

Technical Information

# Proline Prosonic Flow B 200

Ultrasonic flow measuring system

The device for accurate, reliable biogas measurement under variable process conditions



# Application

- Reliable measurement of wet biogas, digester gas and landfill gas under low process pressure, low flow rates and varying gas compositions.
- The Ultrasonic measuring principle is unaffected by the gas composition.

#### Device properties:

- Medium temperature: 0 to 80 °C (32 to 176 °F)
- Process pressure: max. 10 bar (145 psi)
- Nominal diameter: DN 50 to 200 (2 to 8")
- Accuracy:
  - Volume flow:  $\pm 1.5$  % o.r.
  - Methane:  $\pm 2$  % abs. (optional)
- Loop powered transmitter made of aluminum or stainless steel
- Graphical local display with operation from the outside (Touch Control)
- Communication via 4–20 mA HART
- Ex approvals accepted worldwide: ATEX, IECEx, <sub>C</sub>CSA<sub>US</sub>, NEPSI (intrinsically safe or explosion proof design)

# Your benefits

Biogas measurement for a wide range of applications with optional real-time measurement of the biogas methane fraction combined with genuine loop-powered technology.

Sizing – correct product selection Applicator - the reliable, easy-to-use tool for selecting and sizing measuring devices for every application

Installation – simple and efficient

- Short inlet and outlet runs
- Reduced wiring thanks to loop-powered technology

*Commissioning – reliable and intuitive* Guided parameterization ("Make-it-run" Wizards)

*Operation – increased measurement availability* 

- Multivariable measurement: volume flow and, optionally, methane fraction and temperature
- No pressure loss
- Diagnostic capability
- Automatic data restore by HistoROM

Cost-effective Life Cycle Management by W@M



People for Process Automation

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# **Document information**

# Symbols used

# Electrical symbols

Symbol	Meaning
A0011197	<b>Direct current</b> A terminal to which DC voltage is applied or through which direct current flows.
A0011198	Alternating current A terminal to which alternating voltage is applied or through which alternating current flows.
A0017381	<ul> <li>Direct current and alternating current</li> <li>A terminal to which alternating voltage or DC voltage is applied.</li> <li>A terminal through which alternating current or direct current flows.</li> </ul>
	<b>Ground connection</b> A grounded terminal which, as far as the operator is concerned, is grounded via a grounding system.
A0011199	<b>Protective ground connection</b> A terminal which must be connected to ground prior to establishing any other connections.
A0011201	<b>Equipotential connection</b> A connection that has to be connected to the plant grounding system: This may be a potential equalization line or a star grounding system depending on national or company codes of practice.

# Symbols for certain types of information

Symbol	Meaning
A0011182	Allowed Indicates procedures, processes or actions that are allowed.
A0011183	<b>Preferred</b> Indicates procedures, processes or actions that are preferred.
A0011184	Forbidden Indicates procedures, processes or actions that are forbidden.
A0011193	Tip Indicates additional information.
A0011194	Reference to documentation Refers to the corresponding device documentation.
A0011195	Reference to page Refers to the corresponding page number.
A0011196	<b>Reference to graphic</b> Refers to the corresponding graphic number and page number.

# Symbols in graphics

Symbol	Meaning
1, 2, 3,	Item numbers
1. , 2. , 3	Series of steps
A, B, C,	Views
A-A, B-B, C-C,	Sections
≈➡	Flow direction
A0013441	

Symbol	Meaning
A0011187	Hazardous area Indicates a hazardous area.
A0011188	Safe area (non-hazardous area) Indicates a non-hazardous area.

# Function and system design

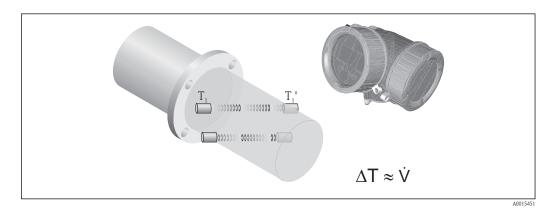
#### Measuring principle

A Prosonic Flow inline flowmeter measures the flow rate of the passing fluid by using sensor pairs located on opposite sides of the meter body and at an angle so that one of the sensors in the pair is slightly downstream. The design is non-invasive and does not have any moving parts.

The flow signal is established by alternating an acoustic signal between the sensor pairs and measuring the time of flight of each transmission. Then utilizing the fact that sound travels faster with the flow versus against the flow, this differential time ( $\Delta$  T) can be used to determine the fluids velocity between the sensors.

The volume flow rate is established by combining all the flow velocities determined by the sensor pairs with the cross sectional area of the meter body and extensive knowledge about fluid flow dynamics. The design of the sensors and their position ensures that only a short straight run of pipe upstream of the meter is required after typical flow obstructions such as bends in one or two planes.

Advance digital signal processing facilitates constant validation of the flow measurement reducing susceptibility to multiphase flow conditions and increases the reliability of the measurement.



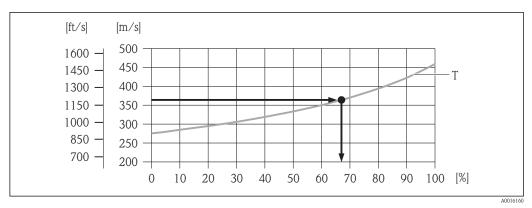
#### Direct measurement of the methane fraction (CH<sub>4</sub>)

The sound velocity, temperature and chemical composition of a gas are directly related to one another. If two of these characteristic quantities are known, the third can be calculated. The higher the gas temperature or the methane fraction, the higher the sound velocity in biogas, for example.

Since the measuring device accurately measures both the sound velocity and the current gas temperature, the methane fraction can be calculated directly and displayed on site without the need for an additional measuring instrument .

The relative humidity of biogas is usually 100 %. Thus, the water content can be determined by the temperature measurement and can be compensated for.

The measuring device is unique in its ability to measure the methane fraction directly, making it possible to monitor the gas flow and gas quality 24/7. In this way, operators of a biogas plant, for example, can react swiftly and specifically to problems in the digestion process.



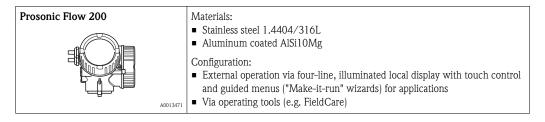
Calculation of the methane fraction [%] based on the sound velocity [m/s (ft/s)] and a temperature T of 40 °C (104 °F), for example

#### Measuring system

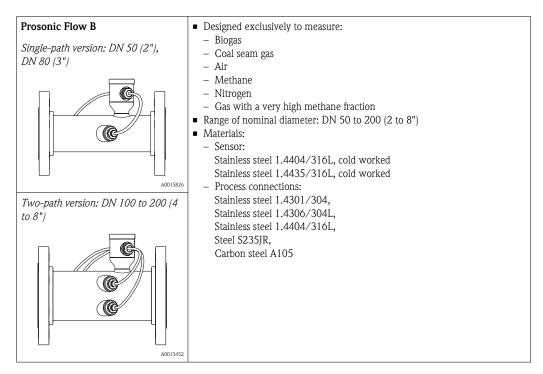
The device consists of a transmitter and a sensor.

One device version is available: compact version, transmitter and sensor form a mechanical unit.

#### Transmitter



#### Sensor



# Input

#### Measured variable

#### Direct measured variables

Volume flow

## Calculated measured variables

- Corrected volume flow
- Mass flow

#### Optional measured variables (can be ordered)

Order code for "Sensor version", option 2 "Volume flow + Biogas analysis"

- Corrected methane volume flow
- Energy flow
- Methane fraction
- Gross calorific value
- Wobbe index
- Temperature

#### Measuring range

Standard (Order code for "Calibration Flow", option 1 "Operable flow range 30:1")

Nominal	diameter		Velocity	Effectiv	e volume flow
[mm]	[in]	[m/s]	[ft/s]	[m <sup>3</sup> /h]	[ft <sup>3</sup> /h]
50	2	1 to 30	3.28 to 98.4	9 to 269	316 to 9495
80	3	1 to 30	3.28 to 98.4	20 to 611	720 to 21 592
100	4	1 to 30	3.28 to 98.4	34 to 1 032	1 215 to 36 443
150	6	1 to 30	3.28 to 98.4	76 to 2290	2 695 to 80 862
200	8	1 to 30	3.28 to 98.4	131 to 3925	4620 to 138596

Optional (Order code for "Calibration Flow", option 2 "Operable flow range 100 : 1")

Nominal	diameter	v	elocity	Effectiv	ve volume flow
[mm]	[in]	[m/s]	[ft/s]	[m³/h]	[ft <sup>3</sup> /h]
50	2	0.3 to 30	0.98 to 98.4	3 to 269	95 to 9495
80	3	0.3 to 30	0.98 to 98.4	6 to 611	215 to 21 592
100	4	0.3 to 30	0.98 to 98.4	11 to 1032	363 to 36 443
150	6	0.3 to 30	0.98 to 98.4	25 to 2290	805 to 80862
200	8	0.3 to 30	0.98 to 98.4	43 to 3 925	1 365 to 138 596

The values in the table should only be regarded as reference values.

To calculate the measuring range, use the Applicator sizing tool ( $\rightarrow = 41$ )

#### Recommended measuring range

"Flow limit" section ( $\rightarrow \ge 25$ )

Operable flow range

30:1 (standard; order code for "Calibration Flow", option 1 "Operable flow range 30:1")
100:1 (optional; order code for "Calibration Flow", option 2 "Operable flow range 100:1")

Flow rates above the preset full scale value do not overload the amplifier so the totalized values are registered correctly.

Input signal	HART protocol
	To increase the accuracy of certain measured variables, a measured pressure value can be used instead

To increase the accuracy of certain measured variables, a measured pressure value can be used instead of a fixed process pressure. For this purpose, the measuring device continuously reads in the process pressure from a pressure transmitter (e.g. Cerabar M or Cerabar S) via the HART protocol.

