may not become distorted.

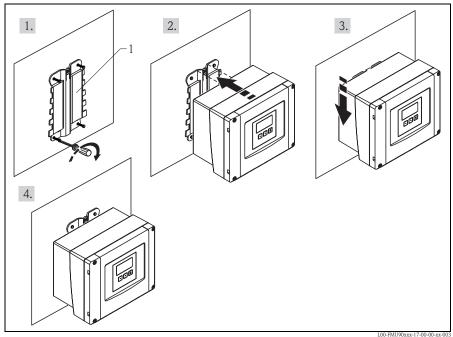
#### Pipe mounting

Note!

A mounting plate is available for mounting of the field housing to 1" to 2" pipes.



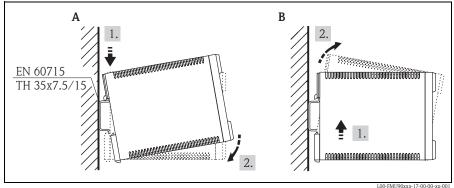
For more information and details, see the Operating Instructions BA00344F, chapter "Accessories" on the CD-ROM provided.



Wall mounting with mounting help (1)

#### 2.2.2 Installation conditions of the DIN-rail housing

- The DIN-rail housing must be mounted outside hazardous areas in a cabinet.
- The housing is mounted on a DIN rail EN 60715 TH 35 x 7.5 or TH 37 x 15.
- Do not install the instrument in the vicinity of high-voltage lines, motor lines, contactors or frequency converters. The installation regulations for high-voltage lines, motor lines, contactors or frequency converters must be observed.
- To ensure easy mounting and opening of the housing, a distance of approx. 10 mm (0.39 in) should be kept between the instruments.
- In order to avoid interference signals, the sensor cables must not be laid parallel to high voltage or electric power lines.
- The cables may not be laid in the proximity to frequency converters.



**A** Attaching the instrument to the rail

B Detaching the instrument from the rail

Note!

Please refer to the dimension of the Technical Information TI00398F on the CD-ROM provided.

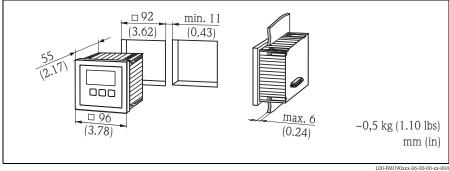
# 2.3 Mounting the remote display and operating module

### 2.3.1 Scope of delivery

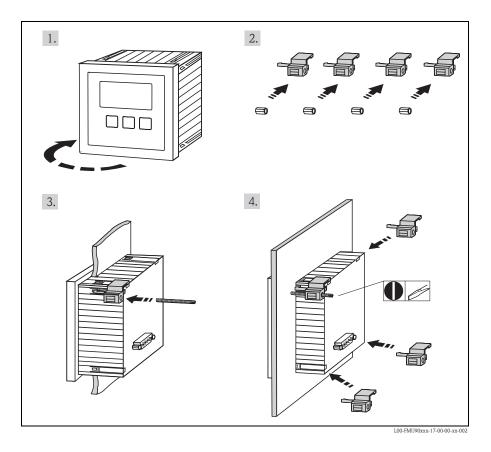
If the Prosonic S is ordered with the display for cabinet door mounting, the following is contained in the scope of delivery:

- Display and operating module 96 x 96 mm (3.78 x 3.78 in)
- 4 retainers (with nuts and screws)  $\rightarrow \exists 8$  "Mounting"
- Connection cable (3 m (9.8 ft)) for connection to the transmitter (preassembled with suitable plugs).

# 2.3.2 Dimensions



# 2.3.3 Mounting



Note!

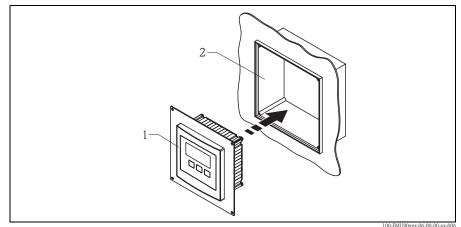
For more information and details, see the Operating Instructions BA00344F on the CD-ROM provided.

#### 2.3.4 Adaption plate

If an opening of  $138 \times 138 \text{ mm}$  (5.43 x 5.43 in) and the remote display of the Prosonic FMU860/861/862 are already present, you can use the adaption plate (Order Code: 52027441). It is inserted into the remote display of the FMU860/861/862.

🐑 Note!

The adapter plate is mounted directly in the housing of the old remote display of the FMU86x series. The housing of the remote display of the FMU86x is the holder for the adapter plate and the new remote display of the FMU90/FMU95 in the format 96 x 96 mm ( $3.78 \times 3.78$  in).



1 Remote display of the FMU90 with adaption plate

2 Remote display of the FMU860/861/862

# 2.4 Mounting of the sensors

Information on the mounting of the sensors can be found in the following documents:

- Technical Information TI00189F (for FDU8x)
- Technical Information TI00396F (for FDU9x)

These documents are supplied with the sensors.

