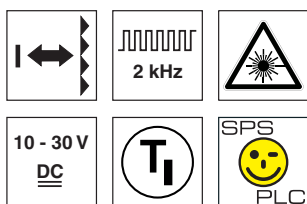


RKR 3B

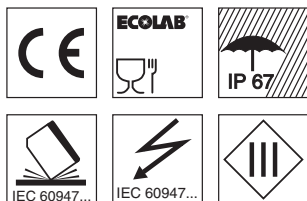
Laser retro-reflective photoelectric sensor

en 01-2016/03 50132520



0 ... 4m

- Laser retro-reflective photoelectric sensors with autocollimation principle
- Retro-reflective photoelectric sensor with unpolarized red light, therefore especially suited to switching on a glossy (polished) metal plate as reflector
- Small and compact construction with robust plastic housing, degree of protection IP 67 for industrial application
- Push-pull output with light/dark switching via teach-in button
- Easy adjustment via lockable teach button or teach input
- Laser class 1

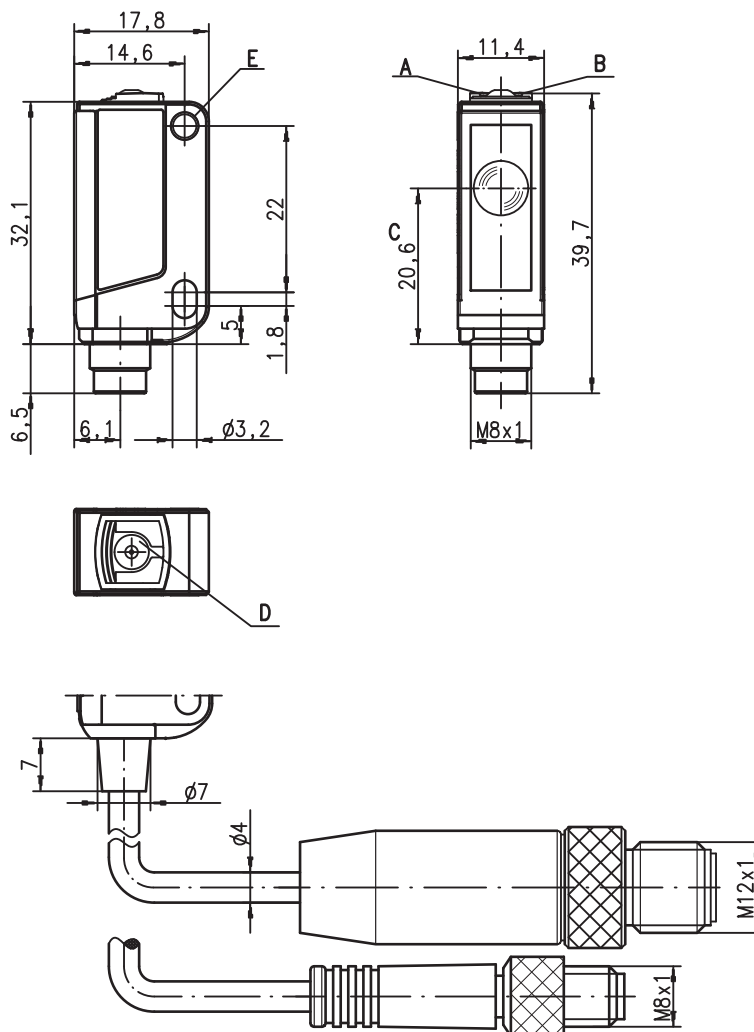


Accessories:

(available separately)

- Mounting systems (BT 3...)
- Cables with M8 or M12 connector (K-D ...)
- Reflectors
- Reflective tapes

Dimensioned drawing



- A Green indicator diode
- B Yellow indicator diode
- C Optical axis
- D Teach button
- E Mounting sleeve

Electrical connection

Connector, 4-pin

10-30V DC +	1	br/BN
IN	2	ws/WH
GND	3	bl/BU
OUT 1	4	sw/BK

Cable, 4-wire

10-30V DC +	br/BN
IN	ws/WH
GND	bl/BU
OUT 1	sw/BK

We reserve the right to make changes •

Technical data

Optical data

Typ. operating range limit (MTKS 50x50)	0 ... 4m
Operating range ²⁾	see tables
Light beam characteristic	collimated, $\leq 3\text{ mrad}$
Light spot diameter	approx. 4mm at light beam gate
Light source ³⁾	laser (pulsed)
Laser class	1 acc. to IEC 60825-1:2007
Wavelength	655nm (visible red light, polarized)
Max. output power	0.7mW
Pulse duration	$\leq 5.5\mu\text{s}$