The pressure transmitter must support the following protocol-specific functions:

- HART protocol
- Burst mode
- Endress+Hauser recommends the use of an absolute pressure transmitter

Please comply with the special mounting instructions when using pressure transmitters ( $\rightarrow$   $\ge$  21)

External pressure compensation is recommended to calculate the following measured variables:

- Corrected volume flow
- Corrected methane volume flow
- Mass flow
- Energy flow

# Output

## Output signal

# Current output

Current output 1	4-20 mA HART (passive)
Current output 2	4-20 mA (passive)
Resolution	< 1 µA
Damping	Adjustable: 0.07 to 999 s
Assignable measured variables	<ul> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Corrected methane volume flow</li> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Energy flow</li> <li>Methane fraction</li> <li>Gross calorific value</li> <li>Wobbe index</li> <li>Temperature</li> </ul>

#### Pulse/frequency/switch output

Function	Can be set to pulse, frequency or switch output
Version	Passive, open collector
Maximum input values	<ul> <li>DC 35 V</li> <li>50 mA</li> <li>For information on the Ex connection values (→  □ 10)</li> </ul>
Voltage drop	<ul> <li>For ≤ 2 mA: 2 V</li> <li>For 10 mA: 8 V</li> </ul>
Residual current	$\leq$ 0.05 mA
Pulse output	
Pulse width	Adjustable: 5 to 2 000 ms
Maximum pulse rate	100 Impulse/s
Pulse value	Adjustable

Assignable measured variables	<ul> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Corrected methane volume flow</li> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Energy flow</li> </ul>		
Frequency output			
Output frequency	Adjustable: 0 to 1 000 Hz		
Damping	Adjustable: 0 to 999 s		
Pulse/pause ratio	1:1		
Assignable measured variables	<ul> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Corrected methane volume flow</li> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Energy flow</li> <li>Methane fraction</li> <li>Gross calorific value</li> <li>Wobbe index</li> <li>Temperature</li> </ul>		
Switch output			
Switching behavior	Binary, conductive or non-conductive		
Switching delay Adjustable: 0 to 100 s			
Number of switching cycles	Unlimited		
Assignable functions	<ul> <li>Off</li> <li>On</li> <li>Diagnostic behavior</li> <li>Limit value <ul> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Corrected methane volume flow</li> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Energy flow</li> <li>Methane fraction</li> <li>Gross calorific value</li> <li>Wobbe index</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Totalizer 1 to 3</li> </ul> </li> <li>Flow direction monitoring</li> <li>Status <ul> <li>Low flow cut off</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		

# Signal on alarm

Depending on the interface, failure information is displayed as follows:

# Current output

# 4-20 mA

<ul> <li>Minimum value: 3.6 mA</li> <li>Maximum value: 22 mA</li> <li>Defined value: 3.59 to 22.5 mA</li> <li>Actual value</li> <li>Last valid value</li> </ul>	Failure mode	<ul> <li>Maximum value: 22 mA</li> <li>Defined value: 3.59 to 22.5 mA</li> <li>Actual value</li> </ul>
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# HART

Device diagnostics
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#### Pulse/frequency/switch output

Pulse output	
Failure mode	Choose from: Actual value No pulses
Frequency output	·
Failure mode	Choose from: Actual value Defined value: 0 to 1 250 Hz 0 Hz
Switch output	
Failure mode	Choose from: Current status Open Closed

#### Local display

Plain text display	With information on cause and remedial measures	
Backlight         Additionally for device version with SD03 local display: red lighting indicates a error.		

Status signal as per NAMUR recommendation NE 107

## Operating tool

- Via digital communication:
- HART protocol
- Via service interface

Plain text display	With information on cause and remedial measures	
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Additional information on remote operation ( $\rightarrow \ge 36$ )

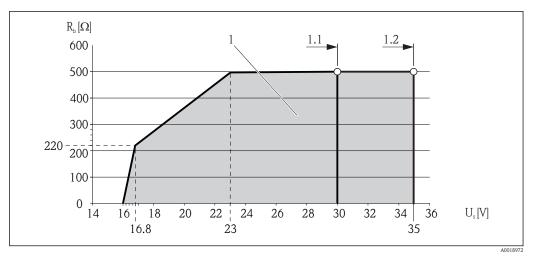
Load

Load for current output: 0 to 500  $\Omega$ , depending on the external supply voltage of the power supply unit

#### Calculation of the maximum load

Depending on the supply voltage of the power supply unit (U<sub>S</sub>), the maximum load (R<sub>B</sub>) including line resistance must be observed to ensure adequate terminal voltage at the device. In doing so, observe the minimum terminal voltage ( $\rightarrow \exists 14$ )

- For  $U_S = 16.0$  to 16.8 V:  $R_B \le (U_S 16.0 \text{ V}) : 0.0036 \text{ A}$
- For  $U_S = 16.8$  to 23.0 V:  $R_B \le (U_S 12.0 \text{ V}) : 0.022 \text{ A}$
- $\blacksquare$  For  $U_S=23.0$  to 30.0 V:  $R_B \leq 500~\Omega$



- 1 Operating range
- 1.1 For order code for "Output", option A "4-20 mA HART"/option B "4-20 mA HART, pulse/frequency/switch output" with Ex i and option C "4-20 mA HART, 4-20 mA"
- 1.2 For order code for "Output", option A "4-20 mA HART"/option B "4-20 mA HART, pulse/frequency/switch output" with non-Ex and Ex d

#### Sample calculation

Supply voltage of the power supply unit:  $U_S = 17.5 \text{ V}$ Maximum load:  $R_B \le (17.5 \text{ V} - 12.0 \text{ V}) : 0.022 \text{ A} = 250 \Omega$ 

## Ex connection data

# Safety-related values

Ex d type of protection

Order code for "Output"	Output type	Safety-related values
Option <b>A</b>	4-20mA HART	$\begin{array}{l} U_{nom} = DC \; 35 \; V \\ U_{max} = 250 \; V \end{array}$
Option <b>B</b>	4-20mA HART	$\begin{array}{l} U_{nom} = DC \; 35 \; V \\ U_{max} = 250 \; V \end{array}$
	Pulse/frequency/switch output	$\begin{array}{l} U_{nom} = DC \; 35 \; V \\ U_{max} = 250 \; V \\ P_{max} = 1 \; W^{1)} \end{array}$

#### 1) Internal circuit limited by $R_i=760.5~\Omega$

Option <b>C</b>	4-20mA HART	$U_{nom} = DC 30 V$
	■ 4-20mA	$U_{max} = 250 \text{ V}$

#### Type of protection XP

Order code for "Output"	Output type	Safety-related values
Option <b>A</b>	4-20mA HART	$U_{nom} = DC 35 V$ $U_{max} = 250 V$
Option <b>B</b>	4-20mA HART	$\begin{array}{l} U_{nom} = DC \; 35 \; V \\ U_{max} = 250 \; V \end{array}$
	Pulse/frequency/switch output	$\begin{array}{l} U_{nom} = DC \; 35 \; V \\ U_{max} = 250 \; V \\ P_{max} = 1 \; W^{1)} \end{array}$

1) Internal circuit limited by  $R_i = 760.5 \ \Omega$ 

Option <b>C</b>	■ 4–20mA HART	$U_{nom} = DC 30 V$
	■ 4-20mA	U <sub>max</sub> = 250 V

# Type of protection NI

Order code for "Output"	Output type	Safety-related values
Option <b>A</b>	4-20mA HART	U <sub>nom</sub> = DC 35 V
Option <b>B</b>	4-20mA HART	U <sub>nom</sub> = DC 35 V
	Pulse/frequency/switch output	U <sub>nom</sub> = DC 35 V
Option C	<ul><li>4-20mA HART</li><li>4-20mA</li></ul>	$U_{nom} = DC 30 V$

# Type of protection NIFW

Order code for "Output"	Output type	Intrinsically safe values
Option <b>A</b>	4-20mA HART	$ \begin{array}{l} U_i = DC \; 35 \; V \\ I_i = n.a. \\ P_i = 1 \; W \\ L_i = 0 \; \mu H \\ C_i = 5 \; nF \end{array} $
Option <b>B</b>	4-20mA HART	$\begin{array}{l} U_{i} = DC \; 35 \; V \\ I_{i} = n.a. \\ P_{i} = 1 \; W \\ L_{i} = 0 \; \mu H \\ C_{i} = 5 \; nF \end{array}$
	Pulse/frequency/switch output	$\begin{array}{l} U_i = DC \; 35 \; V \\ I_i = n.a. \\ P_i = 1 \; W \\ L_i = 0 \; \mu H \\ C_i = 6 \; nF \end{array}$
Option <b>C</b>	<ul> <li>4-20mA HART</li> <li>4-20mA</li> </ul>	$ \begin{array}{l} U_i = DC \; 30 \; V \\ I_i = n.a. \\ P_i = 1 \; W \\ L_i = 0 \; \mu H \\ C_i = 30 \; nF \end{array} $

# Intrinsically safe values

type of protection Ex ia

Order code for "Output"	Output type	Intrinsically safe values
Option A		$\begin{array}{l} U_i = DC \; 30 \; V \\ I_i = 300 \; mA \\ P_i = 1 \; W \\ L_i = 0 \; \mu H \\ C_i = 5 \; nF \end{array}$

Option <b>B</b>	4-20mA HART	$ \begin{array}{l} U_i = DC \; 30 \; V \\ I_i = \; 300 \; mA \\ P_i = \; 1 \; W \\ L_i = \; 0 \; \mu H \\ C_i = \; 5 \; nF \end{array} $
	Pulse/frequency/switch output	$\begin{array}{l} U_i = DC \; 30 \; V \\ I_i = \; 300 \; mA \\ P_i = \; 1 \; W \\ L_i = \; 0 \; \mu H \\ C_i = \; 6 \; nF \end{array}$
Option <b>C</b>	<ul><li> 4-20mA HART</li><li> 4-20mA</li></ul>	$\begin{array}{l} U_i = DC \; 30 \; V \\ I_i = \; 300 \; mA \\ P_i = \; 1 \; W \\ L_i = \; 0 \; \mu H \\ C_i = \; 30 \; nF \end{array}$

# IS type of protection

Order code for "Output"	Output type	Intrinsically safe values
Option A	4-20mA HART	$ \begin{array}{l} U_i = DC \; 30 \; V \\ I_i = 300 \; mA \\ P_i = 1 \; W \\ L_i = 0 \; \mu H \\ C_i = 5 \; nF \end{array} $
Option <b>B</b>	4-20mA HART	$\begin{array}{l} U_i = DC \; 30 \; V \\ I_i = 300 \; mA \\ P_i = 1 \; W \\ L_i = 0 \; \mu H \\ C_i = 5 \; nF \end{array}$
	Pulse/frequency/switch output	$\begin{array}{l} U_i = DC \; 30 \; V \\ I_i = 300 \; mA \\ P_i = 1 \; W \\ L_i = 0 \; \mu H \\ C_i = 6 \; nF \end{array}$
Option <b>C</b>	<ul> <li>4-20mA HART</li> <li>4-20mA</li> </ul>	$\begin{array}{l} U_{i} = DC \; 30 \; V \\ I_{i} = \; 300 \; mA \\ P_{i} = \; 1 \; W \\ L_{i} = \; 0 \; \mu H \\ C_{i} = \; 30 \; nF \end{array}$

# Low flow cut off

The switch points for low flow cut off are user-selectable.