# 2.5 Installation check

After installing the device, carry out the following checks:

- Is the device damaged (visual inspection)?
- Does the device correspond to the meausring point specifications such as process temperature, process pressure, ambient temperature, measuring range etc?
- If available: Are the measuring point number and labelling correct?
- Is the instrument sufficiently protected against rainfall and direct sunlight?
- For the field housing: Are the cable glands tightened correctly?
- Is the instrument securely mounted to the DIN rail or the mounting help (visual inspection)?
- For the field housing: Are the screws of the terminal compartment cover securely tightened (visual inspection)?

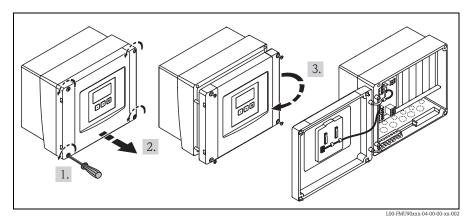
# 3 Wiring

 $\triangle$ 

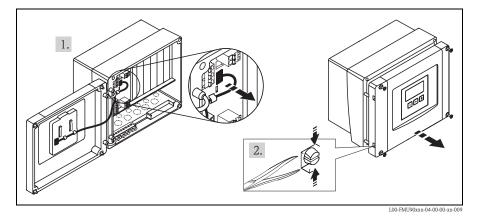
Warning! The instrument may only be installed if the supply voltage is switched off.

# 3.1 Terminal compartment of the field housing

The field housing has a separate terminal compartment. It can be opened after loosening the four screws of the lid.



For easier wiring, the lid can be completely removed by unplugging the display plug and loosening the hinges:

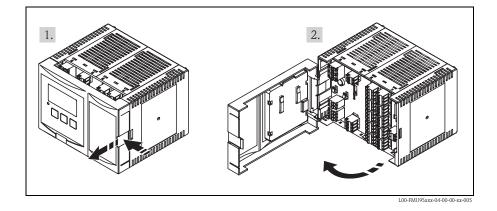


#### 3.1.1 Cable entries of the field housing

The following openings for cable entries are prestamped on the bottom of the housing: M20x1.5 (10 openings), M16x1.5 (5 openings), M25x1.5 (1 opening) The required number and types of cable entries depend on the application at hand.

# 3.2 Terminal compartment of the DIN-rail housing

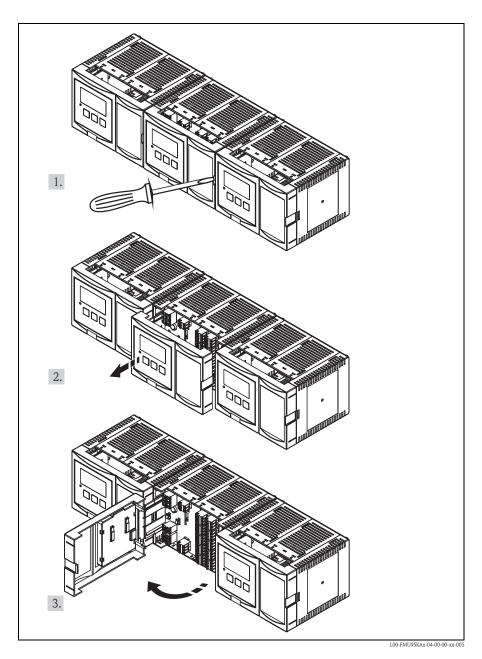
#### 3.2.1 Single instrument





Note!

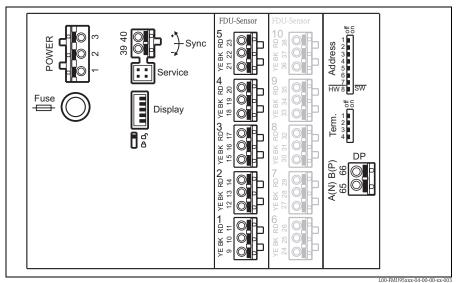
- The cables can be inserted into the housing from above or from below.
- The pictures show the smallest housing version but are valid for the larger versions as well.
- If the instruments are mounted next to each other and if the sensor cables run in parallel, the synchronization terminals (39 and 40) must be interconnected ( $\rightarrow \square$  13, "Terminal assignment" and  $\rightarrow \square$  16, "Synchronization line").



# 3.2.2 Several instruments mounted side by side

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# 3.3 Terminal assignment



Terminals of the Prosonic S FMU95; the terminals depicted in grey are not present in every instrument version.

