# Technical Information Micropilot S FMR530

Level-Radar

Level transmitter for continuous and non-contact precision level measurement

Solutions



For custody transfer and inventory control applications with NMi- and PTB-approvals.

#### Application

The Micropilot S is used for highly accurate level measurement in storage tanks and can be applied in custody transfer applications. It meets the relevant requirements according to OIML R85 and API 3.1B.

■ The FMR530 with horn antenna is suitable for free space applications (up to 25 m [82 ft]), in which the tank/nozzle geometry excludes the use of a parabolic antenna.

#### Your benefits

- 0.5 mm (0.02 in) accuracy ( $2\sigma$  value)
- National approvals (NMi, PTB) for custody transfer.
- Easy integration into tank gauging systems via Tank Side Monitor NRF590.
- Easy on-site operation via menu-driven alphanumeric display.
- Easy commissioning, documentation and maintenance via FDT/DTM technology (FieldCare).
- Low-cost, easy installation via 4-wire cable with HART and 24 V DC (intrinsically safe).
- Gas-tight process connection (second line of defense) standard for any antenna version.
- Inventory Control version with reduced accuracy (3 mm [0.12 in]) available for all device versions.

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# **Document information**

# **Document conventions**

# Safety symbols

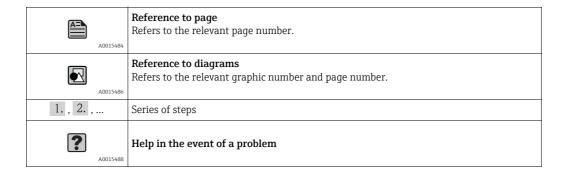
Symbols	Meaning
A0011189-EN	<b>DANGER!</b> This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation will result in serious or fatal injury.
WARNING A0011190-EN	<b>WARNING!</b> This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in serious or fatal injury.
CAUTION A0011191-EN	CAUTION! This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in minor or medium injury.
NOTICE A0011192-EN	NOTICE! This symbol contains information on procedures and other facts which do not result in personal injury.

# **Electrical symbols**

Symbols	Meaning				
A0018335	<b>Direct current</b> A terminal at which DC voltage is present or through which direct current flows.				
Alternating current A terminal at which alternating voltage is present or through which alternating flows.					
Direct current and alternating current  • A terminal at which AC voltage or DC voltage is present.  • A terminal through which alternating current or direct current flows.					
	<b>Ground connection</b> A grounded terminal which, as far as the operator is concerned, is grounded via a grounding system.				
A0018339	Protective ground connection A terminal that must be connected to ground before establishing other connections.				
A0011201	<b>Equipotential connection</b> A connection that must be made with the plant grounding system; this may be a potential matching line or a star-shaped grounding system depending on national or company codes of practice.				

# $Symbols \ for \ certain \ types \ of \ information$

Symbols	Meaning			
A0011182	Allowed Indicates procedures, processes or actions that are allowed.			
A0011183	Preferred Indicates procedures, processes or actions that are preferred.			
A0011184	Forbidden Indicates procedures, processes or actions that are forbidden.			
A0011193	Tip Indicates additional information.			
A0015483	Reference to documentation Refers to the relevant device documentation.			



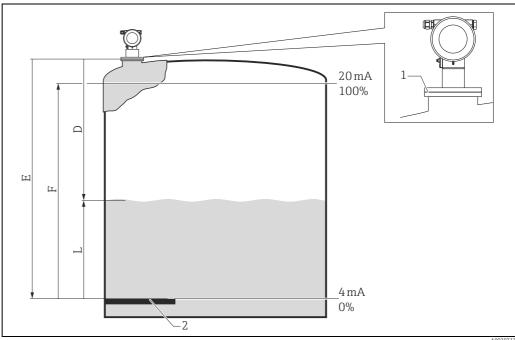
# Symbols in graphics

Symbols	Meaning			
1, 2, 3, 4,	Numbering for main positions			
1. , 2. ,	Series of steps			
A, B, C, D,	Views			
A-A, B-B,	Sections			
A0011187	Hazardous area Indicates a hazardous area.			
A0011188	Safe area (non-hazardous area) Indicates a non-hazardous area.			

# Function and system design

#### Measuring principle

The Micropilot is a "downward-looking" measuring system, operating based on the time-of-flight method. It measures the distance from the reference point (process connection) to the product surface. Radar impulses are emitted by an antenna, reflected off the product surface and received again by the radar system.



- GRH reference point of measurement (bottom edge of flange or threaded connection)
- Level zero point (gauge reference plate)
- Empty calibration ( = zero point)
- Full calibration (= span)
- Distance measured
- Level (L = E D)

# Input

The reflected radar impulses are received by the antenna and transmitted into the electronics. A microprocessor evaluates the signal and identifies the level echo caused by the reflection of the radar impulse at the product surface.

The unambiguous signal identification is accomplished by the PulseMaster® software, based on many years of experience with time-of-flight technology. The mm-accuracy of the Micropilot S could be achieved with the patented algorithms of the PulseMaster® software.

The distance "D" to the product surface is proportional to the time of flight "t" of the impulse:

 $D = c \cdot t/2$ . with "c" being the speed of light.

Based on the known empty distance "E", the level "L" is calculated:

L = E - D

Refer to the above figure for the reference point for "E". The stability of the reference point for the measurement (GRH) has a decisive influence on the accuracy of the measurement! The Micropilot is equipped with functions to suppress interference echoes. The user can activate these functions. They ensure that interference echoes (i.e. from edges and weld seams) are not interpreted as level echoes.

#### Output

The Micropilot is commissioned by entering an empty distance "E" (= zero), a full distance "F" (= span) and an application parameter. The application parameter automatically adapts the device to the process conditions. The data points "E" and "F" correspond with 4 mA and 20 mA for devices with current output. They correspond with 0 % and 100 % for digital outputs and the display module. For inventory control or custody transfer applications, the measurement should always be transferred via digital communication (HART).

A linearization with max. 32 points, based on a table entered either manually or semi-automatically, can be activated locally or remotely. This function allows, for example, measurement in engineering units and provides a linear output signal for spherical and horizontal cylindrical tanks, or tanks with a conical outlet.

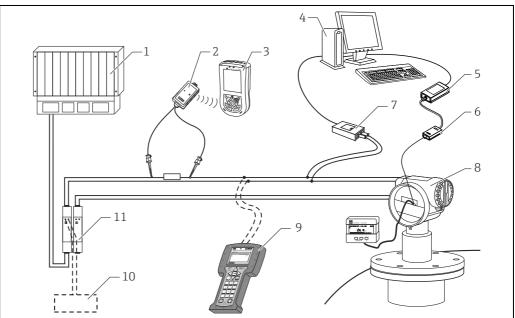
#### **Equipment architecture**

# Stand-alone

- The device has a passive 4-20 mA output with HART protocol.
- Reliable transmission of a measurement with mm precision is guaranteed only if the HART protocol

# 4-20 mA output with HART protocol

The complete measuring system consists of:



- PLC (programmable logic controller) VIATOR Bluetooth modem with connecting cable
- Field Xpert
- Computer with operating tool (e.g. FieldCare)
- Commubox FXA291 5 6 7
- ToF adapter FXA291
- Commubox FXA195 (USB) Micropilot with display module
- Field Communicator 475
- 10 FXA195 or Field Communicator 475
- $Transmitter\ power\ supply\ unit\ RN221N\ (with\ communication\ resistor)$

#### Local operation

- with display and operating module VU331,
- with a Personal Computer, Commubox FXA291 with ToF Adapter FXA291 (USB) and the operating software "FieldCare". FieldCare is a graphical operating software for devices from Endress+Hauser (radar, ultrasonic, quided micro-impulses). It assists with commissioning, securing data, signal analysis and documentation of the measuring point.

