# Technical Information Micropilot FMR51, FMR52

Level radar

Products





# Level measurement in liquids

#### Application

- Continuous, non-contact level measurement of liquids, pastes and slurries
- Horn antenna (FMR51); flush mounted, completely filled PTFE horn antenna (FMR52)
- Maximum measuring range: 70 m (230 ft)
- Temperature: -196 to +450 °C (-321 to +842 °F)
- Pressure: -1 to +160 bar (-14.5 to +2 320 psi)
- Accuracy: ±2 mm
- International explosion protection certificates; WHG; ship building approvals
- Linearity protocol (3-point, 5-point)

#### Your benefits

- Reliable measurement even for changing product and process conditions
- HistoROM data management for easy commissioning, maintenance and diagnostics
- Highest reliability due to Multi-Echo Tracking
- SIL2 according to IEC 61508, SIL3 in case of homogeneous or heterogeneous redundancy
- Seamless integration into control or asset management systems
- Intuitive user interface in national languages
- Easy proof test for SIL and WHG

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# Important document information

# Symbols Safety symbols

Symbol	Meaning
DANGER A0011189-EN	<b>DANGER!</b> This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation will result in serious or fatal injury.
WARNING A0011190-EN	<b>WARNING!</b> This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in serious or fatal injury.
A0011191-EN	CAUTION!  This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in minor or medium injury.
NOTICE A0011192-EN	NOTICE! This symbol contains information on procedures and other facts which do not result in personal injury.

# **Electrical symbols**

Symbol	Meaning
A0011197	Direct current A terminal to which DC voltage is applied or through which direct current flows.
A0011198	Alternating current A terminal to which alternating voltage is applied or through which alternating current flows.
A0017381	Direct current and alternating current ■ A terminal to which alternating voltage or DC voltage is applied. ■ A terminal through which alternating current or direct current flows.
	Ground connection A grounded terminal which, as far as the operator is concerned, is grounded via a grounding system.
A0011199	Protective ground connection A terminal which must be connected to ground prior to establishing any other connections.
A0011201	Equipotential connection A connection that has to be connected to the plant grounding system: This may be a potential equalization line or a star grounding system depending on national or company codes of practice.

# Symbols for certain types of information

Symbol	Meaning
A0011182	Allowed Indicates procedures, processes or actions that are allowed.
A0011183	Preferred Indicates procedures, processes or actions that are preferred.
A0011184	Forbidden Indicates procedures, processes or actions that are forbidden.
A0011193	Tip Indicates additional information.
A0011194	Reference to documentation Refers to the corresponding device documentation.

Symbol	Meaning
A0011199	Reference to page Refers to the corresponding page number.
A0011196	Reference to graphic Refers to the corresponding graphic number and page number.

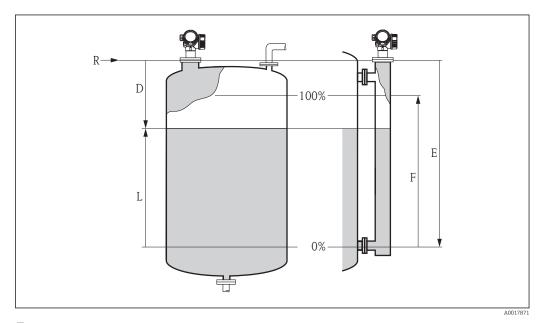
# Symbols in graphics

Symbol	Meaning
1, 2, 3	Item numbers
1. , 2. , 3	Series of steps
A, B, C,	Views
A-A, B-B, C-C,	Sections
A0011187	Hazardous area Indicates a hazardous area.
A0011188	Safe area (non-hazardous area) Indicates a non-hazardous location.

# Function and system design

#### Measuring principle

The Micropilot is a "downward-looking" measuring system, operating based on the time-of-flight method (ToF). It measures the distance from the reference point (process connection) to the product surface. Radar impulses are emitted by an antenna, reflected off the product surface and received again by the radar system.



■ 1 Setup parameters of the Micropilot

- *R* Reference point of the measurement (lower edge of the flange or threaded connection)
- *E* Empty calibration ( = zero)
- *F* Full calibration (= span)
- D Measured distance
- L Level (L = E D)

#### Input

The reflected radar impulses are received by the antenna and transmitted into the electronics. A microprocessor evaluates the signal and identifies the level echo caused by the reflection of the radar impulse at the product surface. The unambiguous signal identification is accomplished by the PulseMaster® eXact software together with the Multi-echo tracking algorithms, based on many years of experience with time-of-flight technology.

The distance D to the product surface is proportional to the time of flight t of the impulse:

$$D = c \cdot t/2,$$

with c being the speed of light.

Based on the known empty distance E, the level L is calculated:

$$L = E - D$$

The reference point R of the measurement is located at the process connection. For details see the dimensional drawing:

- FMR51: (→ 🖺 70)
- FMR52: (→ 🗎 76)

The Micropilot is equipped with functions to suppress interference echoes. The user can activate these functions. Together with the multi-echo tracking algorithms they ensure that interference echoes (i.e. from edges and weld seams) are not interpreted as level echo.

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#### Output

The Micropilot is commissioned by entering an empty distance "E" (=zero), a full distance "F" (=span) and application parameters. The application parameters are automatically adapt into the instrument to the process conditions. For models with a current output, the factory adjustment for zero point "E" and span "F" is 4 mA and 20 mA. For digital outputs and the display module, the factory adjustment for zero point "E" and span "F" is 0 % and 100 %.

A linearization with max. 32 points, based on a table entered either manually or semi-automatically, can be activated locally or remotely. This function provides a measurement in engineering units and a linear output signal for spheres, horizontal cylindrical tanks and vessels with conical outlet.

#### Life cycle of the product

#### **Engineering**

- Universal measuring principle
- Measurement unaffected by medium properties
- Hardware and software developed according to SIL IEC 61508

#### Procurement

- Endress+Hauser being the world market leader in level measurement quarantees asset protection
- Worldwide support and service

#### Installation

- Special tools are not required
- Reverse polarity protection
- Modern, detachable terminals
- Main electronics protected by a separate connection compartment

#### Commissioning

- Fast, menu-guided commissioning in only a few steps on site or from the control room
- Plain text display in national languages reduces the risk of error or confusion
- Direct local access of all parameters
- Short instruction manual at the device

#### Operation

- Multi-echo tracking: Reliable measurement through self-learning echo-search algorithms taking
  into account the short-term and long-term history in order to check the found echoes for
  plausibility and to suppress interference echoes.
- Diagnostics in accordance with NAMUR NE107

#### Maintenance

- HistoROM: Data backup for instrument settings and measured values
- Exact instrument and process diagnosis to assist fast decisions with clear details concerning remedies
- Intuitive, menu-guided operating concept in national languages saves costs for training, maintenance and operation
- Cover of the electronics compartment can be opened in hazardous areas

#### Retiremen

- Order code translation for subsequent models
- RoHS-conforming (Restriction of certain Hazardous Substances), unleaded soldering of electronic components
- $\ \ \, \blacksquare$  Environmentally sound recycling concept

# Input

#### Measured variable

The measured variable is the distance between the reference point and the product surface.

The level is calculated from this distance, taking into account the empty distance  $^{"}E"$  entered by the user.

If required, the level can be converted into other variables (volume, mass) by means of a linearization (up to 32 points).

#### Measuring range

#### Maximum measuring range

Device	Maximum measuring range
FMR51 - standard version	40 m (131 ft)
FMR51 - with "Advanced dynamics" application package	70 m (230 ft)
FMR52 - standard version	40 m (131 ft)
FMR52 - with "Advanced dynamics" application package	60 m (197 ft)

#### Usable measuring range

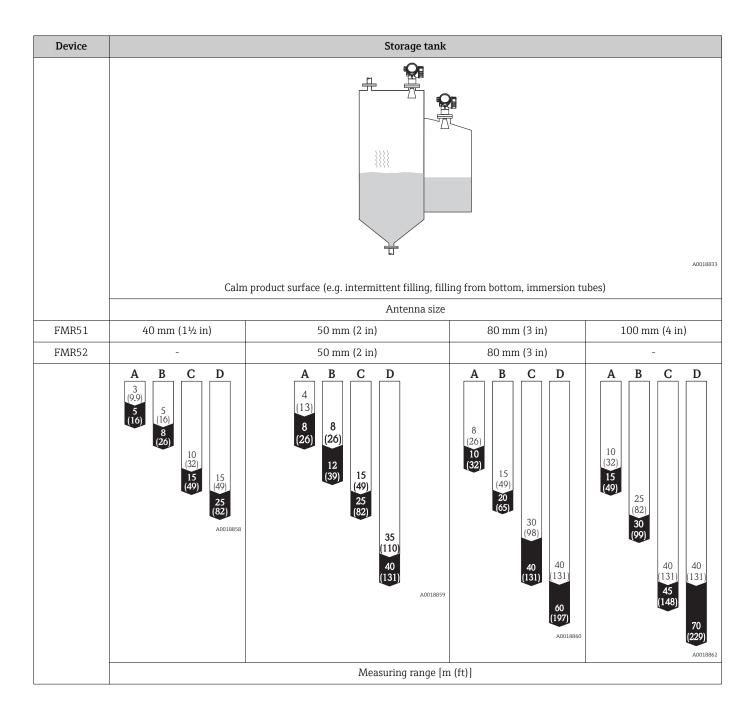
The usable measuring range depends on the size of the antenna, the reflectivity of the medium, the mounting location and eventual interference reflections.

The following tables describe the groups of media as well as the achievable measuring range as a function of application and media group. If the dielectric constant of a medium is unknown, it is recommended to assume media group B to ensure a reliable measurement.

#### Media groups

Media groups	DK (ε <sub>r</sub> )	Example	
Α	1.4 to 1.9	non-conducting liquids, e.g. liquefied gas <sup>1)</sup>	
В	1.9 to 4	non-conducting liquids, e.g. benzene, oil, toluene,	
С	4 to 10	e.g. concentrated acids, organic solvents, esters, aniline, alcohol, acetone,	
D	> 10	conducting liquids, e.g. aqueous solutions, dilute acids and alkalis	

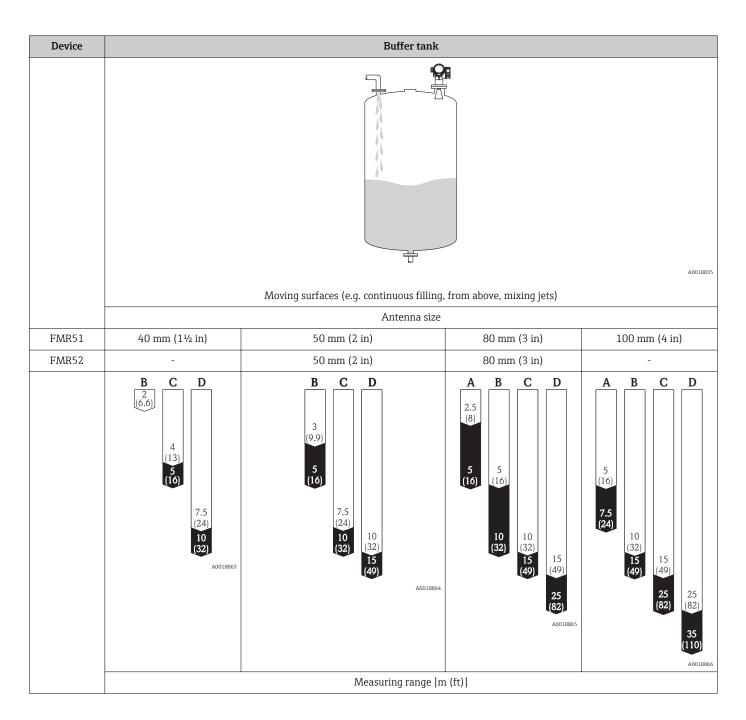
1) Treat Ammonia  $NH_3$  as a medium of group A.



#### Legend

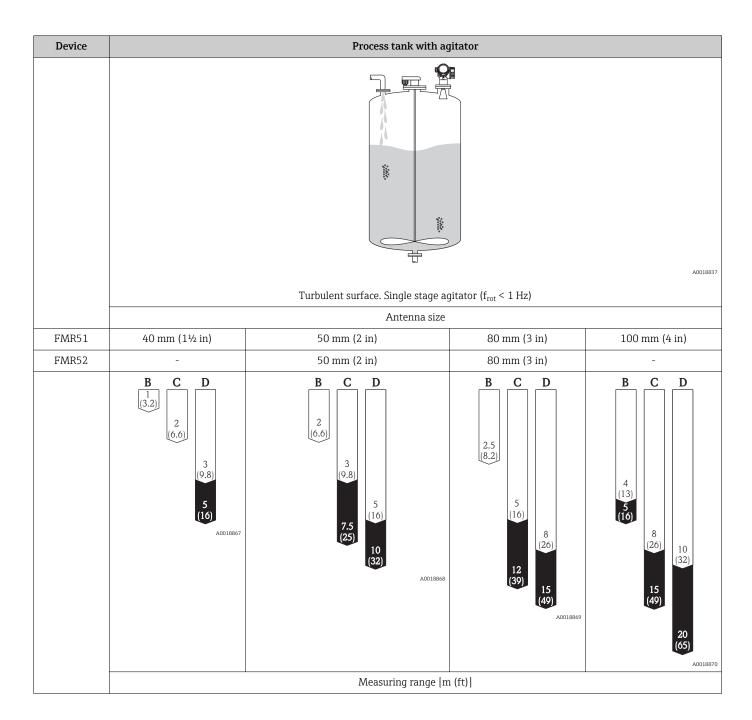
Measuring range of the standard version

Measuring range for the "Advanced dynamics" application package (product structure: feature 540: "Application Package", Option EM: "Advanced dynamics")



#### Legend

- Measuring range of the standard version
- Measuring range for the "Advanced dynamics" application package (product structure: feature 540: "Application Package", Option EM: "Advanced dynamics")



#### Legend

☐ | Measuring range of the standard version

Measuring range for the "Advanced dynamics" application package (product structure: feature 540: "Application Package", Option EM: "Advanced dynamics")

Device	Stilling well	Bypass
	A0018842	A0018840
	Antenna size	Antenna size
FMR51	40 to 100 mm ( 1½ 4 in)	40 to 100 mm ( 1½ 4 in)
FMR52	50 to 80 mm ( 2 3 in)	50 to 80 mm ( 2 3 in)
	A, B, C, D  20 (66)	C, D  20 (66)
		Measuring range [m (ft)]

# Operating frequency

K-band (~ 26 GHz)

Up to 8 Micropilot transmitters can be installed in the same tank because the transmitter pulses are statistically coded.

# Transmitting power

Distance	Average energy density in beam direction		
	Standard version	With "Advanced dynamics" application package <sup>1)</sup>	
1 m (3.3 ft)	< 12 nW/cm <sup>2</sup>	< 64 nW/cm <sup>2</sup>	
5 m (16 ft)	< 0.4 nW/cm <sup>2</sup>	< 2.5 nW/cm <sup>2</sup>	

<sup>1)</sup> Product structure, feature 540: "Application package", option EM: "Advanced dynamics"

# Output

# Output signal

#### **HART**

Signal coding	FSK ±0.5 mA over current signal
Data transmission rate	1200 Bit/s
Galvanic isolation	Yes

#### PROFIBUS PA

Signal coding	Manchester Bus Powered (MBP)	
Data transmission rate	31.25 kBit/s, voltage mode	
Galvanic isolation	Yes	

#### **FOUNDATION Fieldbus**

Signal coding	Manchester Bus Powered (MBP)	
Data transmission rate	31.25 kBit/s, voltage mode	
Galvanic isolation	Yes	

# Switch output



For HART devices, the switch output is available as an option. See product structure, feature 20: "Power Supply, Output", option B: "2-wire; 4-20mA HART, switch output"

Devices with PROFIBUS PA and FOUNDATION Fieldbus always have a switch output.

Switch output		
Function	Open collector switching output	
Switching behavior	Binary (conductive or non-conductive), switches when the programmable switch point is reached	
Failure mode	non-conductive	
Eectrical connection values	U = 10.4 to 35 V <sub>DC</sub> , I = 0 to 40 mA	
Internal resistance	$R_{\rm I} < 880~\Omega$ The voltage drop at this internal resistance has to be taken into account on planning the configuration. For example, the resulting voltage at a connected relay must be sufficient to switch the relay.	
Insulation voltage	floating, Insulation voltage 1350 $\mathrm{V_{DC}}$ to power supply aund 500 $\mathrm{V_{AC}}$ to ground	
Switch point	freely programmable, separately for switch-on and switch-off point	
Switching delay	freely programmable from 0 to 100 sec. , separately for switch-on and switch-off point $% \left( 1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0$	
Number of switching cycles	corresponds to the measuring cycle	
Signal source device variables	<ul> <li>Level linearized</li> <li>Distance</li> <li>Terminal voltage</li> <li>Electronic temperature</li> <li>Relative echo amplitude</li> <li>Diagnostic values, Advanced diagnostics</li> </ul>	
Number of switching cycles	unlimited	

#### Signal on alarm

Depending on the interface, failure information is displayed as follows:

- Current output (for HART devices)
  - Failsafe mode selectable (in accordance with NAMUR Recommendation NE 43): Minimum alarm: 3.6  $\mbox{mA}$ 
    - Maximum alarm (= factory setting): 22 mA
  - Failsafe mode with user-selectable value: 3.59 to 22.5 mA
- Local display
  - Status signal (in accordance with NAMUR Recommendation NE 107)
  - Plain text display
- Operating tool via digital communication (HART, PROFIBUS PA, FOUNDATION Fieldbus) or service interface (CDI)
  - Status signal (in accordance with NAMUR Recommendation NE 107)
  - Plain text display

#### Linearization

The linearization function of the device allows the conversion of the measured value into any unit of length or volume. Linearization tables for calculating the volume in cylindrical tanks are preprogrammed. Other tables of up to 32 value pairs can be entered manually or semi-automatically.

#### Galvanic isolation

All circuits for the outputs are galvanically isolated from each other.

#### Protocol-specific data

#### **HART**

Manufacturer ID	17 (0x11)
Device type ID	41 (0x28)
HART specification	6.0
Device description files (DTM, DD)	Information and files under:  www.endress.com www.hartcomm.org
HART load	Min. 250 Ω
HART device variables	The measured values can be freely assigned to the device variables.
	Measured values for PV (primary variable)  Level linearized  Distance  Electronic temperature  Relative echo amplitude  Analog output adv. diagnostics
	Measured values for SV, TV, FV (second, third and fourth variable)  Level linearized  Distance  Terminal voltage  Electronic temperature  Absolute echo amplitude  Relative echo amplitude  Area of incoupling
Supported functions	<ul><li>Burst mode</li><li>Additional transmitter status</li></ul>

#### Wireless HART data

Minimum start-up voltage	11.4 V
Start-up current	3.6 mA
Start-up time	15 s
Minimum operating voltage	11.4 V
Multidrop current	3.6 mA
Set-up time	1 s

# PROFIBUS PA

Manufacturer ID	17 (0x11)	
Ident number	0x1559	
Profile version	3.02	
GSD file	Information and files under:	
GSD file version	<ul><li>www.endress.com</li><li>www.profibus.org</li></ul>	
Output values	Analog Input:  Level linearized  Distance  Terminal voltage  Electronic temperature  Absolute echo amplitude  Relative echo amplitude  Analog output advanced diagnostics 1/2	
	Digital Input:  Advanced diagnostic blocks Status output switch block	
Input values	Analog Output:  Analog value from PLC (for sensor block external pressure to compensate gas phase effects)  Analog value from PLC to be indicated on the display	
	Digital Output:  Extended diagnostic block  Level limiter  Sensor block measurement on  Sensor block save history on  Status output	
Supported functions	<ul> <li>Identification &amp; Maintenance         Einfachste Geräteidentifizierung seitens des Leitsystems und des         Typenschildes</li> <li>Automatic Ident Number Adoption         GSD compatibility mode with respect to the preceding product Micropilot M         FMR2xx</li> <li>Physical Layer Diagnostics         Installation check of the PRFIBUS segment and the Micropilot FMR5x via         the terminal voltage and telegram surveillance.</li> <li>PROFIBUS Up-/Download         Up to 10 times faster writing and reading of parameters via PROFIBUS up-/         download</li> <li>Condensed Status         Simple and self-explanatory diagnostic information by categorization of         occurring diagnostic messages.</li> </ul>	

# FOUNDATION Fieldbus

Manufacturer ID	0x452B48	
Device type	0x1028	
Device Revision	0x01	
DD Revision	Information and files can be found:	
CFF Revision	<ul><li>www.endress.com</li><li>www.fieldbus.org</li></ul>	
Device Tester Version (ITK Version)	6.0.1	
ITK Test Campaign Number	IT085300	
Link Master (LAS) capable	yes	
Link Master / Basic Device selectable	yes; default: Basic Device	

Node address	Default: 247 (0xF7)		
Features supported	Following methods are supported:  Restart  ENP Restart  Setup  Linearization  Self Check		
Virtual Communication Relation	onships (VCRs)		
Number of VCRs	44		
Number of Link Objects in VFD	50		
Permanent entries	1		
Client VCRs	0		
Server VCRs	10		
Source VCRs	43		
Sink VCRs	0		
Subscriber VCRs	43		
Publisher VCRs	43		
Device Link Capabilities			
Slot time	4		
Min. inter PDU delay	8		
Max. response delay	20		

# Transducer Blocks

Block	Content	Output values	
Setup Transducer Block	Contains all parameters for a standard commissioning procedure	<ul> <li>Level or volume <sup>1)</sup>     (Channel 1)</li> <li>Distance (Channel 2)</li> </ul>	
Advanced Setup Transducer Block	Contains all parameters for a more detailed configuration of the device	no output values	
Display Transducer Block	Contains all parameters for the configuration of the display module	no output values	
Diagnostic Transducer Block	Contains diagnostic information	no output values	
Advanced Diagnostic Transducer Block	Contains parameters for the Advanced Diagnostic	no output values	
Expert Configuration Transducer Block	Contains parameters which require detailed knowledge of the functionalities of the device	no output values	
Expert Information Transducer Block	Contains information about the state of the device	no output values	
Service Sensor Transducer Block	Contains parameters which can only be operated by Endress+Hauser service personnel	no output values	
Service Information Transducer Block	Contains information on the state of device which is relevant for service operations	no output values	
Data Transfer Transducer Block	Contains parameters which allow to backup the device configuration in the display module and to restore it into the device. Access to these parameters is restricted to the Endress+Hauser service.	no output values	

1) depending on the configuration of the block

# Function Blocks

Block	Content	ntent Number of permanent blocks blocks		Execution time	Functionality	
Resource Block	The Resource Block contains all the data that uniquely identifies the field device. It is an electronic version of a nameplate of the device.	1	0	-	enhanced	
Analog Input Block	The AI block takes the manufacturer's input data, selected by channel number, and makes it available to other function blocks at its output.	2	3	25 ms	enhanced	
Discrete Input Block	The DI block takes a discrete input value (e.g. indication of an level limit), and makes it available to other function blocks at its output.	1	2	20 ms	standard	
Mutiple Analog Output Block	This block is used to transfer analog data from the bus into the device	1	0	20 ms	standard	
Mutiple Discrete Output Block	This block is used to transfer discrete data from the bus to the device.	1	0	20 ms	standard	
PID Block	The PID block serves as proportional-integralderivative controller and is used almost universally to do closed-loop-control in the field including cascade and feedforward.	1	1	25 ms	standard	
Arithmetic Block	This block is designed to permit simple use of popular measurement math functions. The user does not have to know how to write equations. The math algorithm is selected by name, chosen by the user for the function to be done.	1	1	25 ms	standard	
Signal Characterizer Block	The signal characterizer block has two sections, each with an output that is a non-linear function of the respective input. The non-linear function is determined by a single look-up table with 21 arbitrary x-y pairs.	1	1	25 ms	standard	
Input Selector Block	The input selector block provides selection of up to four inputs and generates an output based on the configured action. This block normally receives its inputs from AI blocks. The block performs maximum, minimum, middle, average and 'first good' signal selection.	1	1	25 ms	standard	

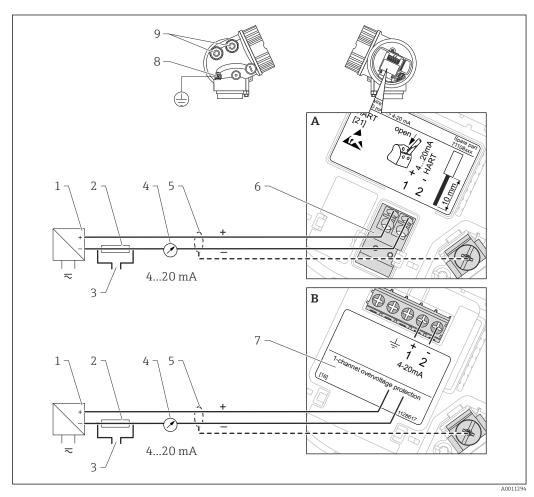
Block	Content	Number of permanent blocks	Number of instantiable blocks	Execution time	Functionality
Integrator Block	The Integrator Function Block integrates a variable as a function of the time or accumulates the counts from a Pulse Input block. The block may be used as a totalizer that counts up until reset or as a batch totalizer that has a setpoint, where the integrated or accumulated value is compared to pre-trip and trip settings, generating discrete signals when these settings are reached.	1	1	25 ms	standard
Analog Alarm Block		1	1	25 ms	standard

Up to 20 blocks can be instantiated in the device altogether, including the blocks already instantiated on delivery.