Timing

Switching frequency	2,000Hz
Response time	0.25ms
Readiness delay	$\leq 300\text{ms}$

Electrical data

Operating voltage U_B	10 ... 30VDC (incl. residual ripple)
Residual ripple	$\leq 15\%$ of U_B
Open-circuit current	$\leq 15\text{mA}$
Switching output ⁴⁾	1 push-pull switching output pin 4: PNP light switching, NPN dark switching pin 2: teach input
	1 push-pull switching output pin 4: PNP light switching, NPN dark switching pin 2: activation input
	1 PNP switching output, light switching, pin 2: activation input
Function	light/dark reversible
Signal voltage high/low	$\geq (U_B - 2\text{V})/\leq 2\text{V}$
Output current	max. 100mA
Operating range	setting via teach-in

Indicators

Green LED	ready
Yellow LED	light path free
Yellow LED, flashing	light path free, no function reserve ⁵⁾

Mechanical data

Housing	plastic (PC-ABS); 1 mounting sleeve, nickel-plated steel
Optics cover	plastic (PMMA)
Weight	with connector: 10g with 200mm cable and connector: 20g with 2m cable: 50g 2m cable (cross section $4 \times 0.20\text{mm}^2$), connector M8 metal, 0.2m cable with connector M8 or M12
Connection type	

Environmental data

Ambient temp. (operation/storage)	$-40^\circ\text{C} \dots +55^\circ\text{C}$ ⁶⁾ / $-40^\circ\text{C} \dots +70^\circ\text{C}$
Protective circuit ⁷⁾	2, 3
VDE safety class	III
Degree of protection	IP 67
Standards applied	IEC 60947-5-2

Additional functions

Teach-in input/activation input

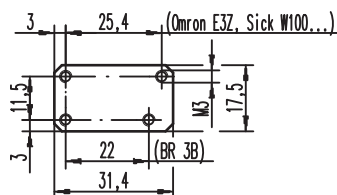
Transmitter active/not active	$\geq 8\text{V}/\leq 2\text{V}$
Activation/disable delay	$\leq 1\text{ms}$
Input resistance	30k Ω

- 1) Typ. operating range limit: max. attainable range without function reserve
- 2) Operating range: recommended range with function reserve
- 3) Average life expectancy 50,000h at an ambient temperature of 25°C
- 4) The push-pull switching outputs must not be connected in parallel
- 5) Display "no function reserve" as yellow flashing LED is only available in standard teach setting
- 6) Without mounting max. $+50^\circ\text{C}$, with screw mounting on metal part up to $+55^\circ\text{C}$ permissible
- 7) 2=polarity reversal protection, 3=short circuit protection for all transistor outputs

Notes

Adapter plate:

BT 3.2 (part no. 50103844) for alternate mounting on 25.4mm hole spacing (Omron E3Z, Sick W100...)



Tables

Reflectors			Operating range	
1	MTKS	50x50.1	0 ... 3.0m	
2	MTKS	20x30	0 ... 2.4m	
3	MTKS	20x40.1	0 ... 1.5m	
4	Tape 6	50x50	0 ... 1.5m	
1	0		3.0	4.0
2	0		2.4	3.0
3	0		1.5	2.0
4	0		1.5	1.9

Operating range [m]
Typ. operating range limit [m]

MTKS ... = micro triple, screw type

Notes

Observe intended use!

- ⚠ This product is not a safety sensor and is not intended as personnel protection.
- ⚠ The product may only be put into operation by competent persons.
- ⚠ Only use the product in accordance with its intended use.

Mounting system:



- ① = BT 3 (part no. 50060511)
- ②+③ = BT 3.1 ¹⁾ (part no. 50105585)
- ①+②+③ = BT 3B (part no. 50105546)

1) Packaging unit: PU = 10 pcs.