#### Remote operation

- with Field Communicator 475
- with Field Xpert
- with a personal computer, Commubox FXA195 and "FieldCare" operating software

#### Integration into the Asset Management System

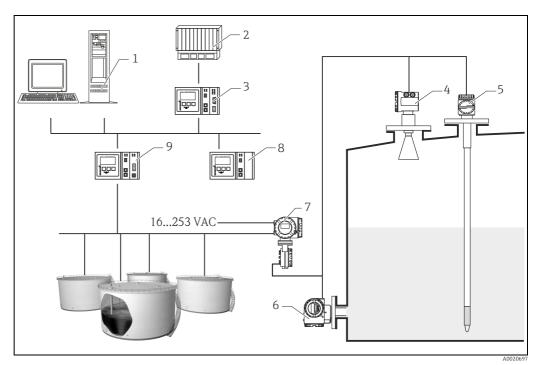
The HART interface allows the integration into the AMS® (Asset Management System) from Fisher-Rosemount.

## **Custody transfer applications**

The Micropilot S is suitable for custody transfer and inventory control applications. The on-site testing has to be done in compliance with the applicable regulatory standards. The Micropilot S can be sealed after successful on-site calibration to be protected against any access to the electronics compartment and any changes of software settings. If the Micropilot S is used for custody transfer or inventory control, any temperature influence on the tank shell hight can be compensated for using the Tank Side Monitor (TSM). In addition, the vertical movement of the gauge reference point due to the hydrostatic tank deformation can be compensated in the Tank Side Monitor. A Tank Side Monitor can provide 24 V DC for a Micropilot S. The Tank Side Monitor can communicate with up to 6 devices via HART Multidrop.

# Integrated in tank gauging system

The Endress+Hauser Tank Side Monitor NRF590 provides integrated communications for sites with multiple tanks, each with one or more sensors on the tank, such as radar, spot or average temperature, capacitive probe for water detection and/or pressure sensors. Multiple protocols out of the Tank Side Monitor guarantee connectivity to nearly any of the existing industry standard tank gauging protocols. Optional connectivity for 4-20 mA sensors, digital I/O and analog outputs facilitates full integration of all sensors at the tank. Use of the proven concept of the intrinsically safe HART bus (HART multidrop) for all on-tank sensors yields extremely low wiring costs, while at the same time providing maximum safety, reliability and data availability.



- Tankvision workstation
- Process control system
- 3 4 Host Link
- Micropilot S
- Prothermo
- Pressure transmitter
- Tank Side Monitor
- Data Concentrator
- Tankvision Tank Scanner NXA820

# **Input**

#### Measured variable

The measured variable is the distance between a reference point GRH (mounting flange) and a reflective surface (e.g. product surface). The measured value and all parameters are displayed using either metrical SI-units or US/UK-units (inch, ft, ...).

The level is calculated based on the tank height entered.

To compensate for non-linear effects such as movement of the tank roof, a correction table (dip chart) can also be entered.

# Measuring range

The usable measuring range depends on the size of the antenna, the reflectivity of the medium, the mounting location, and eventual interference reflections.

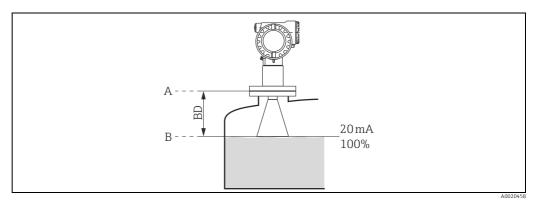
The following tables describe the groups of media as well as the achievable measuring range as a function of application and media group. If the dielectric constant of the medium is unknown, we recommend that you assume media group  ${\bf B}$ , in order to ensure a reliable measurement.

Media group	DC ( <b>&amp;</b> r)	Examples	
A Non-conducting liquids, e.g. liquefied gas (LPG). For more information, p contact your Endress+Hauser sales center.		Non-conducting liquids, e.g. liquefied gas (LPG). For more information, please contact your Endress+Hauser sales center.	
B Non-conducting liquids, e.g. gasoline, oil, toluene, white products, crude oi bitumen, asphalt,		Non-conducting liquids, e.g. gasoline, oil, toluene, white products, crude oil, bitumen, asphalt,	
С	C 410 e.g. concentrated acids, organic solvents, esters, aniline, alcohol, acetone,		
D	> 10 Conducting liquids, e.g. aqueous solutions, diluted acids and alkalies		

	Media group	Free space (Storage tank)		
		Measuring range		
		DN 150/200/250		
Α	DC (Er) = 1.4 to 1.9	-		
В	DC (Er) = 1.9 to 4	DN 150: 10 m (33 ft) DN 200/250: 15 m (49 ft)		
С	DC (Er) = 4 to 10	DN 150: 15 m (49 ft) DN 200/250: 20 m (66 ft)		
D	DC (Er) > 10	DN 150: 20 m (66 ft) DN 200/250: 25 m (82 ft)		
	measuring range with dy transfer approval	NMi and PTB: DN 150: 20 m (66 ft) DN 200/250: 25 m (82 ft)		

# Blocking distance

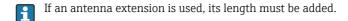
The blocking distance (= BD) is the minimum distance form the reference point of the measurement (mounting flange) to the medium surface at maximum level.



- A B Reference point of measurement
- Maximum level

Blocking distance (BD) <sup>1)</sup>	Free space (Storage tank)	
from flange	Horn length (→ 🖹 20)	

 $1\ mm$  (0.04 in) accuracy under reference conditions 1)



# **Output**

power supply and signal

# Output signal 4-20 mA (invertible) with HART protocol (e.g. for multi-drop connection to Tank Side Monitor NRF590): This version can be operated using the PC operating software FieldCare. The device supports both point-to-point and multidrop operation. For measurements with mm precision, the measured value must be transmitted using the HART protocol to ensure the necessary resolution. Order code in Product Configurator under "Output; Operation": Version A (4-line display VU331, envelope curve display on site) Signal on alarm Error information can be accessed via the following interfaces: Local display: - Error symbol - Plain text display - LED's: red LED continuously on = alarm, red LED flashes = warning Current output ■ Digital interface Load Min. load for HART communication: 250 $\Omega$ Linearization The linearization function of the Micropilot S allows the conversion of the measured value into any unit of length or volume. Linearization tables for calculating the volume in cylindrical tanks are preprogrammed. Other tables of up to 32 value pairs can be entered manually or semi-automatically. Galvanic isolation 500 V towards: power supply and ground

# Power supply

## Terminal assignment

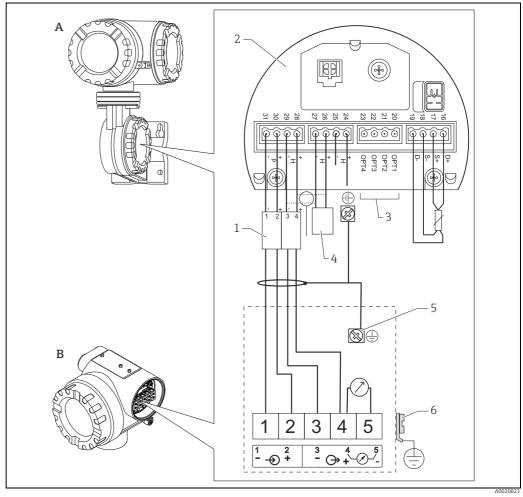
## 4-20 mA with HART

The 4-wire cable is connected to the screw terminals (wire diameters 0.5 to 2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> [20 to 14 AWG]) in the terminal compartment. Use 4-wire twisted pair cable with screen for the connection. Protective circuitry against reverse polarity, RFI, and over-voltage peaks is built into the device (TI00241F/00/EN, "basics for EMC-tests").