# Power supply

#### Terminal assignment

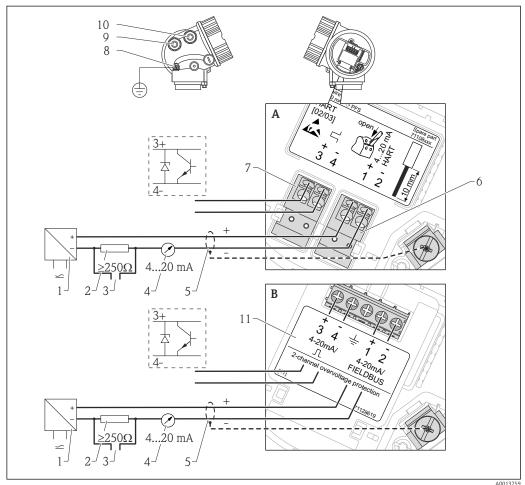
2-wire: 4-20mA HART



■ 2 Terminal assignment 2-wire; 4-20mA HART

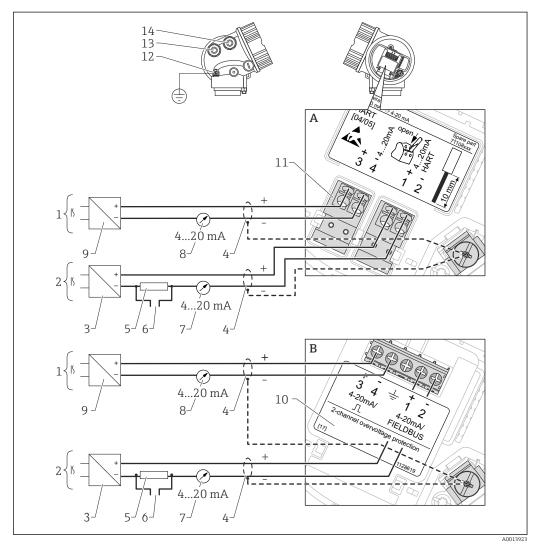
- A Without integrated overvoltage protection
- B With integrated overvoltage protection
- 1 Active barrier with power supply (e.g. RN221N): Observe terminal voltage
- 2 HART communication resistor ( $\geq$ 250  $\Omega$ ): Observe maximum load
- 3 Connection for Commubox FXA195 or FieldXpert SFX350/SFX370 (via VIATOR Bluetooth modem)
- 4 Analog display device: Observe maximum load
- 5 Cable screen; observe cable specification
- 6 4-20mA HART (passive): Terminals 1 and 2
- 7 Overvoltage protection module
- 8 Terminal for potential equalization line
- 9 Cable entry

#### 2-wire: 4-20mA HART, switch output



- **■** 3 Terminal assignment 2-wire; 4-20mA HART, switch output
- Α Without integrated overvoltage protection
- В With integrated overvoltage protection
- Active barrier with power supply (e.g. RN221N): Observe terminal voltage 1
- HART communication resistor ( $\geq 250 \Omega$ ): Observe maximum load 2
- Connection for Commubox FXA195 or FieldXpert SFX350/SFX370 (via VIATOR Bluetooth modem)
- 4 Analog display device: Observe maximum load
- Cable screen; observe cable specification
- 4-20mA HART (passive): Terminals 1 and 2
- Switch output (open collector): Terminals 3 and 4
- Terminal for potential equalization line
- Cable entry for 4-20mA HART line
- 10 Cable entry for switch output line
- Overvoltage protection module

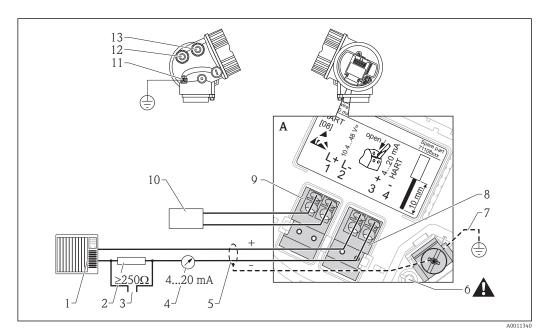
#### 2-wire: 4-20mA HART, 4-20mA



■ 4 Terminal assignment 2-wire, 4-20 mA HART, 4...20mA

- A Without integrated overvoltage protection
- B With integrated overvoltage protection
- 1 Connection current output 2
- 2 Connection current output 1
- 3 Supply voltage for current output 1 (e.g. RN221N); Observe terminal voltage
- 4 Cable screen; observe cable specification
- 5 HART communication resistor ( $\geq$  250  $\Omega$ ): Observe maximum load
- 6 Connection for Commubox FXA195 or FieldXpert SFX350/SFX370 (via VIATOR Bluetooth modem)
- 7 Analog display device ; observe maximum load
- 8 Analog display device; observe maximum load
- 9 Supply voltage for current output 2 (e.g. RN221N); Obesrve terminal voltage
- 10 Overvoltage protection module
- 11 Current output 2: Terminals 3 and 4
- 12 Terminal for the potential equalization line
- 13 Cable entry for current output 1
- 14 Cable entry for current output 2
- This version is also suited for single-channel operation. In this case, current output 1 (terminals 1 and 2) must be used.

#### 4-wire: 4-20mA HART (10.4 to 48 V<sub>DC</sub>)



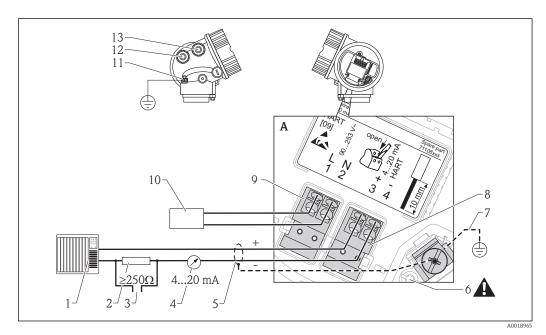
- 5 Terminal assignment 4-wire; 4-20mA HART (10.4 to 48 VDC)
- 1 Evaluation unit, e.g. PLC
- 2 HART communication resistor ( $\geq 250 \Omega$ ): Observe maximum load
- 3 Connection for Commubox FXA195 or FieldXpert SFX350/SFX370 (via VIATOR Bluetooth modem)
- 4 Analog display device: Observe maximum load
- 5 Signal cable including screening (if required), observe cable specification
- 6 Protective connection; do not disconnect!
- 7 Protective earth, observe cable specification
- 8 4...20mA HART (active): Terminals 3 and 4
- 9 Supply voltage: Terminals 1 and 2
- 10 Supply voltage: Observe terminal voltage, observe cable specification
- 11 Terminal for potential equalization
- 12 Cable entry for signal line
- 13 Cable entry for power supply

#### **A** CAUTION

#### To ensure electrical safety:

- ▶ Do not disconnect the protective connection (6).
- ▶ Disconnect the supply voltage before disconnecting the protective earth (7).
- Connect protective earth to the internal ground terminal (7) before connecting the supply voltage. If necessary, connect the potential matching line to the external ground terminal (11).
- In order to ensure electromagnetic compatibility (EMC): Do not only ground the device via the protective earth conductor of the supply cable. Instead, the functional grounding must also be connected to the process connection (flange or threaded connection) or to the external ground terminal.
- An easily accessible power switch must be installed in the proximity of the device. The power switch must be marked as a disconnector for the device (IEC/EN61010).

#### 4-wire: 4-20mA HART (90 to 253 V<sub>AC</sub>)



■ 6 Terminal assignment 4-wire; 4-20mA HART (90 to 253 VAC)

- 1 Evaluation unit, e.g. PLC
- 2 HART communication resistor ( $\geq$ 250  $\Omega$ ): Observe maximum load
- 3 Connection for Commubox FXA195 or FieldXpert SFX350/SFX370 (via VIATOR Bluetooth modem)
- 4 Analog display device: Observe maximum load
- 5 Signal cable including screening (if required), observe cable specification
- 6 Protective connection; do not disconnect!
- 7 Protective earth, observe cable specification
- 8 4...20mA HART (active): Terminals 3 and 4
- 9 Supply voltage: Terminals 1 and 2
- 10 Supply voltage: Observe terminal voltage, observe cable specification
- 11 Terminal for potential equalization
- 12 Cable entry for signal line
- 13 Cable entry for power supply

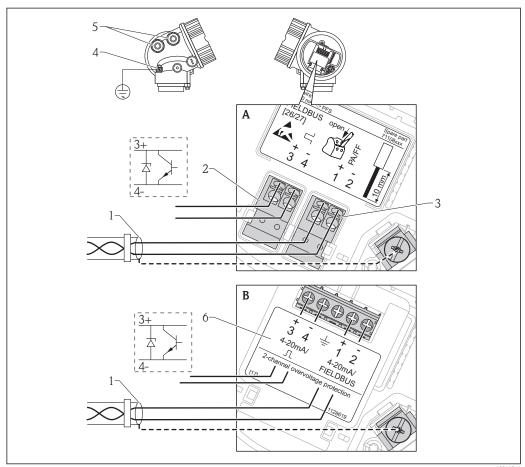
# **A** CAUTION

#### To ensure electrical safety:

- ▶ Do not disconnect the protective connection (6).
- ▶ Disconnect the supply voltage before disconnecting the protective earth (7).
- Connect protective earth to the internal ground terminal (7) before connecting the supply voltage. If necessary, connect the potential matching line to the external ground terminal (11).
- In order to ensure electromagnetic compatibility (EMC): Do not only ground the device via the protective earth conductor of the supply cable. Instead, the functional grounding must also be connected to the process connection (flange or threaded connection) or to the external ground terminal.
- An easily accessible power switch must be installed in the proximity of the device. The power switch must be marked as a disconnector for the device (IEC/EN61010).

24

#### PROFIBUS PA / FOUNDATION Fieldbus



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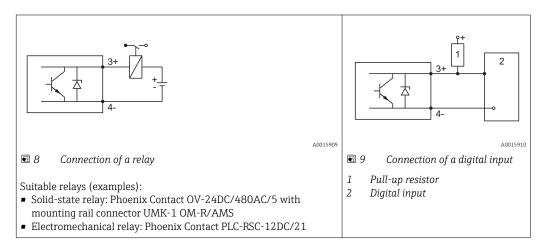
**№** 7 Terminal assignment PROFIBUS PA / FOUNDATION Fieldbus

- Α Without integrated overvoltage protection
- В With integrated overvoltage protection
- 1
- Cable screen: Observe cable specifications Switch output (open collector): Terminals 3 and 4 2
- 3 4 PROFIBUS PA / FOUNDATION Fieldbus: Terminals 1 and 2  $\,$
- Terminal for potential equalization line
- Cable entries
- Overvoltage protection module

#### Connection examples for the switch output

For HART devices, the switch output is available as an option. See product structure, feature 20: "Power Supply, Output", option B: "2-wire; 4-20mA HART, switch output"

Devices with PROFIBUS PA and FOUNDATION Fieldbus always have a switch output.



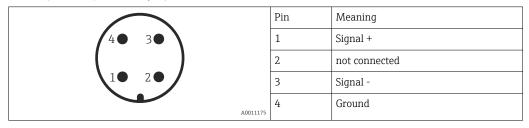
For optimum interference immunity we recommend to connect an external resistor (internal resistance of the relay or Pull-up resistor) of  $< 1000 \Omega$ .

# **Device plug connectors**

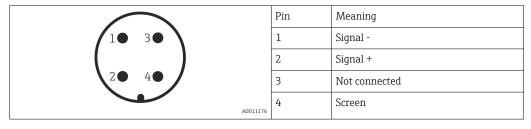


For the versions with fieldbus plug connector (M12 or 7/8"), the signal line can be connected without opening the housing.

Pin assignment of the M12 plug connector



Pin assignment of the 7/8" plug connector



#### Supply voltage

An external power supply is required.

i

Various supply units can be ordered from Endress+Hauser: see "Accessories" section (  $\rightarrow \; \trianglerighteq \; 108)$ 

#### 2-wire, 4-20mA HART, passive

"Power Supply, Output" 1)	"Approval" <sup>2)</sup>	Terminal voltage U at the device	Maximum load R, depending on the supply voltage $\mathbf{U}_0$ at the supply unit
A: 2-wire; 4-20mA HART	<ul><li>Non-Ex</li><li>Ex nA</li><li>Ex ic</li><li>CSA GP</li></ul>	10.4 to 35 V <sup>3)</sup>	R [Ω] 500
	Ex ia / IS 10.4 to 30 V <sup>3)</sup> 10.4 to 30 V <sup>3)</sup> 10.4 to 30 V <sup>3)</sup>	10 20 30 35 U <sub>0</sub> [V]	
	<ul> <li>Ex d(ia) / XP</li> <li>Ex ic(ia)</li> <li>Ex nA(ia)</li> <li>Ex ta / DIP</li> </ul>	12 to 35 V <sup>4)</sup>	R [Ω] 500
	Ex ia + Ex d(ia) / IS + XP	12 to 30 V <sup>4)</sup>	10 20 30 35 U <sub>0</sub> [V] 12 23

- 1) Feature 020 of the product structure
- 2) Feature 010 of the product structure
- For ambient temperatures  $T_a \le -20$  °C (-4 °F) a minimum voltage of 15 V is required for the sartup of the device at the MIN error current (3,6 mA). The startup current can be parametrized. If the device is operated with a fixed current  $I \ge 5,5$  mA (HART multidrop mode), a voltage of  $U \ge 10,4$  V is sufficient throughout the entire range of ambient temperatures.
- For ambient temperatures  $T_a \le -20$  °C (-4 °F) a minimum voltage of 16 V is required for the startup of the device at the MIN error current (3.6 mA).

"Power Supply, Output" 1)	"Approval" <sup>2)</sup>	Terminal voltage U at the device	Maximum load R, depending on the supply voltage $\mathbf{U}_0$ at the supply unit
<b>B:</b> 2-wire; 4-20 mA HART, switch output	<ul> <li>Non-Ex</li> <li>Ex nA</li> <li>Ex nA(ia)</li> <li>Ex ic</li> <li>Ex ic(ia)</li> <li>Ex d(ia) / XP</li> <li>Ex ta / DIP</li> <li>CSA GP</li> </ul>	12 to 35 V <sup>3)</sup>	R [Ω] 500
	<ul> <li>Ex ia / IS</li> <li>Ex ia + Ex d(ia) / IS + XP</li> </ul>	12 to 30 V <sup>3)</sup>	10 20 30 35 U <sub>0</sub> [V]

- 1) Feature 020 of the product structure
- 2) Feature 010 of the product structure
- For ambient temperatures  $T_a \le -30$  °C (-22 °F) a minimum voltage of 16 V is required for the startup of the device at the MIN error current (3.6 mA).

"Power Supply, Output" 1)	"Approval" 2)	Terminal voltage U at the device	Maximum load R, depending on the supply voltage $\mathrm{U}_0$ at the supply unit
C: 2-wire; 4-20mA HART, 4-20mA	any	12 to 30 V <sup>3)</sup>	R [Ω] 500 10 20 30 U <sub>0</sub> [V] 12 23

- Feature 020 of the product structure Feature 010 of the product structure 1)
- 2) 3) For ambient temperatures  $T_a \le -30 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$  (-22  $^{\circ}\text{F}$ ) a minimum voltage of 16 V is required for the startup of the device at the MIN error current (3.6 mA).

Polarity reversal protection	Yes
Admissible residual ripple at f = 0 to 100 Hz	$U_{SS} < 1 \text{ V}$
Admissible residual ripple at f = 100 to 10000 Hz	U <sub>SS</sub> < 10 mV

#### 4-wire, 4-20mA HART, active

"Power supply; Output" 1)	Terminal voltage	Maximum load R <sub>max</sub>
<b>K:</b> 4-wire 90-253VAC; 4-20mA HART	90 to 253 V <sub>AC</sub> (50 to 60 Hz), overvoltage category II	500 Ω
L: 4-wire 10,4-48VDC; 4-20mA HART	10.4 to 48 V <sub>DC</sub>	

Feature 020 of the product structure 1)

# PROFIBUS PA, FOUNDATION Fieldbus

"Power supply; Output" 1)	"Approval" <sup>2)</sup>	Terminal voltage
E: 2-wire; FOUNDATION Fieldbus, switch output G: 2-wire; PROFIBUS PA, switch output	<ul> <li>Non-Ex</li> <li>Ex nA</li> <li>Ex nA(ia)</li> <li>Ex ic</li> <li>Ex ic(ia)</li> <li>Ex d(ia) / XP</li> <li>Ex ta / DIP</li> <li>CSA GP</li> </ul>	9 to 32 V <sup>3)</sup>
	<ul><li>Ex ia / IS</li><li>Ex ia + Ex d(ia) / IS + XP</li></ul>	9 to 30 V <sup>3)</sup>

- 1) Feature 020 of the product structure
- 2) 3)
- Feature 010 of the product structure Input voltages up to 35 V will not spoil the device.

Polarity sensitive	No
FISCO/FNICO compliant according to IEC 60079-27	Yes

# Power consumption

"Power supply; Output" 1)	Power consumption
A: 2-wire; 4-20mA HART	< 0.9 W
B: 2-wire; 4-20mA HART, switch output	< 0.9 W
C: 2-wire; 4-20mA HART, 4-20mA	< 2 x 0.7 W
K: 4-wire 90-253VAC; 4-20mA HART	6 VA
L: 4-wire 10,4-48VDC; 4-20mA HART	1.3 W

Feature 020 of the product structure

#### **Current consumption**

#### **HART**

Nominal current	3.6 to 22 mA, the start-up current for multidrop mode can be parametrized (is set to 3.6 mA on delivery)
Breakdown signal (NAMUR NE43)	adjustable: 3.59 to 22.5 mA

#### PROFIBUS PA

Nominal current	14 mA
Error current FDE (Fault Disconnection Electronic)	0 mA

#### FOUNDATION Fieldbus

Device basic current	15 mA
Error current FDE (Fault Disconnection Electronic)	0 mA

#### **FISCO**

U <sub>i</sub>	17.5 V
I <sub>i</sub>	550 mA
P <sub>i</sub>	5.5 W
C <sub>i</sub>	5 nF
L <sub>i</sub>	10 μΗ

#### Power supply failure

- Configuration is retained in the HistoROM (EEPROM).
- Error messages (incl. value of operated hours counter) are stored.

#### Potential equalization

No special measures for potential equalization are required.



If the device is designed for hazardous areas, observe the information in the documentation "Safety Instructions" (XA, ZD).

#### **Terminals**

Without integrated overvoltage protection

Plug-in spring terminals for wire cross-sections 0.5 to 2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (20 to 14 AWG)

With integrated overvoltage protection

Screw terminals for wire cross-sections 0.2 to 2.5  $\text{mm}^2$  (24 to 14 AWG)

#### Cable entries

#### Connection of power supply and signal line

To be selected in feature 050 "Electrical connection"

- Gland M20; Material dependent on the approval:
- For Non-Ex, ATEX, IECEx, NEPSI Ex ia/ic:
  - Plastics M20x1.5 for cable  $\phi$ 5 to 10 mm (0.2 to 0.39 in)
  - For Dust-Ex, FM IS, CSA IS, CSA GP, Ex nA:
  - Metal M20x1.5 for cable  $\phi$ 7 to 10 mm (0.28 to 0.39 in) <sup>1)</sup>
- For Ex d:

No gland available

- Thread
  - ½" NPT
  - G ½"
  - M20 × 1.5
- Plug M12 / Plug 7/8"

Only available for Non-Ex, Ex ic, Ex ia

#### Connection of remote display FHX50

Dependent on feature 030: "Display, Operation":

- "Prepared for display FHX50 + M12 connection": M12 socket
- "Prepared for display FHX50 + custom connection": Thread M16

<sup>1)</sup> The material of the gland is dependent on the housing type; GT18 (stainless steel housing): 316L (1.4404); GT19 (plastic housing) and GT20 (aluminum housing): nickel-coated brass (CuZn).

#### Cable specification

- Minimum cross-section: dependent on terminals (→ 🖺 31)
- For ambient temperature  $T_{IJ} \ge 60$  °C (140 °F): use cable for temperature  $T_{IJ} + 20$  K.

#### **HART**

- A normal device cable suffices if only the analog signal is used.
- A shielded cable is recommended if using the HART protocol. Observe grounding concept of the plant.
- For 4-wire devices: Standard device cable is sufficient for the power line.

#### **PROFIBUS**

Use a twisted, screened two-wire cable, preferably cable type A.



For further information on the cable specifications, see Operating Instructions BA00034S "Guidelines for planning and commissioning PROFIBUS DP/PA", PNO Guideline 2.092 "PROFIBUS PA User and Installation Guideline" and IEC61158-2 (MBP).

#### **FOUNDATION Fieldbus**

Endress+Hauser recommends using twisted, shielded two-wire cables.



For further information on the cable specifications, see Operating Instructions BA00013S "FOUNDATION Fieldbus Overview", FOUNDATION Fieldbus Guideline and IEC 61158-2 (MBP).

#### Overvoltage protection

If the measuring device is used for level measurement in flammable liquids which requires the use of overvoltage protection according to DIN EN 60079-14, standard for test procedures 60060-1 (10 kA, pulse 8/20 µs), overvoltage protection has to be ensured by an integrated or external overvoltage protection module.

#### Integrated overvoltage protection

An integrated overvoltage protection module is available for 2-wire HART as well as PROFIBUS PA and FOUNDATION Fieldbus devices.

Product structure: Feature 610 "Accessory mounted", option NA "Overvoltage protection".

Technical data			
Resistance per channel	2 * 0.5 Ω max		
Threshold DC voltage	400 to 700 V		
Threshold impulse voltage	< 800 V		
Capacitance at 1 MHz	< 1.5 pF		
Nominal arrest impulse voltage (8/20 μs)	10 kA		

#### External overvoltage protection

HAW562 or HAW569 from Endress+Hauser are suited as external overvoltage protection.

For detailed information please refer to the following documents: ■ HAW562: TI01012K ■ HAW569: TI01013K

# Performance characteristics

# Reference operating conditions

- Temperature =  $+24 \, ^{\circ}\text{C} \, (+75 \, ^{\circ}\text{F}) \pm 5 \, ^{\circ}\text{C} \, (\pm 9 \, ^{\circ}\text{F})$
- Pressure = 960 mbar abs.  $(14 \text{ psia})\pm 100 \text{ mbar } (\pm 1.45 \text{ psi})$
- Humidity = 60 %±15 %
- Reflector: metal plate with a minimum diameter of 1 m (40 in)
- No major interference reflections inside the signal beam

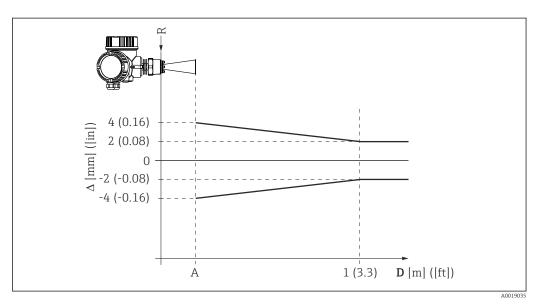
#### Maximum measured error

Typical data under reference operating conditions: DIN EN 61298-2, percentage values in relation to the span.