Terminals	Meaning	Remarks				
Auxiliary er	Auxiliary energy					
1	<ul> <li>L (for AC version)</li> <li>L+ (for DC version)</li> </ul>	depending on instrument version:				
2	<ul> <li>N (for AC version)</li> <li>L- (for DC version)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>90 253 V<sub>AC</sub></li> <li>10.5 32 V<sub>DC</sub></li> </ul>				
3	Potential equalization					
Fuse		depending on instrument version: • 400 mA T (for AC) • 2 A T (for DC)				
Bus commu	inication	<u> </u>				
65	PROFIBUS A (RxT/TxD - N)					
66	PROFIBUS B (RxT/TxD - P)					
Synchroniz	ation	·				
39, 40	Synchronization	$\rightarrow$ 🖹 16, "Synchronization line"				

Terminals	Meaning	Remarks	
Level inputs			
09,10,11	Sensor 1 (FDU8x/9x)		
12, 13, 14	Sensor 2 (FDU8x/9x)	VE. usllour strond	
15, 16, 17	Sensor 3 (FDU8x/9x)	YE: yellow strand BK: black strand	
18, 19, 20	Sensor 4 (FDU8x/9x)	— RD: red strand —	
21, 22, 23	Sensor 5 (FDU8x/9x)		
24, 25, 26	Sensor 6 (FDU8x/9x)		
27, 28, 29	Sensor 7 (FDU8x/9x)	only available for the version with 10 sensor inputs	
30, 31, 32	Sensor 8 (FDU8x/9x)	YE: yellow strand	
33, 34, 35	Sensor 9 (FDU8x/9x)	BK: black strand RD: red strand	
36, 37, 38	Sensor 10 (FDU8x/9x)	]	



# Warning!

When using the public supply mains, an easily accesible power switch must be installed in the proximity of the device. The power switch must be marked as a disconnector for the device (IEC/EN 61010).



#### Note!

- In order to avoid interference signals, the sensor cables should not be laid parallel to high voltage or electric power lines.
- The cables may not be laid in the proximity to frequnecy converters.

Designation Meaning/Remarks	
Fuse	Fuse: 2 A T /DC or 400 mA T/AC
Display	Connection of the display or the remote display and operating module ( $\rightarrow \geqq 17)$
Service Service interface for connection of a PC/Notebook via Commubox FXA291	
Locking switch	
Term.	Bus termination
Address	Bus address

#### Additional elements on the terminal areas



#### Warning!

On wiring, the supply voltage must be switched off.



Hinweis!

- Information on the structure of a PROFIBUS DP network can be found in the Operating Instructions BA00034S ("PROFIBUS PA/DP - Guidelines for planning and commissioning".
- For more information and details, see the Operating Instructions BA00344F on the CD-ROM provided.

#### 3.4 Sensor connection

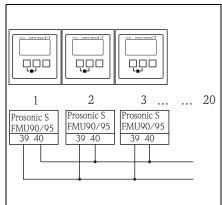
Information on the mounting of the sensors can be found in the following documents:

- Technical Information TI00189F (for FDU8x)
- Technical Information TI00396F (for FDU9x)

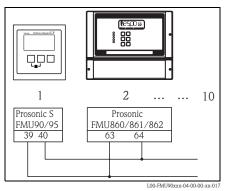
These documents are supplied with the sensors.

# 3.5 Synchronization line

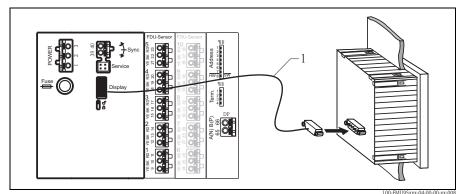
- If wiring several Prosonic S (FMU90/FMU95) which are mounted in a common cabinet and if the sensor cables run in parallel, the synchronization terminals (39 and 40) must be interconnected.
- Up to 20 instruments can be synchronized in this way.
- The synchronization causes the evaluation units FMU9x to send the pulses simultaneously. Only after all sensors have received their signal, new simultaneous pulses are sent. This prevents pulses in the sensor cable of one sensor from influencing the received signal on the cable of a different sensor.
- If there are more than 20 instruments, groups must be formed, each containing a maximum of 20 instruments. For the instruments within each group, the sensor cables may run in parallel. The sensor cables of different groups must be seperated from each other.
- Usual commercial screened cable can be used for synchronization
  - max. length: 10 m (33 ft) between the individual instruments
  - cross section: 2 x (0.75 to 2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (18 to 14 AWG))
  - for lengths up to 1 m (3.3 ft), an unscreened cable can be used; for lenghts exceeding 1 m (3.3 ft), screening is required. The screen must be connected to ground
- Instruments of the Prosonic FMU86x family can be connected to the synchronization line as well. In this case a maximum of 10 instruments can be connected to each synchronisation line.



L00-FMU90xxx-04-00-00-xx-004



# 3.6 Connection of the separate display and operating module



1 Connection of the display plug with the cable (3 m (9.8 ft))

For the version of the Prosonic S with a separate display for panel mounting, a pre-assembled connecting cable (3 m (9.8 ft)) is supplied. The cable must be connected to the display plug of the Prosonic S.