# **Connection to Tank Side Monitor NRF590**

The Micropilot S may be connected, together with other devices in a hazardous area, to a Tank Side Monitor. In this case, it is recommended that the shielding on the cables be grounded centrally at the Tank Side Monitor and that all devices be connected to the same potential matching line (PML). If, for functional reasons, a capacitive coupling is required between the local ground and the shield (multiple grounding), ceramic capacitors with a minimum dielectric strength of 1500 Veff must be used. The overall capacity of 10 nF must not be exceeded in this case. The FISCO model provides information on grounding intrinsically safe, interconnected devices.

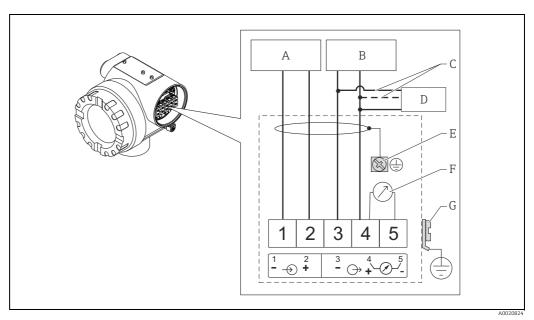
If it is not possible to lay a grounding cable between the NRF590 and the Micropilot S, it is possible to ground on one side at the NRF590. In this case, it is essential that the cable shield on the Micropilot S be grounded using a ceramic capacitor with a maximum capacitance of 10nF and a minimum isolation voltage of 1500 V.



- A Tank Side Monitor NRF590
- B Micropilot S
- 1 For Micropilot S only
- 2 Intrinsically safe terminal strip
- 3 Shield, grounded on one side at Tank Side Monitor NRF590
- 4 HART sensor
- 5 Shielding cable
- 6 PML (potential matching line)

#### Connection as a stand-alone device

The Micropilot S located in a hazardous area is connected as a stand-alone device to a power supply unit and transmitter located outside the hazardous area. In this case, it is recommended that the shielding directly on the Micropilot be connected to the housing ground; the Micropilot S and the supply unit are connected to the same potential matching line (PML).



- Power supply 24 VDC; provided by a supply unit
- Signal 24 VDC; provided by a supply unit Alternative connection В
- C D Commubox FXA195, Field Communicator
- Shielding cable
- Test socket; Output current
- PML (potential matching line)

# Supply voltage

DC voltage: see the following table

Communication		Terminal voltage	minimum	maximum
Power supply	Standard	U (20 mA) =	16 V	36 V
Fower suppry	Ex	U (20 mA) =	16 V	30 V
Cianal	En	U (4 mA) =	11.5 V	30 V
Signal	Ex	U (20 mA) =	11.5 V	30 V

# Power consumption

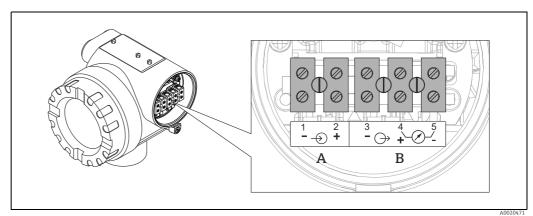
- max. 330 mW at 16 V
- max. 500 mW at 24 V
- max. 600 mW at 30 V
- max. 700 mW at 36 V

**Current consumption** 

Max. 21 mA (50 mA inrush current)

#### **Electrical connection**

The housing features a separate terminal compartment.



upply

A Power supply B Voltage

## Cable entry

Designation	Version*
Cable gland M20	2
Thread for cable entry G ½"	3
Thread for cable entry NPT ½"	4

<sup>\*</sup> Order code in Product Configurator ( $\rightarrow \ge 31$ )

## Ripple HART

47 to 125 Hz: Uss = 200 mV (at 500  $\Omega$ )

#### Max. noise HART

500 Hz to 10 kHz: Ueff = 2.2 mV (at 500  $\Omega$ )

# Overvoltage protection

- The level transmitter Micropilot S is equipped with an internal overvoltage protector (600 Vrms surge arrester) according to EN/IEC 60079-14 or EN/IEC 60060-1 (impulse current test 8/20 s, Î = 10 kA, 10 pulses). Additionally, the device is protected by a galvanic insulation of 500 Vrms between the power supply and the (HART) current ouput. Connect the metallic housing of the Micropilot S to the tank wall or shield directly using an electrically conductive lead to ensure reliable potential matching.
- Installation with additional overvoltage protection HAW560Z/HAW562Z (see XA00081F, "Safety instructions for electrical apparatus certified for use in explosion-hazardous areas").
  - Connect the external overvoltage protector and the Micropilot S level transmitter to the local potential matching system.
  - Potentials shall be equalised both inside and outside the explosion hazardous area.
  - The cable connecting the overvoltage protection and the Micropilot S transmitter must not exceed
     1 m (3.3 ft) in length; the cable must be protected e.g. routed through a metal tube.

#### Power supply

- For stand alone operation recommended via two Endress+Hauser RN221N.
- Integrated in tank gaugigng systems via Endress+Hauser Tank Side Monitor NRF590 (recommended).

# Highly accurate measurement

For highly accurate measurements the measured variable must be transmitted using HART protocol to ensure the necessary resolution.

# Performance characteristics



For accuracy data for devices suitable for custody transfer measurement in accordance with OIML R85, see Ambient temperature range.  $\rightarrow \blacksquare 19$ .

# Reference operating conditions

## According to OIML R85:

- Temperature = -25 °C to +55 °C (-13 °F to +131 °F)
- Atmospheric pressure
- Relative humidity (air) =  $65 \% \pm 15 \%$
- Medium properties: e.g. medium with good reflectivity and calm surface
- Tank diameter: signal beam hits the tank wall only at one side
- No major interference reflections inside the signal beam

#### Maximum measured error

Absolute accuracy: better than  $\pm 1 \text{ mm}$  (0.04 in)



Free space Micropilot S radar gauges typically provide accuracy of  $\pm 0.5$  mm (2 sigma value). Depending on national calibration regulations, the permitted errors after the device has been installed on the tank are  $\pm 3$  mm (0.12 in), (OIML, API)...