Device	Value	Output		
		digital	analog <sup>1)</sup>	
FMR51/FMR52 Standard version	Sum of non- linearity, nonrepeatability and hysteresis	±2 mm (0.08 in)	±0.02 %	
	Offset/Zero	±4 mm (0.2 in)	±0.03 %	
FMR51/FMR52 Version with application package "Advanced dynamics" <sup>2)</sup>	Sum of non- linearity, nonrepeatability and hysteresis	±3 mm (0.12 in)	±0.02 %	
	Offset/Zero	±4 mm (0.2 in)	±0.03 %	

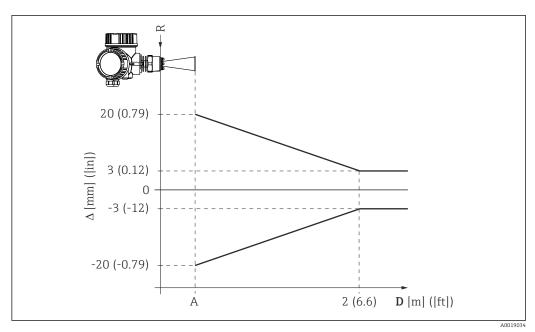
- 1) Only relevant for 4-20mA current output; add error of the analog value to the digital value.
- 2) Product structure: Feature 540 "Application Package", Option EM "Advanced dynamics"

#### Differing values in near-range applications



 $\blacksquare 10$  Maximum measured error in near-range applications; values for standard version

- $\Delta$  Maximum measured error
- A Lower edge of the antenna
- D Distance from the lower edge A of the antenna
- *R* Reference point of the distance measurement



Maximum measured error in near-range applications; values for version with the "Advanced dynamics" application package

- Δ Maximum measured error
- A Lower edge of the antenna
- D Distance from the lower edge A of the antenna
- R Reference point of the distance measurement

#### Measured value resolution

Dead band according to EN61298-2:

digital: 1 mmanalog: 1 μA

#### Reaction time

The reaction time can be parametrized. The following step response times (as per DIN EN 61298-2) <sup>2)</sup> are valid if the damping is switched off:

Tank height	Sampling rate	Step response time	
<10 m (33 ft)	≥3.6 s <sup>-1</sup>	< 0.8 s	
<70 m (230 ft)	≥2.2 s <sup>-1</sup>	< 1 s	

# Influence of ambient temperature

#### The measurements are carried out in accordance with EN 61298-3

- Digital (HART, PROFIBUS PA, FOUNDATION Fieldbus):
  - Standard version: average  $T_K = 2 \text{ mm}/10 \text{ K}$ ; maximum 5 mm
  - Version with advanced dynamics  $^{3)}$ : average  $T_K = 5$  mm/10 K; maximum 15 mm
- Analog (current output):
  - zero point (4 mA): average  $T_K = 0.02 \%/10 K$
  - span (20 mA): average  $T_K = 0.05 \%/10 K$

#### Influence of gas layer

High pressures reduce the propagation velocity of the measuring signals in the gas/vapor above the fluid. This effect depends on the kind of gas/vapor and of its temperature. This results in a systematic measuring error that gets bigger as the distance increases between the reference point of the measurement (flange) and the product surface. The following table illustrates this measured

<sup>2)</sup> According to DIN EN 61298-2 the response time is the time which passes after a sudden change of the input signal until the output signal for the first time assumes 90% of the steady-state value.

<sup>3)</sup> Feature 540 "Application Package", option EM

error for a few typical gases/vapors (with regard to distance; a positive value means that too large a distance is being measured):

Gas layer	r Temperature		Pressure					
	°C	°F	1 bar (14,5 psi)	10 bar (145 psi)	50 bar (725 psi)	100 bar (1450 psi)	160 bar (2320 psi)	
Air/ Nitrogen	20	68	0.00 %	0.22 %	1.2 %	2.4 %	3.89 %	
	200	392	-0.01 %	0.13 %	0.74 %	1.5 %	2.42 %	
	400	752	-0.02 %	0.08 %	0.52 %	1.1 %	1.70 %	
Hydrogen	20	68	-0.01 %	0.10 %	0.61 %	1.2 %	2.00 %	
	200	392	-0.02 %	0.05 %	0.37 %	0.76 %	1.23 %	
	400	752	-0.02 %	0.03 %	0.25 %	0.53 %	0.86 %	
Water (saturated steam)	100	212	0.02 %	-	-	-	-	
	180	356	-	2.1 %	-	-	-	
	263	505,4	-	-	8.6 %	-	-	
	310	590	-	-	-	22 %	-	
	364	687	-	-	-	-	41.8 %	

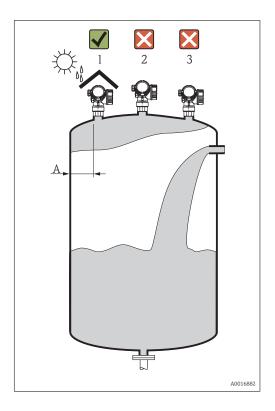
When the pressure is known and constant, this measured error can, for example, be compensated by means of a linearization.

Gas phase compensation with external pressure sensor (PROFIBUS PA, FOUNDATION Fieldbus) PROFIBUS devices can receive the signal of an external pressure sensor through the bus and use it to perform a pressure dependent time-of-flight correction. In the case of saturated steam in the temperature range from 100 to  $350\,^{\circ}\text{C}$  (212 to  $662\,^{\circ}\text{f}$ ), for example, the measuring error of the distance measurement can be reduced by this method from up to  $29\,^{\circ}\text{W}$  (without compensation) to less than  $3\,^{\circ}\text{W}$  (with compensation).

# Installation

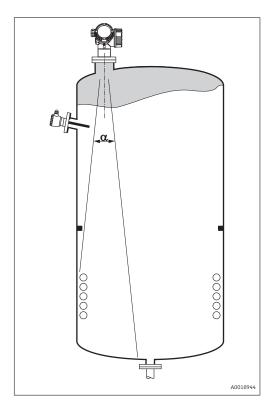
#### Installation conditions

# Mounting position



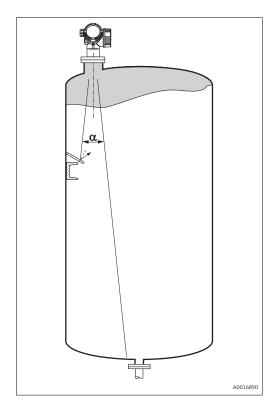
- Recommended distance A from wall to outer edge of nozzle: ~ 1/6 of tank diameter.
   Nevertheless the device should not be installed closer than 15 cm (5.91 in) to the tank wall.
- Not in the center (2), as interference can cause signal loss.
- Not above the fill stream (3).
- It is recommended to us a weather protection cover (1) in order to protect the device from direct sun or rain.

#### Vessel installations



Avoid any installations (point level switches, temperature sensors, braces, vacuum rings, heating coils, baffles etc.) inside the signal beam. Take into account the beam angle  $(\rightarrow \ \ \ \ )$ 

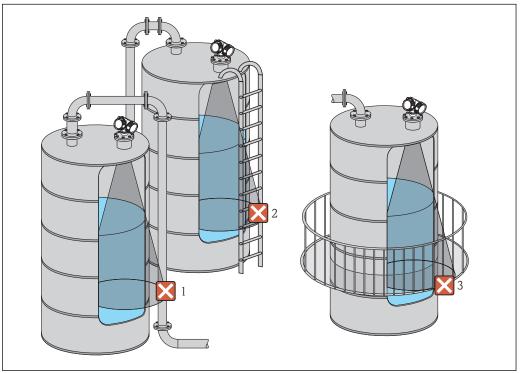
#### Reduction of interference echoes



Metallic screens mounted at a slope spread the radar signal and can, therefore, reduce interference echoes.

# Measurement in a plastic vessel

If the outer wall of the vessel is made of a non-conductive material (e.g. GRP), microwaves can also be reflected off interfering installations outside the signal beam (e.g. metallic pipes (1), ladders (2), grates (3), ...). Therefore, there should be no such interfering installations in the signal beam. Please contact Endress+Hauser for further information.



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#### **Optimization options**

Antenna size

Mapping

The measurement can be optimized by means of electronic suppression of interference echoes.

■ Antenna alignment

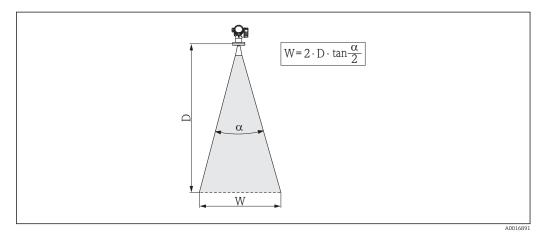
Stilling well

A stilling well can be applied to avoid interferences ( $\rightarrow \triangleq 49$ ).

Metallic screens mounted at a slope

They spread the radar signals and can, therefore, reduce interference echoes.

# Beam angle



 $\blacksquare$  12 Relationship between beam angle a, distance D and beamwidth diameter W

The beam angle is defined as the angle  $\alpha$  where the energy density of the radar waves reaches half the value of the maximum energy density (3-dB-width). Microwaves are also emitted outside the signal beam and can be reflected off interfering installations.

Beam diameter W as a function of beam angle  $\alpha$  and measuring distance  $D\colon$ 

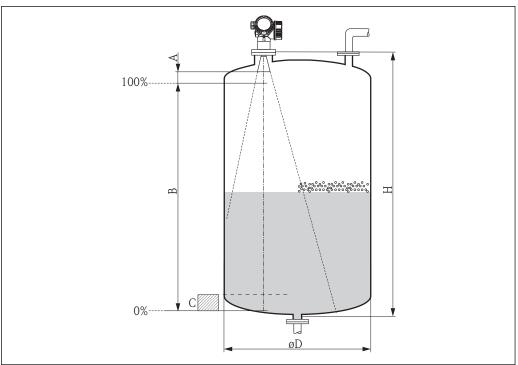
FMR51									
Antenna size	40 mm (1½ in)	50 mm (2 in)	80 mm (3 in)	100 mm (4 in)					
Beam angle α	23°	18°	10°	8°					
Measuring distance (D)	Beamwidth diameter W								
3 m (9.8 ft)	1.22 m (4 ft)	0.95 m (3.1 ft)	0.53 m (1.7 ft)	0.42 m (1.4 ft)					
6 m (20 ft)	2.44 m (8 ft)	1.9 m (6.2 ft)	1.05 m (3.4 ft)	0.84 m (2.8 ft)					
9 m (30 ft)	3.66 m (12 ft)	2.85 m (9.4 ft)	1.58 m (5.2 ft)	1.26 m (4.1 ft)					
12 m (39 ft)	4.88 m (16 ft)	3.80 m (12 ft)	2.1 m (6.9 ft)	1.68 m (5.5 ft)					
15 m (49 ft)	6.1 m (20 ft)	4.75 m (16 ft)	2.63 m (8.6 ft)	2.10 m (6.9 ft)					
20 m (66 ft)	8.14 m (27 ft)	6.34 m (21 ft)	3.50 m (11 ft)	2.80 m (9.2 ft)					
25 m (82 ft)	10.17 m (33 ft)	7.92 m (26 ft)	4.37 m (14 ft)	3.50 m (11 ft)					
30 m (98 ft)	-	9.50 m (31 ft)	5.25 m (17 ft)	4.20 m (14 ft)					
35 m (115 ft)	-	11.09 m (36 ft)	6.12 m (20 ft)	4.89 m (16 ft)					
40 m (131 ft)	-	12.67 m (42 ft)	7.00 m (23 ft)	5.59 m (18 ft)					
45 m (148 ft)	-	-	7.87 m (26 ft)	6.29 m (21 ft)					
60 m (197 ft)	-	-	10.50 m (34 ft)	8.39 m (28 ft)					
70 m (230 ft)	-	-	-	9.79 m (32 ft)					

FMR52								
Antenna size	50 mm (2 in)	80 mm (3 in)						
Beam angle α	18°	10°						
Measuring distance (D) Beamwidth diameter W								
3 m (9.8 ft)	0.95 m (3.1 ft)	0.53 m (1.7 ft)						
6 m (20 ft)	1.9 m (6.2 ft)	1.05 m (3.4 ft)						

9 m (30 ft)	2.85 m (9.4 ft)	1.58 m (5.2 ft)
12 m (39 ft)	3.80 m (12 ft)	2.1 m (6.9 ft)
15 m (49 ft)	4.75 m (16 ft)	2.63 m (8.6 ft)
20 m (66 ft)	6.34 m (21 ft)	3.50 m (11 ft)
25 m (82 ft)	7.92 m (26 ft)	4.37 m (14 ft)
30 m (98 ft)	9.50 m (31 ft)	5.25 m (17 ft)
35 m (115 ft)	11.09 m (36 ft)	6.12 m (20 ft)
40 m (131 ft)	12.67 m (42 ft)	7.00 m (23 ft)
45 m (148 ft)	-	7.87 m (26 ft)
60 m (197 ft)	-	10.50 m (34 ft)

#### Measuring conditions

- In case of **boiling surfaces**, **bubbling** or tendency for **foaming** use FMR53 or FMR54. Depending on its consistence, foam can either absorb microwaves or reflect them off the foam surface. Measurement is possible under certain conditions. For FMR50, FMR51 and FMR52, the additional option "Advanced dynamics" is recommended in these cases (feature 540: "Application Package", option EM).
- In case of heavy steam development or condensate, the maximum measuring range of FMR50, FMR51 and FMR52 may decrease depending on density, temperature and composition of the steam → use FMR53 or FMR54.
- For the measurement of absorbing gases such as **ammonia NH**<sub>3</sub> or some **fluorocarbons** <sup>4)</sup>, please use Levelflex or Micropilot FMR54 in a stilling well.
- The measuring range begins, where the beam hits the tank bottom. Particularly with dish bottoms or conical outlets the level cannot be detected below this point.
- For stilling well applications, the zero should be positioned at the end of the tube, as the electromagnetic waves do not propagate completely outside the tube. It must be taken into account that the accuracy may be reduced in the area **C**. In order to guarantee the required accuracy in these cases, it is recommended to position the zero-point at a distance **C** above the end of the tube (see figure).
- In case of media with a low dielectric constant ( $\epsilon_r$  = 1.5 to 4) <sup>5)</sup> the tank bottom can be visible through the medium at low levels (low height **C**). Reduced accuracy has to be expected in this range. If this is not acceptable, we recommend positioning the zero point at a distance **C** (see figure) above the tank bottom in these applications.
- In principle it is possible to measure up to the tip of the antenna with FMR51, FMR53 and FMR54. However, due to considerations regarding corrosion and build-up, the end of the measuring range should not be chosen any closer than **A** (see figure) to the tip of the antenna.
- When using FMR54 with planar antenna, especially for media with low dielectric constants, the end of the measuring range should not be closer than 1 m (3.28 ft) to the flange.
- The smallest possible measuring range **B** depends on the antenna version (see figure).
- The tank height should be at least **H** (see table).



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<sup>4)</sup> Affected compounds are e.g. R134a, R227, Dymel 152a.

<sup>5)</sup> Dielectric constants of important media commonly used in the industry are summarized in the document SD106F, which can be downloaded from the Endress+Hauser web page (www.endress.com).

Device	A [mm (in)]	B [m (ft)]	C [mm (in)]	H [m (ft)]	
FMR51	50(1.97)	> 0.2 (0.7)	50 to 250 (1.97 to 9.84)	> 0.3 (1.0)	
FMR52	200(7.87)	7 0.2 (0.7)	JU t0 ZJU (1.97 t0 9.04)	7 0.5 (1.0)	

# Mounting cladded flanges



- Use flange screws according to the number of flange holes.
  Tighten the screws with the required torque (see table).
  Retighten the screws after 24 hours or after the first temperature cycle.
  Depending on process pressure and process temperature check and retighten the screws at regular intervals.

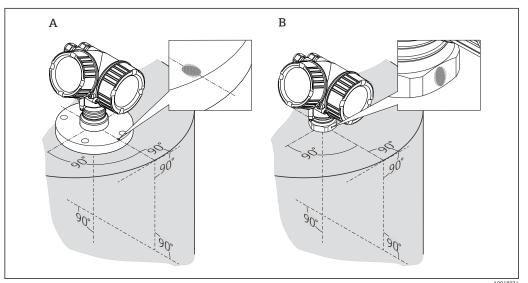
Flange size	Number of screws	Recommended torque [Nm]			
		minimum	maximum		
EN					
DN50/PN16	4	45	65		
DN80/PN16	8	40	55		
DN100/PN16	8	40	60		
DN150/PN16	8	75	115		
ASME					
2"/150lbs	4	40	55		
3"/150lbs	4	65	95		
4"/150lbs	8	45	70		
6"/150lbs	8	85	125		
JIS					
10K 50A	4	40	60		
10K 80A	8	25	35		
10K 100A	8	35	55		
10K 100A	8	75	115		

# Installation in vessel (free space)

# Horn antenna (FMR51)

#### Alignment

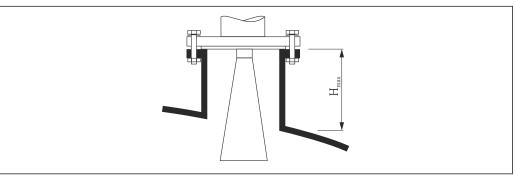
- Align the antenna vertically to the product surface.
   The maximum range may be reduced if the horn antenna is not vertically aligned.
- A marking at the flange (somewhere between the flange holes) or the boss enables alignment of the antenna. This marking must be aligned towards the tank wall as well as possible.



Depending on the device version the marking may be a circle or two short parallel lines.

# Nozzle mounting

For optimum measurement, the tip of the antenna should extend below the nozzle. Depending on the antenna size this is achieved by the following maximum nozzle heights:



■ 13 Nozzle height for horn antenna (FMR51)

Antenna 1)	Maximum nozzle height $H_{max}$
BA: Horn 40mm/1-1/2"	85 mm (3.35 in)
BB: Horn 50mm/2"	115 mm (4.53 in)
BC: Horn 80mm/3"	210 mm (8.27 in)
BD Horn 100mm/4"	280 mm (11.0 in)

1) Feature 070 of the product structure

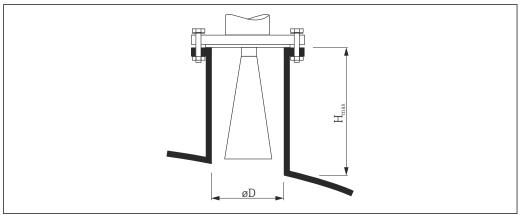
Endress+Hauser 45

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#### Conditions for longer nozzles

If the medium has good reflective properties, higher nozzles can be accepted. In this case the maximum nozzle height,  $H_{max}$ , is dependent on the nozzle diameter, D:



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Nozzle diameter D	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Maximum nozzle height} \\ H_{max} \end{array}$	Recommended antenna <sup>1)</sup>
40 mm (1.5 in)	100 mm (3.9 in)	BA: Horn 40mm/1-1/2"
50 mm (2 in)	150 mm (5.9 in)	BB: Horn 50mm/2"
80 mm (3 in)	250 mm (9.8 in)	BC: Horn 80mm/3"
100 mm (4 in)	500 mm (19.7 in)	BD: Horn 100mm/4"
150 mm (6 in)	800 mm (31.5 in)	BD: Horn 100mm/4"

#### 1) Feature 070 of the product structure

- If the antenna doesn't extend below the nozzle, observe the following:
  - The nozzle end must be smooth and free of burrs. If possible its edge should be rounded.
  - An interference echo suppression must be performed.
  - Please contact Endress+Hauser for applications with higher nozzles than those indicated in the table.
  - For mounting in heigh nozzles the device is available in a version with an antenna extension of up to  $1\,000$  mm (39.4 in)  $^{6)}$ 
    - The antenna extension may cause interference echoes in the near range. In this case it may
      occur that the maximum measurable level is reduced.

#### Threaded connection

- Tighten with the hexagonal nut only.
- Tool : Hexagonal wrench 55 mm
- Maximum permissible torque: 60 Nm (44 lbf ft)

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<sup>)</sup> Feature 610 "Accessory mounted" of the product structure.

### Mesurement from the outside through plastic walls (FMR50/FMR51)

- If possible, use an antenna 100 mm (4 in).
- The distance from the lower edge of the antenna to the tank ceiling should be about 100 mm (4 in).
- If possible, avoid mounting locations where condensation or build-up might occur.
- In case of outdoor mounting, the space between antenna and vessel has to be protected from the elements
- Do not mount any potential reflectors (e.g. pipes) outside the tank in the signal beam.

#### Suitable thickness of the tank ceiling:

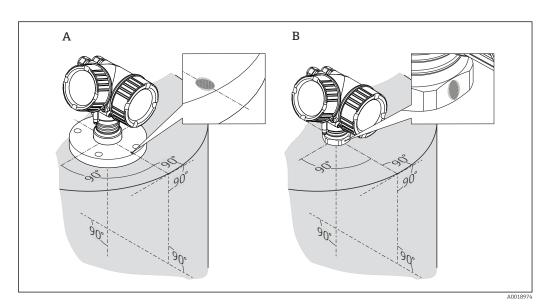
Penetrated material	PE	PTFE	PP	Perspex	
DK / $\varepsilon_{\rm r}$ 2.3		2.1	2.3	3.1	
Optimum thickness 1)	3.8 mm (0.15 in)	4.0 mm (0.16 in)	3.8 mm (0.15 in)	3.3 mm (0.13 in)	

1) Other possible values for the thickness are multiples of the values listed (e.g. for PE: 7,6 mm (0.3 in), 11,4 mm (0.45 in)

#### Horn antenna, flush mount (FMR52)

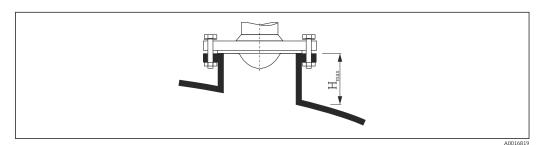
#### Alignment

- Align the antenna vertically to the product surface.
   The maximum range may be reduced if the horn antenna is not vertically aligned.
- A marking at the flange (somwhere between the flange holes) or the boss enables alignment of the antenna. This marking must be aligned towards the tank wall as well as possible.



Depending on the device version the marking may be a circle or two short parallel lines.

#### Nozzle mounting

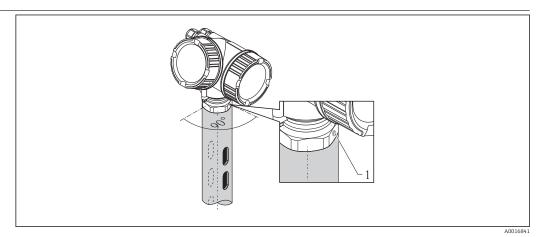


■ 14 Nozzle height for horn antenna, flush mount (FMR52)

Antenna 1)	Maximum nozzle height $H_{max}$
BO: Horn 50mm/2"	500 mm (19.7 in)
BP: Horn 80mm/3"	500 mm (19.7 in)

- 1) Feature 070 of the product structure
- Please contact Endress+Hauser for applications with higher nozzle.
  - For flanges with PTFE cladding: Observe the notes on the mounting of cladded flanges  $(\rightarrow \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ )$ 
    - Usually, the PTFE flange cladding also serves as a seal between the nozzle and the device flange.

# Installation in stilling well

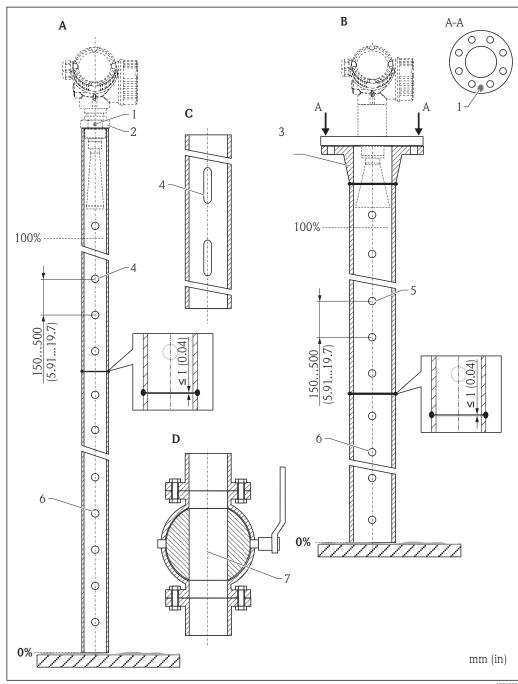


- Marking for antenna alignment
- For horn antenna: Align the marking towards the slots of the stilling well.
- Measurements can be performed through an open full bore ball valve without any problems.
   After mounting, the housing can be turned 350° in order to simplify access to the display and the terminal compartment.