# Note!

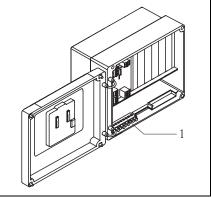
Minimum diameter for cable bushing: 20 mm (0.79 in).

# 3.7 Potential equalization

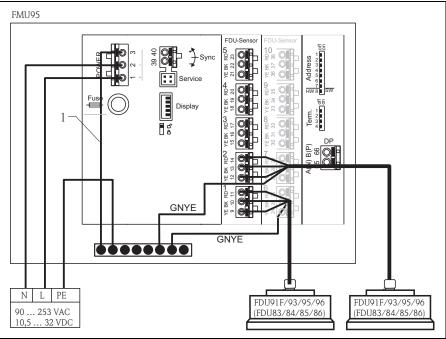
### 3.7.1 Potential equalization in the field housing

#### / Warning!

The grounding line of the sensors FDU91F/93/95/96 and FDU83/84/85/86 must be connected to the local potential equalization system **after a maximum of 30 m** (98 ft). The metallic terminal block (1) in the field housing can be used for this.



# Example



1 The wire is already connected on delivery

L00-FMU95xxx-04-00-00-xx-009

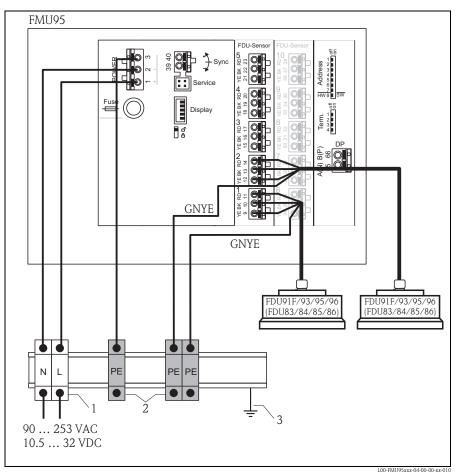
#### 3.7.2 Potential equalization for the DIN-rail hosuing

If the DIN-rail housing is used, the potential equalization must be connected in the cabinet, e.g. at a metallic DIN rail:



# Warning!

The grounding line of the sensors FDU91F/93/95/96 and FDU83/84/85/86 must be connected to the local potential equalization system **after a maximum of 30 m (98 ft).** 



1 Terminal (isolated from the DIN rail)

2 Protective earth terminal (with contact to the DIN rail)

3 Protective ground via DIN rail

# Caution!

The signal evaluation electronics and its direct connections (display interface, service interface etc.) are galvanically isolated from the supply voltage and the communication signals. Their electric potential is identiacal to the potential of the sensor electronics. Pay attention to the potential difference if the sensors are connected to ground!



Note!

The longest required distance has to be taken into account when removing the jacket of the sensor cable (GNYE in the above example).

# 3.8 Post-connection check

After wiring the transmitter, carry out the following checks:

- Is the terminal assignment correct?
- For the field housing: Are the cable glands tight and is the cover of the terminal compartment securely closed?
- If auxiliary energy is switched on: Does a display appear on the display module (if available) and does the green LED light up?

#### 4 Operation

#### 4.1 **Operating options**

On-site operation

via the display and operating module at the Prosonic S

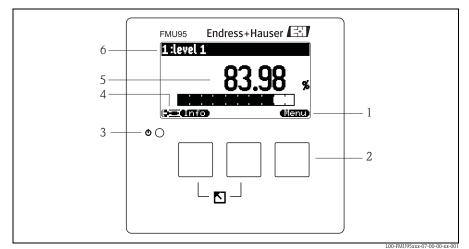
- Remote operation
  - Via the service interface with the Commubox FXA291 and the operating program FieldCare
  - Via PROFIBUS DP with the PROFIcard, PROFIboard or PROFIusb
  - Acyclic data exchange, SLOT index tables

#### Ø Note!

For more information and details, see the Operating Instructions BA00344F on the CD-ROM provided.

#### 4.2 Operation via the display and operating module

#### 4.2.1 Display and operating elements



1 Softkey symbol

- 2 Key
- 3 LED indicating the operating state
- 4 Display symbols5 Value of the parameter, including unit
- 6 Name of the parameter

# Display symbols

Symbol	Meaning				
Operating mode of the inst	Operating mode of the instrument				
	<b>User</b> User parameters can be edited. Service parameters are locked.				
() 1953)	Diagnosis The service interface is connected.				
	Service User and service parameters can be edited.				
( <b>C)(TI</b> )	Locked All parameters are locked.				
Locking state of the curren	tly displayed parameter				
620	Display parameter The parameter can <b>not</b> be edited in the current operating mode of the instrument.				
<b>2</b>	Editable parameter The parameter can be edited.				
Scroll-Symbole					
•	Scroll list available Indicates that the list contains more parameters than can be represented on the display. By pressing f or f repeatedly, all parameters of the list can be accessed.				
Navigation in the envelope	curve display				
44	Move left				
**	Move right				
•	Zoom in				
H	Zoom out				

# Keys (softkey operation)

The function of the keys depends on the current position within the operating menu (softkey functionality). The key functions are indicated by softkey symbols in the bottom line of the display.