#### Resolution

- Digital: 0.1 mm
- Analog: 0.03 % of measuring range

# Settling time

Typical: 15 sec

# Hysteresis

0.3 mm (0.01 in)

#### Non-repeatability

0.3 mm (0.01 in)

#### Reaction time

The reaction time depends on the parameter settings (min. 1 s).

In case of fast level changes, the device needs the reaction time to indicate the new value.

#### Long-term drift

The long-term drift is within the specified accuracy.

# Influence of ambiente temperature

Within the specified accuracy according to OIML R85.

# Proof of accuracy of custody transfer versions

The accuracy of each Micropilot S is confirmed by a calibration certificate that records the absolute and relative error at 10 measuring points during the final test.

A Laser Interferometer (Jenaer Messtechnik ZLM 500) with an absolute accuracy of 0.1 mm is used as a reference for free space measurements with the FMR530/533.

For stilling well measurements with the FMR532, NMI / PTB calibrated steel measuring tapes with an absolute accuracy of 0.25 mm (0.01 in) are used as a reference.

Each Micropilot S is also supplied with PTB and NMi type approvals as proof of their suitability for custody transfer measurement. In addition, certificates confirming initial verification are available on request for all Micropilot S radar devices.

# Maximum fill speed

By the first pass trough of measuring range: 100 mm/min., thereafter unlimited.

#### Software reliability

The software used in the radar device Micropilot S fulfills the requirements of OIML R85. This particularly includes:

- Cyclical testing of data consistency
- Non-volatile memory
- Segmented data storage

The radar device Micropilot S continuously monitor the compliance with accuracy requirements for custody transfer measurements according to OIML R85. If the accuracy cannot be maintained, a specific alarm is generated on the local display and via the digital communication ( $\rightarrow$   $\stackrel{\text{\tiny le}}{=}$  28).

# Inventory control versions

All device versions can be delivered as "Inventory Control" versions with reduced accuracy ( $\pm$  3 mm (0.12 in) under reference conditions). **No** calibration certificate or type approval is supplied with these versions.

Order code Product Configurator under "Weight + measure approval": Version "R" ( $\rightarrow$  🗎 19)

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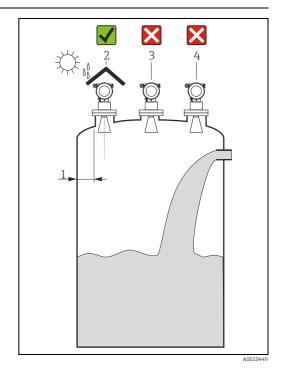
# Installation

#### Installation conditions

- Recommended distance (1) wall outer edge of nozzle: ~1/6 of tank diameter ("Beam angle", → 

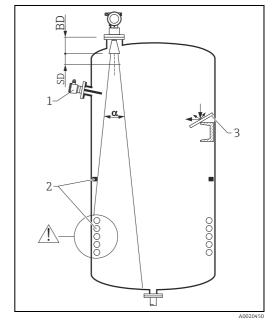
  18).
- Not in the centre (3), interference can cause signal loss.
- Not above the fill stream (4).
- It is recommended to use a weather protection cover (2) in order to protect the transmitter from direct sun or rain.
   Assembly and disassembly is simply done by

Assembly and disassembly is simply done by means of a tension clamp ("Accessories",  $\rightarrow \stackrel{\triangle}{=} 32$ ).



#### Tank installations

- Avoid having installations (1), such as limit switches, temperature sensors etc. positioned within the signal beam.
   ("Beam angle", → \( \begin{center}
   \text{18}
   \end{center}
- It is essential that HiHi alarm is below the blocking distance (BD) and the safety distance (SD)
- Symmetrical installations (2), e.g. vacuum rings, heating coils, baffles, etc., can also interfere with the measurement.
- Metallic screens (3) mounted at an angle disperse the radar signals and can therefore reduce interference echoes.



#### Installation instructions

For free space applications, it is essential that the horn extends below the nozzle ( $\rightarrow \stackrel{ ext{l}}{=} 17$ ). The horn diameter chosen should be as large as possible, as larger antennas have a smaller beam angle and therefore a better signal-to-noise ratio.

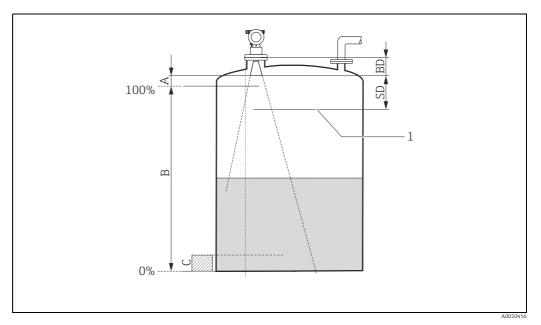
# **Optimisation options**

- Antenna size: the bigger the antenna, the smaller the beam angle and the less interference echoes.
- Mapping: the measurement can be optimized by means of electronic suppression of interference echoes.
- Antenna alignment: "**Optimum mounting position**" ( $\rightarrow \stackrel{\triangle}{=} 17$ ).
- Stilling well: a stilling well can always be used to avoid interference. The FMR532 with planar antenna is recommended for stilling wells from DN150 (see TI01122F/00/EN).

For more information, please contact your Endress+Hauser sales center.

# Measuring conditions

- The measuring range begins where, the beam hits the tank bottom. Particularly with dish bottoms or conical outlets the level cannot be detected below this point.
- For **overfill protection**, a safety distance **(SD)** should be added to the blocking distance **(BD)**.
- Depending on its consistency, foam can either absorb microwaves or reflect them off its surface.
   Measurement is possible under certain conditions.
- The smallest possible measuring range **B** (see Fig.) depends on the antenna version.
- Tank diameter and height should be at least dimensioned such that a reflection of the radar signal on both sides of the tank can be ruled out ("Beam angle", → 18).
- In the case of media with a low dielectric constant (groups A and B), the tank bottom can be visible through the medium at low levels (low height C). Reduced accuracy has to be expected in this range. If this is not acceptable, we recommend positioning the zero point at a distance C (see Fig.) above the tank bottom in these applications.
- In principle, it is possible to measure up to the tip of the **horn antenna**. However, due to corrosion and build-up, the end of the measuring range should not be any closer than 50 mm (1.97 in) to the tip of the **horn antenna** (see. **A** in Fig.).
- The safety distance **(SD)** is set at the factory to 0.1 m (0.3 ft) with alarm output.



Maximum level

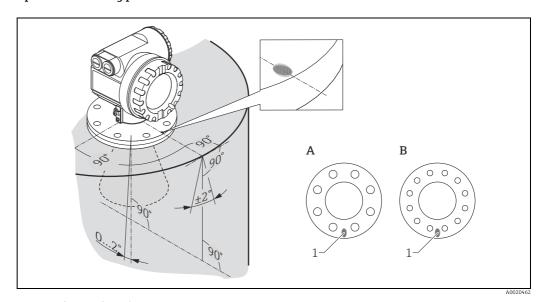
Reference: Flan	ge / BD (see Fig.)	Reference: Antenna tip (see Fig.)		
Blocking distance	Safety distance	recommended additional settings		
BD [m (ft)]	SD [m (ft)]	A [mm (in)]	B [m (ft)]	C [mm (in)]
Horn length	0.1 (0.3)	50 (1.97)	0.5 (1.6)	150 to 300 (5.91 to 11.8)

# Behaviour if measuring range is exceeded

The behaviour in case of the measuring range being exceeded can be freely set: The default setting is a current of 22 mA and the generation of a digital warning (E681).