RKR 3B

Laser retro-reflective photoelectric sensor

Order guide

Selection table				Order code →	RKL 3B/6.221-S8 Part no. 50130111	RKL 3B/6.221 Part no. 50127637
Equipment ↓						
Output 1 (OUT 1)	Push-pull switching output, configurable		Light switching	○	●	●
			Dark switching	●	●	●
	PNP transistor output		Light switching	○		
			Dark switching	●		
Input (IN)	Teach input				●	●
	Activation input					
Connection	Cable 2,000 mm		4-wire			●
	M8 connector, metal		3-pin			
	M8 connector, metal		4-pin		●	
	200 mm cable with M8 connector		3-pin			
	200 mm cable with M8 connector		4-pin			
	200 mm cable with M12 connector		4-pin			
Setting	Teach-in via button (lockable) and teach input				●	●
	Teach-in via button					

Laser safety notices – laser class 1



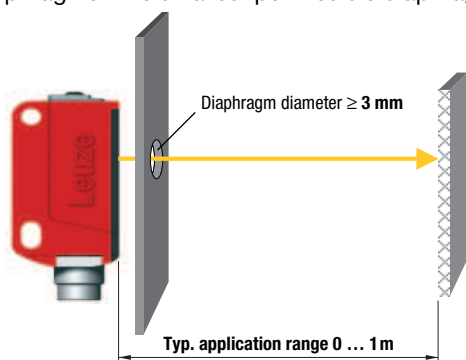
ATTENTION, LASER RADIATION – LASER CLASS 1

The device satisfies the requirements of IEC 60825-1:2007 (EN 60825-1:2007) safety regulations for a product of **laser class 1** as well as the U.S. 21 CFR 1040.10 regulations with deviations corresponding to "Laser Notice No. 50" from June 24, 2007.

- ⚡ Observe the applicable statutory and local laser protection regulations.
- ⚡ The device must not be tampered with and must not be changed in any way.
There are no user-serviceable parts inside the device.
Repairs must only be performed by Leuze electronic GmbH + Co. KG.

General information

- The laser retro-reflective photoelectric sensors RKL 3B/... have an optimized light beam propagation in the typical range of application of 0 ... 1 m (not to be confused with the operating range, which is 0 ... 3 m in combination with a reflector MTKS 50x50.1). This permits the reliable recognition of the smallest of parts or the positioning of objects with maximum precision across the entire area.
- For foil 6, the sensor's side edge must be aligned parallel to the side edge of the reflective tape.
- The sensor is constructed on the basis of the autocollimation principle, i.e., light being transmitted and light being received propagate along the same light axis. This permits the photoelectric sensor to be installed directly behind small holes or diaphragms. The smallest permissible diaphragm diameter for secure functioning is 3 mm.



- The achievable resolution depends significantly on the device setting. Depending on the teach mode, the following values are possible:

Setting	Detection from object size ¹⁾
Max. operating range (factory setting)	1.5 mm
Normal sensor sensitivity (standard teach)	1 mm
Maximum sensor sensitivity (dynamic teach)	0.1 ... 0.2 mm

¹⁾ All specifications are typical values and may vary for each unit.

- For safety reasons, the laser transmitter is equipped with a monitor, which automatically switches off the transmitter in case of a component defect. In case of failure, the yellow LED flashes rapidly and the green LED is off. The state is irreversible and the sensor must be exchanged.

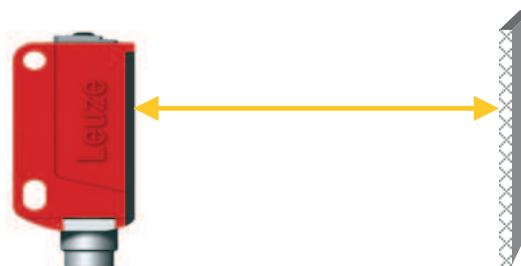
RKR 3B

Laser retro-reflective photoelectric sensor

Sensor adjustment (teach) via teach button



- **Prior to teaching:**
Clear the light path to the reflector!
The device setting is stored in a fail-safe way. A reconfiguration following power failure or switch-off is thus not required.



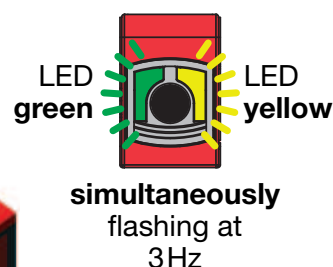
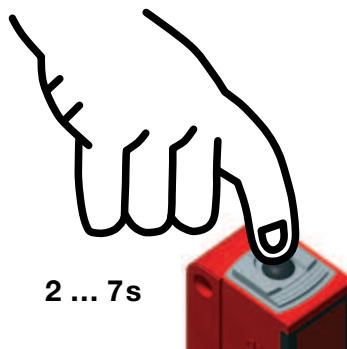
Standard teaching for average sensor sensitivity

- Press teach button until both LEDs flash simultaneously.
- Release teach button.
- Ready.



After standard teaching, the sensor switches for objects with a minimum size of 1 mm (see table under "General Information").

If both LEDs flash rapidly after the teach event, a teaching error has happened. Please check the alignment of the light beam onto the reflector and carry out another teach event.