All outputs are galvanically isolated from one another.

Galvanic isolation

Protocol-specific data

HART

Manufacturer ID	0x11	
Device type ID	0x5A	
HART protocol revision	6.0	
Device description files (DTM, DD)	Information and files under: www.endress.com	

HART load	<ul> <li>Min. 250 Ω</li> <li>Max. 500 Ω</li> </ul>
Dynamic variables	The measured variables can be freely assigned to the dynamic variables.
	Measured variables for PV (primary dynamic variable) Volume flow Corrected volume flow Mass flow Energy flow Methane fraction Gross calorific value Wobbe index Temperature
	Measured variables for SV, TV, OV (secondary, tertiary and quaternary dynamic variable) Volume flow Corrected volume flow Corrected methane volume flow Mass flow Energy flow Methane fraction Gross calorific value Wobbe index Temperature Totalizer 1 Totalizer 2 Totalizer 3

# Power supply

# Terminal assignment

# Connection versions

Transmitter

$ \begin{array}{c}  \hline  \\  \\  \\  \\  \\  \\  \\  \\  \\  \\  \\  \\  \\ $		
A0013570 Maximum number of terminals, without integrated overvoltage protection	ADDIBION Maximum number of terminals, with integrated overvoltage protection	
1       Output 1 (passive): supply voltage and signal transmission         2       Output 2 (passive): supply voltage and signal transmission		

3 Ground terminal for cable shield

Order code for	Terminal numbers			
"Output"	Output 1		Outj	put 2
	1 (+)	2 (-)	3 (+)	4 (-)
Option <b>A</b>	4-20 mA HART (passive)			-
Option <b>B</b> <sup>1</sup>	4-20 mA HART (passive)			y/switch output sive)

Option $C^{(1)}$	4-20 mA HART (passive)	4-20 mA (passive)

1) Output 1 must always be used; output 2 is optional.

# Supply voltage

An external power supply is required for each output. The following supply voltage values apply for the 4-20 mA and 4-20 mA HART current output:

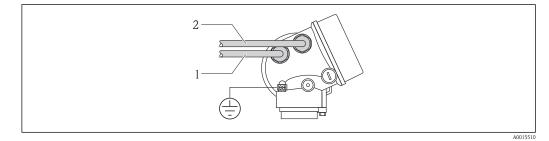
Order code for "Output"	Minimum terminal voltage	Maximum terminal voltage
<ul> <li>Option A <sup>1), 2)</sup>: 4-20 mA HART</li> <li>Option B <sup>1), 2)</sup>: 4-20 mA HART, Pulse/frequency/switch output</li> </ul>	For 4 mA: ≥ DC 16 V For 20 mA: ≥ DC 12 V	DC 35 V
Option <b>C</b> <sup>1), 2)</sup> : 4-20 mA HART, 4-20 mA	For 4 mA: ≥ DC 16 V For 20 mA: ≥ DC 12 V	DC 30 V

- 1) External supply voltage of the power supply unit with load ( $\rightarrow \textcircled{1} 9$ )
- 2) For device versions with local display SD03: The terminal voltage must be increased by DC 2 V if backlighting is used.
- For information on the Ex connection values ( $\rightarrow \ge 10$ )
- Various power supply units can be ordered from Endress+Hauser: see "Accessories" section  $(\rightarrow \geqq 41)$

Power consumption	Transmitter			
	Order code for "Output"	Maximum power consumption		
	Option A: 4-20 mA HART	770 mW		
	Option <b>B</b> : 4-20 mA HART, Pulse/frequency/switch output	<ul><li>Operation with output 1: 770 mW</li><li>Operation with output 1 and 2: 2770 mW</li></ul>		
	Option <b>C:</b> 4-20 mA HART, 4-20 mA	<ul><li>Operation with output 1: 660 mW</li><li>Operation with output 1 and 2: 1 320 mW</li></ul>		
	For information on the Ex connection values ( $\rightarrow \ge 10$ )			
Current consumption	Current output			
	For every 4-20 mA or 4-20 mA HART current output: 3.6 to 22.5 mA			
	If the option <b>Defined value</b> is selected in the <b>Failure mode</b> parameter ( $\rightarrow \ge 8$ ): 3.59 to 22.5 mA			
Power supply failure	<ul> <li>Totalizers stop at the last value measured.</li> <li>Configuration is retained in the device me</li> <li>Error messages (incl. total operated hours)</li> </ul>			

#### **Electrical connection**

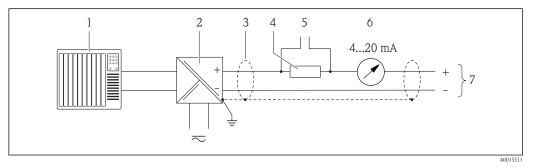
#### Connecting the transmitter



1 Cable entry for output 1

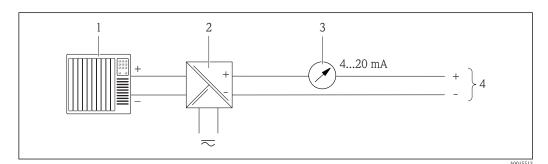
2 Cable entry for output 2

#### **Connection examples**



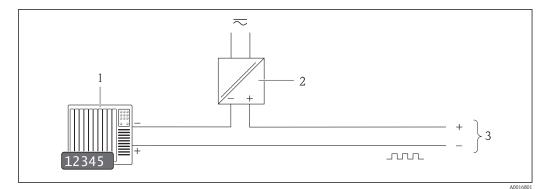
Connection example for 4-20 mA HART current output (passive)

- 1 Automation system with current input (e.g. PLC)
- 2 Active barrier for power supply (e.g. RN221N) ( $\rightarrow \square 17$ )
- 3 Observe cable specification ( $\rightarrow \triangleq 17$ )
- 4 Resistor for HART communication ( $\geq 250 \Omega$ ): observe maximum load ( $\rightarrow \square 9$ )
- 5 Connection for HART operating devices ( $\rightarrow \stackrel{\text{l}}{\Rightarrow} 36$ )
- 6 Analog display unit: observe maximum load ( $\rightarrow \square 9$ )
- 7 Transmitter



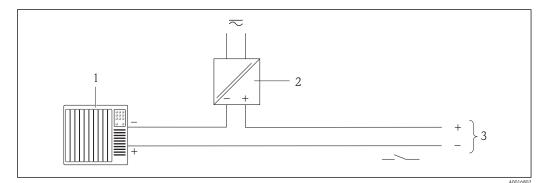
Connection example for 4-20 mA current output (passive)

- 1 Automation system with current input (e.g. PLC)
- 2 Active barrier for power supply (e.g. RN221N) ( $\rightarrow \square 14$ )
- 3 Analog display unit: observe maximum load ( $\rightarrow \textcircled{1} 9$ )
- 4 Transmitter



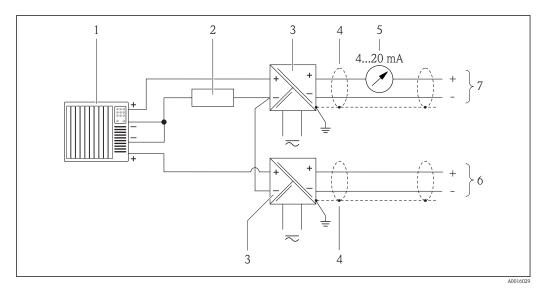
Connection example for pulse/frequency output (passive)

- 1 Automation system with pulse/frequency input (e.g. PLC)
- 2 Power supply
- 3 Transmitter: Observe input values ( $\rightarrow \square 7$ )



**Connection example for switch output (passive)** 

- 1 Control system with switch input (e.g. PLC)
- 2 Power supply
- 3 Transmitter: Observe input values ( $\rightarrow \square 7$ )



- Connection example for HART input with a common negative
- 1 Automation system with HART output (e.g. PLC)
- *2* Resistor for HART communication ( $\geq 250 \Omega$ ): observe maximum load ( $\rightarrow \exists 9$ )
- 3 Active barrier for power supply (e.g. RN221N) ( $\rightarrow \square 14$ )
- 4 Observe cable specification ( $\rightarrow \ge 17$ )
- 5 Analog display unit: observe maximum load ( $\rightarrow \exists 9$ )
- 6 Pressure transmitter (e.g. Cerabar M, Cerabar S): see requirements ( $\rightarrow \ge 7$ )
- 7 Transmitter