# Installation in tank (free space)

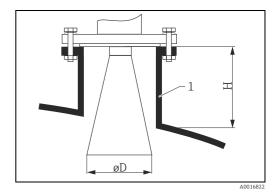
# Optimum mounting position



- Markings on device flange DN 150, ANSI 6" DN 200 to 250, ANSI 8" to 10"

#### Standard installation

- Observe installation instructions,  $\rightarrow 15$ .
- Marker is aligned towards tank wall. The marker is located clearly visible on the sensor neck or the flange.
- The device shall not be mounted in a slant towards the tank wall.
- After mounting, the housing can be turned 350° in order to simplify access to the display and the terminal compartment.
- The horn antenna must extend out of the nozzle. Please contact Endress+Hauser.
- The horn antenna must be aligned vertically.



Nozzle

Antenna size	150 mm (6")	200 mm (8")	250 mm (10")
D [mm (in)]	146 (5.75)	191 (7.52)	241 (9.49)
H [mm (in)]	< 180 (7.09)	< 260 (10.2)	< 350 (13.8)

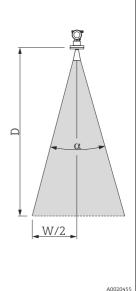
# Beam angle

The beam angle is defined as the angle  $\alpha$  where the energy density of the radar waves reaches half the value of the maximum energy density (3dB-width).

Microwaves are also emitted outside the signal beam and can be reflected off interfering installations. Beam diameter W as a function of antenna type (beam angle  $\alpha$ ) and distance D:

Antenna size (Ø horn)	150 mm (6")	200 mm (8")	250 mm (10")
Beam angle α	23°	19°	15°

Reference height of	Recommended distance from tank wall (W/2)			
tank (GRH)	150 mm (6")	200 mm (8")	250 mm (10")	
3 m (9.8 ft)	0.6 m (2 ft)	0.5 m (1.6 ft)	0.5 m (1.6 ft)	
6 m (20 ft)	1.2 m (3.9 ft)	1 m (3.3 ft)	0.8 m (2.6 ft)	
9 m (30 ft)	1.8 m (5.9 ft)	1.5 m (4.9 ft)	1.2 m (3.9 ft)	
12 m (39 ft)	2.5 m (8.2 ft)	2 m (6.6 ft)	1.5 m (4.9 ft)	
15 m (49 ft)	3 m (9.8 ft)	2.5 m (8.2 ft)	2 m (6.6 ft)	
20 m (66 ft)	4 m (13 ft)	3 m (9.8 ft)	2.5 m (8.2 ft)	
25 m (82 ft)	5 m (16 ft)	3.5 m (11 ft)	2.8 m (9.2 ft)	
38 m (125 ft)	_	_	_	
40 m (131 ft)	_	_	_	



# NOTICE

# Measuring error due to multiple echoes!

• Ensure that **only one** tank wall (**not two** tank walls) is hit directly by the radar beam!

# **Environment**

# Ambient temperature range

Ambient temperature for the transmitter:

- Standard: -40 °C to +80 °C (-40 °F to +176 °F)
- For custody transfer measurement: -25 °C to +55 °C (-13 °F to +131 °F)

For  $T_u < -20\,^{\circ}\text{C}$  (-4 °F) and  $T_u > +60\,^{\circ}\text{C}$  (+140 °F), the functionality of the LC display is restricted. A weather protection cover should be used for outdoor operation if the device is exposed to direct sunlight.

## Storage temperature

-40 °C to +80 °C (-40 °F to +176 °F)

#### Climate class

DIN EN 60068-2-38 (test Z/AD)

## Degree of protection

Housing: IP65/68, NEMA 4X/6P
 Antenna: IP65/68, NEMA 4X/6P

# Vibration resistance

DIN EN 60068-2-64 / IEC 68-2-64: 20 to 2000 Hz, 1  $(m/s^2)^2$  /Hz

#### Cleaning of the antenna

The antenna can get contaminated, depending on the application. This restricts the emission and reception of microwaves. The degree of contamination leading to an error depends on the medium and the reflectivity, mainly determined by the dielectric constant  $\mathbf{E}$ r. If the medium tends to cause contamination and deposits, cleaning on a regular basis is recommended. Care must be taken during spray-washing or mechanical cleaning to avoid damage to the antenna. The material compatibility has to be considered if cleaning agents are used! The maximum permitted temperature at the flange should not be exceeded

# Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)

- Electromagnetic compatibility in accordance with all relevant requirements of the EN 61326 series and NAMUR recommendation (NE21). For details refer to the Declaration of Conformity. Maximum deviation < 0.5 % of the span.
- A standard installation cable is sufficient if only the analogue signal is used. Use a screened cable
  when working with a superimposed communications signal (HART).

# Approvals for custody transfer applications

All aspects of OIML R85 are fulfilled.

Approvals for custody transfer applications	
NMi + PTB (<1 mm [0.04 in]) type approval ( $\rightarrow$ $\stackrel{\triangle}{=}$ 24)	A
NMi-witnessed initial verification (<1 mm [0.04 in]) ( $\rightarrow$ $\stackrel{\triangle}{=}$ 24)	F
PTB-witnessed initial verification (<1 mm [0.04 in]) ( $\rightarrow$ $\stackrel{\triangle}{=}$ 24)	G
not selected; Inventory control ( $\rightarrow$ 14)	R

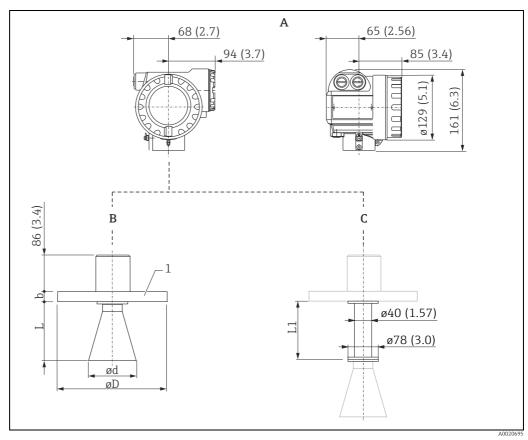
<sup>\*</sup> Order code in Product Configurator ( $\rightarrow \stackrel{\triangle}{=} 31$ )

# **Process**

Process temperature range	-40 °C to +200 °C (-40 °F to 392 °F)
Process pressure range	0 to 40 bar (0 to 580 psi) (Option: 64 bar [928 psi])
Dielectric constant	In free space: £r ≥ 1.9

# Mechanical construction

# Design, dimensions



Engineering unit mm (in)

- Housing T12 For non-conducting media Antenna extension: L1 = 100 (3.94); 200 (7.87); 300 (11.81); 400 (15.75) ... DIN, ANSI, JIS, JPI (see table)

