



## Specifications

### Physical data

|                              |                               |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Mouth width                  | 3mm                           |
| Mouth depth                  | 60mm                          |
| Label width                  | ≥ 2mm                         |
| Label gap                    | ≥ 2mm                         |
| Light source                 | 940nm (infrared light)        |
| Switching frequency          | max. 10kHz                    |
| Conveyor speed with teach-in | ≤ 20m/min (0.3m/s)            |
| Typ. response time           | ≤ 50µs                        |
| Repeatability                | see diagrams                  |
| Delay before start-up        | ≤ 300ms acc. to IEC 60947-5-2 |

### Electrical data

|                                       |                                                           |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| Operating voltage $U_B$ <sup>1)</sup> | 10 ... 30VDC (incl. residual ripple)                      |
| Residual ripple                       | ≤ 15 % of $U_B$                                           |
| Open-circuit current                  | ≤ 30mA                                                    |
| Switching output <sup>2)</sup>        | 1 push-pull switching output                              |
| switching signal in the label gap     | pin 4: PNP gap signal, NPN label signal                   |
| signal on the label                   | 1 push-pull switching output                              |
| Warning output                        | pin 4: PNP label signal, NPN gap signal                   |
| IGS 63B only...                       | 1 push-pull switching output                              |
| Switching output function             | pin 4: active low (normal operation high, event case low) |
| Signal voltage high/low               | gap signal/label signal adjustable                        |
| Output current                        | ≥ ( $U_B - 2V$ )/≤ 2V                                     |
| Capacitive load                       | ≤ 100mA                                                   |
|                                       | ≤ 0.2µF <sup>3)</sup>                                     |

### Indicators

|            |                                   |
|------------|-----------------------------------|
| Green LED  | ready                             |
| Yellow LED | switching signal in the label gap |
| Red LED    | teaching error / function error   |

### Mechanical data

|                       |                                                                                |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Housing base          | diecast zinc; chemically nickel-plated surface (silver)                        |
| Upper part of housing | PC plastic, red RAL 3000                                                       |
| Optics                | PC plastic                                                                     |
| Weight                | 55g with connector, 100g with cable                                            |
| Connection type       | M8 connector, 4-pin, metal or cable 2m (cross section 5 x 0.2mm <sup>2</sup> ) |

### Environmental data

|                                   |                                         |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| Ambient temp. (operation/storage) | -20°C ... +60°C/-30°C ... +70°C         |
| Protective circuit <sup>4)</sup>  | 1, 2                                    |
| VDE safety class                  | III                                     |
| Degree of protection              | IP 67 with mounted connector            |
| Standards applied                 | IEC 60947-5-2                           |
| Certifications                    | UL 508, C22.2 No.14-13 <sup>1)</sup> 5) |

### Options

#### Teach-in input

|                          |           |
|--------------------------|-----------|
| Active/Not active        | ≥ 8V/≤ 2V |
| Activation/disable delay | ≤ 0.2ms   |
| Input resistance         | typ. 10kΩ |

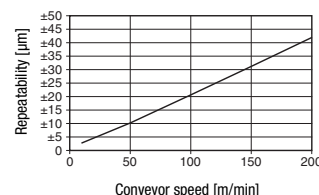
- 1) For UL applications: for use in class 2 circuits according to NEC only
- 2) The push-pull switching outputs must not be connected in parallel
- 3) Max. permissible input capacitance of a consumer connected to the switching output that can be switched without activation of short-circuit-current limiting.
- 4) 1=polarity reversal protection, 2=short circuit protection for all outputs
- 5) These proximity switches shall be used with UL Listed Cable assemblies rated 30V, 0.5A min, in the field installation, or equivalent (categories: CYJV/CYJV7 or PVVA/PVVA7).

## Marking on the sensor

- Align the label tape according to the sensor's marker "Label center position".

## Diagrams

Repeatability as a function of the conveyor speed



## Remarks

### Intended use:

The forked photoelectric sensor is an optoelectronic sensor for contactless detection of non-transparent labels on any given base material. Depending on the setting, a switching signal occurs in the gap (gap signal) between two successive labels or on the label (label signal).