	No special measures for potential equalization are required.		
	For devices in hazardous loca	tions, please observe the guidelines in the Ex documentation (XA).	
Terminals	<ul> <li>For device version without integrated overvoltage protection: plug-in spring terminals for wire cross-sections 0.5 to 2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (20 to 14 AWG)</li> <li>For device version with integrated overvoltage protection: screw terminals for wire cross-sections 0.2 to 2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (24 to 14 AWG)</li> </ul>		
Cable entries	<ul> <li>Cable gland (not for Ex d): M20 × 1.5 with cable Ø 6 to 12 mm (0.24 to 0.47 in)</li> <li>Thread for cable entry: <ul> <li>For non-Ex and Ex: NPT ½"</li> <li>For non-Ex and Ex (not for CSA Ex d/XP): G ½"</li> <li>For Ex d: M20 × 1.5</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		
Cable specification	Permitted temperature range		
	<ul> <li>-40 °C (-40 °F)≥ 80 °C (176 °F)</li> <li>Minimum requirement: cable temperature range ≥ ambient temperature + 20 K</li> </ul>		
	Signal cable		
	Current output		
	<ul> <li>For 4-20 mA: standard installation cable is sufficient.</li> <li>For 4-20 mA HART: Shielded cable recommended. Observe grounding concept of the plant.</li> </ul>		
	Pulse/frequency/switch output		
	Standard installation cable is sufficient.		
Overvoltage protection	The device can be ordered with integrated overvoltage protection for diverse approvals: Order code for "Accessory mounted", option <b>NA</b> "overvoltage protection"		
	Input voltage range		
	input voltage range	Values correspond to supply voltage specifications ( $\rightarrow$ 🖹 14) <sup>1)</sup>	
	Resistance per channel	Values correspond to supply voltage specifications ( $\rightarrow \equiv 14$ ) <sup>17</sup> 2 · 0.5 $\Omega$ max	
	Resistance per channel	$2 \cdot 0.5 \Omega$ max	
	Resistance per channel DC sparkover voltage	2 · 0.5 Ω max 400 to 700 V	
	Resistance per channel DC sparkover voltage Trip surge voltage	2 · 0.5 Ω max 400 to 700 V < 800 V	

# Performance characteristics

Reference conditions	<ul> <li>Error limits following ISO/DIS 11631</li> <li>Calibration gas: air</li> <li>Temperature regulated to 24 ± 0.5 °C (75.2 ± 0.9 °F) under atmospheric pressure</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Humidity regulated to &lt; 40 % RH</li> <li>Accuracy based on accredited calibration rigs that are traced to ISO 17025.</li> </ul>
	<b>1</b> To calculate the measuring range, use the <i>Applicator</i> sizing tool ( $\rightarrow \triangleq 41$ )

#### Maximum measured error

In addition to the values indicated, the measured error at the current output is typically  $\pm 4 \ \mu$ A.

o.r. = of reading; o.f.s. = of full scale value; abs. = absolute; 1 g/cm<sup>3</sup> = 1 kg/l; T = medium temperature

# Volume flow

Standard Order code for "Calibration", option 1	<ul> <li>±1.5 % o.r. for 3 to 30 m/s (9.84 to 98.4 ft/s)</li> <li>±3 % o.r. for 1 to 3 m/s (3.28 to 9.84 ft/s)</li> </ul>
<b>Optional</b> Order code for "Calibration", option 2	<ul> <li>±0.1 % o.f.s. for 0.3 to 1 m/s (0.98 to 3.28 ft/s)</li> <li>±1.5 % o.r. for 1 to 30 m/s (3.28 to 98.4 ft/s)</li> </ul>

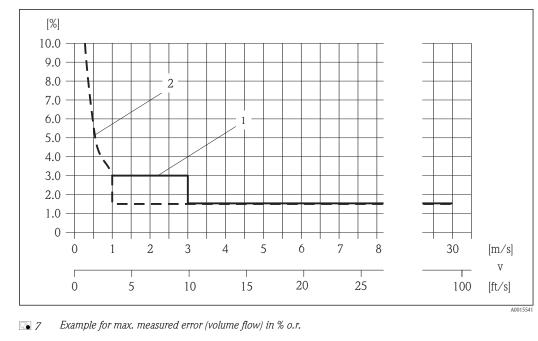
#### Methane

 $\pm 2$  % o.f.s. =  $\pm 2$  % abs.

#### Temperature

 $\pm 0.6 \degree C \pm 0.005 \cdot T \degree C \ (\pm 0.9 \degree F \pm 0.005 \cdot (T - 32) \degree F)$ 

## Example for max. measured error (volume flow)



1 Standard (order code for "Calibration", option 1)

2 Optional (order code for "Calibration", option 2)

Repeatability	o.r. = of reading; o.f.s. = of full scale value; abs. = absolute; $1 \text{ g/cm}^3 = 1 \text{ kg/l}$ ; T = medium temperature
	Volume flow $\pm 0.5 \%$ o.r.
	Methane $\pm 0.5 \%$ o.f.s. = $\pm 0.5 \%$ abs.
	Temperature $\pm 0.3 \text{ °C} \pm 0.0025 \cdot \text{T °C} (\pm 0.45 \text{ °F} \pm 0.0025 \cdot (\text{T} - 32) \text{ °F})$
Response time	<ul> <li>The response time depends on the configuration (damping).</li> <li>Response time in the event of erratic changes in the flow: after 1 000 ms 95 % of the full scale value.</li> </ul>
Influence of ambient temperature	o.r. = of reading; o.f.s. = of full scale value
temperature	Current output
	Additional error, in relation to the span of 16 mA:

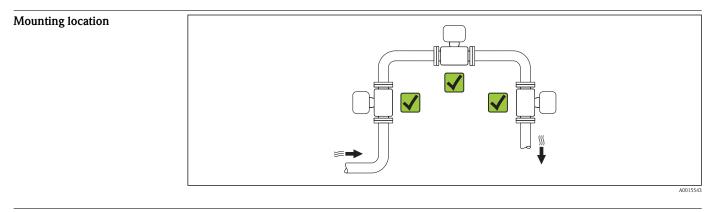
Temperature coefficient at zero point (4 mA)	0.02 %/10 K, max. 0.35 % over the entire temperature range -40 to +60 °C (-40 to +140 °F)
Temperature coefficient with span (20 mA)	0.05 %/10 K, max. 0.5 % over the entire temperature range –40 to +60 °C (–40 to +140 °F)

#### Pulse/frequency output

Temperature coefficient	Max. ±100 ppm o.r.
-------------------------	--------------------

# Installation

No special measures such as supports are necessary. External forces are absorbed by the construction of the device.



#### Orientation

The direction of the arrow on the sensor helps you to install the sensor according to the flow direction (direction of medium flow through the piping).



Install the measuring device in a parallel plane free of external mechanical stress.

• The internal diameter of the pipe must match the internal diameter of the sensor ( $\rightarrow \square 26$ ).

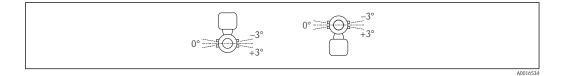


	Orientatio	n	Compact version
A	Vertical orientation	A0015545	
В	Horizontal orientation, transmitter head up *	A0015589	

	Orientatio	n	Compact version
С	Horizontal orientation, transmitter head down *	A0015590	
D	Horizontal orientation, transmitter head at side	A0015592	×

**A** \*

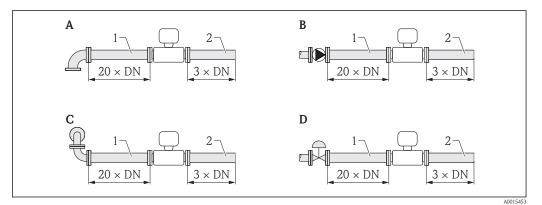
\* A maximum deviation of only  $\pm 3$  ° is permitted for the horizontal alignment of the transducers.



#### Inlet and outlet runs

The sensor should be mounted upstream of assemblies such as valves, T-sections, elbows etc. where possible. As a minimum, the inlet and outlet runs shown below must be observed to achieve the specific accuracy of the device. The longest inlet run shown must be observed if two or more flow disturbances are present.

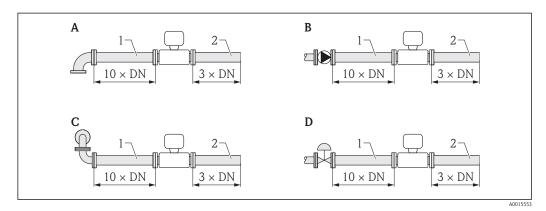
# Single-path version: DN 50 (2"), DN 80 (3")



🖾 8 Single-path version: minimum inlet and outlet runs with various flow obstructions

- A 90 ° elbow or T-section
- B Pump
- *C* 2× 90 ° elbow 3-dimensional
- D Control valve
- 1 Inlet run
- 2 Outlet run

#### Two-path version: DN 100 to 200 (4 to 8")



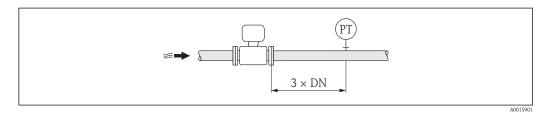
Two-path version: minimum inlet and outlet runs with various flow obstructions

- A 90 ° elbow or T-section
- B Pump
- $C = 2 \times 90^{\circ}$  elbow 3-dimensional
- D Control valve
- 1 Inlet run
- 2 Outlet run

#### Special mounting instructions

#### Outlet run for pressure transmitter

If a pressure transmitter is installed downstream of the measuring device, make sure there is sufficient distance between the two devices.



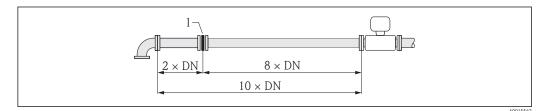
#### PT Pressure transmitter

#### Flow conditioner

It is advisable to use a flow conditioner if the inlet runs cannot be observed. Using a flow conditioner reduces the inlet required as follows:

Single-path version	Two-path version
10 × DN	$5 \times DN$

The flow conditioner should be installed so that it divides the available inlet run by a ratio of roughly 20:80. Example for an inlet run of  $10 \times DN$ :



1 Flow conditioner

#### Pressure loss

```
The pressure loss for flow conditioners is calculated as follows: 
 \Delta p~[mbar]=0.0085\cdot\rho~[kg/m^3]\cdot v^2~[m/s]
```

```
\begin{array}{l} \textit{Example for biogas} \\ p = 1\ 040\ mbar \ abs. \\ \rho = 1.0432\ kg/m^3 \ at \ t = 54\ ^\circ C\ (129\ ^\circ F) \\ v = 7\ m/s \\ \Delta p = 0.0085 \cdot 1.0432\ kg/m^3 \cdot 49\ m/s = 0.434\ mbar \\ \begin{array}{l} --- \\ abs.: \ absolute \end{array}
```

 $\rho$ : density of the process medium v: average flow velocity

# Environment

#### Ambient temperature range

Transmitter	-40 to +60 °C (-40 to +140 °F)
Local display	$-20$ to $+60\ ^\circ C$ (–4 to $+140\ ^\circ F), the readability of the display may be impaired at temperatures outside the temperature range.$
Sensor	<ul> <li>Flange material carbon steel: -10 to +60 °C (+14 to +140 °F)</li> <li>Flange material stainless steel: -40 to +60 °C (-40 to +140 °F)</li> <li>Version without flange: -40 to +60 °C (-40 to +140 °F)</li> </ul>

#### ► If operating outdoors:

Avoid direct sunlight, particularly in warm climatic regions.