#### Recommendations for the stilling well

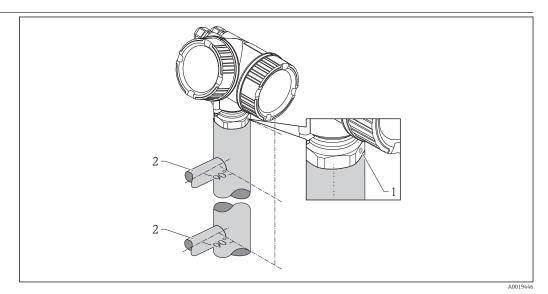
- Metal (no enamel coating; plastic on request).
- Constant diameter.
- Diameter of stilling well not larger than antenna diameter.
- Diameter difference between horn antenna and inner diameter of the stilling well as small as possible.
- Weld seam as smooth as possible and on the same axis as the slots.
- Slots offset 180° (not 90°).
- Slot width or diameter of holes max. 1/10 of pipe diameter, de-burred. Length and number do not have any influence on the measurement.
- Select horn antenna as big as possible. For intermedaite sizes (e.g. 180 mm (7 in)) select next larger antenna and adapt it mechanically (for horn antennas)
- At any transition (i.e. when using a ball valve or mending pipe segments), no gap may be created exceeding 1 mm (0.04 in).
- The stilling well must be smooth on the inside (average roughness  $R_z \le 6.3 \ \mu m$  (248  $\mu in$ )). Use extruded or parallel welded stainless steel pipe. An extension of the pipe is possible with welded flanges or pipe sleeves. Flange and pipe have to be properly aligned at the inside.
- Do not weld through the pipe wall. The inside of the stilling well must remain smooth. In case of unintentional welding through the pipe, the weld seam and any unevenness on the inside need to be carefully removed and smoothened. Otherwise, strong interference echoes will be generated and material build-up will be promoted.
- Particularly on smaller nominal widths it needs to be observed that flanges are welded to the pipe such that they allow for a correct orientation (marker aligned toward slots).
- The performance of Micropilot FMR54 with planar antenna is not dependent on the alignment or geometry of standard stilling wells. No special alignment is required. However, make sure that the planar antenna is installed vertically relative to the stilling well axis.

### Examples for the construction of stilling wells



- Micropilot FMR50/FMR51: Horn 40mm(11/2")
- Micropilot FMR50/FMR51/FMR52/FMR54: Horn 80mm(3") В
- Stilling well with slots Full bore ball valve С
- D
- Marking for axial alignment
- Threaded connection
- 3 e.g. welding neck flange DIN2633
- $\phi$  hole max.  $1/10 \phi$  stilling well
- $\phi$  hole max. 1/10  $\phi$  stilling well; single sided or drilled through
- 6 Inside of holes deburred
- Diameter of opening of ball valve must always be equivalent to pipe diameter; avoid edges and constrictions.

# Installation in bypass



**■** 16 Installation in bypass

- Marking for antenna alignment
- Tank connectors

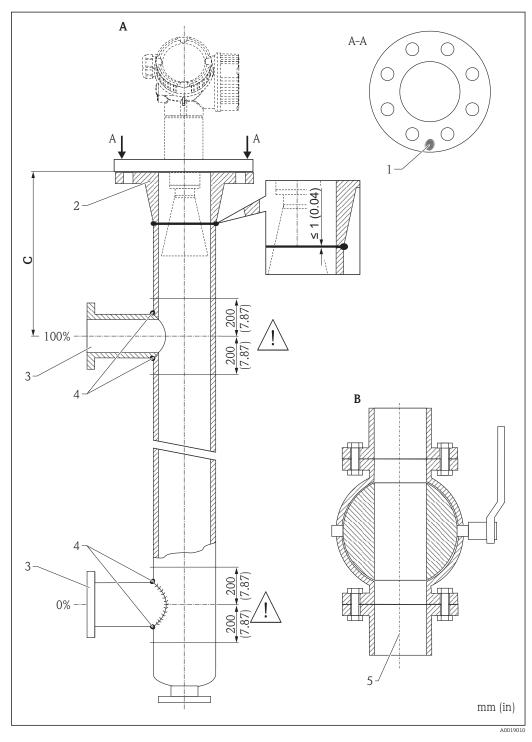
- Alighn the marker perpendicular (90°) to the tank connectors.
   Measurements can be performed through an open full bore ball valve without any problems.
   After mounting, the housing can be turned 350° in order to simplify access to the display and the terminal compartment.

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# Recommendations for the bypass pipe

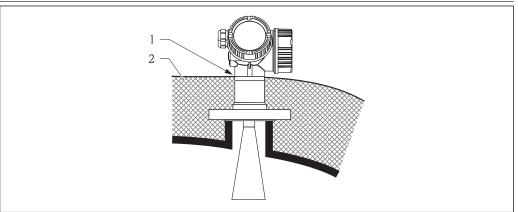
- Metal (no plastic or enamel coating).
- Constant diameter.
- Select horn antenna as big as possible. For intermediate sizes (e.g. 95 mm (3.5 in)) select next larger antenna and adapt it mechanically (for horn antennas).
- Diameter difference between horn antenna and inner diameter of the bypass as small as possible.
- At any transition (i.e. when using a ball valve or mending pipe segments), no gap may be created exceeding 1 mm (0.04 in).
- In the area of the tank connections (~±20 cm (7.87 in)) ia reduced accuracy of the measurement has to be expected.

#### Example for the construction of a bypass



- A Micropilot FMR50/FMR51/FMR52/FMR54: Horn 80mm(3")
- B Full bore ball valve
- C Minimum distance to upper connection pipe: 400 mm (15,7 in)
- 1 Marking for axial alignment
- 2 e.g. welding neck flange DIN2633
- 3 Diameter of the connection pipes as small as possible
- 4 Do not weld through the pipe wall; the inside of the bypass must remain smooth.
- 5 Diameter of opening of ball valve must always be equivalent to pipe diameter. Avoid edges and constrictions.

# Vessels with heat insulation



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If process temperatures are high, the device must be included in normal tank insulation to prevent the electronics heating up as a result of heat radiation or convection. The insulation may not exceed beyond the neck of the housing.

# **Environment**

#### Ambient temperature range

Measuring device	-40 to +80 °C (–40 to +176 °F); –50 °C (–58 °F) with manufacturer declaration on request
Local display	-20 to $+70$ °C ( $-4$ to $+158$ °F), the readability of the display may be impaired at temperatures outside the temperature range.

When operating the device in the open with strong sunlight:

- Mount the device in a shady position.
- Avoid direct sunlight, especially in warmer regions.
- Use a weather protection cover (see accessories).

#### Ambient temperature limits



The following diagrams take into account only functional aspects. There may be further restrictions for certified device versions. Please refere to the separate Safety Instructions ( $\rightarrow \stackrel{\cong}{} 109$ ).

With a temperature  $(T_p)$  at the process connection the admissible ambient temperature  $(T_a)$  is reduced according to the following diagram (temperature derating):

Information concerning the derating tables

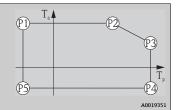
Option	Meaning
A	2-wire; 4-20 mA HART
В	2-wire; 4-20 mA HART, switch output
С	2-wire; 4-20 mA HART, 4-20 mA
Е	2-wire; FF, switch output
G	2-wire; PA, switch output
K	4-wire 90-253VAC; 4-20 mA HART
L	4-wire 10, 4-48VDC; 4-20 mA HART

# FMR51 Seal:

■ Viton GLT, -40 to 150 °C (-40 to 302 °F)

■ Kalrez, -20 to 150 °C (-4 to 302 °F)

Housing: GT18 (316 L) Temperature unit: °C (°F)



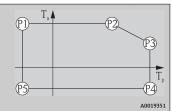
Power Supply; Output (Pos. 2	P	1	P	2	P	3	P	4	P	5	P	6
of the product structure)	T <sub>p</sub>	Ta	$T_{p}$	T <sub>a</sub>	$T_{p}$	Ta	$T_{\rm p}$	Ta	$T_{\rm p}$	Ta	$T_{\rm p}$	Ta
A	-40 (-40)	81 (178)	81 (178)	81 (178)	150 (302)	66 (151)	150 (302)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-
B Switch output not used	-40 (-40)	82 (180)	82 (180)	82 (180)	150 (302)	67 (153)	150 (302)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-
B Switch output used	-40 (-40)	77 (171)	77 (171)	77 (171)	150 (302)	61 (142)	150 (302)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-
C Channel 2 not used	-40 (-40)	82 (180)	82 (180)	82 (180)	150 (302)	67 (153)	150 (302)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-
C Channel 2 used	-40 (-40)	79 (174)	79 (174)	79 (174)	150 (302)	63 (145)	150 (302)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-
E, G Switch output not used	-40 (-40)	83 (181)	83 (181)	83 (181)	150 (302)	68 (154)	150 (302)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-

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#### Seal:

- Viton GLT, -40 to 150 °C (-40 to 302 °F)
- Kalrez, -20 to 150 °C (-4 to 302 °F)

Housing: GT18 (316 L) Temperature unit: °C (°F)



Power Supply; Output (Pos. 2	P	1	P	2	P	3	P	4	P	5	P	6
of the product structure)	T <sub>p</sub>	Ta	T <sub>p</sub>	Ta	$T_{p}$	Ta	T <sub>p</sub>	Ta	$T_{\rm p}$	Ta	T <sub>p</sub>	Ta
E, G Switch output used	-40 (-40)	78 (172)	78 (172)	78 (172)	150 (302)	63 (145)	150 (302)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-
K, L	-40 (-40)	77 (171)	77 (171)	77 (171)	150 (302)	62 (144)	150 (302)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-

#### FMR51

#### Seal:

- Viton GLT, -40 to 150 °C (-40 to 302 °F)
- Kalrez, -20 to 150 °C (-4 to 302 °F)

Housing: GT19 (Plastics PBT) Temperature unit: °C (°F)



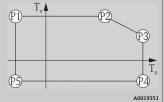
Power Supply; Output (Pos. 2 P1 P2 P3 P4 P6 P5 of the product structure)  $T_{a}$  $T_p$ Ta  $T_p$  $T_a$  $T_p$ Ta  $T_{\rm p}$  $T_a$  $T_p$ Ta  $T_p$ Α -40 80 80 80 150 150 -40 56 -40 -40 (-40)(176)(176)(176)(302)(133)(302)(-40)(-40)(-40)В -40 76 76 76 150 56 150 -40 -40 -40 Switch output not used (-40)(169)(169)(169)(302)(133)(302)(-40)(-40)(-40)-40 60 150 38 150 -40 -40 (100)Switch output used (-40)(140)(140)(302)(-40)(-40)(140)(302)(-40)-40 82 82 82 150 56 150 -40 -40 -40 Channel 2 not used (-40)(180)(180)(180)(302)(133)(302)(-40)(-40)(-40)74 150 С 74 74 150 55 -40 -40 -40 -40 (302) Channel 2 used (-40)(165)(302)(131)(-40)(165)(165)(-40)(-40)79 -40 79 150 56 150 -40 -40 (174)Switch output not used (-40)(174)(174)(302)(133)(302)(-40)(-40)(-40)150 150 -40 E, G -40 63 63 63 41 -40 -40 Switch output used (-40)(145)(145)(145)(302)(106)(302)(-40)(-40)(-40)

# FMR51

#### Seal:

- Viton GLT, -40 to 150 °C (-40 to 302 °F)
- Kalrez, -20 to 150 °C (-4 to 302 °F)

Housing: GT20 (Alu, coated) Temperature unit: °C (°F)

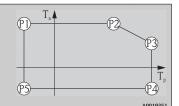


Power Supply; Output (Pos. 2	P	1	P	2	P	3	P	4	P	5	P	6
of the product structure)	T <sub>p</sub>	T <sub>a</sub>	$T_{\rm p}$	T <sub>a</sub>	$T_{p}$	Ta	T <sub>p</sub>	T <sub>a</sub>	$T_{\mathrm{p}}$	T <sub>a</sub>	$T_{\rm p}$	Ta
A	-40 (-40)	81 (178)	81 (178)	81 (178)	150 (302)	69 (156)	150 (302)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-
B Switch output not used	-40 (-40)	82 (180)	82 (180)	82 (180)	150 (302)	70 (158)	150 (302)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-
B Switch output used	-40 (-40)	77 (171)	77 (171)	77 (171)	150 (302)	64 (147)	150 (302)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	ı	-

# Seal:

Viton GLT, -40 to 150 °C (-40 to 302 °F)
 Kalrez, -20 to 150 °C (-4 to 302 °F)

Housing: GT20 (Alu, coated) Temperature unit: °C (°F)



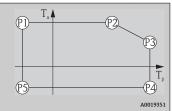
Power Supply; Output (Pos. 2	P	1	P	2	P	3	P	4	P	5	P	6
of the product structure)	T <sub>p</sub>	T <sub>a</sub>	T <sub>p</sub>	Ta	$T_{\mathrm{p}}$	T <sub>a</sub>	T <sub>p</sub>	Ta	$T_{p}$	Ta	T <sub>p</sub>	Ta
C Channel 2 not used	-40 (-40)	82 (180)	82 (180)	82 (180)	150 (302)	70 (158)	150 (302)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-
C Channel 2 used	-40 (-40)	79 (174)	79 (174)	79 (174)	150 (302)	66 (151)	150 (302)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-
E, G Switch output not used	-40 (-40)	83 (181)	83 (181)	83 (181)	150 (302)	71 (160)	150 (302)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-
E, G Switch output used	-40 (-40)	78 (172)	78 (172)	78 (172)	150 (302)	65 (149)	150 (302)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-
K, L	-40 (-40)	77 (171)	77 (171)	77 (171)	150 (302)	65 (149)	150 (302)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-

FMR51 Seal: Graphite, -40 to 250 °C (-40 to 482 °F) Housing: GT18 (316 L) Temperature unit: °C (°F)



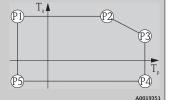
										-		A0019351
Power Supply; Output (Pos. 2	P	1	P	22	P	3	P	4	P	5	P	6
of the product structure)	T <sub>p</sub>	Ta	T <sub>p</sub>	Ta	T <sub>p</sub>	Ta						
A	-40 (-40)	81 (178)	81 (178)	81 (178)	250 (482)	63 (145)	250 (482)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-
B Switch output not used	-40 (-40)	82 (180)	82 (180)	82 (180)	250 (482)	64 (147)	250 (482)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-
B Switch output used	-40 (-40)	77 (171)	77 (171)	77 (171)	250 (482)	58 (136)	250 (482)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-
C Channel 2 not used	-40 (-40)	82 (180)	82 (180)	82 (180)	250 (482)	64 (147)	250 (482)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-
C Channel 2 used	-40 (-40)	79 (174)	79 (174)	79 (174)	250 (482)	61 (142)	250 (482)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-
E, G Switch output not used	-40 (-40)	83 (181)	83 (181)	83 (181)	250 (482)	65 (149)	250 (482)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-
E, G Switch output used	-40 (-40)	78 (172)	78 (172)	78 (172)	250 (482)	60 (140)	250 (482)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-
K, L	-40 (-40)	77 (171)	77 (171)	77 (171)	250 (482)	59 (138)	250 (482)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-

Seal: Graphite, -40 to 250 °C (-40 to 482 °F) Housing: GT19 (Plastics PBT) Temperature unit: °C (°F)



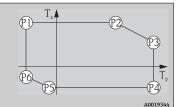
Power Supply; Output (Pos. 2	P	1	P	2	P	3	P	4	P	5	P	6
of the product structure)	T <sub>p</sub>	T <sub>a</sub>	T <sub>p</sub>	Ta	T <sub>p</sub>	Ta	T <sub>p</sub>	Ta	T <sub>p</sub>	Ta	$T_{\rm p}$	Ta
A	-40 (-40)	80 (176)	80 (176)	80 (176)	250 (482)	44 (111)	250 (482)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-
B Switch output not used	-40 (-40)	76 (169)	76 (169)	76 (169)	250 (482)	44 (111)	250 (482)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-
B Switch output used	-40 (-40)	60 (140)	60 (140)	60 (140)	250 (482)	32 (90)	250 (482)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-
C Channel 2 not used	-40 (-40)	82 (180)	82 (180)	82 (180)	250 (482)	44 (111)	250 (482)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-
C Channel 2 used	-40 (-40)	74 (165)	74 (165)	74 (165)	250 (482)	44 (111)	250 (482)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-
E, G Switch output not used	-40 (-40)	79 (174)	79 (174)	79 (174)	250 (482)	44 (111)	250 (482)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-
E, G Switch output used	-40 (-40)	63 (145)	63 (145)	63 (145)	250 (482)	35 (95)	250 (482)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-

Seal: Graphite, -40 to 250 °C (-40 to 482 °F) Housing: GT20 (Alu, coated) Temperature unit: °C (°F)



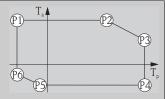
												A0019351
Power Supply; Output (Pos. 2	P	1	P	2	P	3	P	4	P	5	P	6
of the product structure)	T <sub>p</sub>	Ta	T <sub>p</sub>	Ta	T <sub>p</sub>	Ta	T <sub>p</sub>	T <sub>a</sub>	T <sub>p</sub>	Ta	$T_{p}$	Ta
A	-40 (-40)	81 (178)	81 (178)	81 (178)	250 (482)	67 (153)	250 (482)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-
B Switch output not used	-40 (-40)	82 (180)	82 (180)	82 (180)	250 (482)	68 (154)	250 (482)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-
B Switch output used	-40 (-40)	77 (171)	77 (171)	77 (171)	250 (482)	62 (144)	250 (482)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-
C Channel 2 not used	-40 (-40)	82 (180)	82 (180)	82 (180)	250 (482)	68 (154)	250 (482)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-
C Channel 2 used	-40 (-40)	79 (174)	79 (174)	79 (174)	250 (482)	64 (147)	250 (482)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-
E, G Switch output not used	-40 (-40)	83 (181)	83 (181)	83 (181)	250 (482)	69 (156)	250 (482)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-
E, G Switch output used	-40 (-40)	78 (172)	78 (172)	78 (172)	250 (482)	64 (147)	250 (482)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-
K, L	-40 (-40)	77 (171)	77 (171)	77 (171)	250 (482)	63 (154)	250 (482)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-

Seal: Graphite, -196 to 450 °C (-321 to 842 °F) Housing: GT18 (316 L) Temperature unit: °C (°F)



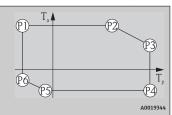
Power Supply; Output (Pos. 2	P	1	P	2	P	3	P	4	P	5	P	6
of the product structure)	T <sub>p</sub>	Ta	$T_{p}$	Ta	$T_{\mathrm{p}}$	Ta	T <sub>p</sub>	Ta	$T_{p}$	Ta	T <sub>p</sub>	Ta
A	-196	81	81	81	450	26	450	-40	-40	-40	-196	-15
	(-321)	(178)	(178)	(178)	(842)	(79)	(842)	(-40)	(-40)	(-40)	(-321)	(+5)
B	-196	82	82	82	450	26	450	-40	-40	-40	-196	-15
Switch output not used	(-321)	(180)	(180)	(180)	(842)	(79)	(842)	(-40)	(-40)	(-40)	(-321)	(+5)
B	-196	77	77	77	450	25	450	-40	-40	-40	-196	-15
Switch output used	(-321)	(171)	(171)	(171)	(842)	(77)	(842)	(-40)	(-40)	(-40)	(-321)	(+5)
C	-196	82	82	82	450	26	450	-40	-40	-40	-196	-15
Channel 2 not used	(-321)	(180)	(180)	(180)	(842)	(79)	(842)	(-40)	(-40)	(-40)	(-321)	(+5)
C	-196	79	79	79	450	26	450	-40	-40	-40	-196	-15
Channel 2 used	(-321)	(174)	(174)	(174)	(842)	(79)	(842)	(-40)	(-40)	(-40)	(-321)	(+5)
E, G	-196	83	83	83	450	26	450	-40	-40	-40	-196	-15
Switch output not used	(-321)	(181)	(181)	(181)	(842)	(79)	(842)	(-40)	(-40)	(-40)	(-321)	(+5)
E, G	-196	78	78	78	450	26	450	-40	-40	-40	-196	-15
Switch output used	(-321)	(172)	(172)	(172)	(842)	(79)	(842)	(-40)	(-40)	(-40)	(-321)	(+5)
K, L	-196	77	77	77	450	26	450	-40	-40	-40	-196	-15
	(-321)	(171)	(171)	(171)	(842)	(79)	(842)	(-40)	(-40)	(-40)	(-321)	(+5)

FMR51 Seal: Graphite, -196 to 450 °C (-321 to 842 °F) Housing: GT19 (Plastics PBT) Temperature unit: °C (°F)



												A0019344
Power Supply; Output (Pos. 2	P	1	P	2	P	3	P	4	P	5	P	6
of the product structure)	T <sub>p</sub>	T <sub>a</sub>	T <sub>p</sub>	T <sub>a</sub>	$T_{p}$	T <sub>a</sub>	T <sub>p</sub>	Ta	T <sub>p</sub>	Ta	T <sub>p</sub>	T <sub>a</sub>
A	-196	80	80	80	450	-29	450	-40	-40	-40	-196	9
	(-321)	(176)	(176)	(176)	(842)	(-20)	(842)	(-40)	(-40)	(-40)	(-321)	(48)
B	-196	76	76	76	450	-29	450	-40	-40	-40	-196	9
Switch output not used	(-321)	(169)	(169)	(169)	(842)	(-20)	(842)	(-40)	(-40)	(-40)	(-321)	(48)
B	-196	60	60	60	450	-29	450	-40	-40	-40	-196	9
Switch output used	(-321)	(140)	(140)	(140)	(842)	(-20)	(842)	(-40)	(-40)	(-40)	(-321)	(48)
C	-196	82	82	82	450	-29	450	-40	-40	-40	-196	9
Channel 2 not used	(-321)	(180)	(180)	(180)	(842)	(-20)	(842)	(-40)	(-40)	(-40)	(-321)	(48)
C	-196	74	74	74	450	-29	450	-40	-40	-40	-196	9
Channel 2 used	(-321)	(165)	(165)	(165)	(842)	(-20)	(842)	(-40)	(-40)	(-40)	(-321)	(48)
E, G	-196	79	79	79	450	-29	450	-40	-40	-40	-196	9
Switch output not used	(-321)	(174)	(174)	(174)	(842)	(-20)	(842)	(-40)	(-40)	(-40)	(-321)	(48)
E, G	-196	63	63	63	450	-29	450	-40	-40	-40	-196	9
Switch output used	(-321)	(145)	(145)	(145)	(842)	(-20)	(842)	(-40)	(-40)	(-40)	(-321)	(48)

# FMR51 Seal: Graphite, -196 to 450 °C (-321 to 842 °F) Housing: GT20 (Alu, coated) Temperature unit: °C (°F)



Power Supply; Output (Pos. 2	P	1	P	2	P	3	P	4	P	5	P	6
of the product structure)	T <sub>p</sub>	Ta	$T_{\rm p}$	Ta	$T_{\mathrm{p}}$	Ta						
A	-196	81	81	81	450	39	450	-40	-40	-40	-196	-20
	(-321)	(178)	(178)	(178)	(842)	(102)	(842)	(-40)	(-40)	(-40)	(-321)	(-4)
B	-196	82	82	82	450	39	450	-40	-40	-40	-196	-20
Switch output not used	(-321)	(180)	(180)	(180)	(842)	(102)	(842)	(-40)	(-40)	(-40)	(-321)	(-4)
B	-196	77	77	77	450	36	450	-40	-40	-40	-196	-20
Switch output used	(-321)	(171)	(171)	(171)	(842)	(97)	(842)	(-40)	(-40)	(-40)	(-321)	(-4)
C	-196	82	82	82	450	39	450	-40	-40	-40	-196	-20
Channel 2 not used	(-321)	(180)	(180)	(180)	(842)	(102)	(842)	(-40)	(-40)	(-40)	(-321)	(-4)
C	-196	79	79	79	450	38	450	-40	-40	-40	-196	-20
Channel 2 used	(-321)	(174)	(174)	(174)	(842)	(100)	(842)	(-40)	(-40)	(-40)	(-321)	(-4)
E, G	-196	83	83	83	450	39	450	-40	-40	-40	-196	-20
Switch output not used	(-321)	(181)	(181)	(181)	(842)	(102)	(842)	(-40)	(-40)	(-40)	(-321)	(-4)
E, G	-196	78	78	78	450	38	450	-40	-40	-40	-196	-20
Switch output used	(-321)	(172)	(172)	(172)	(842)	(100)	(842)	(-40)	(-40)	(-40)	(-321)	(-4)
K, L	-196	77	77	77	450	37	450	-40	-40	-40	-196	-20
	(-321)	(171	(171)	(171)	(842)	(99)	(842)	(-40)	(-40)	(-40)	(-321)	(-4)