Symbol	Meaning
<b>(E: 20</b>	Move downwards Moves the marking bar downwards within a selection list.
(E: 3D	Move upwards Moves the marking bar upwards within a selection list.
	Enter
	<ul><li>Opens the marked submenu, the marked parameter set or the marked parameter</li><li>Confirms the edited parameter value</li></ul>
(K:3D	Previous parameter set Reopens the previous parameter set within the submenu.
<b>(E: 2D</b>	Next parameter set Opens the next parameter set within the submenu.
	<b>Confirm selection</b> Selects the option of a selection list which is currently marked by the bar.
	Increase value Increases the active digit of an alphanumeric parameter.
	Decrease value Decreases the active digit of an alphanumeric parameter
(E.75	Error list Opens the list of all errors which are currently detected. If a warning is present, this symbol flashes. If an alarm is present, the symbol is displayed continuously.
	Change Display Change to the next page of measured values (only available if more than one pages of measu- red values have been defined; see "display" menu)
	Info Opens the Shortcut Menu, which contains the most important information about the current state of the instrument
(ient)	Menu Opens the Main Menu, which contains <b>all</b> parameters of the Prosonic S

# General key combinations

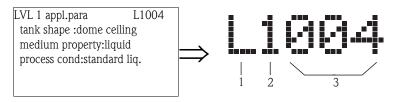
The following key combinations do not depend on the menu position:

Key combination	Meaning		
	<ul> <li>Escape</li> <li>While editing a parameter: Exit the editing mode without accepting the changes.</li> <li>Within the navigation: Move upwards to the previous layer of the menu.</li> </ul>		
	Increase contrast Increases the contrast of the display module.		
	Decrease contrast Decreases the contrast of the display module.		
	<b>Locking</b> Locks the instrument against parameter changes. The instrument can only be unlocked again by the keys.		

#### 4.2.2 The operating menu

#### Structure of the menu

The parameters of the Prosonic S are organized in an operating menu (consisting of a main menu and several submenus). Parameters which are related to each other are comprised in a common parameter set. To simplify the navigation within the menu, a five-digit position code is displayed with each parameter set.



Identification of the parameter sets: 1 Submenu

2 Number of the associated input or output

3 Number of the parameter set within the submenus

🗞 Note!

More information for selection and editing of parameters refer to the Operating Instructions BA00344F on the provided CD-ROM.

# 5 Commissioning

# 5.1 Setting the device address

### 5.1.1 Selecting the device address

- Every PROFIBUS device must be given an address. If the address is not set correctly, the device will not be recognised by the process control system.
- A device address may appear only once within a particular PROFIBUS network.
- Valid device addresses are in the range between 1 and 126. All devices are delivered from the factory with the address 126, which is set by software.
- The default address can be used to check the function of the device and connect it to an operating PROFIBUS system. Afterwards the address must be changed to allow other devices to be connected to the network.

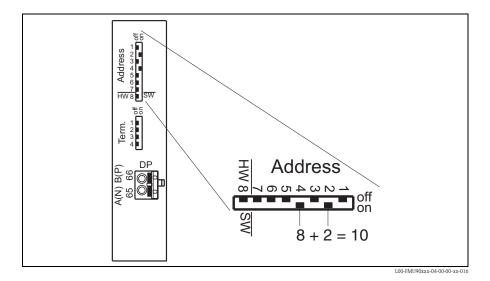
# 5.1.2 Software addressing

Software addressing comes into operation, when DIP-switch 8 on the PROFIBUS DP terminal area is in the position "ON".

In this case, the address can be set by an operating tool ("FieldCare").

The address is displayed in the function "Output-calculations/PROFIBUS DP/instrument address".

### 5.1.3 Hardware addressing



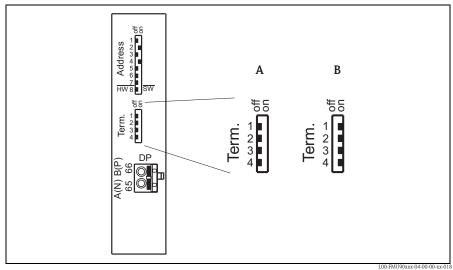
Hardware addressing comes into operation when DIP switch 8 is in the position "HW (OFF)". In this case the address is determined by the position of DIP-switches 1 to 7 according to the following table:

Switch No.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Value in position "OFF"	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Value in Position "ON"	1	2	4	8	16	32	64

The new address becomes valid 10 seconds after switching.

# 5.2 Bus termination

The termination resistor must be activated for the last instrument on the bus. This is done by setting all four termination switches into the "on" position.