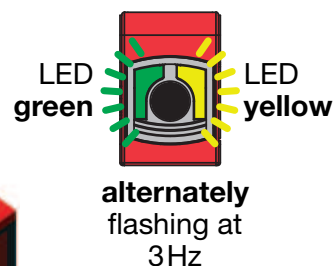
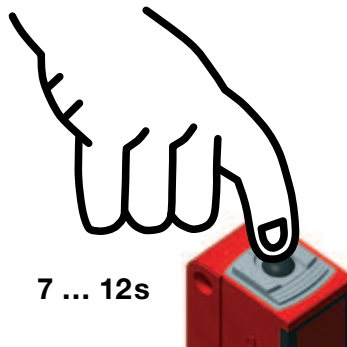
Teaching for maximal sensor sensitivity (dynamic teaching)

- Press teach button until both LEDs flash alternately. Sensor remains in teach mode even after the teach button has been released.
- Move some objects through the light path or swing a single object slowly back and forth through the light path.
- Briefly press the teach button to terminate the teach event.
- Ready.



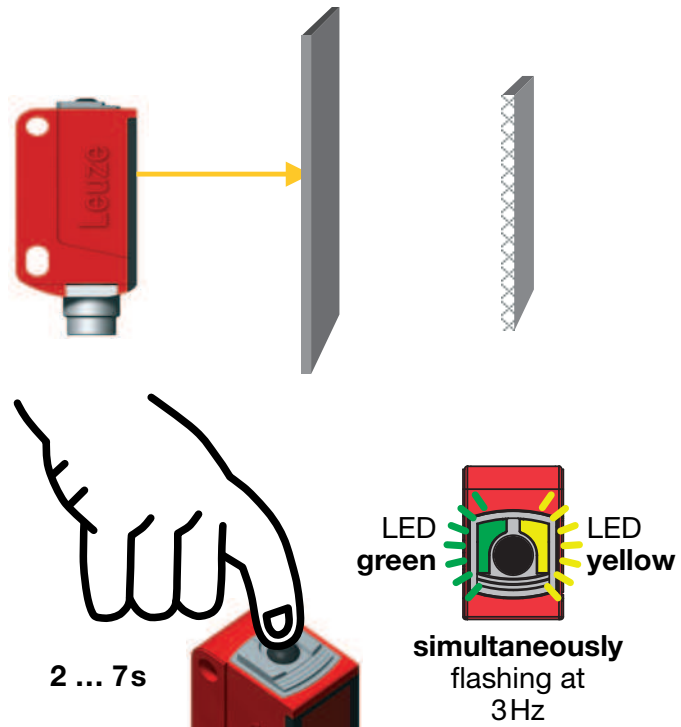
After teaching for maximum sensor sensitivity, the sensor switches for objects with a minimum size of 0.1 ... 0.2 mm (see table under "General Information").

If both LEDs flash rapidly after the teach event, a teaching error has happened. Please check the alignment of the light beam onto the reflector and carry out another teach event.



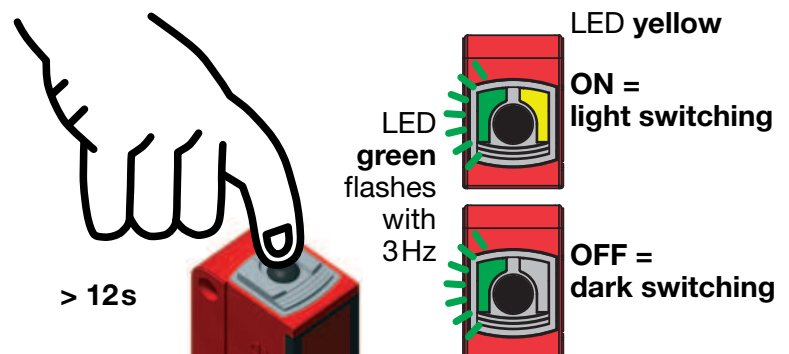
Teaching for maximum operating range (factory setting at delivery)

- Prior to teaching:
Cover the light path to the reflector!
- Procedure as for standard teaching.



Adjusting the switching behavior of the switching output – light/dark switching

- Press teach button until the green LED flashes. The yellow LED displays the current setting of the switching output:
ON = output switches on light
OFF = output switches on dark
- Continue to press the teach button in order to change the switching behavior.
- Release teach button.
- Ready.