#### Operate in accordance with intended use!

- ⚠ This product is not a safety sensor and is not intended as personnel protection.
- ⚠ The product may only be put into operation by competent persons.
- ⚠ Only use the product in accordance with the intended use.

## (I)GS 63B

## Forked photoelectric sensor

### Order guide

The sensors listed here are preferred types; current information at [www.leuze.com](http://www.leuze.com).

|                               | Designation                | Part no. | Remark                  |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------|----------|-------------------------|
| <b>Without warning output</b> | GS63B/6.3-S8               | 50128004 |                         |
|                               | GS63B/6D.3-S8              | 50128008 |                         |
|                               | GS63B/6.3-S8V              | 50128005 |                         |
|                               | GS63B/6D.3-S8V             | 50128009 |                         |
| <b>With warning output</b>    | IGS63B/6.3                 | 50128013 |                         |
|                               | IGS63B/6.3,200-S12         | 50128014 |                         |
|                               | IGS63B/6D.3,200-S12        | 50128015 |                         |
|                               | SET IGS63B/6D.3,200-S12    | 50128016 | included with BT-GS6X.L |
|                               | SET IGS63B/6D.3BTH,200-S12 | 50128017 | mounted with BT-GS6X.H  |
| <b>Potentiometer</b>          | GS63B/6                    | 50128001 |                         |
|                               | GS63B/6,200-S12            | 50128002 |                         |
|                               | GS63B/6.01,200-S12         | 50128003 | mounted with BT-GS6X.L  |
|                               | GS63B/6-S8                 | 50128011 |                         |
|                               | GS63B/6-S8V                | 50128012 |                         |
|                               | GS63B/6D                   | 50128006 |                         |
|                               | GS63B/6D-S8                | 50128010 |                         |
|                               | GS63B/6D,200-S12           | 50128007 |                         |

### Part number code

|                              |                                                                        | I | G | S | 6 | 3 | B | / | 6 | D | . | 3 | - | S | 8 | V |
|------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| <b>Warning function</b>      |                                                                        |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| <b>I</b>                     | Sensor has warning output                                              |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| <b>Operating principle</b>   |                                                                        |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| <b>GS</b>                    | Forked sensor, optical                                                 |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| <b>Series</b>                |                                                                        |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| <b>63B</b>                   | High quality series with metal housing, B generation                   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| <b>Output function</b>       |                                                                        |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| <b>/6</b>                    | Push-pull output: PNP signal in the label gap, NPN signal on the label |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| <b>/6D</b>                   | Push-pull output: PNP signal on the label, NPN signal in the label gap |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| <b>Setting</b>               |                                                                        |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| <b>N/A</b>                   | Potentiometer adjustment                                               |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| <b>.3</b>                    | Teach button on the device and teach input                             |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| <b>Electrical connection</b> |                                                                        |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| <b>N/A</b>                   | Device with cable, standard length 2000mm, cable outlet at 45°         |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| <b>-S8</b>                   | M8 connector, 4-pin, horizontal plug outlet                            |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| <b>-S8V</b>                  | M8 connector, 4-pin, vertical plug outlet                              |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| <b>,200-S12</b>              | 200 mm cable with M12 connector, 5-pin, cable outlet at 45°            |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |

### ALC (Auto Level Control) function ((I)GS63B/....3...)

In each teach event the current signal values in the sensor are digitally determined, resulting in the optimum switching threshold being calculated for maximum performance reserve. All values are saved permanently, retaining their validity as long as the dynamic parameters of the system remain unchanged and the material is not changed.

Signal changes can result each time the roll is changed, even with labels that are apparently the same. This is caused, for example, by material variations (transmission factor, homogeneity ...) or changes of the dynamic parameters (e.g. tape tension, middle position, jitter, etc.) that can have a negative affect on the performance reserve of the sensor.

With the ALC function, the sensor now automatically corrects the switching threshold in such a way that the maximum performance reserve is always available during operation - the sensor works absolutely reliably and free of errors.

The teach event only needs to be repeated if the sensor does not switch following a change of material.