- A Termination off (factory setting)
- B Termination on

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# 5.3 Loading the device database and type files (GSD)

#### 5.3.1 Meaning of the GSD files

A device database file (GSD) contains a description of the properties of the PROFIBUS device, e.g. the supported transmission rates and the type and format of the digital information output to the PLC. Additional bitmap files are required in order to represent the device by an icon in the network design software. The device database and bitmap files are needed for the commissioning of a PROFIBUS DP network.



Note!

For more information and details, see the Operating Instructions BA00344F on the CD-ROM provided.

# 5.4 First setup

After switching on the power supply for the first time, the instrument asks for a number of operating parameters:

- Select by  $\downarrow$  or  $\uparrow$
- Confirm by →

Step	Parameter	Remarks	
1	$\rightarrow$ language	Select the display language.	
2	$\rightarrow$ distance unit	Select the unit for distance measurements.	
3	$\rightarrow$ temperature unit	Select the temperature unit.	





**By pressing** () you can return to the previous parameter (e.g. in order to correct the value). All these parameters can also be changed at a later point of time in the "device properties/operating parameters" and "device properties/language" parameter sets.

# 5.5 Basic setup

After the first setup the main screen appears.

However, the displayed value does not correspond to the real level before you have performed the basic setup. To do so, enter the main menu by pressing "Menu" (right key).

Step	Parameter set	Parameter	Remarks
1	Main menu $\rightarrow$ level	$\rightarrow$ level (LVL)1	Select the "level" submenu. In the following sub- menu select the level channel you are going to calibrate.
2	Main menu $\rightarrow$ level $\rightarrow$ level (LVL)1	→ basic setup	In the following submenu select "basic setup". This submenu contains all parameters needed for the basic setup.

#### 5.5.1 Overview basic setup

The following table gives an overview of the basic setup for level measurements. Detailed information on the parameters can be found in the Operating Instructions BA00344F on the CD-ROM provided .

Step	Parameter set	Parameter	Remarks
Configu	ring the sensor (Details $\rightarrow$	Chap. 5.5.2)	
1 $\rightarrow$ LVL N sensor selection		→ input	Allocate a sensor to the channel.
	(N = 1 - 5  or  10)	$\rightarrow$ sensor selection	Specify the type of sensor ("automatic" for FDU9x)
		→ detected	only available for "sensor selection" = "automatic"; indicates the detected type of sensor
2	$\rightarrow$ LVL N application	$\rightarrow$ tank shape	Select the appropriate values for your application.
parameter $(N = 1 - 5 \text{ or } 10)$		$\rightarrow$ medium property	
		$\rightarrow$ process conditions	
Empty a	and full calibration (Details	→ Chap. 5.5.3)	
3	$\rightarrow$ LVL N empty calibration (N = 1 - 5 or 10)	$\rightarrow$ empty E	Specify the distance between the reference point of the sensor and the minimum level (0%).
4	$\rightarrow$ LVL N full calibration (N = 1 - 5 or 10)	→ full F	Specify the distance between the minimum (0%) and maximum (100%) level.
		$\rightarrow$ blocking distance (BD)	Display parameter; the maximum value for the full calibration is: $F_{max}=E$ – $BD$

Step	Parameter set	Parameter	Remarks		
5	$\rightarrow$ LVL N unit	$\rightarrow$ unit level	Select the unit for the level measurement.		
	(N = 1 - 5 or 10)	$\rightarrow$ level N (N = 1 - 5 or 10)	Displays the currently measured level.		
		$\rightarrow$ distance	Displays the currently measured distance between the reference point of the sensor and the product level.		
	ization (Details $\rightarrow$ Chap. 5 nearization is required: c	5.5.4) ontinue by step 7: "distance of	correction"		
6	$\rightarrow$ LVL N linearization (N = 1 - 5 or 10)	$\rightarrow$ type	Select type of linearization (Details $\rightarrow \exists 36 \text{ "type"})$		
		→ mode	Specify, to which value the measurement refers: "level" or "ullage"		
		$\rightarrow$ customer unit	Specify the unit for the linearized value; (not available for "type" = "none") (Details → 🖹 38 "customer unit")		
		$\rightarrow$ max. scale	Specify the maximum contents of the vessel (in customer units); (not available for "type" = "none")		
		→ diameter	Specify the diameter of the tank; (only available for "type" = "horizontal cylinder" or "sphere")		
		$\rightarrow$ intermediate height	Specify the intermediate height of the tank or silo; (only available for "type" = "pyramid bottom", "conical bottom" oder "angled bottom")		
		$\rightarrow$ edit	Used to enter, change or delete a linearization table; (only available for "type" = "table") Details $\rightarrow \square$ 38 "edit"		
		$\rightarrow$ status table	Enables or disables the linearization table; (only available for "type" = "table") Details →		
Interfe	rence echo suppression (	Details $\rightarrow$ Chap. 5.5.5)			
7	$\rightarrow$ LVL N check value (N = 1 - 5 or 10)	$\rightarrow$ act. distance N	Indicates the currently measured distance bet- ween the reference point of the sensor and the product surface.		
		→ check distance	Compare the indicated distance with the real value: ■ "distance = ok" → "distance mapping" ■ "distance too small" → "distance mapping" ■ "distance too big" → Basic setup completed ■ "distance unknown" → Basic setup completed ■ "manual" → "distance mapping"		