Weather protection covers can be ordered from Endress+Hauser: see "Accessories" section ( $\rightarrow a$  39)

#### **Temperature tables**

The following interdependencies between the permitted ambient and fluid temperatures apply when operating the device in hazardous areas:

The following applies for installations with overvoltage protection in conjunction with approval code BJ or IJ:  $T_a = T_a - 2 \ ^oC \ (T_a = T_a - 3.6 \ ^oF)$ 

#### Order code for "Output", option A "4-20mA HART"

Ex ia, Ex d, <sub>C</sub>CSA<sub>US</sub> IS, <sub>C</sub>CSA<sub>US</sub> XP, <sub>C</sub>CSA<sub>US</sub> NI

#### SI units

Nominal diameter [mm]	T <sub>a</sub> [℃]	T6 [85 °C]	T5 [100 °C]	T4 [135 ℃]	T3 [200 ℃]	T2 [300 °C]	T1 [450 °C]
50 to 200	40	60	80	80	80	80	80
50 to 200	50	_	80	80	80	80	80
50 to 200	60	_	80	80	80	80	80

#### US units

Nominal diameter [in]	T <sub>a</sub> [°F]	T6 [185 °F]	T5 [212 °F]	T4 [275 °F]	T3 [392 °F]	T2 [572 °F]	T1 [842 °F]
2 to 8	104	140	176	176	176	176	176
2 to 8	122	_	176	176	176	176	176
2 to 8	140	_	176	176	176	176	176

# Order code for "Output", option B "4-20mA HART, pulse/frequency/switch output"

Ex ia, Ex d,  $_{\rm C}{\rm CSA}_{\rm US}$  IS,  $_{\rm C}{\rm CSA}_{\rm US}$  XP,  $_{\rm C}{\rm CSA}_{\rm US}$  NI

SI units

Nominal diameter [mm]	T <sub>a</sub> [℃]	T6 [85 °C]	T5 [100 °C]	T4 [135 ℃]	T3 [200 °C]	T2 [300 °C]	T1 [450 °C]
50 to 200	40	_ 1)	80	80	80	80	80
50 to 200	50	-	60 <sup>2)</sup>	80	80	80	80
50 to 200	60	-	-	80	80	80	80

1)  $T_a = 60 \text{ °C for pulse/frequency/switch output } P_i \le 0.85 \text{ W}$ 

2)  $T_a = 80$  °C for pulse/frequency/switch output  $P_i \le 0.85$  W

US units

Nominal diameter [in]	T <sub>a</sub> [°F]	T6 [185 °F]	T5 [212 °F]	T4 [275 °F]	T3 [392 °F]	T2 [572 °F]	T1 [842 °F]
2 to 8	104	_ 1)	176	176	176	176	176
2 to 8	122	-	140 <sup>2)</sup>	176	176	176	176
2 to 8	140	-	_	176	176	176	176

1)  $T_a = 140$  °F for pulse/frequency/switch output  $P_i \le 0.85$  W

2)  $T_a = 176$  °F for pulse/frequency/switch output  $P_i \le 0.85$  W

# Order code for "Output", option C "4-20mA HART, 4-20mA"

Ex ia, Ex d,  $_{\rm C}{\rm CSA}_{\rm US}$  IS,  $_{\rm C}{\rm CSA}_{\rm US}$  XP,  $_{\rm C}{\rm CSA}_{\rm US}$  NI

#### SI units

Nominal diameter [mm]	T <sub>a</sub> [℃]	T6 [85 ℃]	T5 [100 ℃]	T4 [135 ℃]	T3 [200 °C]	T2 [300 °C]	T1 [450 ℃]
50 to 200	40	60	80	80	80	80	80
50 to 200	50	-	80	80	80	80	80
50 to 200	60	_	55	80	80	80	80

#### US units

Nominal diameter [in]	T <sub>a</sub> [°F]	T6 [185 °F]	T5 [212 °F]	T4 [275 °F]	T3 [392 °F]	T2 [572 °F]	T1 [842 °F]
2 to 8	104	140	176	176	176	176	176
2 to 8	122	-	176	176	176	176	176
2 to 8	140	-	131	176	176	176	176

## Storage temperature

-40 to +80 °C (-40 to +176 °F), preferably at +20 °C (+68 °F)

Degree of protection	<ul> <li>Transmitter</li> <li>As standard: IP66/67, type 4X enclosure</li> <li>When housing is open: IP20, type 1 enclosure</li> <li>Display module: IP22, type 1 enclosure</li> </ul>
	Sensor IP66/67, type 4X enclosure

Shock resistance

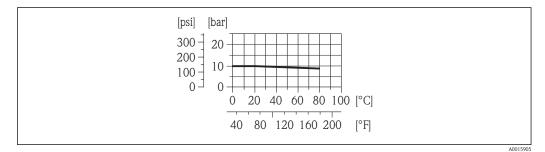
In accordance with EN 60721-3-4

Vibration resistance	Class 4M4, in accordance with EN 60721-3-4
Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)	<ul> <li>As per IEC/EN 61326 and NAMUR Recommendation 21 (NE 21)</li> <li>Complies with emission limits for industry as per EN 55011</li> </ul>
	Details are provided in the Declaration of Conformity.

# Process

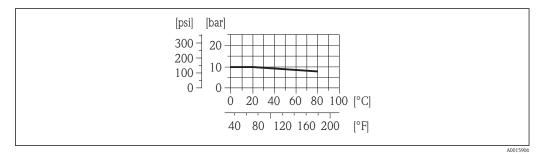
Medium temperature range	<b>Sensor</b> 0 to +80 °C (+32 to +176 °F)
Pressure-temperature ratings	The following material load diagrams refer to the entire device and not just the process connection.

Flange connection according to EN 1092-1 (DIN 2501)



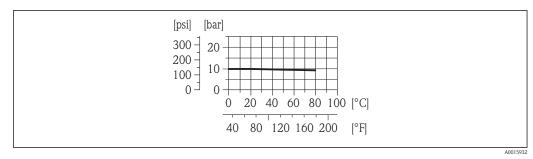
[] 10 With lap joint flange, stamped plate PN 10, material 1.4301/304 (DN 50 to 200 / 2 to 8")

## Flange connection according to EN 1092-1 (DIN 2501)



[ 11 With lap joint flange PN 10, material 1.4306/304L (DN 200 / 8")

# Flange connection according to EN 1092-1 (DIN 2501)



With lap joint flange PN 10/16, materials S235JR (DN 50 to 200 / 2 to 8") and 1.4306/304L (DN 50 to 150 / 2 to 6"); With lap joint flange, stamped plate PN 10, material S235JR (DN 50 to 200 / 2 to 8")

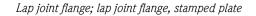
## Flange connection according to ASME B16.5

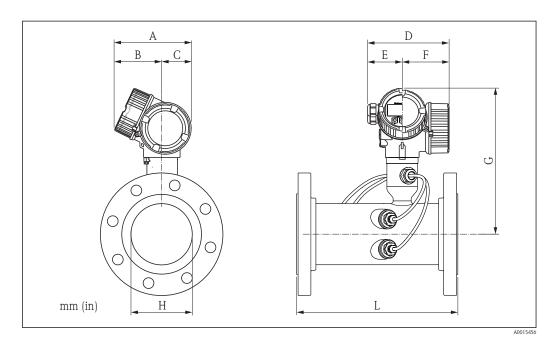
	[psi] [bar]						
	300 - 20						
	0 - 0 - + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +						
	40 80 120 160 200 [°F]						
	A0015568 [26] 13 With lap joint flange Class 150, materials 1.4404/316L and A105 (DN 50 to 200 / 2 to 8")						
Flow limit	Select the nominal diameter by optimizing between the required flow range and permissible pressure loss.						
	For an overview of the measuring range full scale values, see the "Measuring range" section ( $\rightarrow$ $\stackrel{\frown}{=}$ 6)						
	<ul> <li>The minimum recommended full scale value is approx. 1/20 of the maximum full scale value.</li> <li>In most applications, 10 to 50 % of the maximum full scale value can be considered ideal.</li> </ul>						
Pressure loss	There is no pressure loss.						
System pressure	Sensor Max. 10 bar (145 psi)						
Thermal insulation	For optimum temperature and methane fraction measurement (order characteristic for "Sensor version", option 2 "Volume flow + Biogas analysis"), make sure that heat is neither lost nor applied to the sensor. Thermal insulation can ensure that such heat transfer does not take place.						
	Thermal insulation is particularly recommended in situations where there is a large difference between the process temperature and the ambient temperature. This can result in heat convection errors during temperature measurement. A further factor which can lead to measurement errors due to heat convection is a low flow velocity.						