## Sensor adjustment via potentiometer for GS 63B

**Notice:** A **removable operating button** is plugged on the potentiometer in ex works. This can be used to manually adjust the forked photoelectric sensor without the use of a tool. If this is not desired, the operating button can be pulled off – a screwdriver is then necessary for making adjustments.

The following description applies to a forked photoelectric sensor with switching signal in the label gap (GS 63B/6...). For device versions with switching signal on the label (GS 63B/6D...), the LED indicators are inverted.

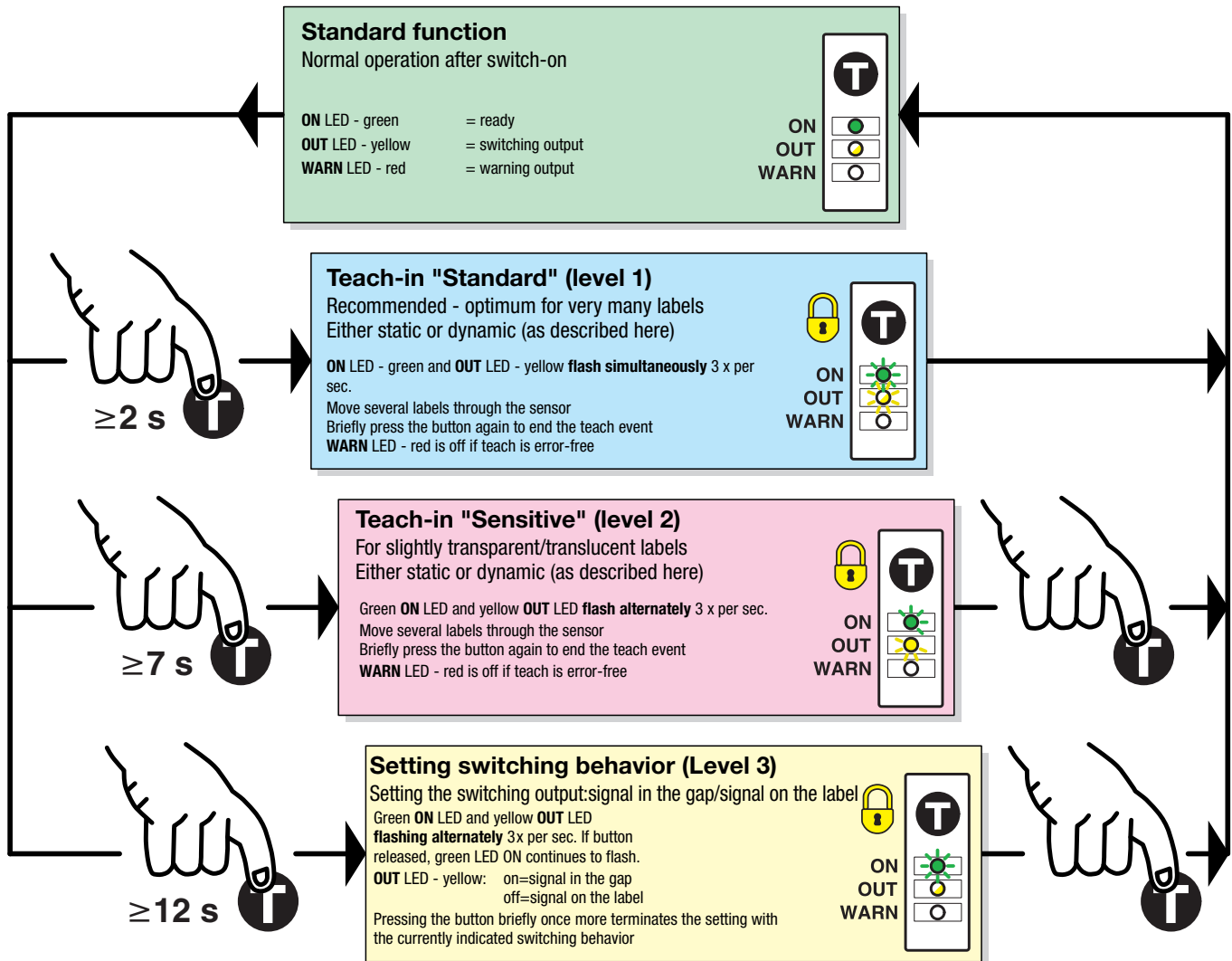
Preparation: Remove one or more labels from the base material and advance this blank area into the sensor.