Step	Parameter set	Parameter	Remarks		
8	$\rightarrow$ LVL N dist. map. (N = 1 - 5 or 10)	$\rightarrow$ act. distance N	Indicates the currently measured distance bet- ween the reference point of the sensor and the product surface.		
		$\rightarrow$ range of mapping	Determines the range over which the mapping is recorded; confirm the predefined value or enter your own value.		
		→ start mapping	Select: no: the mapping is not recorded yes: the mapping is recorded; after completion the "LVL N state" function appears (see below)		
9	$\rightarrow$ LVL N state	$\rightarrow$ level N	Indicates the currently measured level.		
	(N = 1 - 5 or 10)	→ act. distance	<ul> <li>Indicates the currently measured distance between the reference point of the sensor and the product surface. Check the value:</li> <li>Value correct: → Basic setup completed. Return to the measured value display by pressing W, several times</li> <li>Value not incorrect: → go back to step 7 ("distance correction")</li> </ul>		
		$\rightarrow$ status	Used to enable, disable or delete a mapping		

# 5.5.2 Application parameters

Parameter	ter Selection/Remarks				
"tank shape"	Use this parameter to specify the tank shape of your application: Selection: • dome ceiling ( $\rightarrow$ A) • horizontal cyl. ( $\rightarrow$ B) • bypass ( $\rightarrow$ C) • stilling well (ultrasonic guide pipe) ( $\rightarrow$ C) • no ceiling ( $\rightarrow$ D) • sphere ( $\rightarrow$ E) • flat ceiling ( $\rightarrow$ F)				
	$A \qquad B \qquad C \qquad I \qquad I$				
	L00-FMU30KAx-14-00-06-xx-001				
"medium property"	Use this parameter to specify the type of medium. You have the following options: <ul> <li>unknown (e.g. pasty media such as greases, creams, gels etc.)</li> <li>liquid</li> <li>solid, grain size &lt; 4 mm (fine)</li> <li>solid, grain size &gt; 4 mm (coarse)</li> </ul> <li>Note! If the medium does not fit into one of the groups, select "unknown".</li>				
"process conditions"	Use this parameter to specify the process conditions of your application. The filters of the signal evaluation are automatically adjusted to the selected conditions. For this function, you have the following options → see the table:				

"process conditions"	for the following situations	Example	filter settings
standard liquid	for all fluid applications which do not fit in any of the following groups		The filters and output damping are set to average values.
calm surface	Storage tanks with immersion tube or bottom filling		The averaging filters and output damping are set to large values. -> stable measured value -> accurate measurement -> slow reaction time
turbulent surface	Storage/accumulation tanks with uneven surface due to free filling, mixing nozzles or small bottom stirrers		Special filters for stabilizing the input signal are activated. -> stable measured value -> medium reaction time
additional agitator	Moving surfaces (possibly with vortex formation) due to agitators		Special filters for stabilizing the input signal are set to large values. -> stable measured value -> medium reaction time
fast change	Rapid level change, particularly in small tanks		The averaging filters are set to small values. -> rapid reaction time -> possibly unstable measured value
standard solid	For all bulk solid applications which do not fit in any of the following groups.		The filter and output damping are set to average values.

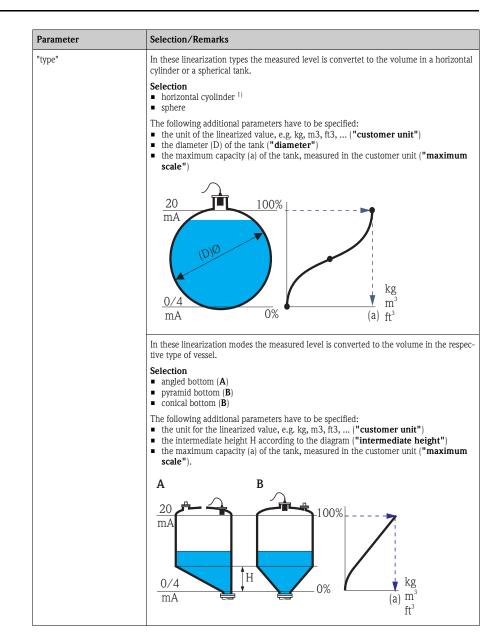
"process conditions"	for the following situations	Example	filter settings
solid dusty	Dusty bulk solids		The averaging filters are set to detect even relatively weak signals.
conveyor belt	Bulk solids with rapid level change		The averaging filters are set to small values. -> rapid reaction time -> possibly unstable measured value
test: no filter	For service and diagnosis only		All filters are switched off.