# Mechanical construction

 Design, dimensions
 Compact version

 Order code for "Housing", options C "GT20 two-chamber, aluminum coated", S "GT18 two-chamber, stainless steel"





Dimensions in SI units for version without overvoltage protection

DN [mm]	A [mm]	B <sup>1)</sup> [mm]	C [mm]	D <sup>2)</sup> [mm]	E [mm]	F <sup>2)</sup> [mm]	G <sup>3)</sup> [mm]	ØH [mm]	L [mm]
50	162	102	60	165	75	90	254	56.3	250
80	162	102	60	165	75	90	268	84.9	300
100	162	102	60	165	75	90	281	110.3	300
150	162	102	60	165	75	90	308	164.3	350
200	162	102	60	165	75	90	334	213.9	400

1) for version without local display: values – 7 mm

For version with overvoltage protection (OVP): values + 8 mm for version without local display: values - 10 mm

2) 3)

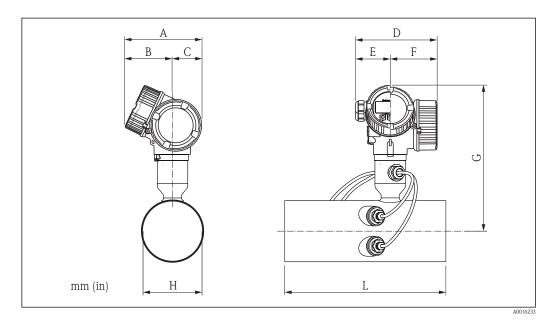
Dimensions in US units for version without overvoltage protection

DN [in]	A [in]	B <sup>1)</sup> [in]	C [in]	D <sup>2)</sup> [in]	E [in]	F <sup>2)</sup> [in]	G <sup>3)</sup> [in]	Ø H [in]	L [in]
2	6.38	4.02	2.36	6.50	2.95	3.54	10.0	2.22	9.84
3	6.38	4.02	2.36	6.50	2.95	3.54	10.6	3.34	11.81
4	6.38	4.02	2.36	6.50	2.95	3.54	11.1	4.34	11.81
6	6.38	4.02	2.36	6.50	2.95	3.54	12.1	6.47	13.78
8	6.38	4.02	2.36	6.50	2.95	3.54	13.2	8.42	15.75

1) for version without local display: values –  $0.28\ \text{in}$ 

2) 3) For version with overvoltage protection (OVP): values + 0.31 in for version without local display: values - 0.39 in

## Without flange



#### Dimensions in SI units for version without overvoltage protection

DN [mm]	A [mm]	B <sup>1)</sup> [mm]	C [mm]	D <sup>2)</sup> [mm]	E [mm]	F <sup>2)</sup> [mm]	G <sup>3)</sup> [mm]	ØH [mm]	L [mm]
50	162	102	60	165	75	90	254	56.3	282.5
80	162	102	60	165	75	90	268	84.9	336.5
100	162	102	60	165	75	90	281	110.3	338.0
150	162	102	60	165	75	90	308	164.3	394.0
200	162	102	60	165	75	90	334	213.9	447.0

1) For version without local display: values - 7 mm

2) For version with overvoltage protection (OVP): values + 8 mm

3) Version without local display: values - 10 mm

DN [mm]	A [mm]	B <sup>1)</sup> [mm]	C [mm]	D <sup>2)</sup> [mm]	E [mm]	F <sup>2)</sup> [mm]	G <sup>3)</sup> [mm]	ØH [mm]	L [mm]
2	6.38	4.02	2.36	6.5	2.95	3.54	10.0	2.22	11.1
3	6.38	4.02	2.36	6.5	2.95	3.54	10.6	3.34	13.2
4	6.38	4.02	2.36	6.5	2.95	3.54	11.1	4.34	13.3
6	6.38	4.02	2.36	6.5	2.95	3.54	12.1	6.47	15.5
8	6.38	4.02	2.36	6.5	2.95	3.54	13.1	8.42	17.6

Dimensions in US units for version without overvoltage protection

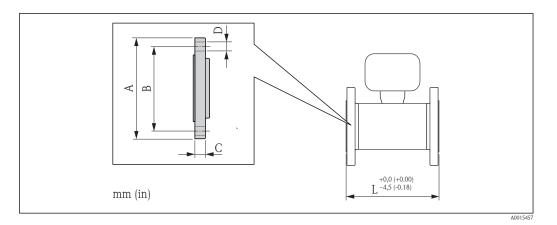
1) For version without local display: values - 0.28 in

2) For version with overvoltage protection (OVP): values + 0.31 in

3) Version without local display: values - 0.39 in

# Process connections in SI units

Flange connections EN (DIN), ASME B16.5



# Flange connections EN (DIN)

Flange according to EN 1092-1 (DIN 2501); PN 10/16: 1.4306/304L, S235JR (lap joint flange)										
DN [mm]	A [mm]	B [mm]	C [mm]	Ø D [mm]	L [mm]					
50	165	125	22	4 × 18	250					
80	200	160	22	8 × 18	300					
100	220	180	24	8 × 18	300					
150	285	240	26	8 × 22	350					

Flange according to EN 1092-1 (DIN 2501); PN 10: 1.4306/304L, S235JR (lap joint flange)									
DN [mm]									
200	340	295	27	8 × 22	400				

Flange according	Flange according to EN 1092-1 (DIN 2501); PN 10: 1.4301/304, S235JR (lap joint flange, stamped plate)										
DN [mm]	A [mm]	B [mm]	C [mm]	Ø D [mm]	L [mm]						
50	165	125	22	4 × 17.5	250						
80	200	160	25	8 × 17.5	300						
100	220	180	26	8 × 17.5	300						
150	285	240	29	8 × 21.5	350						
200	340	295	34	8 × 21.5	400						

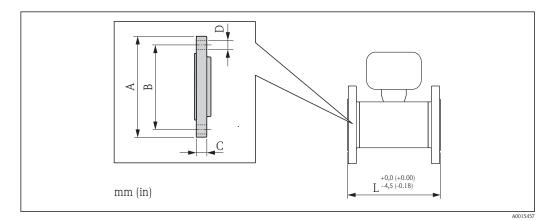
Flange connections ASME B16.5

Flange according to ASME B16.5; Class 150: 1.4404/316L, A105 (lap joint flange)						
DN [mm]	A [mm]	B [mm]	C [mm]	Ø D [mm]	L [mm]	
50	152.4	120.7	21.1	4 × 19.1	250	
80	190.5	152.4	25.9	4 × 19.1	300	

Flange according to ASME B16.5; Class 150: 1.4404/316L, A105 (lap joint flange)							
DN [mm]	A [mm]	B [mm]	C [mm]	Ø D [mm]	L [mm]		
100	228.6	190.5	25.9	8 × 19.1	300		
150	279.4	241.3	27.4	8 × 22.4	350		
200	342.9	298.5	31.0	8 × 22.4	400		

# Process connections in US units

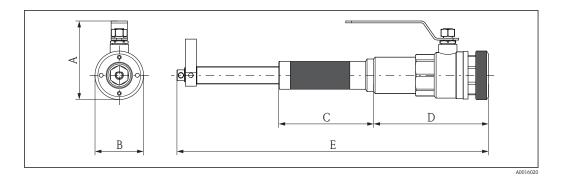
Flange connections ASME B16.5



Flange according to ASME B16.5; Class 150: 1.4404/316L, A105 (lap joint flange)							
DN [in]	A [in]	B [in]	C [in]	Ø D [in]	L [in]		
2	6.00	4.75	0.83	4 × 0.75	9.84		
3	7.50	6.00	1.02	4 × 0.75	11.81		
4	9.00	7.50	1.02	8 × 0.75	11.81		
6	11.00	9.50	1.08	8 × 0.88	13.78		
8	13.50	11.75	1.22	8 × 0.88	15.75		

## Accessories

Replacement tool



# Dimensions in SI units

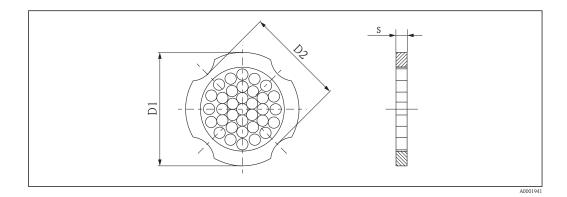
A	ØB	C	D	E
[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]
108	67	131	159	

# Dimensions in US units

A	Ø B	C	D	E
[in]	[in]	[in]	[in]	[in]
4.25	2.64	5.16	6.26	13 to 17

## Flow conditioner

(according to EN 1092-1 (DIN 2501))



## Dimensions in SI units

DN [mm]	Pressure rating	Centering diameter [mm]	D1 <sup>1</sup> ) / D2 <sup>2</sup> )	s [mm]
50	PN 10/16	110.0	D2	6.80
80	PN 10/16	145.3	D2	10.1
100	PN 10/16	165.3	D2	13.3

DN [mm]	Pressure rating	Centering diameter [mm]	D1 <sup>1)</sup> / D2 <sup>2)</sup>	s [mm]
150	PN 10/16	221.0	D2	20.0
200	PN 10	274.0	D1	26.3

1) The flow conditioner is fitted at the outer diameter between the bolts.

2) The flow conditioner is fitted at the indentations between the bolts.

DN [mm]	Pressure rating	Centering diameter [mm]	D1 <sup>1</sup> ) / D2 <sup>2</sup> )	s [mm]
50	Class 150	104.0	D2	6.80
80	Class 150	138.4	D1	10.1
100	Class 150	176.5	D2	13.3
150	Class 150	223.5	D1	20.0
200	Class 150	274.0	D2	26.3

1) The flow conditioner is fitted at the outer diameter between the bolts.

2) The flow conditioner is fitted at the indentations between the bolts.

#### Dimensions in US units

DN [in]	Pressure rating	Centering diameter [in]	D1 <sup>1)</sup> / D2 <sup>2)</sup>	s [in]
2	Class 150	4.09	D2	0.27
3	Class 150	5.45	D1	0.40
4	Class 150	6.95	D2	0.52
6	Class 150	8.81	D1	0.79
8	Class 150	10.8	D2	1.04

1) The flow conditioner is fitted at the outer diameter between the bolts.

2) The flow conditioner is fitted at the indentations between the bolts.

Weight

#### Weight in SI units

#### Compact version

All values (weight) refer to devices with EN (DIN) PN 10/16 flanges. Weight information in [kg].