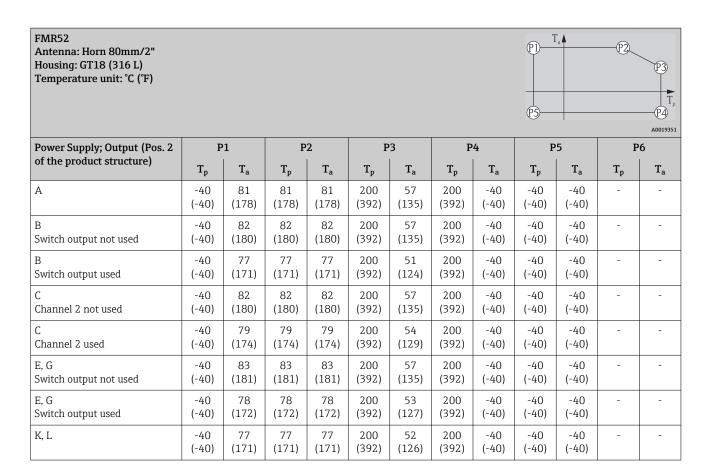
FMR52 Antenna: Horn 50mm/2" Housing: GT18 (316 L) Temperature unit: °C (°F)

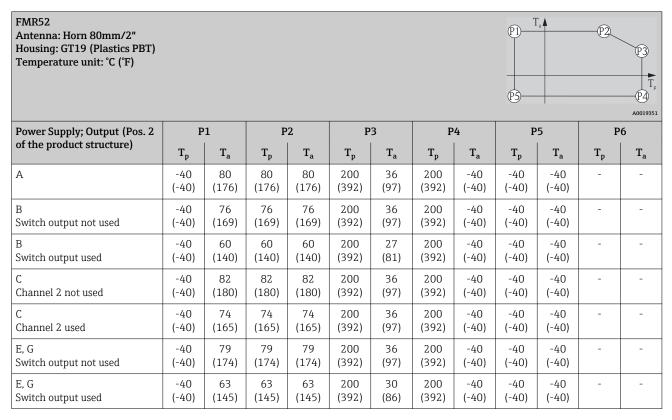


												A0019351
Power Supply; Output (Pos. 2	P	1	P	2	P	3	P	4	P	5	P	6
of the product structure)	T <sub>p</sub>	T <sub>a</sub>	T <sub>p</sub>	T <sub>a</sub>	T <sub>p</sub>	Ta	T <sub>p</sub>	T <sub>a</sub>	T <sub>p</sub>	T <sub>a</sub>	$T_{\rm p}$	T <sub>a</sub>
A	-40 (-40)	81 (178)	81 (178)	81 (178)	200 (392)	61 (142)	200 (392)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-
B Switch output not used	-40 (-40)	82 (180)	82 (180)	82 (180)	200 (392)	61 (142)	200 (392)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-
B Switch output used	-40 (-40)	77 (171)	77 (171)	77 (171)	200 (392)	55 (131)	200 (392)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	1	-
C Channel 2 not used	-40 (-40)	82 (180)	82 (180)	82 (180)	200 (392)	62 (144)	200 (392)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-
C Channel 2 used	-40 (-40)	79 (174)	79 (174)	79 (174)	200 (392)	58 (136)	200 (392)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-
E, G Switch output not used	-40 (-40)	83 (181)	83 (181)	83 (181)	200 (392)	62 (144)	200 (392)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-
E, G Switch output used	-40 (-40)	78 (172)	78 (172)	78 (172)	200 (392)	57 (135)	200 (392)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-
K, L	-40 (-40)	77 (171)	77 (171)	77 (171)	200 (392)	56 (133)	200 (392)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-

FMR52 Antenna: Horn 50mm/2" Housing: GT19 (Plastics PBT) Temperature unit: °C (°F)									P) 1	a	-P2 	P3 T <sub>p</sub> P4 A0019351
Power Supply; Output (Pos. 2	P	1	P	2	P	3	P	4	P	5	P	6
of the product structure)	T <sub>p</sub>	T <sub>a</sub>	T <sub>p</sub>	Ta	T <sub>p</sub>	Ta	T <sub>p</sub>	Ta	T <sub>p</sub>	Ta	T <sub>p</sub>	T <sub>a</sub>
A	-40 (-40)	80 (176)	80 (176)	80 (176)	200 (392)	42 (108)	200 (392)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-
B Switch output not used	-40 (-40)	76 (169)	76 (169)	76 (169)	200 (392)	42 (108)	200 (392)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-
B Switch output used	-40 (-40)	60 (140)	60 (140)	60 (140)	200 (392)	31 (88)	200 (392)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-
C Channel 2 not used	-40 (-40)	82 (180)	82 (180)	82 (180)	200 (392)	42 (108)	200 (392)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-
C Channel 2 used	-40 (-40)	74 (165)	74 (165)	74 (165)	200 (392)	42 (108)	200 (392)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-
E, G Switch output not used	-40 (-40)	79 (174)	79 (174)	79 (174)	200 (392)	42 (108)	200 (392)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-
E, G Switch output used	-40 (-40)	63 (145)	63 (145)	63 (145)	200 (392)	33 (91)	200 (392)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-

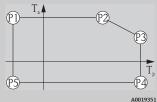
FMR52 Antenna: Horn 50mm/2" Housing: GT20 (Alu, coated) Temperature unit: °C (°F)									(P) 1 (P) 1	a		P3 Tp A0019351
Power Supply; Output (Pos. 2	P	1	P	2	P	3	P	4	P	5	P	6
of the product structure)	T <sub>p</sub>	Ta	Tp	Ta	T <sub>p</sub>	T <sub>a</sub>	T <sub>p</sub>	Ta	T <sub>p</sub>	Ta	Tp	Ta
A	-40 (-40)	81 (178)	81 (178)	81 (178)	200 (392)	65 (149)	200 (392)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-
B Switch output not used	-40 (-40)	82 (180)	82 (180)	82 (180)	200 (392)	65 (149	200 (392)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-
B Switch output used	-40 (-40)	77 (171)	77 (171)	77 (171)	200 (392)	59 (138)	200 (392)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-
C Channel 2 not used	-40 (-40)	82 (180)	82 (180)	82 (180)	200 (392)	66 (151)	200 (392)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-
C Channel 2 used	-40 (-40)	79 (174)	79 (174)	79 (174)	200 (392)	62 (144)	200 (392)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-
E, G Switch output not used	-40 (-40)	83 (181)	83 (181)	83 (181)	200 (392)	66 (1512)	200 (392)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-
E, G Switch output used	-40 (-40)	78 (172)	78 (172)	78 (172)	200 (392)	61 (142)	200 (392)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-
K, L	-40 (-40)	77 (171)	77 (171)	77 (171)	200 (392)	60 (140)	200 (392)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-





FMR52 Antenna: Horn 80mm/2" Housing: GT20 (Alu, coated)

Temperature unit: °C (°F)



												A0019351
Power Supply; Output (Pos. 2 of the product structure)	P1		P2		Р3		P4		P5		P6	
	T <sub>p</sub>	T <sub>a</sub>	T <sub>p</sub>	Ta	T <sub>p</sub>	Ta	T <sub>p</sub>	Ta	T <sub>p</sub>	Ta	T <sub>p</sub>	Ta
A	-40 (-40)	81 (178)	81 (178)	81 (178)	200 (392)	61 (142)	200 (392)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-
B Switch output not used	-40 (-40)	82 (180)	82 (180)	82 (180)	200 (392)	62 (144)	200 (392)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-
B Switch output used	-40 (-40)	77 (171)	77 (171)	77 (171)	200 (392)	56 (133)	200 (392)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-
C Channel 2 not used	-40 (-40)	82 (180)	82 (180)	82 (180)	200 (392)	62 (144)	200 (392)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-
C Channel 2 used	-40 (-40)	79 (174)	79 (174)	79 (174)	200 (392)	58 (136)	200 (392)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-
E, G Switch output not used	-40 (-40)	83 (181)	83 (181)	83 (181)	200 (392)	62 (144)	200 (392)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-
E, G Switch output used	-40 (-40)	78 (172)	78 (172)	78 (172)	200 (392)	58 (136)	200 (392)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-
K, L	-40 (-40)	77 (171)	77 (171)	77 (171)	200 (392)	57 (135)	200 (392)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-40 (-40)	-	-

Storage temperature

- $-40 \text{ to } +80 ^{\circ}\text{C} (-40 \text{ to } +176 ^{\circ}\text{F})$
- -50 °C (-58 °F) with manufacturer declaration on request

Climate class

DIN EN 60068-2-38 (test Z/AD)

#### Altitude according to IEC61010-1 Ed.3

Up to 2000 m (6600 ft) above MSL.

### Degree of protection

- With closed housing tested according to:
- IP68, NEMA6P (24 h at 1.83 m under water surface)
   For plastic housing with transparent cover (display module): IP68 (24 h at 1.00 m under water surface) 8)
- IP66, NEMA4X
- With open housing: IP20, NEMA1
- Display module: IP22, NEMA2



Degree of protection IP68 NEMA6P applies for M12 PROFIBUS PA plugs only when the PROFIBUS cable is plugged in and is also rated IP68 NEMA6P.

#### Vibration resistance

DIN EN 60068-2-64 / IEC 60068-2-64: 20 to 2000 Hz, 1 (m/s<sup>2</sup>)<sup>2</sup>/Hz

# Cleaning the antenna

The antenna can get contaminated, depending on the application. The emission and reception of microwaves can thus eventually be hindered. The degree of contamination leading to an error depends on the medium and the reflectivity, mainly determined by the dielectric constant  $\varepsilon_r$ .

If the medium tends to cause contamination and deposits, cleaning on a regular basis is recommended. Care has to be taken not to damage the antenna in the process of a mechanical or hose-down cleaning. The material compatibility has to be considered if cleaning agents are used! The maximum permitted temperature at the flange should not be exceeded.

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also valid for the "Sensor remote" version

<sup>8)</sup> This restriction is valid if the following options of the product structure have been selected at the same time: 030("Display, Operation") = C("SD02") or E("SD03"); 040("Housing") = A("GT19").

# Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)

Electromagnetic compatibility to all relevant requirements of the EN 61326- series and NAMUR recommendation EMC (NE21). For details see declaration of conformity.  $^{9)}$ .

If only the analogue signal is used, unshielded interconnection lines are sufficient for the installation. In case of using the digital signal (HART/ PA/ FF) use shielded interconnection lines.

Max. fluctuations during EMC- tests:  $<0.5\,$ % of the span. As an exception to this, the maximum fluctuations may amount to 2 % of the span for devices with plastic housing and see-through lid (integrated display SD02 or SD03) if strong electromagnetic interferences in the frequenency range of 1 to 2 GHz are present.

<sup>9)</sup> Can be downloaded from www.endress.com.

# **Process**

# Process temperature, Process pressure

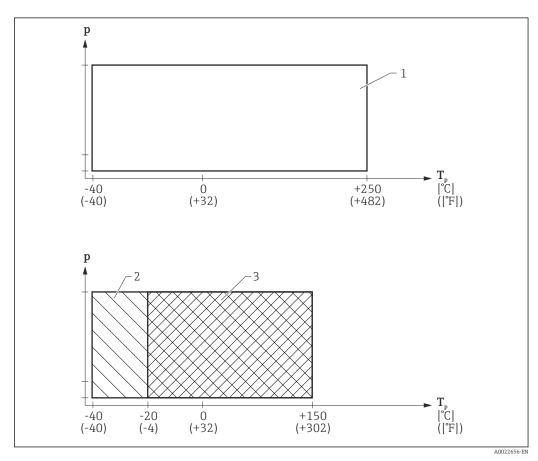


The specified pressure range may be reduced due to the selected process connection. The pressure rating (PN) specified on the flanges refers to a reference temperature of  $20\,^{\circ}$ C, for ASME flanges  $100\,^{\circ}$ F. Pay attention to pressure-temperature dependencies.

Please refer to the following standards for the pressure values permitted for higher temperatures:

- EN 1092-1: 2001 Tab. 18
  With regard to their temperature stability properties, the materials 1.4435 and 1.4404 are grouped under 13E0 in EN 1092-1 Tab. 18. The chemical composition of the two materials can be identical.
- ASME B 16.5a 1998 Tab. 2-2.2 F316
- ASME B 16.5a 1998 Tab. 2.3.8 N10276
- JIS B 2220

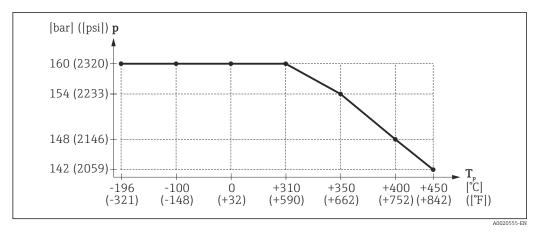
#### FMR51



 $\blacksquare$  17 FMR51: Admissible range of process temperature and process pressure

- 1 Seal: Graphite (Feature 090 "Seal", Option D3)
- 2 Seal: Viton (Feature 090 "Seal", Option A5)
- 3 Seal: Kalrez (Feature 090 "Seal", Option C1)

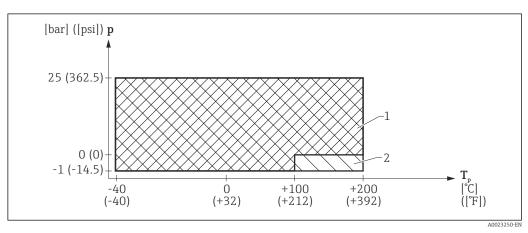
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■ 18 FMR51: Admissible range of process temperature and process pressure of the HT version (Feature 090 "Seal", Option D2)

Feature 090 "Seal"	Admissible process temperature	Admissible process pressure		
A5: Viton GLT	-40 to +150 °C (-40 to 302 °F)	$p_{rel} = -1 \text{ to } 40 \text{ bar } (-14.5 \text{ to } 580 \text{ psi})$		
C1: Kalrez	−20 to +150 °C (−4 to 302 °F)			
D3: Graphite, 40250°C/-40482°F	-40 to +250 °C (-40 to 482 °F)			
D2: Graphite, 196450°C/-321842°F (HT)	−196 to +450 °C (−321 to 842 °F)	$p_{\rm rel}$ = -1 to 160 bar (-14.5 to 2 320 psi) Observe the temperature-dependent restrictions indicated in the diagram above <sup>1)</sup> .		

#### FMR52



■ 19 FMR52: Admissible range of process temperature and process pressure

- 1 Valid for the following process connections: 6" (ANSI), DN150 (EN), 10K150A (JIS)
- 2 Valid for all other types of process connection

Feature 100 "Process Connection"	Admissible process temperature	Admissible process pressure
■ AFK: 2" 150lbs (ANSI) ■ AGK: 3" 150lbs (ANSI) ■ AHK: 4" 150lbs (ANSI) ■ CFK: DN50 PN10/16 (EN) ■ CGK: DN80 PN10/16 (EN) ■ CHK: DN100 PN10/16 (EN) ■ KFK: 10K 50A (JIS) ■ KGK: 10K 80A (JIS) ■ KHK: 10K 100A (JIS) ■ MRK: DIN11851 DN50 ■ MTK: DIN11851 DN80 ■ TDK: Tri-Clamp 2" ■ TFK: Tri-Clamp 3" ■ THK: Tri-Clamp 4"	-40 to +200 °C (-40 to 392 °F)	$p_{rel} = -1 \text{ to } 25 \text{ bar } (-14.5 \text{ to } 363 \text{ psi})^{1}$
<ul> <li>AJK: 6" 150lbs (ANSI)</li> <li>CJK: DN150 PN10/16 (EN)</li> <li>KJK: 10K 150A (JIS)</li> </ul>		■ For T = -40 to +100 °C (-40 to 212 °F):  p <sub>rel</sub> = -1 to 25 bar (-14.5 to 363 psi) <sup>1)</sup> ■ For T = 100 to 200 °C (212 to 392 °F):  p <sub>rel</sub> = 0 to 25 bar (0 to 363 psi) <sup>1)</sup>

1) 

# Dielectric constant

- For liquids

  −  $ε_r \ge 1.9$  in free-field applications

  −  $ε_r \ge 1.4$  in stilling well

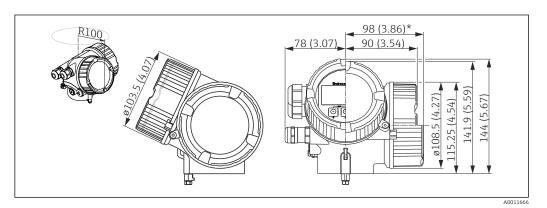
   For bulk solids
- $\epsilon_r \ge 1.6$

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# Mechanical construction

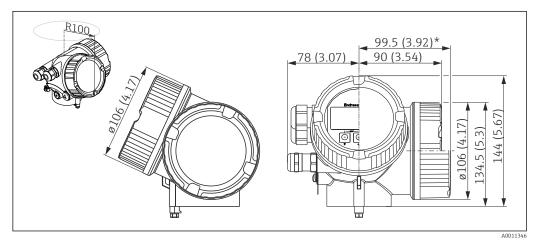
#### **Dimensions**

# Dimensions of the electronics housing



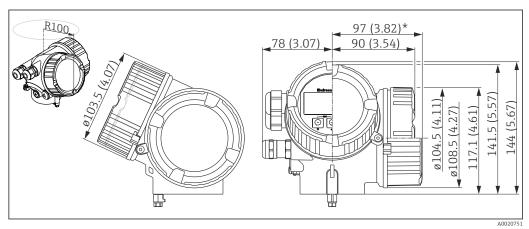
■ 20 Housing GT18 (316L); Dimensions in mm (in)

\*for devices with integrated overvoltage protection.



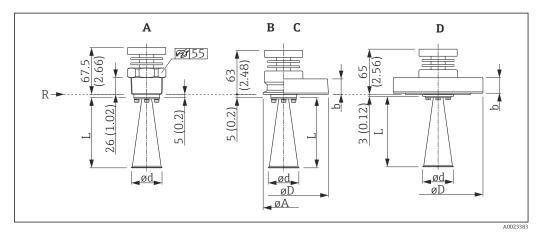
■ 21 Housing GT19 (Plastics PBT); Dimensions in mm (in)

\*for devices with integrated overvoltage protection.



1 22 Housing GT20 (Alu coated); Dimensions in mm (in) \*for devices with integrated overvoltage protection.

FMR51: Version T  $\leq$  150 °C (302 °F); without antenna extension



■ 23 FMR51: Version T < 150 °C (302 °F); without antenna extension; dimensions: mm (in)

- A Process connection: Thread
- B Process connection: Tri-Clamp ISO2852
- C Process connection: Flange 316L
- D Process connection: Flange AlloyC>316L
- R Reference point of the measurement

# Valid for the following device versions Feature 090 "Seal":

- A5: Viton GLT
- C1: Kalrez
- •
- Dimensions of the horn antenna (L,  $\emptyset$ d): ( $\rightarrow$  🖺 74)
- Dimensions of the process connection (ØA, ØD, b): (→ 🖺 74)

FMR51: Version T  $\leq$  150 °C (302 °F); with antenna extension

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■ 24 MR51: Version T < 150 °C (302 °F); with antenna extension; dimensions: mm (in)

- A Process connections: Thread; Accessory mounted: 100mm Antennenverlängerung
- *B* Prozessanschluss: Tri-Clamp ISO2852; Zubehör montiert: 100mm/4" antenna extension
- C Process connection: Flange 316L; Accessory mounted: 100mm/4" antenna extension
- D Process connection: Thread; Accessory mounted: ..... mm/inch antenna extension
- *E* Process connection: Flange 316L; Accessory mounted: ..... mm/inch antenna extension
- *R* Reference point of the measurement

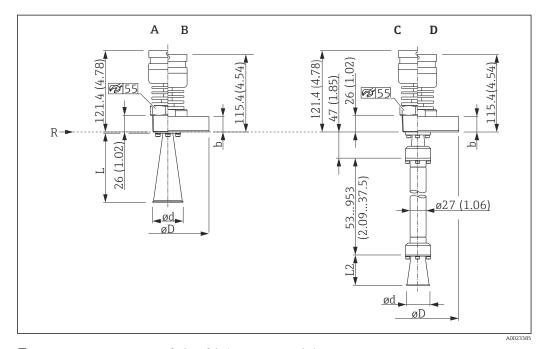
#### Valid for the following device versions

- Feature 090 "Seal":
  - A5: Viton GLT
  - C1: Kalrez

#### ■ Feature 610 "Accessory mounted"

- OM: 100mm/4" antenna extension (diagrams A, B, C)
- OU: ..... mm antenna extension (100 ... 1000 mm) (diagrams D, E)
- OV: ..... inch antenna extension (3,94 ... 39,4 in) (diagrams D, E)
- Dimensions of the horn antenna (L, L2,  $\emptyset$ d): ( $\rightarrow \triangle 74$ )
  - Dimensions of the process connections ( $\emptyset$ A,  $\emptyset$ D, b): ( $\rightarrow$  🗎 74)

**FMR51:** Version T ≤ 250 °C (482 °F)



 $\blacksquare$  25 FMR51: Version T < 250 °C (482 °F); dimensions: mm (in)

- A Process connection: Thread
- B Process connection: Flange 316L
- C Process connection: Thread; Accessory mounted: ..... mm/inch antenna extension
- *D Process connection: Flange 316L; Accessory mounted: .... mm/inch antenna extension*
- *R* Reference point of the measurement

# Valid for the following device versions Feature 090 "Seal":

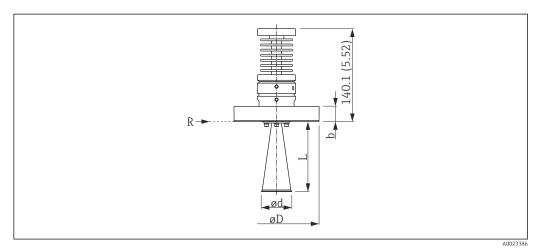
D3: Graphite, -40...250°C/-40...482°F



- Dimensions of the horn antenna (L,  $\emptyset$ d): ( $\rightarrow$  🗎 74)
- Dimensions of the process connection (ØD, b): ( $\rightarrow$  🖺 74)

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# FMR51: Version T $\leq$ 450 °C (842 °F)



 $\blacksquare$  26 FMR51: Version T < 450 °C (842 °F); dimensions: mm (in)

## Valid for the following device versions Feature 090 "Seal":

D2: Graphite, -40...450°C/-40...842°F

■ Dimensions of the horn antenna (L, Ød): ( $\rightarrow$  🗎 74)
■ Dimensions of the process connection (ØD, b): ( $\rightarrow$  🖺 74)

FMR51: Dimensions of the horn antenna

	Feature 070 "Antenna"				
Dimension	BA: Horn 40mm/1-1/2"	BB: Horn 50mm/2"	BC: Horn 80mm/3"	BD: Horn 100mm/4"	
L	86 mm (3.39 in)	115 mm (4.53 in)	211 mm (8.31 in)	282 mm (11.1 in)	
L2	51 mm (2.01 in)	80 mm (3.15 in)	176 mm (6.93 in)	247 mm (9.72 in)	
Φd	Φ40 mm (1.57 in)	Φ48 mm (1.89 in)	φ75 mm (2.95 in)	φ95 mm (3.74 in)	

# FMR51: Dimensions of the process connections

Flanges according to EN1092-1 (suitable for DIN2527)  $^{1)}$ 

Pressure	Dimension		Nominal diameter <sup>2)</sup>				
rating <sup>2)</sup>		DN50	DN80	DN100	DN150		
PN10/16	b	18 mm (0.71 in)	20 mm (0.79 in)	20 mm (0.79 in)	22 mm (0.87 in)		
PN10/10	ØD	Φ165 mm (6.5 in)	Φ200 mm (7.87 in)	Φ220 mm (8.66 in)	Φ285 mm (11.2 in)		
PN25/40	b	20 mm (0.79 in)	24 mm (0.94 in)	24 mm (0.94 in)	-		
PN25/40	ØD	Φ165 mm (6.5 in)	Φ200 mm (7.87 in)	Φ235 mm (9.25 in)	-		
PN63	b	-	-	30 mm (1.18 in)	-		
	ØD	-	-	φ250 mm (9.84 in)	-		
PN100	b	-	-	36 mm (1.42 in)	-		
	ØD	-	-	Φ265 mm (10.4 in)	-		

<sup>1)</sup> For flanges with a higher pressure rating than those listed in the product structure please contact Endress +Hauser.