- If the yellow OUT LED does not switch on when the blank area is encountered, increase the sensitivity by turning the potentiometer clockwise until the yellow OUT LED switches on.
- Starting from this setting, turn the potentiometer clockwise another approx. one half turn.
- Now advance the label tape so that a label is in the sensor.
- If set correctly, the yellow OUT LED must now switch off. Reduce the sensitivity by turning counterclockwise if the LED remains on.
- Finished: if set correctly, the LED changes between gap and label.

Top view of sensor with operating button plugged.



## Short instructions for sensor adjustment via teach button for (I)GS 63B (teach-in)



= function lockable through constant application of  $U_B$  on the teach input (for devices with teach input only)

## (I)GS 63B

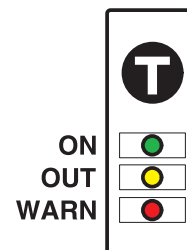
## Forked photoelectric sensor

### Standard function for (I)GS 63B

During operation the sensor is always in this function. The sensor detects label gaps with high precision and speed. This is indicated by the yellow LED and the switching output.

#### Indicators:

|                         |                                                                                                                                                   |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>ON LED</b> - green   | Constantly ON when operating voltage is applied.                                                                                                  |
| <b>OUT LED</b> - yellow | Indicates the switching signal. LED is ON if the sensor detects label gaps.<br><b>The display is independent of the output setting.</b>           |
| <b>WARN LED</b> - red   | Is OFF if operation is error-free. If the "Control limit reached" message appears or if the last teach event was faulty, the red LED illuminates. |



#### Operation:

The teach button must be pressed for at least 2 seconds to operate the device. The button can be electrically disabled to prevent accidental operation.

### Sensor adjustment (teach-in) via teach button for (I)GS 63B

For optimum adaptation to various labels, the forked photoelectric sensor features two different sensitivities. The **standard sensitivity** (2 ... 7s) functions with very many labels and is **always the first choice**.

**Only in the event of faulty switching** on the label, e.g., with slightly **transparent (translucent)** or strongly **inhomogeneous** label materials, is teaching on level 2 "**Sensitive**" (7 ... 12s) recommended.

The teach-in can always be performed **dynamically while label tape is passing through** or, **if the label tape cannot be transported, statically**.

#### Preparation for dynamic teach-in:

Insert label tape into the sensor.

#### Preparation for static teach-in:

Remove one or more labels from the base material and advance this blank area into the sensor.

- **Press the teach button until green and yellow LEDs flash simultaneously.**
- **Release teach button.**
- **During the teach event, the switching output is frozen in the most recently valid state prior to teaching.**
- **Dynamic teach-in:**  
Advance the label tape at a maximum speed of 20m/min through the sensor so that at least 3 ... 7 labels pass through the sensor.
- **Static teach-in:**  
Blank area remains at the same position in the sensor.
- **Press the button briefly once more to terminate the teach event, the sensor goes into standard mode.**

If the teach event is faulty (e.g. transmission with insufficiently thick base material), the red LED illuminates, the green and yellow LEDs flash rapidly and the warning output is activated. For error acknowledgment, briefly press the teach button and repeat the teach event. If the error cannot be rectified, the label material cannot be detected with the (I)GS 63B.