Order code for "Housing", option C "GT20 two-chamber, aluminum coated"

Nominal diameter	Lap joir	Lap joint flange Lap joint flange		e, stamped plate	
[mm]	1.4306	S235JR	1.4301	S235JR	
50	9.5		5.9		
80	11.8		7.5		
100	14.0		9.1		
150	20.9		12.3		
200	27	7.9	19.1		

Nominal diameter	Lap joint flange		tt flange Lap joint flange, stamped p	
[mm]	1.4306	S235JR	1.4301	S235JR
50	12.4		8	7
80	14.7		10.3	
100	16.9		12.0	
150	23.7		15.2	
200	30	.7	22.0	

Order code for "Housing", option S, "GT18 two-chamber, stainless steel"

# Weight in US units

Compact version

All values (weight) refer to devices with ASME B16.5, Class 150 flanges. Weight information in [lbs].

Order code for "Housing", option C "GT20 two-chamber, aluminum coated"

Nominal diameter	Lap join	nt flange	
[in]	316L	A105	
2	18.8		
3	28.6		
4	38.0		
6	49.8		
8	77.4		

Order code for "Housing", option S "GT18 two-chamber, stainless steel"

Nominal diameter [in]	Lap join	nt flange
	316L	A105
2	25.1	
3	34.9	
4	44.3	
6	56.1	
8	83.7	

# Accessories

Replacement tool

Weight [kg]	Weight [lbs]
3.66	8.07

#### Flow conditioner

#### Weight in SI units

DN [mm]	Pressure rating	Weight [kg]
50	PN 10/16	0.5
	Class 150	0.5
80	PN 10/16	1.4

DN [mm]	Pressure rating	Weight [kg]
	Class 150	1.2
100	PN 10/16	2.4
	Class 150	2.7
150	PN 10/16	6.3
	Class 150	6.3
200	PN 10	11.5
	Class 150	12.3

# Weight in US units

DN [in]	Pressure rating	Weight [lbs]
2	Class 150	1.1
3	Class 150	2.6
4	Class 150	6.0
6	Class 150	14.0
8	Class 150	27.0

# Materials

#### Transmitter housing

- Order code for "Housing", option C: aluminum coating AlSi10Mg
  Order code for "Housing", option S: stainless steel 1.4404/316L
- Window material: glass

#### Cable entries

Order code for "Housing", option C "GT20 two-chamber, aluminum coated"

Transmitter cable entries		
Electrical connection	Type of protection	Material
Cable gland M20 × 1.5	<ul><li>Non-Ex</li><li>Ex ia</li></ul>	Plastic
Thread G ½" via adapter	For non-Ex and Ex (except for CSA Ex d/XP)	Nickel-plated brass
Thread NPT ½" via adapter	For non-Ex and Ex	

Transmitter neck cable entries		
Electrical connection	Measuring path	Material
Cable gland M20 $\times$ 1.5	Two-path	Nickel-plated brass
Cable gland M12 × 1.5	Single-path	

Sensor cable entries		
Electrical connection	Material	
Cable gland $M12 \times 1.5$	Nickel-plated brass	

Transmitter cable entries		
Electrical connection	Type of protection	Material
Cable gland M20 $\times$ 1.5	<ul><li>Non-Ex</li><li>Ex ia</li></ul>	Stainless steel 1.4404
Thread G ½" via adapter	For non-Ex and Ex (except for CSA Ex d/XP)	Stainless steel 1.4404/316L
Thread NPT ½" via adapter	For non-Ex and Ex	

#### Order code for "Housing", option S, "GT18 two-chamber, stainless steel"

Transmitter neck cable entries		
Electrical connection	Sensor version	Material
Cable gland M20 $\times$ 1.5	Two-path	Stainless steel 1.4305
Cable gland $M12 \times 1.5$	Single-path	

Sensor cable entries		
Electrical connection	Sensor version	Material
Cable gland M20 × 1.5	Two-path	Stainless steel 1.4305
Cable gland M12 × 1.5	Single-path	

## Sensor housing

Stainless steel (cold worked):

- 1.4404/316L
- 1.4435/316L

#### **Process connections**

- Stainless steel:
  - 1.4301/304
  - 1.4306/304L
  - 1.4404/316L
- Steel S235JR
- Carbon steel A105

List of all available process connections ( $\rightarrow \square 35$ )

#### Seals

- Transducer: HNBR
- Temperature sensor: AFM 34

#### Accessories

Replacement tool

- Knurled handle: aluminum
- Isolation valve: nickel-plated brass
- Shaft: brass
- Tensioning element: tempered steel

#### Flow conditioner

Stainless steel 1.4404/316L (in compliance with NACE MR0175-2003 and MR0103-2003)

Weather protection cover

Stainless steel 1.4301

#### Process connections

Flanges: - EN 1092-1 (DIN 2501) - ASME B16.5

For information on the materials of the process connections ( $\rightarrow = 34$ )

# Operability

Operating concept	Operator-oriented menu structure for user-specific tasks <ul> <li>Commissioning</li> <li>Operation</li> <li>Diagnostics</li> <li>Expert level</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Quick and safe commissioning</li> <li>Guided menus ("Make-it-run" wizards) for applications</li> <li>Menu guidance with brief explanations of the individual parameter functions</li> </ul>	
	Reliable operation ■ Operation in the following languages:	

- Via local display:
  - English, German, French, Spanish, Italian, Dutch, Portuguese, Polish, Russian, Turkish, Chinese, Japanese, Korean, Bahasa (Indonesian), Vietnamese, Czech, Swedish
- Via "FieldCare" operating tool:
- English, German, French, Spanish, Italian, Dutch, Japanese
- Uniform operating philosophy applied to device and operating tools
- If replacing the electronic module, transfer the device configuration via the integrated memory (integrated HistoROM) which contains the process and measuring device data and the event logbook. No need to reconfigure.

#### Efficient diagnostics increase measurement availability

- Troubleshooting measures can be called up via the device and in the operating tools
- Diverse simulation options, logbook for events that occur and optional line recorder functions

# Local operation Order code for "Display; Operation", option C "SDO2" Order code for "Display; Operation", option E "SDO3" Image: Description of the second seco

# Display elements

- 4-line display
- In the case of order code for "Display; Operation", option **E**: white background lighting; switches to red in event of device errors
- Format for displaying measured variables and status variables can be individually configured
- Permitted ambient temperature for the display: -20 to +60 °C (-4 to +140 °F)

The readability of the display may be impaired at temperatures outside the temperature range.

#### **Operating elements**

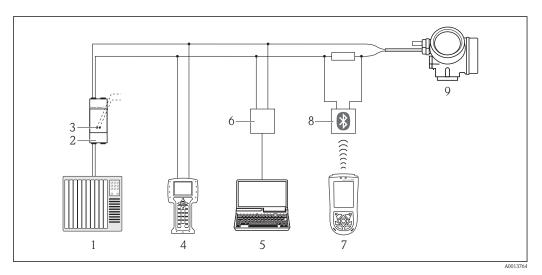
- In the case of order code "Display; Operation", Option C: local operation with 3 push buttons (, ), ), ), )
- In the case of order code for "Display; Operation", option **E**: external operation via touch control; 3 optical keys: [], [], [], []
- Operating elements also accessible in various hazardous areas

#### Additional functionality

- Data backup function
- The device configuration can be saved in the display module.
- Data comparison function
  - The device configuration saved in the display module can be compared to the current device configuration.
- Data transfer function
  - The transmitter configuration can be transmitted to another device using the display module.

Remote operation

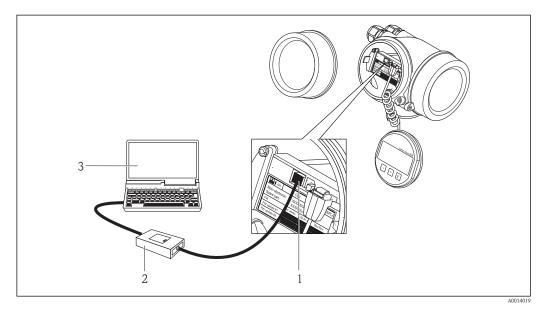
#### Via HART protocol



[ ] 14 Options for remote operation via HART protocol

- 1 Control system (e.g. PLC)
- 2 Transmitter power supply unit, e.g. RN221N (with communication resistor)
- 3 Connection for Commubox FXA195 and Field Communicator 475
- 4 Field Communicator 475
- 5 Computer with operating tool (e.g. FieldCare, AMS Device Manager, SIMATIC PDM)
- 6 Commubox FXA195 (USB)
- 7 Field Xpert SFX100
- 8 VIATOR Bluetooth modem with connecting cable
- 9 Transmitter

# Via service interface (CDI)



- *1* Service interface (CDI = Endress+Hauser Common Data Interface) of the measuring device
- 2 Commubox FXA291
- 3 Computer with "FieldCare" operating tool with COM DTM "CDI Communication FXA291"

# Certificates and approvals

CE mark	0,1	The measuring system is in conformity with the statutory requirements of the applicable EC Directives. These are listed in the corresponding EC Declaration of Conformity along with the standards applied.				
	Endress+Hauser confirms successful testing of the de	Endress+Hauser confirms successful testing of the device by affixing to it the CE mark.				
C-Tick symbol	The measuring system meets the EMC requirements Authority (ACMA)".	The measuring system meets the EMC requirements of the "Australian Communications and Media Authority (ACMA)".				
<b>Ex approval</b> The measuring device is certified for use in hazardous areas and the in the separate "Safety Instructions" (XA) document. Reference is ma		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				
	The separate Ex documentation (XA) containin from your Endress+Hauser sales center.	The separate Ex documentation (XA) containing all the relevant explosion protection data is available from your Endress+Hauser sales center.				
Currently, the following versions for use in hazardous areas are available: Ex d		s areas are available:				
	Category	Type of protection				
	II2G / Zone 1	Ex d[ia] IIC T6-T1 Gb				

#### Ex ia

Category	Type of protection	
II2G / Zone 1	Ex ia IIC T6-T1 Gb	

# ${}_{\rm C}{\rm CSA}_{\rm US}$

Currently, the following versions for use in hazardous areas are available:

XP

Category	Type of protection	
Class I Division 1 Groups ABCD	XP (Ex d Flameproof version)	

# IS

Category	Type of protection	
Class I Division 1 Groups ABCD	IS (Ex i Intrinsically safe version), Entity-Parameter $\!$	

#### NI

Category	Type of protection	
Class I Division 2 Groups ABCD	NI (Non-incendive version), NIFW-Parameter*	