Flanges according to JIS B2220 1)

		Nominal diameter 2)			
Pressure rating <sup>2)</sup>	Dimension	50A	80A	100A	150A
10K	b	16 mm (0.63 in)	18 mm (0.71 in)	18 mm (0.71 in)	22 mm (0.87 in)
TOK	ΦD	Φ155 mm (6.1 in)	Φ185 mm (7.28 in)	Φ210 mm (8.27 in)	Φ280 mm (11 in)
63K	b	-	-	44 mm (1.73 in)	-
	ΦD	-	-	Φ270 mm (10.6 in)	-

<sup>1)</sup> For flanges with a higher pressure rating than those listed in the product structure please contact Endress +Hauser.

<sup>2)</sup> see feature 100 "Process connection"

<sup>2)</sup> see feature 100 "Process connection"

# Flanges according to ANSI B16.5 1)

		Nominal diameter 2)			
Pressure rating <sup>2)</sup>	Dimension	2"	3"	4"	6"
150 lbs	b	19.1 mm (0.75 in)	23.9 mm (0.94 in)	23.9 mm (0.94 in)	25.4 mm (1 in)
150 105	ΦD	Φ152.4 mm (6 in)	Φ190.5 mm (7.5 in)	Φ228.6 mm (9 in)	Φ279.4 mm (11 in)
300 lbs	b	22.4 mm (0.88 in)	28.4 mm (1.12 in)	31.8 mm (1.25 in)	25.4 mm (1 in)
	ΦD	Φ165.1 mm (6.5 in)	Φ209.5 mm (8.25 in)	Φ254 mm (10 in)	Φ279.4 mm (11 in)

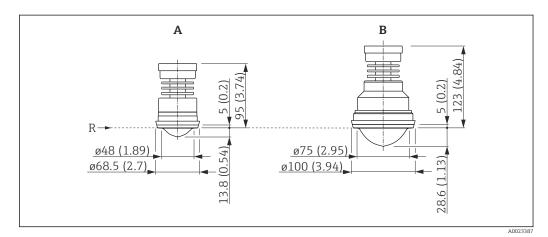
- 1) For flanges with a higher pressure rating than those listed in the product structure please contact Endress +Hauser.
- 2) see feature 100 "Process connection"

# Tri-Clamp according to ISO 2852

	Nominal diameter <sup>1)</sup>		
Dimension	DN40-51 (2")	DN70-76.1 (3")	
A	64 mm (2.52 in)	91 mm (3.58 in)	

1) see feature 100 "Process connection"

# FMR52 with dairy coupling DIN11851



■ 27 FMR52 with dairy coupling DIN11851; dimensions: mm (in)

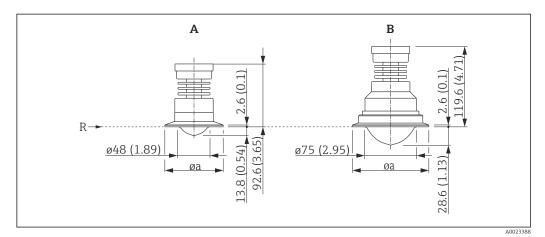
- A Antenna: Horn 50mm/2"; Process connection DIN11851 DN50 PN25
- B Antenna: Horn 80mm/3"; Process connection DIN11851 DN80 PN25
- *R* Reference point of the measurement

# Valid for the following device versions:

# Feature 100 "Process connection"

- MRK: DIN11851 DN50 PN25 slotted nut, PTFE>316L (diagram A)
- MTK: DIN11851 DN80 PN25 slotted nut, PTFE>316L (diagram B)

# FMR52 with Tri-Clamp ISO2852



■ 28 FMR52 with Tri-Clamp ISO2852; dimensions: mm (in)

A Antenna: Horn 50mm/2"

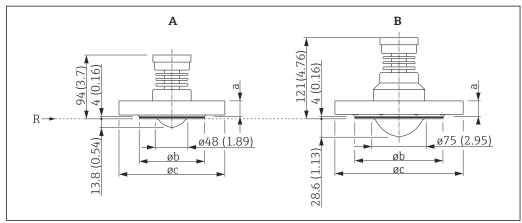
B Antenna: Horn 80mm/3"

R Reference point of the measurement

Antenna 1)	BO: "Horn 50mm/2"		BP: Horn 80mm/3"
Process connection 2)	TDK: Tri-Clamp DN40-51 TFK: Tri-Clamp DN70-76.1 (3")		THK: Tri-Clamp DN101.6 (4")
Φa	Φ64 mm (2.52 in)	φ91 mm (3.58 in)	Φ119 mm (4.69 in)

- 1) Feature 070 of the product structure
- 2) Feature 100 of the product structure

# FMR52 with flange



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- 29 Dimensions FMR52 with flange; dimensions: mm (in)
- A Antenna: Horn 50mm/2"
- B Antenna: Horn 80mm/3"
- R Reference point of the measurement

# Flanges according to EN1092-1 (suitable for DIN2527)

Antenna 1)	BO: Horn 50mm/2"	BP: Horn 80mm/3"		
Process connection 2)	CFK: Flange DN50	CGK: Flange DN80	CHK: Flange DN100	CJK: Flange DN150
a	20 mm (0.79 in)	20 mm (0.79 in)	20 mm (0.79 in)	22 mm (0.87 in)
Φb	Φ102 mm (4.02 in)	Φ138 mm (5.43 in)	Φ158 mm (6.22 in)	Φ212 mm (8.35 in)
Фс	Φ165 mm (6.5 in)	Φ200 mm (7.87 in)	Φ220 mm (8.66 in)	Φ285 mm (11.2 in)

- 1) Feature 70 of the product structure
- 2) Feature 100 of the product structure

# Flanges according to ANSI B16.5

Antenna 1)	BO: Horn 50mm/2"	BP: Horn 80mm/3"		
Process connection 2)	FK: Flange 2"	AGK: Flange 3"	AHK: Flange 4"	AJK: Flange 6"
a	19.1 mm (0.75 in)	23.9 mm (0.94 in)	23.9 mm (0.94 in)	25.4 mm (1 in)
Φb	Φ92 mm (3.62 in)	Φ127 mm (5 in)	Φ158 mm (6.22 in)	Φ212 mm (8.35 in)
ФС	Φ152.4 mm (6 in)	Ø190.5 mm (7.5 in)	Φ228.6 mm (9 in)	Φ279.4 mm (11 in)

- 1) Feature 70 of the product structure
- 2) Feature 100 of the product structure

# Flanges according to JIS B2220

Antenna 1)	BO: Horn 50mm/2"	BP: Horn 80mm/3"		
Process connection 2)	KFK: Flange 10K 50A	KGK: Flange 10K 80A	KHK: Flange 10K 100A	KJK: Flange 10K 150A
a	16 mm (0.63 in)	18 mm (0.71 in)	18 mm (0.71 in)	22 mm (0.87 in)
Φb	Φ96 mm (3.78 in)	Φ127 mm (5 in)	Φ151 mm (5.94 in)	Φ212 mm (8.35 in)
Фс	φ155 mm (6.1 in)	Φ185 mm (7.28 in)	Φ210 mm (8.27 in)	Φ280 mm (11 in)

- 1) Feature 70 of the product structure
- 2) Feature 100 of the product structure

# Weight

# Housing

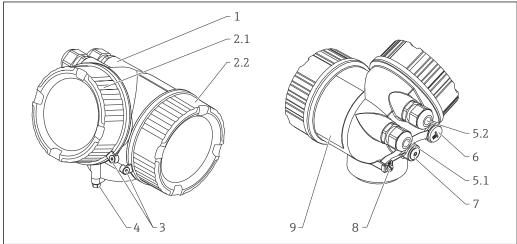
Part	Weight
Housing GT18 - stainless steel	approx. 4.5 kg (9.9 lb)
Housing GT19 - plastic	approx. 1.2 kg (2.7 lb)
Housing GT20 - aluminium	approx. 1.9 kg (4.2 lb)

# Antenna and process connection

Device	Weight of antenna and process connection	
FMR51	max. 3.0 kg (6.6 lb) + weight of flange <sup>1)</sup>	
FMR52	max. 4 kg (8.8 lb) + weight of flange <sup>1)</sup>	

1) For the weight of the flange refer to Technical Information TI00426F.

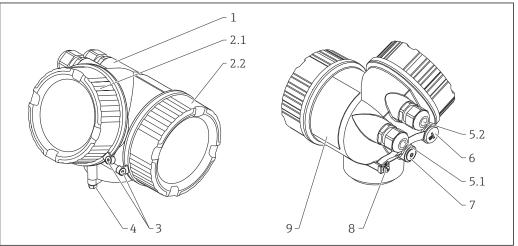
# Materials: GT18 housing



No.	Part	Material
1	Housing	316L (CF-3M, 1.4404)
2.1	Cover of the electronics compartment	<ul> <li>Cover: 316L (CF-3M, 1.4404)</li> <li>Window: glass</li> <li>Cover seal: NBR 70Sh</li> <li>Thread-coating: Graphite-based lubricant varnish</li> </ul>
2.2	Cover of the terminal compartment	<ul> <li>Cover: 316L (CF-3M, 1.4404)</li> <li>Cover seal: NBR 70Sh</li> <li>Thread-coating: Graphite-based lubricant varnish</li> </ul>
3	Cover lock	<ul><li>Screw: A4</li><li>Clamp: 316L (1.4404)</li></ul>
4	Lock at the housing neck	<ul><li>Screw: A4-70</li><li>Clamp: 316L (1.4404)</li></ul>
5.1	Dummy plug, cable gland, adapter or plug (depending on the device version)	<ul> <li>Dummy plug, depending on the device version: <ul> <li>PE</li> <li>PBT-GF</li> </ul> </li> <li>Cable gland: 316L (1.4404) or nickel-plated brass</li> <li>Adapter: 316L (1.4404/1.4435)</li> <li>Seal: EPDM</li> <li>M12 plug: Nickel-plated brass <sup>1)</sup></li> <li>7/8" plug: 316 (1.4401) <sup>2)</sup></li> </ul>
5.2	Dummy plug, cable gland or adapter (depending on the device version)	<ul> <li>Dummy plug: 316L (1.4404)</li> <li>Cable gland: 316L (1.4404) or nickel-plated brass</li> <li>Adapter: 316L (1.4404/1.4435)</li> <li>Seal: EPDM</li> </ul>
6	Dummy plug or M12 socket (depending on the device version)	<ul> <li>Dummy plug: 316L (1.4404)</li> <li>M12 socket: 316L (1.4404)</li> </ul>
7	Pressure relief stopper	316L (1.4404)
8	Ground terminal	<ul> <li>Screw: A4</li> <li>Spring washer: A4</li> <li>Clamp: 316L (1.4404)</li> <li>Holder: 316L (1.4404)</li> </ul>
9	Nameplate	<ul><li>Plate: 316L (1.4404)</li><li>Groove pin: A4 (1.4571)</li></ul>

- For the version with M12 plug the sealing material is Viton. For the version with  $7/8"\,\text{plug}$ , the sealing material is NBR. 1)
- 2)

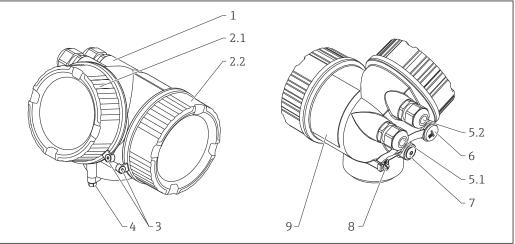
# Materials: GT19 housing



No.	Part	Material
1	Housing	PBT
2.1	Cover of the electronics compartment	<ul> <li>Cover, depending on the device version:</li> <li>PA (see-through cover)</li> <li>PBT (non-transparent cover)</li> <li>Cover seal: EPDM</li> <li>Thread-coating: Graphite-based lubricant varnish</li> </ul>
2.2	Cover of the terminal compartment	<ul> <li>Cover: PBT</li> <li>Cover seal: EPDM</li> <li>Thread-coating: Graphite-based lubricant varnish</li> </ul>
4	Lock at the housing neck	<ul><li>Screw: A4-70</li><li>Clamp: 316L (1.4404)</li></ul>
5.1	Dummy plug, cable gland, adapter or plug (depending on the device version)	<ul> <li>Dummy plug, depending on the device version:         <ul> <li>PE</li> <li>PBT-GF</li> </ul> </li> <li>Cable gland, depending on the device version:         <ul> <li>Nickel-plated brass (CuZn)</li> <li>PA</li> </ul> </li> <li>Adapter: 316L (1.4404/1.4435)</li> <li>Seal: EPDM</li> <li>M12 plug: Nickel-plated brass <sup>1)</sup></li> <li>7/8" plug: 316 (1.4401) <sup>2)</sup></li> </ul>
5.2	Dummy plug, cable gland or adapter (depending on the device version)	<ul> <li>Dummy plug, depending on the device version:         <ul> <li>PE</li> <li>PBT-GF</li> <li>Nickel-plated steel</li> </ul> </li> <li>Cable gland, depending on the device version:         <ul> <li>Nickel-plated brass (CuZn)</li> <li>PA</li> </ul> </li> <li>Adapter: 316L (1.4404/1.4435)</li> <li>Seal: EPDM</li> </ul>
6	Dummy plug or M12 socket (depending on the device version)	<ul><li>Dummy plug: Nickel-plated brass (CuZn)</li><li>M12 socket: Nickel-plated GD-Zn</li></ul>
7	Pressure relief stopper	Nickel-plated brass (CuZn)
8	Ground terminal	<ul><li>Screw: A2</li><li>Spring washer: A4</li><li>Clamp: 304 (1.4301)</li><li>Holder: 304 (1.4301)</li></ul>
9	Nameplate	Sticker

- 1)
- For the version with M12 plug the sealing material is Viton. For the version with 7/8" plug, the sealing material is NBR. 2)

# Materials: GT20 housing



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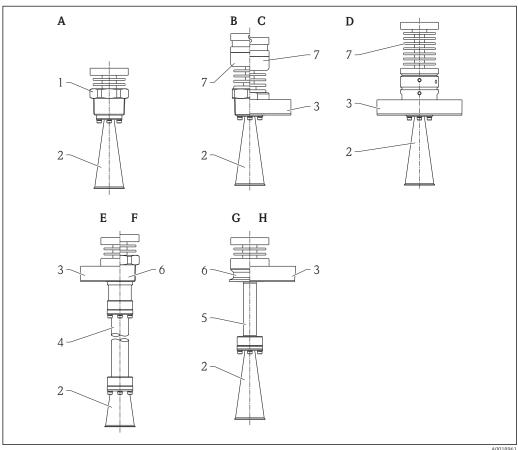
Nr.	Part	Material
1	Housing	<ul><li>Housing: AlSi10Mg(&lt;0,1% Cu)</li><li>Coating: Polyester</li></ul>
2.1	Cover of the electronics compartment	<ul> <li>Cover: AlSi10Mg(&lt;0,1% Cu)</li> <li>Window: Glass</li> <li>Cover seal: NBR 70Sh</li> <li>Thread-coating: Graphite-based lubricant varnish</li> </ul>
2.2	Cover of the terminal compartment	<ul> <li>Cover: AlSi10Mg(&lt;0,1% Cu)</li> <li>Cover seal: NBR 70Sh</li> <li>Thread-coating: Graphite-based lubricant varnish</li> </ul>
3	Cover lock	<ul><li>Screw: A4</li><li>Clamp: 316L (1.4404)</li></ul>
4	Lock at the housing neck	<ul><li>Screw: A4-70</li><li>Clamp: 316L (1.4404)</li></ul>
5.1	Dummy plug, cable gland, adapter or plug (depending on the device version)	<ul> <li>Dummy plug, depending on the device version:         <ul> <li>PE</li> <li>PBT-GF</li> </ul> </li> <li>Cable gland, depending on the device version:         <ul> <li>Nickel-plated brass (CuZn)</li> <li>PA</li> </ul> </li> <li>Adapter: 316L (1.4404/1.4435)</li> <li>Seal: EPDM</li> <li>M12 plug: Nickel-plated brass <sup>1)</sup></li> <li>7/8" plug: 316 (1.4401) <sup>2)</sup></li> </ul>
5.2	Dummy plug, cable gland or adapter (depending on the device version)	<ul> <li>Dummy plug, depending on the device version:         <ul> <li>PE</li> <li>PBT-GF</li> <li>Nickel-plated steel</li> </ul> </li> <li>Cable gland, depending on the device version:         <ul> <li>Nickel-plated brass (CuZn)</li> <li>PA</li> </ul> </li> <li>Adapter: 316L (1.4404/1.4435)</li> <li>Seal: EPDM</li> </ul>
6	Dummy plug or M12 socket (depending on the device version)	<ul><li>Dummy plug: Nickel-plated brass (CuZn)</li><li>M12 socket: Nickel-plated GD-Zn</li></ul>
7	Pressure relief stopper	Nickel-plated brass (CuZn)

Nr.	Part	Material
8	Ground terminal	<ul> <li>Screw: A2</li> <li>Spring washer: A2</li> <li>Clamp: 304 (1.4301)</li> <li>Holder: 304 (1.4301)</li> </ul>
9	Nameplate	Sticker

- For the version with  $M12\ plug$  the sealing material is Viton. 1)
- 2) For the version with 7/8" plug, the sealing material is NBR.

### Materials: Antenna and process connection

#### FMR51

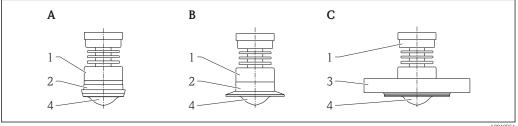


- Α Version with screw-in adapter
- В XT version with threaded connection
- С XT version with flange
- HT version with flange
- Е Version with flange and antenna extension > 100 mm (3.94 in) to 500 mm (19.7 in)
- Version with threaded connection and antenna extension > 100 mm (3.94 in) to 500 mm (19.7 in)
- G Version with clamp adapter and antenna extension 100 mm (3.94 in)
- Version with flange and antenna extension 100 mm (3.94 in)

Pos.	Part	Material	
1	Process adapter	316L (1.4404)	
	Locking washer		
2	Horn	316L (1.4404)	Hastelloy C22
	Screws	A4	Hastelloy C22
	Spring-lock washer (compact version)	A4	without spring-lock washer

Pos.	Part	Material		
	Nordlock washer (extension >100 mm, XT und HT version)	A4		without Nordlock washer
	Process separation cone	Standard: PTFE	XT: PEEK	HT: Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>
	Seal	Standard:  Viton: FKM  Kalrez: FFKM (K6375)	XT: Graphite	HT: Graphite
3	Flange	316L (1.4404/1.4435) optionally Hastelloy C22 clad		by C22 clad
4	Tube extension + adapter	316L (1.4404)		
5	Extension process adapter	316L (1.4404)		
	Locking washer			
6	Process adapter	316L (1.4404)		
7	Housing adapter	316L (1.4404)		
	Temperature reduction (XT)	316L (1.4404)		
	Intermediate adapter (HT)	316L (1.4404)		
	Process adapter	316L (1.4404)		

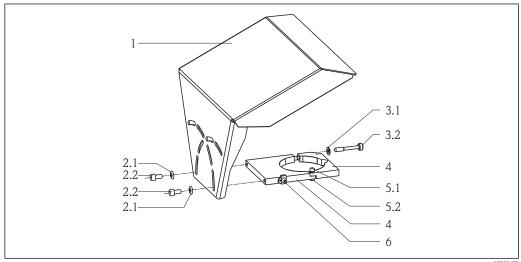
# FMR52



- Dairy coupling Clamp adapter Flange version А В С

Pos.	Part	Material
1	Adapter	304 (1.4301)
2	Process connection	316L (1.4435)
3	Flange	316L (1.4404/1.4435)
4	Cladding	PTFE (in accordance with FDA 21 CFR 177.1550 and USP <88> Class VI)

# Materials: Weather protection cover



Weather protection cover			
Nr.	Part: material	Nr.	Part: material
1	Protection cover: 304 (1.4301)	4	Bracket: 304 (1.4301)
2.1	Washer: A2	5.1	Cheese head screw: A2-70
2.2	Cheese head screw: A4-70	5.2	Nut: A2
3.1	Washer: A2	6	Ground terminal
3.2	Tightening screw: 304 (1.4301)		<ul> <li>Screw: A4</li> <li>Spring washer: A4</li> <li>Clamp: 316L (1.4404)</li> <li>Holder: 316L (1.4404)</li> </ul>

# **Operability**

#### Operating concept

### Operator-oriented menu structure for user-specific tasks

- Commissioning
- Operation
- Diagnostics
- Expert level

#### Operatring languages

- English (contained in every device)
- One additional language as ordered (feature 500 of the product structure)

#### Quick and safe commissioning

- Guided menus ("Make-it-run" wizards) for applications
- Menu guidance with brief explanations of the individual parameter functions

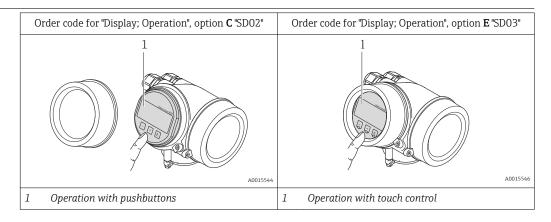
#### Reliable operation

- Standardized operation at the device and in the operating tools
- Data storage device (HistoROM) for process and measuring device data with event logbook available at all times - even if electronics modules are replaced

## Efficient diagnostics increase measurement reliability

- Remedy information is integrated in plain text
- Diverse simulation options and line recorder functions

#### Local operation



### Display elements

- 4-line display
- In the case of order code for "Display; Operation", option **E**: white background lighting; switches to red in event of device errors
- Format for displaying measured variables and status variables can be individually configured
- Permitted ambient temperature for the display: -20 to +70 °C (-4 to +158 °F)

  The readability of the display may be impaired at temperatures outside the temperature range.

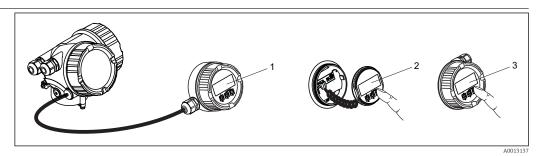
### Operating elements

- In the case of order code "Display; Operation", Option **C**: local operation with 3 push buttons (⑤, ⑤, ⑥)
- In the case of order code for "Display; Operation", option **E**: external operation via touch control; 3 optical keys: ③, ⑤, ⑤
- Operating elements also accessible in various hazardous areas

# Additional functionality

- Data backup function
  - The device configuration can be saved in the display module.
- Data comparison function
  - The device configuration saved in the display module can be compared to the current device configuration.
- Data transfer function
  - The transmitter configuration can be transmitted to another device using the display module.

## Operation with remote display and operating module FHX50

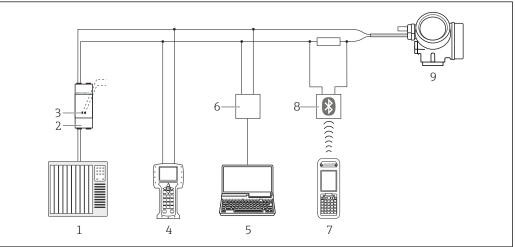


**■** 30 FHX50 operating options

- 1 Housing of the remote display and operating module FHX50
- Display and operating module SD02, push buttons; cover must be removed
- 2 3 Display and operating module SD03, optical keys; can be operated through the glass of the cover

### Remote operation

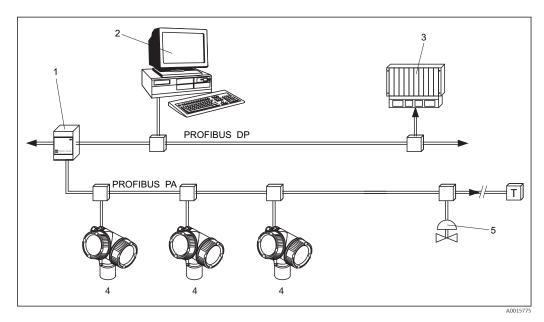
### Via HART protocol



#### € 31 Options for remote operation via HART protocol

- PLC (programmable logic controller) 1
- 2 Transmitter power supply unit, e.g. RN221N (with communication resistor)
- 3 Connection for Commubox FXA191, FXA195 and Field Communicator 375, 475
- Field Communicator 475
- Computer with operating tool (e.g. FieldCare, AMS Device Manager, SIMATIC PDM)
- Commubox FXA191 (RS232) or FXA195 (USB)
- Field Xpert SFX350/SFX370
- VIATOR Bluetooth modem with connecting cable 8
- Transmitter

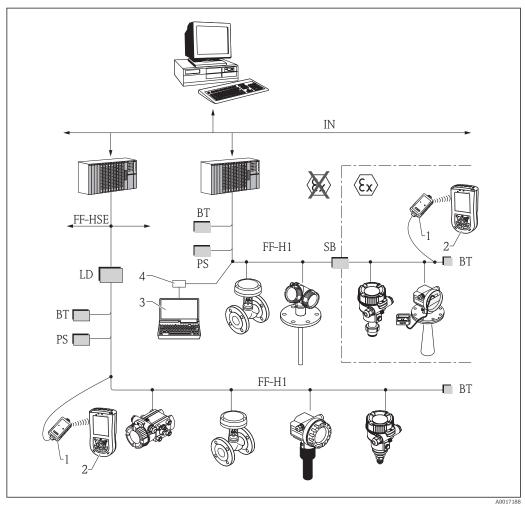
# Via PROFIBUS PA protocol



- 1
- Segment coupler Computer with Profiboard/Proficard and operating tool (e.g. FieldCare) PLC (Progrommable Logic Controller) Transmitter 2
- 3
- Additional functions (valves etc.)