Flange / Process connection	b (mm [in])	øD (mm [in])	Version*
ANSI B16.5			
3" 150 lbs	23.9 (0.94)	190.5 (7.5)	ALJ
3" 300 lbs	28.4 (1.12)	209.5 (8.25)	AMJ
4" 150 lbs	23.9 (0.94)	228.6 (9.0)	APJ
4" 300 lbs	31.8 (1.25)	254 (10.0)	AQJ
6" 150 lbs	25.4 (1.0)	279 (11.0)	AVJ
8" 150 lbs	28.4 (1.12)	342.9 (13.5)	A3J
10" 150 lbs	30.2 (1.19)	406.4 (16.0)	A5J
Flange JIS B2220	·		
10K 80A	18 (0.71)	185 (7.28)	KA2
10K 100A	18 (0.71)	210 (8.27)	KH2
10K 150A	22 (0.87)	280 (11.0)	KV2
10K 200A	22 (0.87)	330 (13.0)	KD2
10K 250A	24 (0.94)	400 (15.7)	K52

Flange / Process connection	b (mm [in])	øD (mm [in])	Version*
Flange JPI 7S -15			
6" 150A 150 lbs	25.4 (1.0)	280 (11.0)	LJJ
8" 200A 150 lbs	28.6 (1.13)	345 (13.6)	LKJ
10" 250A 150 lbs	30.2 (1.19)	405 (15.9)	LLJ

Flange / Process connection	b (mm [in])	øD (mm [in])	Version*
Flange EN1092-1 (suitable for DIN2	527 C)		
DN80 PN10/16	20 (0.79)	200 (7.87)	CMJ
DN80 PN25/40	24 (0.94)	200 (7.87)	CNJ
DN100 PN10/16	20 (0.79)	220 (8.66)	CQJ
DN100 PN25/40	24 (0.94)	235 (9.25)	CRJ
DN150 PN10/16	22 (0.87)	285 (11.2)	CWJ
DN200 PN16	24 (0.94)	340 (13.4)	CXJ
DN250 PN16	26 (1.02)	405 (15.9)	C6J

Flange / process connection, antenna	L (mm [in])	ød (mm [in])	Version materi	
Horn antenna			FKM	Kalrez
3" 80 mm	68 (2.68)	75 (2.95)	M	P
4" 100 mm	105 (4.13)	95 (3.74)	I	K
6" 150 mm	185 (7.28)	145 (5.71)	A	С
8" 200 mm	268 (10.6)	190 (7.48)	U	W
10" 250 mm	360 (14.2)	240 (9.45)	Е	G

<sup>\*</sup> Order code in Product Configurator ( $\rightarrow$   $\stackrel{\triangle}{=}$  31)

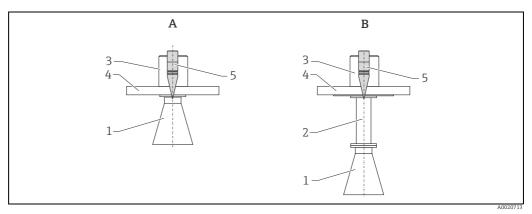
Weight

 $7.1 \text{ kg (}15.66 \text{ lbs)} + \text{weight of flange}^{1)}$ 

<sup>1)</sup> Flange weights according to form sheet

# Materials

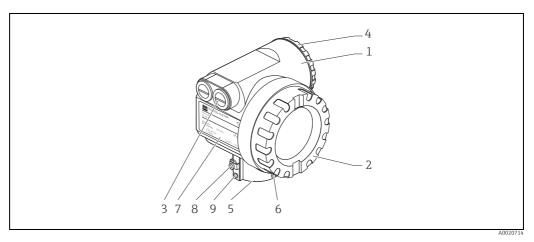
# Materials in contact with process



For non-conducting media Antenna extension

Pos.	Part	Material
1	Horn antenna	316L (1.4404)
1	Screws, Spring washer	A4
2	Antenna extension	316L (1.4435)
2	Screws, Spring washer	A4
3	Housing adapter	304 (1.4301)
4	Flange	316L (1.4404)
4	Coupling	316L (1.4435)
5	Process separating cone	PTFE
	Seal	FKM, FFKM

# Materials not in contact with process



Housing T12, aluminum

Pos.	Part	Material
1	T12 housing	AlSi10Mg (aluminum, powder-coated)

Pos.	Part	Material			
	Cover (Display)	AlSi10Mg			
2.	Seal	Fa. SHS: EPDM 70pW FKN			
Δ	Window	ESG-K-Glass (Toughened safety glass)			
	Sealing of the glass	Silicone sealing compound Gomastit 402			
	Seal	Fa. SHS: EPDM 70 pW FKN	Trelleborg: EPDM E7502		
	Cable gland	Polyamid (PA), CuZn nickel-pla	ted		
3	Plug	PBT-GF30	1.0718 galvanized		
	Flug	PE	3.1655		
	Adapter	316L (1.4435)	AlMgSiPb (anodized)		
	Cover (Connection compartment)	AlSi10Mg			
4	Sealing	Fa. SHS: EPDM 70pW FKN	Trelleborg: EPDM E7502/ E7515		
	Clamp	Screws: A4; Clamp: Ms nickel-plated; Spring washer: A4			
5	Sealing ring	Fa. SHS: EPDM 70pW FKN	Trelleborg: EPDM E7502/ E7515		
	Tag	304 (1.4301)	"		
6	Rope	VA			
	Crimp sleeve	Aluminium			
7	Nameplate	316L (1.4404)			
,	Groove pin	A4 (1.4571)			
8	Ground terminal	Screws: A2; Spring washer: A4; Clamp: 304 (1.4301) Holder: 1.4310			
9	Screw	A2-70	A2-70		

Endress+Hauser supplies DIN/EN flanges made of stainless steel according to AISI 316L (DIN/EN material number 1.4404 or 1.4435). With regard to their temperature stability properties, the materials 1.4404 and 1.4435 are grouped under 13E0 in EN 1092-1 Tab. 18. The chemical composition of the two materials can be identical.

# Type plate for custody transfer applications

In addition to the standard type plate, the device features a type plate for custody transfer applications with the following statements:

- manufacturer
- device type
- label for custody transfer approval PTB: "Z" with approval number and issuing agency, the 4-digit approval number is shown in the upper part of the "Z", the lower part shows year and month of type approval. NMi: field for 5-digit approval number
- year of manufacturing
- space for imprinted tank identification number
- statement of measuring range suitable for custody transfer approval including unit
- statement of ambient temperature range suitable for calibration to regulatory standards.

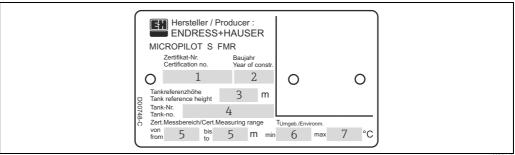
The following statements are also required for calibration to regulatory standards. They are listed on the standard type plate and are not repeated here:

- date of manufacturing
- tester

The type plate for custody transfer applications can be sealed. It is mounted with screws, therefore also available as a spare part. The "stamping" of the electronic compartment is achieved with the custody locking switch (compare figure,  $\rightarrow \stackrel{\text{l}}{=} 28$ ) and does not require any additional stamping location.

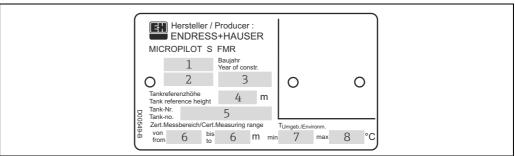
The fields are filled only if the version "F" or "G" was selected in the order code under "Weight + measure approval".