RKR 3B

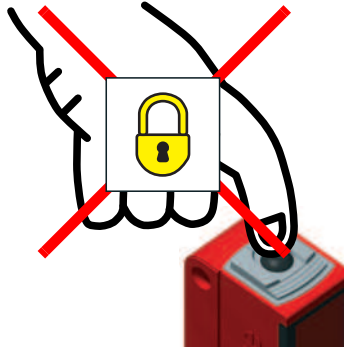
Laser retro-reflective photoelectric sensor

Locking the teach button via the teach input



A **static high signal** (≥ 4 ms) on the teach input locks the teach button on the device if required so that no manual operation is possible (e.g. protection against erroneous operation or manipulation).

If the teach input is not connected or if there is a static low signal, the button is unlocked and can be operated freely.



Sensor adjustment (teach) via teach input



The following description applies to PNP switching logic!

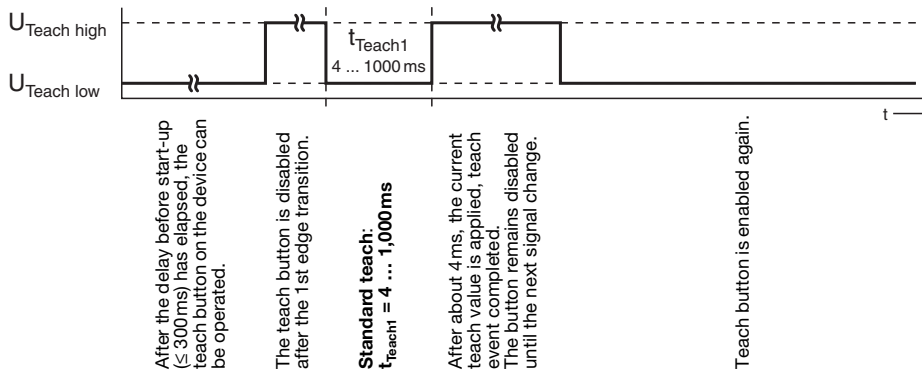
$U_{\text{Teach low}} \leq 2V$

$U_{\text{Teach high}} \geq (U_B - 2V)$

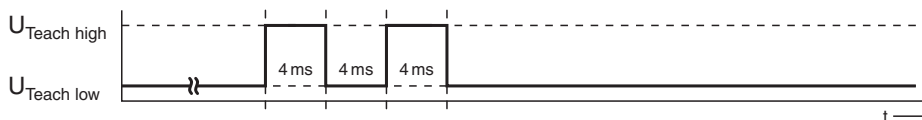
Prior to teaching: Clear the light path to the reflector!

The device setting is stored in a fail-safe way. A reconfiguration following power failure or switch-off is thus not required.

Standard teaching for average sensor sensitivity



Quick standard teach

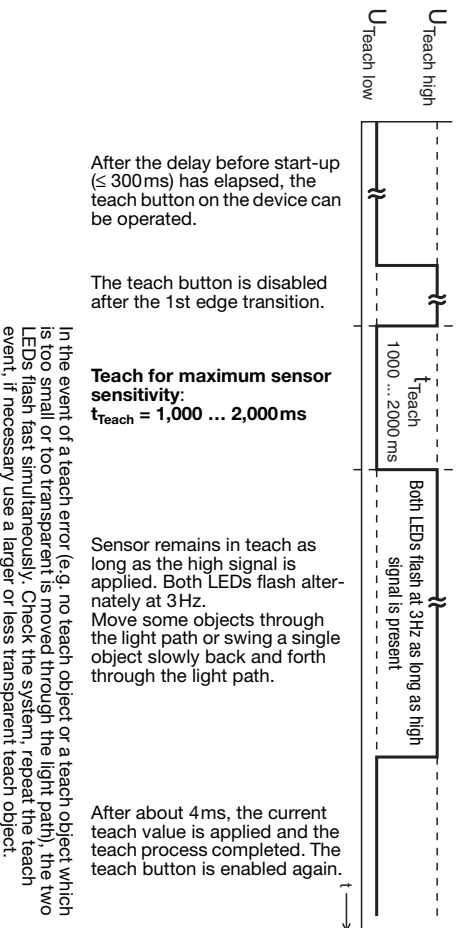


shortest teaching duration for standard teaching:
approx. 12ms



After standard teaching, the sensor switches for objects with a minimum size of 1 mm (see table under "General Information").

Teaching for maximal sensor sensitivity (dynamic teaching)



After teaching for maximum sensor sensitivity, the sensor switches for objects with a minimum size of 0.1 ... 0.2 mm (see table under "General Information").

Adjusting the switching behavior of the switching output – light/dark switching