88

# Via FOUNDATION Fieldbus

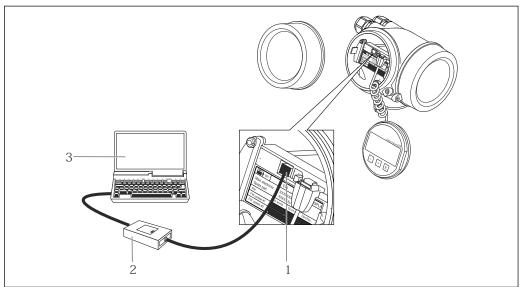


■ 32 FOUNDATION Fieldbus system architecture with associated components

- FFblue Bluetooth modem
- 2 3 Field Xpert SFX350/SFX370
- FieldCare
- NI-FF interface card

IN	Industrial network	
FF-HSE	High Speed Ethernet	
FF-H1	FOUNDATION Fieldbus-H1	
LD	Linking Device FF-HSE/FF-H1	
PS	Bus Power Supply	
SB	Safety Barrier	
BT	Bus Terminator	

# Via service interface (CDI)



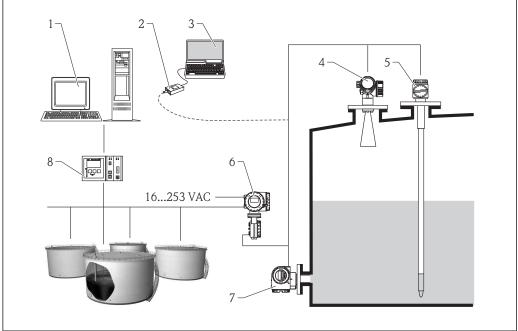
A0014019

- Service interface (CDI) of the measuring device (= Endress+Hauser Common Data Interface) Commubox FXA291
- 3 Computer with "FieldCare" operating tool

90

# Integration in tank gauging system

The Endress+Hauser Tank Side Monitor NRF590 provides integrated communications for sites with multiple tanks, each with one or more sensors on the tank, such as radar, spot or average temperature, capacitive probe for water detection and/or pressure sensors. Multiple protocols out of the Tank Side Monitor guarantee connectivity to nearly any of the existing industry standard tank gauging protocols. Optional connectivity of analog 4...20 mA sensors, digital I/O and analog output simplify full tank sensor integration. Use of the proven concept of the intrinsically safe HART bus for all on-tank sensors yields extremely low wiring costs, while at the same time providing maximum safety, reliability and data availability.



Δ001798

**■** 33 The complete measuring system consists of:

- 1 Tankvision workstation
- 2 Commubox FXA195 (USB) optional
- 3 Computer with operating tool (ControlCare) optional
- 4 Level measuring device
- 5 Temperature measuring device
- 6 Tank Side Monitor NRF590
- 7 Pressure measuring device
- 8 Tankvision Tank Scanner NXA820

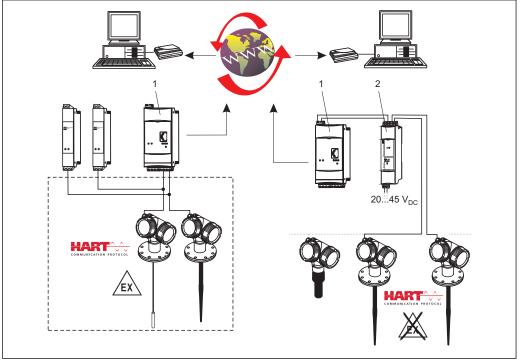
# System integration via Fieldgate

#### Vendor Managed Inventory

By using Fieldgates to interrogate tank or silo levels remotely, suppliers of raw materials can provide their regular customers with information about the current supplies at any time and, for example, account for them in their own production planning. For their part, the Fieldgates monitor the configured level limits and, if required, automatically activate the next supply. The spectrum of options here ranges from a simple purchasing requisition via e-mail through to fully automatic order administration by coupling XML data into the planning systems on both sides.

#### Remote maintenance of measuring equipment

Fieldgates not only transfer the current measured values, they also alert the responsible standby personnel, if required, via e-mail or SMS. In the event of an alarm or also when performing routine checks, service technicians can diagnose and configure connected HART devices remotely. All that is required for this is the corresponding HART operating tool (e.g. FieldCare, ...) for the connected device. Fieldgate passes on the information transparently, so that all options for the respective operating software are available remotely. Some on-site service operations can be avoided by using remote diagnosis and remote configuration and all others can at least be better planned and prepared.



A001127

- 34 The complete measuring system consists of devices and:
- 1 Fieldgate FXA520
- 2 Multidrop Connector FXN520
- The number of instruments which can be connected in mutidrop mode can be calculated by the "FieldNetCalc" program. A description of this program can be found in Technical Information TI 400F (Multidrop Connector FXN520). The program is available form your Endress+Hauser sales organisation or in the internet at: <a href="www.de.endress.com/Download">www.de.endress.com/Download</a> (text search = "Fieldnetcalc").

Marine certificate (in

preparation)

Radio standard

	Certificates and approvals
CE mark	The measuring system meets the legal requirements of the applicable EC guidelines. These are listed in the corresponding EC Declaration of Conformity together with the standards applied.
	Endress+Hauser confirms successful testing of the device by affixing to it the CE mark.
C-Tick symbol	The measuring system meets the EMC requirements of the "Australian Communications and Media Authority (ACMA)".
Ex approval	<ul> <li>ATEX</li> <li>IEC Ex</li> <li>CSA</li> <li>FM</li> <li>NEPSI</li> <li>KC</li> <li>INMETRO</li> <li>TIIS (in preparation)</li> </ul>
	Additional safety instructions must be observed for applications in hazardous areas. They are contained in the separate "Safety Instructions" (XA) document, which is included in the scope of delivery. Reference is made to the XA on the nameplate of the device.
	Details on the available certificats as well as the associated XAs can be found in the <b>Associated documentation</b> chapter in the <b>Safety instructions</b> section: ( $\rightarrow \implies 109$ ).
Dual seal according to ANSI/ISA 12.27.01	The devices have been designed according to ANSI/ISA 12.27.01 as dual seal devices, allowing the user to waive the use and save the cost of installing external secondary process seals in the conduit as required by the process sealing sections of ANSI/NFPA 70 (NEC) and CSA 22.1 (CEC). These instruments comply with the North-American installation practice and provide a very safe and cost-saving installation for pressurized applications with hazardous fluids.
	Further information can be found in the Safety Instructions (XA) of the relevant devices.
Functional Safety  Used for level monitoring (MIN, MAX, range) up to SIL 3 (homogeneous or inhor redundancy), independently assessed by TÜV Rhineland as per IEC 61508. Other documentation SD01087F: "Functional Safety Manual".	
WHG	WHG approval: Z-65.16-524
Sanitary compatibility	FMR52 with flange cladding made of PTFE conforms to FDA 21 CFR 177.1550 and USP <88> Class VI
	3A and EHEDG approval with Tri-Clamp and DIN11851 process connection.
	To avoid risk of contamination, install according to the "Hygienic Equipment Design Criteria (HDC)" as stated in the Subgroup Design Principles of the EHEDG, Doc. 8 from April 2004.
	Suitable fittings and seals must be used to ensure hygiene-compliant design according to the specifications of 3-A SSI and EHEDG.
	The leak-tight connections can be cleaned with the cleaning methods usually used in this industry without leaving residues.
	The 316L housing (GT18), option B in the order attribute 40, is not suitable for applications which need a 3A approval.
Pressure Equipment Directive	The Micropilot is not subject to the scope of the Pressure Equipment Directive 97/23/EC, as it does not have a pressure-bearing housing according to article 1, section 2.1.4 of the directive.

#### The devices Micropilot FMR50, FMR51, FMR52, FMR56 and FMR57 are conform with the LPR (Level Probing Radar) standard EN302729-1/2. The devices are allowed to be used inside or outside EN302729-1/2 of closed bins or tanks in countries of th EU and the EFTA. Precondition is that the country itself already has implemented the directive.

in preparation

At present, the following countries have already implemented the directive:

Belgium, Bulgaria, Germany, Denmark, Estonia, France, Greece, Great Britain, Ireland, Iceland, Italy, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Latvia, Malta, Netherland, Norway, Austria, Poland, Romania, Sweden, Switzerland, Slovakia, Spain, Czech Republic and Cyprus.

All countries not mentioned above are at present in the implementation phase.

For the use of the devices outside of closed bins or tanks, the following has to be observed:

- 1. The installation has to be done by trained personnel.
- 2. The antenna of the device has to be mounted on a fixed place and vertically to the bottom.
- 3. The mounting place has to be in a distance of at least 4 km to the mentioned astronomical stations or an appropriate permission has to be issued by the national authority. If the device is mounted at a distance of 4 to 40 km from the stations mentioned, the maximum mounting height is restricted to 15 m (49 ft).

#### Astronomical stations

Country	Name of the station	Geographical latitude	Geographical longitude
Germany	Effelsberg	50°31'32" N	06°53'00" E
Finland	Metsähovi	60°13'04" N	24°23'37" E
	Tuorla	60°24'56" N	24°26'31" E
France	Plateau de Bure	44°38'01" N	05°54'26" E
	Floirac	44°50'10" N	00°31'37" W
United Kingdom	Cambridge	52°09'59" N	00°02'20" E
	Damhall	53°09'22" N	02°32'03" W
	Jodrell Bank	53°14'10" N	02°18'26" W
	Knockin	52°47'24" N	02°59'45" W
	Pickmere	53°17'18" N	02°26'38" W
Italy	Medicina	44°31'14" N	11°38'49" E
	Noto	36°52'34" N	14°59'21" E
	Sardinia	39°29'50" N	09°14'40" E
Poland	Krakow Fort Skala	50°03'18" N	19°49'36" E
Russia	Dmitrov	56°26'00" N	37°27'00" E
	Kalyazin	57°13'22" N	37°54'01" E
	Pushchino	54°49'00" N	37°40'00" E
	Zelenchukskaya	43°49'53" N	41°35'32" E
Sweden	Onsala	57°23'45" N	11°55'35" E
Switzerland	Bleien	47°20'26" N	08°06'44" E
Spain	Yebes	40°31'27" N	03°05'22" W
	Robledo	40°25'38" N	04°14'57" W
Hungary	Penc	47°47'22" N	19°16'53" E

In general the requirements of EN 302729-1/2 have to be taken in consideration.

Radio standard EN302372-1/2 The devices Micropilot FMR50, FMR51, FMR52, FMR53, FMR54, FMR56 and FMR57 are conform with the TLPR (Tanks Level Probing Radar) standard EN302372-1/2 and can always be used in closed tanks or bins. For installation, points a to f in Annex B of EN302372-1 have to be taken into account.

#### FCC / Industry Canada

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

#### Canada CNR-Gen Section 7.1.3

This device complies with Industry Canada licence-exempt RSS standard(s). Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.

Le présent appareil est conforme aux CNR d'Industrie Canada applicables aux appareils radio exempts de licence. L'exploitation est autorisée aux deux conditions suivantes : (1) l'appareil ne doit pas produire de brouillage, et (2) l'utilisateur de l'appareil doit accepter tout brouillage radioélectrique subi, même si le brouillage est susceptible d'en compromettre le fonctionnement.

[Any] changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

In addition, the devices FMR50  $^{10}$ , FMR51  $^{11}$ , FMR52  $^{12}$ , FMR56 and FMR57 are compliant with the LPR (Level probe radar) regulation also for free space applicactions according to the FCC Code of Federal Regulations, CFR 47, Part 15, Sections 15.205, 15.207, 15.209, 15.256 for antenna sizes bigger than 50 mm (2.0 in)  $^{13}$ ). For these applications the devices must be professionally installed in a downward operating position. In addition, the devices are not allowed to be mounted in a zone of 4 km around RAS stations and within a radius of 40 km around RAS stations the maxium operation height of devices is 15 m (49 ft) above ground.

#### Japanese radio approval

The devices FMR50, FMR51, FMR52, FMR54 and FMR57 comply with the Japanese Radio Law, Article 6, Section 1(1).

#### CRN approval

Some device versions have a CRN approval. Devices are CRN approved if the following two conditions are met:  $^{14}$ :

- The device has a CSA approval (Product structure: Feature 010 "Approval")
- The device has a CRN approved process connection according to the following table.

Feature 100 of the product structure	Process connection
AFJ	NPS 2" Cl.150 RF, 316/316L
AFK	NPS 2" Cl.150, PTFE >316/316L
AFM	NPS 2" Cl.150, AlloyC >316/316L
AGJ	NPS 3" Cl.150 RF, 316/316L
AGK	NPS 3" Cl.150, PTFE >316/316L
AGM	NPS 3" Cl.150, AlloyC >316/316L
АНЈ	NPS 4" Cl.150 RF, 316/316L
АНК	NPS 4" Cl.150, PTFE >316/316L
AHM	NPS 4" Cl.150, AlloyC >316/316L
AJJ	NPS 6" Cl.150 RF, 316/316L
AJK	NPS 6" Cl.150, PTFE >316/316L
AJM	NPS 6" Cl.150, AlloyC >316/316L
ARJ	NPS 2" Cl.300 RF, 316/316L
ARM	NPS 2" Cl.300, AlloyC >316/316L
ASJ	NPS 3" Cl.300 RF, 316/316L
ASM	NPS 3" Cl.300, AlloyC >316/316L

<sup>10)</sup> Except of FMR50-#####BM\* (Horn 40mm/1-1/2", PVDF encapsulated)

<sup>11)</sup> Except for FMR51-#####BA\* (Horn 40mm/1-1/2") and FMR51-####BB\* (Horn 50mm/2")

<sup>12)</sup> Except for FMR52-#####BO\* (Horn 50mm/2", flush mount)

<sup>13)</sup> 

<sup>14)</sup> The CRN approval is in preparation for the "Alberta" province. For all other provinces the CRN approval is already available.

Feature 100 of the product structure	Process connection
ATJ	NPS 4" Cl.300 RF, 316/316L
ATM	NPS 4" Cl.300, AlloyC >316/316L
MRK	DIN11851 DN50 PN25 slotted nut, PTFE>316L
MTK	DIN11851 DN80 PN25 slotted nut, PTFE>316L
RGJ	Thread ANSI MNPT1-1/2, 316L
RVJ	Thread EN10226 R1-1/2, 316L
TDJ	Tri-Clamp ISO2852 DN40-51 (2"), 316L
TDK	Tri-Clamp ISO2852 DN40-51 (2"), PTFE>316L, 3A, EHEDG
TFJ	Tri-Clamp ISO2852 DN70-76.1 (3"), 316L
TFK	Tri-Clamp ISO2852 DN70-76.1 (3"), PTFE>316L, 3A, EHEDG
THK	Tri-Clamp ISO2852 DN101.6 (4"), PTFE>316L, 3A, EHEDG

- Process connections without CRN approval are not included in this table.
  - Refer to the product structure to see which process connections are available for a specific device type.
  - CRN approved devices are marked with the registration number OF15872.513467890YTN on the nameplate.

Product	Antenna 1)	Prozessanschluss 2)	Dichtung <sup>3)</sup>	max. pressure
FMP52		TFK: Tri-Clamp 3"		10 bar (145 psi)
		THK: Tri-Clamp 4"		10 bar (145 psi)
FMR51			D2: Graphite (HT)	100 bar (1450 psi)

- 1) Feature 070 of the product structure
- 2) Feature 100 of the product structure
- 3) Feature 090 of the product structure

Track record

FMR5x is the upgrade model of the corresponding FMR2xx series.

# Test, Certificate

Feature 580 "Test, Certificate"	Designation	Available for
JA	3.1 Material certificate, wetted metallic parts, EN10204-3.1 inspection certificate	FMR51
JВ	Conformity to NACE MR0175, wetted metallic parts	FMR51
JD	3.1 Material certificate, pressurized parts, EN10204-3.1 inspection certificate	FMR52
JE	Conformity to NACE MR0103, wetted metallic parts	FMR51
JF	Conformity to AD2000, wetted metallic parts: Material of all wetted/pressurized parts conform to AD2000 (Technical rules W2, W9, W10)	<ul><li>FMR51</li><li>FMR52</li></ul>
KD	Helium leak test, internal procedure, inspection certificate	FMR51
KE	Pressure test, internal procedure, inspection certificate	<ul><li>FMR51</li><li>FMR52</li></ul>
KG	3.1 Material certificate+PMI test (XRF), internal procedure, wetted metallic parts, EN10204-3.1 inspection certificate	<ul><li>FMR51</li><li>FMR52</li></ul>
KP	Liquid penetrant test AD2000-HP5-3(PT), wetted/pressurized metallic parts, inspection certificate	FMR51
KQ	Liquid penetrant test ISO23277-1 (PT), wetted/pressurized metallic parts, inspection certificate	FMR51
KR	Liquid penetrant test ASME VIII-1 (PT), wetted/pressurized metallic parts, inspection certificate	FMR51
KS	Welding documentation, wetted/pressurized seams	FMR51
KV	Conformity to ASME B31.3: The dimensions, materials of construction, pressure / temperature ratings and identification markings of the device comply with the requirements of ASME B31.3	• FMR51 • FMR52

# Other standards and guidelines

■ EN 60529

Degrees of protection by housing (IP code)

■ EN 61010-1

 $\label{thm:protection} Protection\ Measures\ for\ Electrical\ Equipment\ for\ Measurement,\ Control,\ Regulation\ and\ Laboratory\ Procedures.$ 

■ IEC/EN 61326

"Emission in accordance with Class A requirements". Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC requirements)

■ NAMUR NE 21

Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) of industrial process and laboratory control equipment.

■ NAMUR NE 43

Standardization of the signal level for the breakdown information of digital transmitters with analog output signal.

■ NAMUR NE 53

Software of field devices and signal-processing devices with digital electronics

■ NAMUR NE 107

Status classification as per NE107

■ NAMUR NE 131

Requirements for field devices for standard applications

■ IEC61508

Functional safety of electrical/electronic/programmable electronic safety-related systems

# **Ordering information**

# Ordering information

Detailed ordering information is available from the following sources:

- In the Product Configurator on the Endress+Hauser website: www.endress.com → Select country → Instruments → Select device → Product page function: Configure this product
- From your Endress+Hauser Sales Center: www.endress.com/worldwide

# i

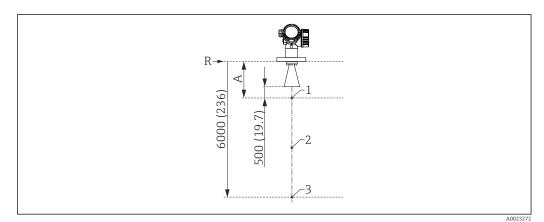
### Product Configurator - the tool for individual product configuration

- Up-to-the-minute configuration data
- Depending on the device: Direct input of measuring point-specific information such as measuring range or operating language
- Automatic verification of exclusion criteria
- Automatic creation of the order code and its breakdown in PDF or Excel output format
- Ability to order directly in the Endress+Hauser Online Shop

# 3-point linearity protocol

The following notes must be taken into account if option F3 ("3 point linearity protocol") has been selected in feature 550 ("Calibration").

The 3 points of the linearity protocol are defined as follows:



35 Points of the 3-point linearity protocol; Dimensions: mm (in)

- A Distance from reference point R to first measuring point
- R Reference point of the measurement
- 1 First measuring point
- 2 Second measuring point (centrally between first and third measuring point)
- 3 Third measuring point

Measuring point	Position
1 <sup>st</sup> measuring point	<ul> <li>At the distance A from the reference point</li> <li>A = antenne length + antenna extension (if present) + 500 mm (19.7 in)</li> <li>Minimum distance: A<sub>min</sub> = 1000 mm (39.4 in)</li> </ul>
2 <sup>nd</sup> measuring point	centrally between 1 <sup>st</sup> and 3 <sup>rd</sup> measuring point
3 <sup>rd</sup> measuring point	6000 mm (236 in) below the reference point, R

The position of the measuring points may vary by  $\pm 1$  cm ( $\pm 0.04$  in).

The linearity is checked under reference conditions.

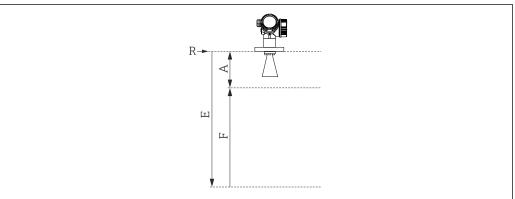
### 5-point linearity protocol



The following notes must be taken into account if option F4 ("5 point linearity protocol") has been selected in feature 550 ("Calibration").

The five points of the linearity protocol are evenly distributed across the measuring range (0% to 100%). In order to define the measuring range, **Empty calibration** (E) and **Full calibration** (F) have to be specified  $^{15}$ ).

The following restrictions have to be taken into account when defining E and F:



A0017983

Device version	Minimum distance between reference point (R) and 100% level	Minimum span	Maximum value for "Empty calibration"
FMR51/FMR52 Without antenna extension	$A \ge$ antenna length + 200 mm (8 in) 1)		
FMR51 with 100 mm/4" antenna extension <sup>2)</sup>	A ≥ antenna length + antenna extension 100 mm (4 in) + 200 mm (8 in) 1)	F ≥ 400 mm (16 in)	E ≤ 24 m (79 ft)
FMR51 with varaible antenna extension <sup>3)</sup>	A ≥ antenna length + maximum antenna extension 1000 mm (40 in) 4) + 200 mm (8 in)		

- 1) Minimum value:  $A \ge 400 \text{ mm}$  (16 in)
- 2) Feature 610 "Accessory Mounted", option OM
- 3) Feature 610 "Accessory Mounted", option OU or OV
- 4) This value is independent of the actual size of the antenna extension.
  - The linearity is checked under reference conditions.
  - The selected values of **Empty calibration** and **Full calibration** are only used to record the linearity protocol and are reset to their probe specific default values thereafter. If values different from the default are required, they must be ordered as a customized parametrization  $(\rightarrow \ \ \ )$  102).

<sup>15)</sup> If E and F are not specified, probe dependent default values will be used instead.