#### NMi type plate (example)



- Certificate number
- Year of manufacture
- 3 Tank reference height
- 4 Tank number
- Certified measuring range from ... to ....
- Min. ambient temperature
- Max. ambient temperature

# PTB type plate (example)



- Approval number
- Year and month of type approval
- 3 Year of manufacture
- 4 Tank reference height
- Tank number
- Certified measuring range from ... to ....
- 6 7 Min. ambient temperature
- Max. ambient temperature

# Operability

## Operation concept

The display of the process value and the configuration of the Micropilot is done locally by means of a large 4-line alphanumeric display with plain text information. The guided menu system with integrated help texts ensures a quick and safe commissioning. Display and operation are possible in any one of seven languages (English, German, French, Italian, Dutch, Spanish or Japanese). During the first start-up, the device explicitly asks for the desired unit / language. To access the display the cover of the electronic compartment may be removed even in hazardous area (Ex ia, IS). Remote commissioning, including documentation of the measuring point as well as in-depth analysis functions, is supported by FieldCare, the FDT-based Plant Asset Management Tool from Endress+Hauser.

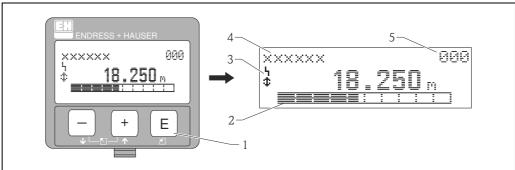
Access to the electronics can be prevented by means of a custody locking switch that locks the device settings.

The custody locking switch can be sealed for custody transfer applications.

#### Local operation

#### Operation with VU331

Using the LC display, configuration is possible directly at the device using the operating keys. All device functions can be set through a menu system. The menu consists of function groups and functions. Within a function, application parameters can be read or adjusted. The user is guided through a complete configuration procedure.



A002050

- Operating keys
- 2 Bar graph
- 3 Symbols 4 Function name
- 5 Parameter identification number

#### Remote operation

The Micropilot S can be remotely operated via HART. On-site adjustments are also possible.

# Operation with FieldCare

FieldCare is an Endress+Hauser asset management tool based on FDT technology. With FieldCare, you can configure all Endress+Hauser devices as well as devices from other manufacturers that support the FDT standard. Hardware and software requirements can be found on the internet at: www.de.endress.com  $\rightarrow$  Search: FieldCare  $\rightarrow$  FieldCare  $\rightarrow$  Technical data.

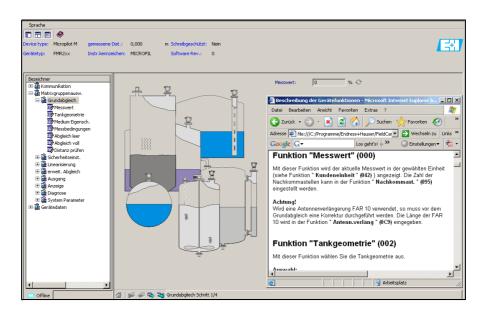
FieldCare supports the following functions:

- Configuration of transmitters in online operation
- Signal analysis via envelope curve
- Tank linearization
- Loading and saving device data (upload/download)
- Documentation of measuring point

#### Connection options:

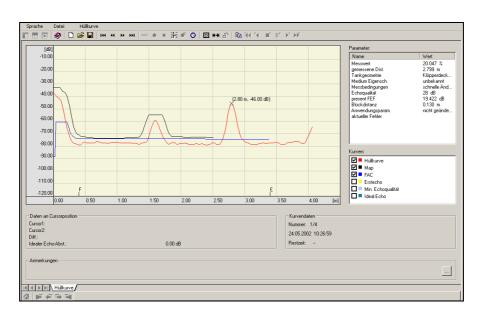
- HART via Commubox FXA195 and the USB port on a computer
- Commubox FXA291 with ToF Adapter FXA291 (USB) via service interface

#### Menu-quided commissioning



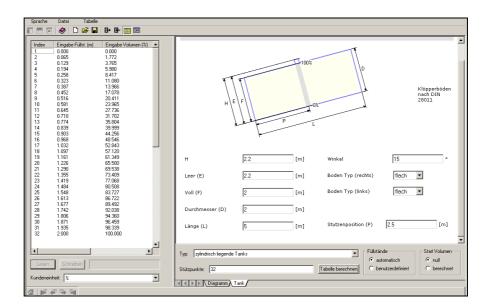
A0021211-EN

# Signal analysis via envelope curve



A0021212-EN

# Tank linearization



A0021213-EN

# Operation with Field Communicator 475

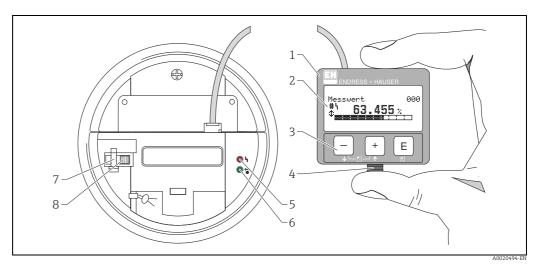
With the Field Communicator 475, all device functions can be configured via a menu operation.

Further information on the handheld terminal can be found in the relevant Operating Instructions included in the transport bag of the Field Communicator 475.

# Display elements

# Liquid crystal display (LCD):

Four lines with 20 characters each. Display contrast adjustable through key combination.



- LCD
- Symbols Operating keys
- Snap fit
- Red LED
- Green LED
  Custody locking switch
  Sealing pin 6 7



To access the display, it is possible to open the cover of the electronics compartment even in an explosion hazardous area. The LCD can be removed for easy operation by simply pressing the snap fit (see graphic above). It is connected to the device by means of a 500 mm (19.7 in) long cable.

# Display symbols

The following table describes the symbols that appear on the liquid crystal display:

Symbols	Meaning
4	ALARM_SYMBOL This alarm symbol appears when the device is in an alarm state. If the symbol flashes, this indicates a warning.
4	LOCK_SYMBOL This lock symbol appears when the device is locked, i.e. if no input is possible.
\$	COM_SYMBOL This communication symbol appears when a data transmission via e.g. HART is in progress.
#	Calibration to regulatory standards disturbed  If the device is not locked or suitability for custody transfer measurement cannot be guaranteed, this will be indicated on the display by this symbol.

# *Light emitting diods (LEDs):*

There is a green and a red LED beside the LCD.

LED	Meaning
red LED continuously on	Alarm
red LED flashes	Warning
red LED off	No alarm
green LED continuously on	Operation
Green LED flashes	Communication with external device

# Operating elements

The operating elements are located inside the housing and are accessible for operation by opening the lid of the housing.

# Function of the keys

Key(s)	Meaning
+ or 1	<ul><li>Navigate upwards in the selection list.</li><li>Edit numeric value within a function.</li></ul>
- or <b>+</b>	<ul><li>Navigate downwards in the selection list.</li><li>Edit numeric value within a function.</li></ul>
⊢ or 🖺	Navigate to the left within a function group.
E	<ul><li>Navigate to the right within a function group.</li><li>Confirm entries.</li></ul>
+ and E or and E	Contrast settings of the LCD.
+ and - and E	Hardware lock / unlock After a hardware lock, an operation of the device via display or communication is not possible! The hardware can only be unlocked via the display. An unlock parameter must be entered to do so.