 $\star=$  Entity and NIFW parameters according to control drawings

#### NEPSI

Currently, the following versions for use in hazardous areas are available:

Ex d

Category	Type of protection
Zone 1	Ex d[ia] IIC T6-T1 Gb

# Ex ia

	Category	Type of protection           Ex ia IIC T6-T1 Gb		
	Zone 1			
Pressure Equipment Directive	The devices can be ordered with or without a PED approval. If a device with a PED approval is required, this must be explicitly stated in the order.			
	<ul> <li>With the identification PED/G1/x (x = category) on the sensor nameplate, Endress+Hauser confirms conformity with the "Basic Safety Requirements" specified of Appendix I of the Pressure Equipment Directive 97/23/EC.</li> <li>Devices bearing this marking (PED) are suitable for the following types of medium: Media in Group 1 and 2 with a vapor pressure greater than, or smaller and equal to 0.5 bar (7.3 psi)</li> <li>Devices not bearing this marking (PED) are designed and manufactured according to good engineering practice. They meet the requirements of Art.3 Section 3 of the Pressure Equipment Directive 97/23/EC. The range of application is indicated in tables 6 to 9 in Annex II of the Pressure Equipment Directive.</li> </ul>			
Other standards and guidelines	<ul> <li>EN 60529 Degrees of protection provided by enclosures (IP code EN 61010-1 Protection Measures for Electrical Equipment for Me Procedures</li> <li>IEC/EN 61326 Emission in accordance with Class A requirements.</li> <li>NAMUR NE 21 Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) of industrial properties NAMUR NE 32 Data retention in the event of a power failure in field NAMUR NE 43 Standardization of the signal level for the breakdown signal.</li> </ul>	easurement, Control, Regulation and Laboratory Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC requirements) rocess and laboratory control equipment		

- NAMUR NE 53
- Software of field devices and signal-processing devices with digital electronics NAMUR NE 80
- The application of the pressure equipment directive to process control devices • NAMUR NE 105
- Specifications for integrating fieldbus devices in engineering tools for field devices
- NAMUR NE 107 Self-monitoring and diagnosis of field devices
- NAMUR NE 131
  - Requirements for field devices for standard applications

# Ordering information

Detailed ordering information is available from the following sources:

- In the Product Configurator on the Endress+Hauser website: www.endress.com → Select country → Instruments → Select device → Product page function: Configure this product
- From your Endress+Hauser Sales Center: www.endress.com/worldwide

Product Configurator - the tool for individual product configuration

- Up-to-the-minute configuration data
  - Depending on the device: Direct input of measuring point-specific information such as measuring range or operating language
  - Automatic verification of exclusion criteria
  - Automatic creation of the order code and its breakdown in PDF or Excel output format
  - Ability to order directly in the Endress+Hauser Online Shop

# Application packages

Many different application packages are available to enhance the functionality of the device. Such packages might be needed to address safety aspects or specific application requirements.

The application packages can be ordered from Endress+Hauser either directly with the device or subsequently. Detailed information on the order code in question is available from your local Endress +Hauser sales center or on the product page of the Endress+Hauser website: www.endress.com.

Diagnostics functions	Package	Description
	HistoROM extended function	Comprises extended functions concerning the event log and the activation of the measured value memory (data logger).
		Event log: Memory volume is extended from 20 message entries (basic version) to up to 100 entries.
		<ul> <li>Data logging (line recorder):</li> <li>Memory capacity for up to 1000 measured values is activated.</li> <li>250 measured values can be output via each of the 4 memory channels. The recording interval can be defined and configured by the user.</li> <li>Data logging is visualized via the local display or FieldCare.</li> </ul>

# Accessories

Various accessories, which can be ordered with the device or subsequently from Endress+Hauser, are available for the device. Detailed information on the order code in question is available from your local Endress+Hauser sales center or on the product page of the Endress+Hauser website: www.endress.com.

Device-specific accessories	For the transmitter	r the transmitter	
	Accessories	Description	

Prosonic Flow 200 transmitter	Transmitter for replacement or storage. Use the order code to define the following specifications: • Approvals • Output • Display / operation • Housing • Software • For details, see Installation Instructions EA00104D	
Weather protection cover	Is used to protect the measuring device from the effects of the weather: e.g. rainwater, excess heating from direct sunlight or extreme cold in winter. For details, see Installation Instructions SD00333F	

# For the sensor

Accessories	Description	
Replacement tool	Is used to remove the transducers on the fly for cleaning or replacement purposes. For details, see Installation Instructions EA00108D	
Flow conditioner	Is used to shorten the necessary inlet run.	

Communication-specific accessories	Accessories	Description
	Commubox FXA191 HART	For intrinsically safe HART communication with FieldCare via the RS232C interface.
	Commubox FXA195 HART	For intrinsically safe HART communication with FieldCare via the USB interface.
	Commubox FXA291	Connects Endress+Hauser field devices with a CDI interface (= Endress+Hauser Common Data Interface) and the USB port of a computer or laptop. For details, see "Technical Information" TI00405C
	HART Loop Converter HMX50	Is used to evaluate and convert dynamic HART process variables to analog current signals or limit values. For details, see "Technical Information" TI00429F and Operating Instructions BA00371F
	WirelessHART adapter	Is used for the wireless connection of field devices. The WirelessHART adapter can be easily integrated into field devices and existing infrastructures, offers data protection and transmission safety and can be operated in parallel with other wireless networks with minimum cabling complexity. For details, see Operating Instructions BA00061S
	Fieldgate FXA320	Gateway for the remote monitoring of connected 4-20 mA measuring devices via a Web browser.         Image: For details, see "Technical Information" TI00025S and Operating Instructions BA00053S
	Fieldgate FXA520	Gateway for the remote diagnostics and remote configuration of connected HART measuring devices via a Web browser. For details, see "Technical Information" TI00025S and Operating Instructions BA00051S

Field Xpert SFX100	Compact, flexible and robust industry handheld terminal for remote configuration and for obtaining measured values via the HART current output (4–20 mA).
	$\fbox{I}$ For details, see Operating Instructions BA00060S

Service-specific accessories	Accessories	Description
	Applicator	<ul> <li>Software for selecting and sizing Endress+Hauser measuring devices:</li> <li>Calculation of all the necessary data for identifying the optimum flowmeter: e.g. nominal diameter, pressure loss, accuracy or process connections.</li> <li>Graphic illustration of the calculation results</li> </ul>
		Administration, documentation and access to all project-related data and parameters over the entire life cycle of a project.
		<ul><li>Applicator is available:</li><li>Via the Internet: https://wapps.endress.com/applicator</li><li>On CD-ROM for local PC installation.</li></ul>
	W@M	Life cycle management for your plant W@M supports you with a wide range of software applications over the entire process: from planning and procurement, to the installation, commissioning and operation of the measuring devices. All the relevant device information, such as the device status, spare parts and device-specific documentation, is available for every device over the entire life cycle. The application already contains the data of your Endress+Hauser device. Endress +Hauser also takes care of maintaining and updating the data records. W@M is available: Via the Internet: www.endress.com/lifecyclemanagement
		<ul> <li>Via the internet: www.endress.com/lifecyclemanagement</li> <li>On CD-ROM for local PC installation.</li> </ul>
	FieldCare	FDT-based plant asset management tool from Endress+Hauser. It can configure all smart field units in your system and helps you manage them. By using the status information, it is also a simple but effective way of checking their status and condition.
		For details, see Operating Instructions BA00027S and BA00059S

System components	Accessories	Description
	Memograph M graphic display recorder	The Memograph M graphic data manager provides information on all the relevant measured variables. Measured values are recorded correctly, limit values are monitored and measuring points analyzed. The data are stored in the 256 MB internal memory and also on a SD card or USB stick.
		$\fboxi$ For details, see "Technical Information" TI00133R and Operating Instructions BA00247R
	RN221N	Active barrier with power supply for safe separation of 4-20 mA standard signal circuits. Offers bidirectional HART transmission.
		$\sc line time time time time time time time tim$
	RNS221	Supply unit for powering two 2-wire measuring devices solely in the non-Ex area. Bidirectional communication is possible via the HART communication jacks.
		$\hfill \ensuremath{\ensuremath{III}}$ For details, see "Technical Information" TI00081R and Brief Operating Instructions KA00110R
	Cerabar M	The pressure transmitter for measuring the absolute and gauge pressure of gases, steam and liquids. It can be used to read in the operating pressure value via the HART protocol.
		For details, see "Technical Information" TI00426P, TI00436P and Operating Instructions BA00200P, BA00382P

Cerabar S	The pressure transmitter for measuring the absolute and gauge pressure of gases, steam and liquids. It can be used to read in the operating pressure value via the HART protocol.
	For details, see "Technical Information" TI00383P and Operating Instructions BA00271P

# **Documentation**

The following document types are available: • On the CD-ROM supplied with the device

- - In the Download Area of the Endress+Hauser Internet site: www.endress.com  $\rightarrow$  Download

Standard documentation	Device type	Communication	Document type	Documentation code
	9B2B**-		Brief Operating Instructions	KA01096D
		HART	Operating Instructions	BA01031D
		HART	Description of Device Parameters	GP01012D

Supplementary device-	Device type	Document type	Approval	Documentation code
dependent documentation	9B2B**-	Safety Instructions	ATEX/IECEx Ex d	XA01008D
			ATEX/IECEx Ex i	XA01009D
			<sub>C</sub> CSA <sub>US</sub> XP	XA01010D
			<sub>C</sub> CSA <sub>US</sub> IS	XA01011D
			NEPSI Ex d	XA01068D
			NEPSI Ex i	XA01069D
		Information on the Pressure Equipment Directive		SD00152D
		Installation Instructions		Specified for each individual accessory $(\rightarrow \textcircled{B} 39)$

# **Registered trademarks**

# HART®

Registered trademark of the HART Communication Foundation, Austin, USA

Applicator<sup>®</sup>, FieldCare<sup>®</sup>, Field Xpert<sup>TM</sup>, HistoROM<sup>®</sup>

Registered or registration-pending trademarks of the Endress+Hauser Group

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