# **Customized parametrization**

If the option IJ "Customized parametrization HART", IK "Customized parametrization PA" or IL "Customized parametrization FF" has been selected in feature 570 "Service", customer specific presettings can be selected for the following parameters:

Parameter	Communication	Selection list / range of values
Setup → Distance unit	<ul><li>HART</li><li>PA</li><li>FF</li></ul>	• in • mm
Setup → Empty calibration	<ul><li>HART</li><li>PA</li><li>FF</li></ul>	max. 70 m (230 ft)
Setup → Full calibration	<ul><li>HART</li><li>PA</li><li>FF</li></ul>	max. < 70 m (230 ft)
Setup $\rightarrow$ Adv. Setup $\rightarrow$ Current output 1/2 $\rightarrow$ Damping	HART	0 to 999.9 s
Setup $\rightarrow$ Adv. Setup $\rightarrow$ Current output 1/2 $\rightarrow$ Failure mode	HART	<ul><li>Min</li><li>Max</li><li>Last valid value</li></ul>
Setup $\rightarrow$ Adv. Setup $\rightarrow$ Current output 1/2 $\rightarrow$ Burst mode	HART	Off On

## Services

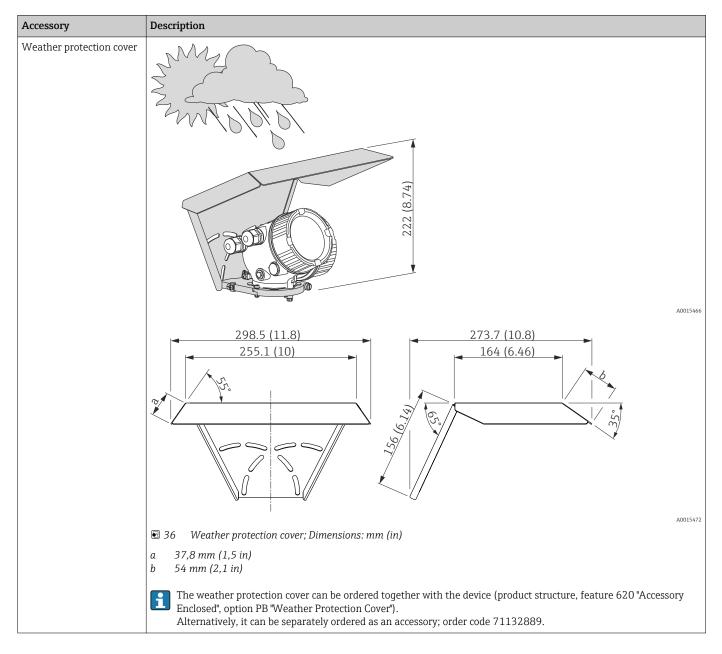
The following services can be selected via the product structure in the Product Configurator  $^{16)}$ :

- PWIS free (PWIS: paint wetting impairment substances)
- Customized parametrization HART (→ 🗎 102)
- Customized parametrization PA(→ 🖺 102)
- Customized parametrization FF (→ 🖺 102)
- Without tooling DVD (FieldCare)

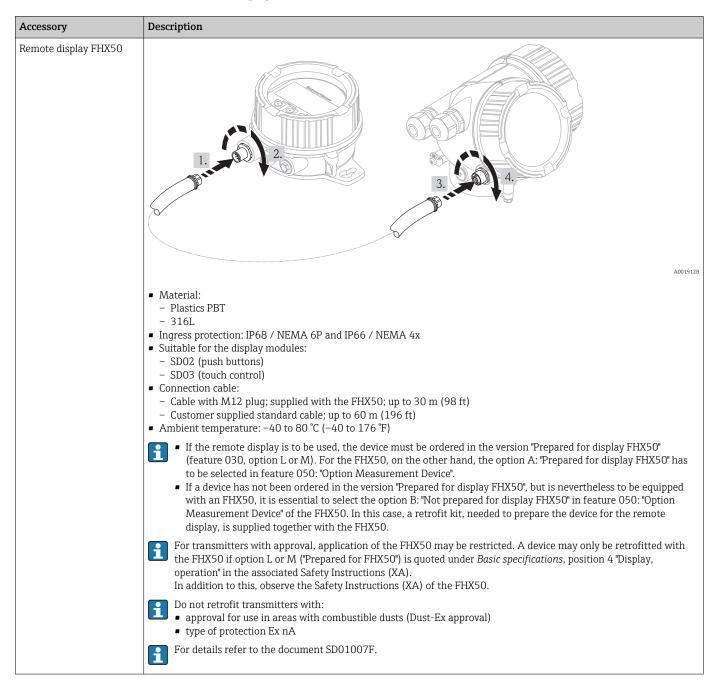
<sup>16)</sup> Feature 570 of the product structure

# Accessories

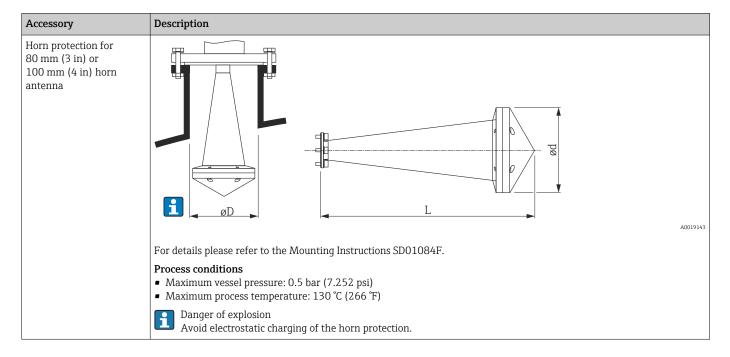
# Device-specific accessories Weather protection cover



### Remote display FHX50



### Horn protection for horn antenna



### Horn protection FMR51

Antenna 1)	Accessory mounted 2)	Order code of horn protection	Dimensions		
			Ød	L	ØD
BC: Horn 80mm/3"	OU: mm antenna extension OV: inch antenna extension	71105890	96 mm (3.78 in)	203 mm (8 in)	≥ DN100
	any other version	71105890	96 mm (3.78 in)	238 mm (9.4 in)	≥ DN100
BD: Horn 100mm/4"	OU: mm antenna extension OV: inch antenna extension	71105889	116 mm (4.57 in)	267 mm (10.5 in)	≥ DN150
	any other version	71105889	116 mm (4.57 in)	302 mm (11.9 in)	≥ DN150

- 1) Feature 070 of the product structure
- 2) Feature 610 of the product structure
  - The horn protection can also be ordered together with the device. Product structure: Feature 610 "Accessory Mounted", option OW "Horn protection, PTFE".

### Overvoltage protection

# Description Accessory Overvoltage protection for 2-wire-devices OVP10 (1 channel) OVP20 (2 channel) A0021734 Technical data • Resistance per channel: 2 \* 0.5 $\Omega_{max}$ ■ Threshold DC voltage: 400 to 700 V • Threshold impulse voltage: < 800 V ■ Capacitance at 1 MHz: < 1.5 pF • Nominal arrest impulse voltage (8/20 μs): 10 kA Suited for wire cross-sections: 0.2 to 2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (24 to 14 AWG) Ordering with device Ordering with device The overvoltage protection module is preferably ordered with the device. See product structure, feature 610 "Accessory mounted", option NA "Overvoltage protection". Separate ordering of the module is only necessary if a device is to retrofitted with the overvoltage protection. Order code for retrofitting • For 1-channel devices (feature 020, option A) OVP10: 71128617 • For 2-channel devices (feature 020, option B, C, E or G) OVP20:71128619 Hosuing lid for retrofitting In order to keep the necessary safety distances, the housing lid needs to be replaced if the device is retrofitted with the overvoltage protection. Depending on the housing type, the order code of the suitable lid is as follows: • GT18 housing: Lid 71185516 • GT19 housing: Lid 71185518 • GT20 housing: Lid 71185516 Restrictions for retrofitting Restrictions for retrofitting Depending on the approval of the transmitter the usage of the OVP module may be restricted. A device may only be retrofitted with an OVP module if the option NA (overvoltage protection) is quoted unter Optional Specifications in

### Gas-tight feedthrough

For details refer to SD01090F.

the Safety Instructions (XA) pertaining to the device.

Accessory	Description
Gas-tight feedthrough	Chemically inert glass feedthrough; prevents migration of gases into the electronics housing.  To be ordered with the device: product structure, feature 610 "Accessory Mounted", option NC "Gas-tight feedthrough"

# Communication-specific accessories

Accessory	Description
Commubox FXA195 HART	For intrinsically safe HART communication with FieldCare via the USB interface.  For details refer to Technical Information TI00404F

Accessory	Description
Commubox FXA291	Connects Endress+Hauser field devices with CDI interface (= Endress+Hauser Common Data Interface) to the USB interface of a computer.  For details refer to Technical Information TI00405C

Accessory	Description
HART Loop Converter HMX50	Evaluates the dynamic HART variables and converts them to analog current signals or limit values.  Order code: 71063562
	For details refer to Technical Information TI00429F and Operating Instructions BA00371F

Accessory	Description
WirelessHART Adapter SWA70	Connects field devices to a WirelessHART network.  The WirelessHART adapter can be mounted directly at a HART device and is easly integrated into an existing HART network. It ensures safe data transmission and can be operated in parallel with other wireless networks.  For details refer to Operating Instructions BA00061S

Accessory	Description
Fieldgate FXA320	Gateway for remote monitoring of connected 4-20mA measuring devices via web browser.
	For details refer to Technical Information TI00025S and Operating Instructions BA00053S

Accessory	Description
Fieldgate FXA520	Gateway for remote diagnosis and parametrization of connected HART measuring devices via web browser.
	For details refer to Technical Information TI00025S and Operating Instructions BA00051S

Accessory	Description
Field Xpert SFX350	Field Xpert SFX350 is a mobile computer for commissioning and maintenance. It enables efficient device configuration and diagnostics for HART and FOUNDATION fieldbus devices in the <b>non-Ex area</b> .  For details, see Operating Instructions BA01202S

Accessory	Description
Field Xpert SFX370	Field Xpert SFX370 is a mobile computer for commissioning and maintenance. It enables efficient device configuration and diagnostics for HART and FOUNDATION fieldbus devices in the <b>non-Ex area</b> and the <b>Ex area</b> .  For details, see Operating Instructions BA01202S

# Service-specific accessories

Accessory	Description
FieldCare	Endress+Hauser's FDT-based Plant Asset Management tool. Helps to configure and maintain all field devices of your plant. By supplying status information it also supports the diagnosis of the devices.    To   For details refer to Operating Instructions BA00027S and BA00059S.
	1 of declaris felet to operating instructions B/10002/3 and B/10003/3.

# System components

Accessory	Description
Graphic Data Manager Memograph M	The graphic data manager Memograph M provides information on all the relevant process variables. Measured values are recorded correctly, limit values are monitored and measuring points analyzed. The data are stored in the 256 MB internal memory and also on an SD card or USB stick.
	For details refer to Technical Information TI00133R and Operating Instructions BA00247R
RN221N	Active barrier with power supply for safe separation of 4 to 20 mA current circuits. Provides bi-directional HART transmission.
	For details refer to Technical Information TI00073R and Operating Instructions BA00202R
RNS221	Transmitter supply for 2-wire sensors or transmitters exclusively for non-Ex areas. Provides bi-directional communication using the HART communication sockets.
	For details refer to Technical Information TI00081R and Operating Instructions KA00110R

# **Documentation**



The following document types are available:

- On the CD supplied with the device
- In the Download Area of the Endress+Hauser Internet site: www.endress.com → Download

### Standard documentation

# Micropilot FMR51, FMR52

Correlation of documentations to the device:

Device	Power supply, output	Communikation	Document type	Document code
FMR51	A, B, C, K, L	HART	Operating Instructions	BA01049F/00/EN
FMR52			Brief Operating Instructions	KA01100F/00/EN
			Description of Device Parameters	GP01014F/00/EN
	G	PROFIBUS PA	Operating Instructions	BA01125F/00/EN
			Brief Operating Instructions	KA01129F/00/EN
			Description of Device Parameters	GP01018F/00/EN
	E FOUNDATION Fieldbus		Operating Instructions	BA01121F/00/EN
			Brief Operating Instructions	KA01125F/00/EN
			Description of Device Parameters	GP01017F/00/EN

## Supplementary documentation

Device	Document type	Document code
Fieldgate FXA520	Technical Information	TI369F/00/EN
Tank Side Monitor NRF590	Technical Information	TI402F/00/EN
	Operating Instructions	BA256F/00/EN
	Description of Device Parameters	BA257F/00/EN

# Safety Instructions (XA)

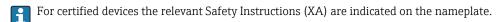
Depending on the approval, the following Safety Instructions (XA) are supplied with the device. They are an integral part of the Operating Instructions.

				Feature 02	0 "Power Supp	ly; Output"	
Feature 010	Approval	Available for	A 1)	B <sup>2)</sup>	C <sub>3)</sub>	E <sup>4)</sup> /G <sup>5)</sup>	K <sup>6)</sup> /L <sup>7)</sup>
BA	ATEX: II 1 G Ex ia IIC T6-T1 Ga	<ul><li>FMR51</li><li>FMR52</li></ul>	XA00677F	XA01224F	XA001225	XA00685F	-
BB	ATEX: II 1/2 G Ex ia IIC T6-T1 Ga/Gb	<ul><li>FMR51</li><li>FMR52</li></ul>	XA00677F	XA01224F	XA001225	XA00685F	-
ВС	ATEX: II 1/2 G Ex d [ia] IIC T6-T1 Ga/Gb	<ul><li>FMR51</li><li>FMR52</li></ul>	XA00680F	XA00680F	XA01232F	XA00688F	XA01233F
BD	ATEX: II 1/2/3 G Ex ic [ia Ga] IIC T6-T1 Ga/Gb/Gc	<ul><li>FMR51</li><li>FMR52</li></ul>	XA00678F	XA01226F	XA01227F	XA00686F	XA01228F
BG	ATEX: II 3 G Ex nA IIC T6-T1 Gc	<ul><li>FMR51</li><li>FMR52</li></ul>	XA00679F	XA01229F	XA01230F	XA00687F	XA01231F
ВН	ATEX: II 3 G Ex ic IIC T6-T1 Gc	<ul><li>FMR51</li><li>FMR52</li></ul>	XA00679F	XA01229F	XA01230F	XA00687F	XA01231F
BL	ATEX: II 1/2/3 G Ex nA [ia Ga] IIC T6-T1 Ga/Gb/Gc	<ul><li>FMR51</li><li>FMR52</li></ul>	XA00678F	XA01226F	XA01227F	XA00686F	XA01228F
B2	ATEX: II 1/2 G Ex ia IIC T6-T1 Ga/Gb ATEX: II 1/2 D Ex ia IIIC Txx°C Da/Db	<ul><li>FMR51</li><li>FMR52</li></ul>	XA00683F	XA00683F	XA01235F	XA00691F	-

				Feature 02	0 "Power Supp	ly; Output"	
Feature 010	Approval	Available for	A 1)	B 2)	C 3)	E <sup>4)</sup> /G <sup>5)</sup>	K <sup>6)</sup> /L <sup>7)</sup>
В3	ATEX: II 1/2 G Ex d [ia] IIC T6-T1 Ga/Gb ATEX: II 1/2 D Ex ta IIIC Txx°C Da/Db	<ul><li>FMR51</li><li>FMR52</li></ul>	XA00684F	XA00684F	XA00684F	XA00692F	XA01236F
B4	ATEX:II 1/2 G Ex ia IIC T6-T1 Ga/Gb ATEX: II 1/2 G Ex d [ia] IIC T6-T1 Ga/Gb	<ul><li>FMR51</li><li>FMR52</li></ul>	XA00681F	XA00681F	XA01234F	XA00689F	-
CD	CSA C/US DIP Cl.II,III Div.1 Gr.E-G	FMR51	XA01113F	XA01113F	XA01113F	XA01115F	XA01113F
C2	CSA C/US IS Cl.I,II,III Div.1 Gr.A-G, NI Cl.1 Div. 2, Ex ia	<ul><li>FMR51</li><li>FMR52</li></ul>	XA01112F	XA01112F	XA01112F	XA01114F	-
C3	CSA C/US XP Cl.I,II,III Div.1 Gr.A-G, NI Cl.1 Div.2, Ex d	<ul><li>FMR51</li><li>FMR52</li></ul>	XA01113F	XA01113F	XA01113F	XA01115F	XA01113F
FB	FM IS Cl.I,II,III Div.1 Gr.A-G, AEx ia, NI Cl.1 Div.2	<ul><li>FMR51</li><li>FMR52</li></ul>	XA01116F	XA01116F	XA01116F	XA01118F	-
FD	FM XP Cl.I,II,III Div.1 Gr.A-G, AEx d, NI Cl.1 Div.2	<ul><li>FMR51</li><li>FMR52</li></ul>	XA01117F	XA01117F	XA01117F	XA01119F	XA01117F
FE	FM DIP Cl.II,III Div.1 Gr.E-G	FMR51	XA01117F	XA01117F	XA01117F	XA01119F	XA01117F
IA	IECEx: Ex ia IIC T6-T1 Ga	<ul><li>FMR51</li><li>FMR52</li></ul>	XA00677F	XA01224F	XA001225	XA00685F	-
IB	IECEx: Ex ia IIC T6-T1 Ga/Gb	<ul><li>FMR51</li><li>FMR52</li></ul>	XA00677F	XA01224F	XA001225	XA00685F	-
IC	IECEx: Ex d [ia] IIC T6-T1 Ga/Gb	<ul><li>FMR51</li><li>FMR52</li></ul>	XA00680F	XA00680F	XA01232F	XA00688F	XA01233F
ID	IECEx: Ex ic [ia Ga] IIC T6-T1 Ga/Gb/Gc	<ul><li>FMR51</li><li>FMR52</li></ul>	XA00678F	XA01226F	XA01227F	XA00686F	XA01228F
IG	IECEx: Ex nA IIC T6-T1 Gc	<ul><li>FMR51</li><li>FMR52</li></ul>	XA00679F	XA01229F	XA01230F	XA00687F	XA01231F
IH	IECEx: Ex ic IIC T6-T1 Gc	<ul><li>FMR51</li><li>FMR52</li></ul>	XA00679F	XA01229F	XA01230F	XA00687F	XA01231F
IL	IECEx: Ex nA [ia Ga] IIC T6-T1 Ga/Gb/Gc	<ul><li>FMR51</li><li>FMR52</li></ul>	XA00678F	XA01226F	XA01227F	XA00686F	XA01228F
I2	IECEx: Ex ia IIC T6-T1 Ga/Gb IECEx: Ex ia IIIC Txx°C Da/Db	<ul><li>FMR51</li><li>FMR52</li></ul>	XA00683F	XA00683F	XA01235F	XA00691F	-
I3	IECEx: Ex d [ia] IIC T6-T1 Ga/Gb IEXEx: Ex ta IIIC Txx°C Da/Db	<ul><li>FMR51</li><li>FMR52</li></ul>	XA00684F	XA00684F	XA00684F	XA00692F	XA01236F
I4	IECEx: Ex ia IIC T6-T1 Ga/Gb IECEx: Ex d [ia] IIC T6-T1 Ga/Gb	<ul><li>FMR51</li><li>FMR52</li></ul>	XA00681F	XA00681F	XA01234F	XA00689F	-
KA	KC Ex ia IIC T6 Ga	<ul><li>FMR51</li><li>FMR52</li></ul>	XA01045F	XA01045F	XA01045F	XA01047F	-
KB	KC Ex ia IIC T6 Ga/Gb	<ul><li>FMR51</li><li>FMR52</li></ul>	XA01045F	XA01045F	XA01045F	XA01047F	-
KC	KC Ex d[ia] IIC T6	<ul><li>FMR51</li><li>FMR52</li></ul>	XA01046F	XA01046F	XA01046F	XA01048F	XA01046F
MA	INMETRO: Ex ia IIC T6 Ga	<ul><li>FMR51</li><li>FMR52</li></ul>	XA01286F	XA01287F	XA01288F	XA01296F	-
MC	INMETRO: Ex d[ia] IIC T6 Ga/Gb	<ul><li>FMR51</li><li>FMR52</li></ul>	XA01292F	XA01292F	XA01293F	XA01298F	XA01294F
MH	INMETRO: Ex ic IIC T6 Gc	<ul><li>FMR51</li><li>FMR52</li></ul>	XA01289F	XA01290F	XA01291F	XA01297F	-
NA	NEPSI Ex ia IIC T6 Ga	<ul><li>FMR51</li><li>FMR52</li></ul>	XA01199F	XA01199F	XA01199F	XA01208F	-
NB	NEPSI Ex ia IIC T6 Ga/Gb	<ul><li>FMR51</li><li>FMR52</li></ul>	XA01199F	XA01199F	XA01199F	XA01208F	-

				Feature 020	Power Supply	y; Output"	
Feature 010	Approval	Available for	A 1)	B 2)	C <sub>3)</sub>	E <sup>4)</sup> /G <sup>5)</sup>	K <sup>6)</sup> /L <sup>7)</sup>
NC	NEPSI Ex d[ia] IIC T6 Ga/Gb	<ul><li>FMR51</li><li>FMR52</li></ul>	XA01202F	XA01202F	XA01202F	XA01211F	XA01202F
NG	NEPSI Ex nA II T6 Gc	<ul><li>FMR51</li><li>FMR52</li></ul>	XA01201F	XA01201F	XA01201F	XA01210F	XA01201F
NH	NEPSI Ex ic IIC T6 Gc	<ul><li>FMR51</li><li>FMR52</li></ul>	XA01201F	XA01201F	XA01201F	XA01210F	XA01201F
N2	NEPSI Ex ia IIC T6 Ga/Gb, Ex iaD 20/21 T85 90oC	<ul><li>FMR51</li><li>FMR52</li></ul>	XA01205F	XA01205F	XA01205F	XA01214F	-
N3	NEPSI Ex d[ia] IIC T6 Ga/Gb, DIP A20/21 T8590oC IP66	<ul><li>FMR51</li><li>FMR52</li></ul>	XA01206F	XA01206F	XA01206F	XA01215F	XA01206F
8A	FM/CSA IS+XP Cl.I,II,III Div.1 Gr.A-G	• FMR51 • FMR52	<ul><li>XA01112F</li><li>XA01113F</li><li>XA01116F</li><li>XA01117F</li></ul>	<ul><li>XA01112F</li><li>XA01113F</li><li>XA01116F</li><li>XA01117F</li></ul>	<ul><li>XA01112F</li><li>XA01113F</li><li>XA01116F</li><li>XA01117F</li></ul>	<ul><li>XA01114F</li><li>XA01115F</li><li>XA01118F</li><li>XA01119F</li></ul>	-

- 1) 2-wire; 4-20mA HART
- 2) 2-wire; 4-20mA HART, switch output
- 3) 2-wire; 4-20mA HART, 4-20mA
- 4) 2-wire; FOUNDATION Fieldbus, switch output
- 5) 2-wire; PROFIBUS PA, switch output
- 6) 4-wire 90-253VAC; 4-20mA HART
- 7) 4-wire 10.4-48VDC; 4-20mA HART



If the device is prepared for the remote display FHX50 (product structure: feature 030: Display, Operation", option L or M), the Ex marking of some certificates changes according to the following table  $^{17}$ :

Feature 010 ("Approval")	Feature 030 ("Display, Operation")	Ex marking
BE	L or M	ATEX II 1D Ex ta [ia] IIIC T <sub>500</sub> xx°C Da
BF	L or M	ATEX II 1/2 D Ex ta [ia Db] IIIC Txx°C Da/Db
BG	L or M	ATEX II 3G Ex nA [ia Ga] IIC T6 Gc
ВН	L or M	ATEX II 3G Ex ic [ia Ga] IIC T6 Gc
В3	L or M	ATEX II 1/2G Ex d [ia] IIC T6 Ga/Gb, ATEX II 1/2D Ex ta [ia Db] IIIC Txx°C Da/Db
IE	L or M	IECEx Ex ta [ia] IIIC T500 xx°C Da
IF	L or M	IECEx ta [ia Db] IIIC Txx°C Da/Db
IG	L or M	IECEx Ex nA [ia Ga] IIC T6 Gc
IH	L or M	IECEx Ex ic [ia Ga] IIC T6 Gc
I3	L or M	IECEx Ex d [ia] IIC T6 Ga/Gb, IECEx Ex ta [ia Db] IIIC Txx°C Da/Db
МН	L or M	Ex ic [ia Ga] IIC T6 Gc
NG	L or M	NEPSI Ex nA [ia Ga] IIC T6-T1 Gc
NH	L or M	NEPSI Ex ic [ia Ga] IIC T6-T1 Gc
N3	L or M	NEPSI Ex d [ia] IIC T6-T1 Ga/Gb, DIP A20/21 [ia D] TA, Txx°C IP6X

<sup>17)</sup> The marking of certificates not mentioned in this table are not affected by the FHX50.

# Registered trademarks

### **HART**®

Registered trademark of the HART Communication Foundation, Austin, USA

#### **PROFIBUS**

Registered trademark of the PROFIBUS User Organization, Karlsruhe, Germany

# $FOUNDATION^{TM}\ Fieldbus$

Registered trademark of the Fieldbus Foundation, Austin, Texas, USA

#### KALREZ®, VITON®

Registered trademark of DuPont Performance Elastomers L.L.C., Wilmington, USA

#### TEFI.ON®

Registered trademark of E.I. DuPont de Nemours & Co., Wilmington, USA

### TRI CLAMP®

Registered trademark of Alfa Laval Inc., Kenosha, USA

# **Patents**

This product may be protected by at least one of the following patents.

Further patents are pending.

US Patents	EP Patents
5.948.979	882 957
6.087.978	955 527
6.140.940	-
6.155.112	834 722
-	882 955
6.266.022	1 083 413
6.295.874	210 567
6.512.358	1 301 914
6.606.904	-
6.640.628	-
6.679.115	1 360 523
-	1 389 337
6.779.397	-
7.201.050	-
7.412.337	-
7.552.634	-
7.730.760	-
7.819.002	-
-	1 774 616
7.966.141	-
8.040.274	-
8.049.371	-





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