# Certificates and approvals

CE approval	The measuring system meets the legal requirements of the EC guidelines. Endress+Hauser confirms successful testing of the device by affixing to it the CE mark.
C-Tick symbol	The measuring system meets the EMC requirements of the "Australian Communications and Media Authority (ACMA)".
Ex approval	<ul> <li>ATEX</li> <li>CSA</li> <li>FM</li> <li>NEPSI</li> <li>TIIS</li> <li>When operating in hazardous areas, additional safety instructions must be observed.</li> <li>These can be found in the separate document entitled "Safety Instructions" (XA), which is included in</li> </ul>
	the scope of delivery. The applicable XA is indicated on the nameplate. Details on the certificates available and the relevant XAs can be found in the "Documentation" section under "Safety instructions" $\rightarrow \stackrel{\triangle}{=} 33$ .
Overfill prevention	WHG, see ZE00243F/00/DE.
RF approvals	R&TTE 1999/5/EG, FCC CRF 47, part 15
CRN approvals	Versions with a CRN approval (Canadian Registration Number) are listed in the corresponding registration documents. CRN-approved devices are assigned the registration number 0F10904.5CADD2.
Custody type approval	All aspects of OIML R85 are fulfilled.
External standards and guidelines	To conception and development for Micropilot S have been followed the external standards and guidelines:
	EN 60529 Protection class of housing (IP-code)
	<b>EN 61010</b> Safety regulations for electrical devices for measurement, control, regulation, and laboratory use
	EN 61326 Emissions (equipment class B), compatibility (appendix A – industrial area)
	NAMUR Standards committee for measurement and control in the chemical industry
	API (American Petroleum Institute) Particularly "Manual of Petroleum Measurement Stadards"
	OIML R85 (Organisation Internationale de Métrologie Légale)

# Ordering information

## Ordering information

Detailed ordering information is available as follows:

- In the Product Configurator on the Endress+Hauser website: www.endress.com P Select country P Instruments P Select device P Product page function: Configure this product
- From your Endress+Hauser sales center: www.endress.com/worldwide



#### Product Configurator - the tool for individual product configuration

- Configuration data updated on a daily basis
- Depending on the device: Direct input of data specific to measuring point, such as measuring range or operating language
- Automatic verification of exclusion criteria
- Automatic generation of order code with breakdown in PDF or Excel output format
- Possibility to order directly from the Endress+Hauser online shop

#### Scope of delivery

The scope of delivery comprises:

- Device, mounted
- Optional accessories
- 2 lead seals
- CD-ROM with Endress+Hauser operating software
- Brief Operating Instructions KA01055F/00/EN for fast commissioning (included with device)
- Brief Operating Instructions KA00161F/00/A2 (basic calibration/trouble-shooting), stored in device
- Approval documentation, if not included in the Operating Instructions
- CD-ROM with additional technical documentation, e.g.
  - Operating Instructions
  - Description of Instrument Functions

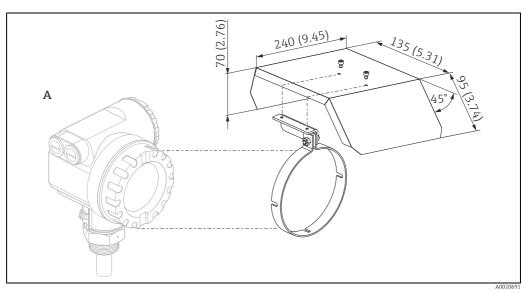
# Accessories

A variety of accessories is available for the Micropilot S. They can be ordered separately from Endress+Hauser.

#### Device-specific accessories

## Weather protection cover

A weather protection cover made of stainless steel is available for outdoor installation (order code: 543199-0001). The shipment includes the protective cover and tension clamp.



Engineering unit mm (in)

A Housing T12

# Communication-specific accessories

#### Commubox FXA195 HART

For intrinsically safe communication with FieldCare via the USB interface. For details refer to TI00404F/00/EN.

## Commubox FXA291

The Commubox FXA291 connects Endress+Hauser field devices with CDI interface (= Endress+Hauser Common Data Interface) to the USB interface of a personal computer or a notebook. For details refer to TI00405C/07/EN.



For the device you need the "ToF Adapter FXA291" as an additional accessory.

#### ToF Adapter FXA291

The ToF Adapter FXA291 connects the Commubox FXA291 via the USB interface of a personal computer or a notebook to the device. For details refer to KA00271F/00/A2.

# Field Xpert

Compact, flexible and robust industrial handheld terminal for remote configuration and measured value retrieval via HART current output and via FOUNDATION Fieldbus. For details, see Operating Instructions BA00060S.

#### Service-specific accessories

#### **FieldCare**

FDT-based Plant Asset Management Tool from Endress+Hauser. It can configure all smart field units in your system and help you manage them. By using the status information, it is also a simple but effective way of checking their status and condition. For details, see Operating Instructions BA00027S and BA00059S.

# **Documentation**

#### Standard documentation

The following document types are available:

- On the CD supplied with the device
- In the Download Area of the Endress+Hauser website  $\rightarrow$  www.de.endress.com  $\rightarrow$  Download

Documentation			
Operating Instructions	BA00206F/00/EN		
Description of Instrument Functions	BA00217F/00/EN		
Brief Operating Instructions (for fast commissioning)	KA01055/00/EN2		
Brief Operating Instructions (in the device)	KA00161F/00/A2		

# Supplementary devicedependent documentation

Device	Documentation	
	Technical Information	TI00402F/00/EN
Tank Side Monitor NRF590	Operating Instructions	BA00256F/00/EN
	Description of Instrument Functions	BA00257F/00/EN

## **Safety Instructions**

Depending on the approval, Safety Instructions (XA) are supplied with the device. These instructions are an integral part of the Operating Instructions.

Certificate/type of protection	Documentation	Version*
ATEX II 1/2 G Ex ia IIC T6	XA00081F	1
ATEX II 1/2 G Ex ia IIC T6 + WHG	XA00081F + WHG: ZE00243F/00/EN	6
ATEX II 3G Ex nA IIC T6	XA00231F	G
FM IS Cl.I Div.1 Gr.A-D	XA00555F	S
CSA IS Cl.I Div.1 Gr.A-D	XA00540F	U
NEPSI Ex ia IIC T6 to T1	XA00579F	I
TIIS Ex ia IIC T3	-	К
TIIS Ex ia IIC T6	-	L

<sup>\*</sup> Order code in Product Configurator ( $\rightarrow = 31$ )



The nameplate indicates which Safety Instructions (XA) apply to the device.

# **Patents**

This product may be protected by at least one of the following patents. Further patents are pending.

- US 5,387,918 i EP 0 535 196
- US 5,689,265 i EP 0 626 063
- US 5,659,321
- US 5,614,911 i EP 0 670 048
- US 5,594,449 i EP 0 676 037
- US 6,047,598
- US 5,880,698
- US 5,926,152
- US 5,969,666
- US 5,948,979
- US 6,054,946
- US 6,087,978
- US 6,014,100



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