# 5.5.3 Empty and full calibration

Parameter Remarks				
"empty calibration"	Use this parameter to specify the empty distance E, i.e. the distance between the reference point of the sensor and the minimum level (zero point). Caution! The zero point should not be deeper than the point at which the ultrasonic wave impinges on the tank bottom.			
	BD FDU9x 100% E F L V 0%			
	<ul> <li>BD Blocking distance</li> <li>D Distance from the reference point of the sensor to fluid surface</li> <li>E Empty distance</li> <li>F Span (full distance)</li> <li>L Level</li> <li>V Volume (or mass)</li> </ul>			
" full calibration"	Use this parameter to specify the span F, i.e. the distance from the minimum level to the maximum level. The maximum level may not project into the blocking distance			
"blocking distance"	Indicates the blocking distance of the respective sensor. The blocking distance is measured from the reference point of the respective sensor.  Note! For more information and details, see the technical information TI00396F on the CD-ROM provided.			

# 5.5.4 Linearization

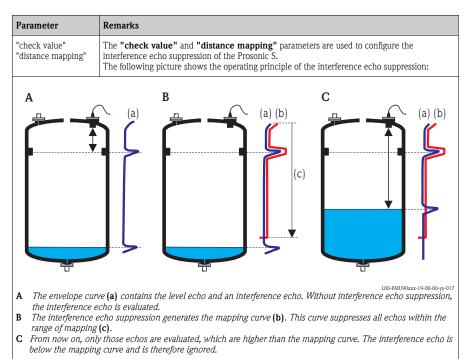
Parameter	Selection/Remarks			
"type"	Note! Number and type of the parameters in this set depend on the selected linearization type. Only the parameters "type" and "mode" are always present.			
	Selection <ul> <li>none</li> </ul>			
	In this linearization type the measured level is not converted but displayed in the selected level unit (see " <b>unit level</b> ").			
	Selection Interview Interv			
	<ul> <li>The following additional parameter have to be specified.</li> <li>the unit for the linearized value, e.g. kg, m3, ft3, ("customer unit")</li> <li>the maximum capacity (a) of the vessel, measured in the customer unit ("maximum scale").</li> </ul>			
	$0/4$ $0\%$ (a) $\frac{kg}{ft^3}$			



Parameter	Selection/Remarks         In this linearization mode the measured value is calculated from a linearization table. The table may consist of up to 32 pairs of values (level - volume). The table must be monotonically increasing or decreasing.         Selection         • table         The following additional parameters have to be specified:         • the unit of the linearized value, e.g. kg, m3, ft3, ("customer unit")         • the linearization table ("edit")				
"type"					
"customer unit"	Use this parameter to select the desired unit for the linearized values (e.g. kg, m3, ft3,). This unit is only indicated on the display. It does not cause a conversion of the measured value.  Note! After selecting the option "customer specific", the parameter "customized text" appears. An arbitrary string (consisting of up to 5 alphanumeric characters) can be entered into this parameter.				
"edit"	<ul> <li>Use this parameter to enter, change or read a linearization table. There are the following options:</li> <li>Selection <ul> <li>read</li> <li>The table editor is opened. The existing table can be read but not changed.</li> <li>manual</li> <li>The table editor is opened. Table values can be entered and changed.</li> <li>(→  39, "status table").</li> </ul> </li> <li>semi automatic <ul> <li>The table editor is opened. The level is automatically read by the Prosonic S. The measured value (volume, weight or flow) must be entered by the user.</li> <li>delete <ul> <li>The linearization table is deleted.</li> </ul> </li> </ul></li></ul>				

Parameter		Selection/Remarks						
The tab	ble editor							
No.	Level	Value			No.	Level	Value	
 	0,0000 0,0000 0,0000 go to next row go to previous row open marked row for editing	o the previous	5		•	0,0000 0,0000 0,0000 ⊇ : navigate withi ⊇ : (for "Level" ur open marked for editing ⊇ : (for "No.") open row edit ↓ Row function - Delete row - Insert row - Move row	number	re current row) y: new position
"status	"status table" Use this parameter to enable or disable the linearization table. Selection  enabled The table is used. disabled The table is not used. The measured value is transferred to the output without linearization.							

1) This option is only valid for horizontal cylinders without dome ceiling. For tanks with dome ceiling FieldCare can be used to calculate a linearization table and to upload it into the instrument.



#### 5.5.5 Interference echo suppression: Basic principles

#### Note!

In order to include all interference echos, the interference echo suppression should be performed with the level as low as possible. If during commissioning the vessel can not be sufficiently emptied, it is advisable to repeat the interference echo suppression at a later point of time (as soon as the level reaches nearly 0%).

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