### Adjusting the switching behavior of the switching output (signal in the label gap/on the label)

- **Press the teach button until green and yellow LEDs flash alternately.**
- **Release the teach button - the green LED continues to flash, the yellow LED alternates slowly between ON and OFF.**
- **Yellow LED ON = output switches in the label gap**  
**Yellow LED OFF = output switches on the label.**
- **If the button is pressed again while the LED is ON, the device switches in the label gap. For control purposes, the switching behavior is displayed as long as the button is pressed. If the output is to switch on the label, the button must be pressed while the LED is OFF.**
- **Ready.**

## Sensor adjustment (teach-in) via teach input for (I)GS 63B



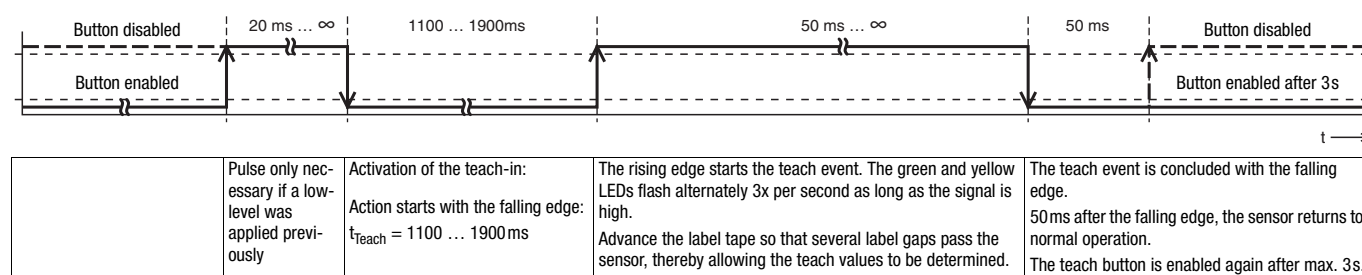
The following description applies to PNP switching logic!

|                   |                   |                                                          |                                                        |
|-------------------|-------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| $U_{Teach}$       | Not connected     | Internal pull-down resistor pulls the input down to zero | Teach button can be operated; all functions adjustable |
| $U_{Teach\ low}$  | $\leq 2V$         | Low level                                                | Teach button can be operated; all functions adjustable |
| $U_{Teach\ high}$ | $\geq 8V$         | High level                                               | Teach button disabled; button has no function          |
| $U_{Teach}$       | $> 2V \dots < 8V$ | Not permitted                                            |                                                        |

The device setting is stored in a fail-safe way. A reconfiguration following voltage interruption or switch-off is thus not required.

### Line teach while label tape is passing through

Preparation: Insert the label tape in the correct position in the sensor (align the middle of the tape to the sensor marking).



The red LED illuminates and the warning output is activated if a teaching error occurs (e.g. the label cannot be reliably detected due to insufficient signals).

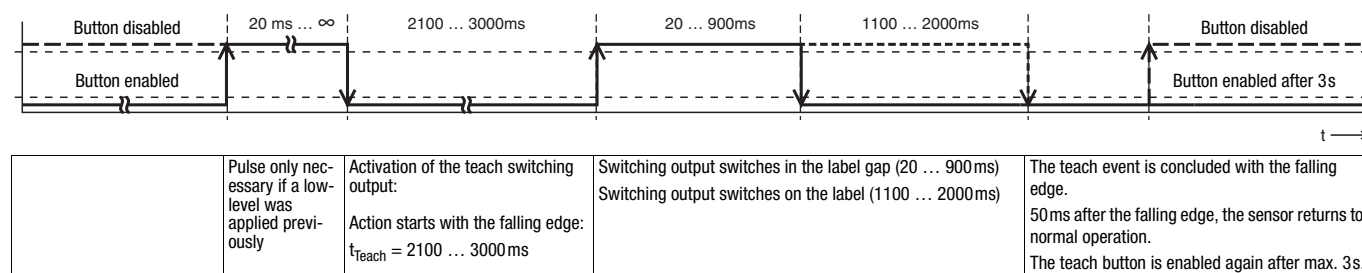
Regardless of the state, the green LED is on when the teach event is terminated, the yellow LED indicates the current switching state.

### Line teach if the label tape cannot be advanced (static teaching)

Preparation: Remove one or more labels from the base material and place this blank area in the sensor. The label tape must now not be advanced further.

The process is identical to the line teach with moving label tape.

### Adjusting the switching behavior of the switching output – light/dark switching



**(I)GS 63B**

**Forked photoelectric sensor**

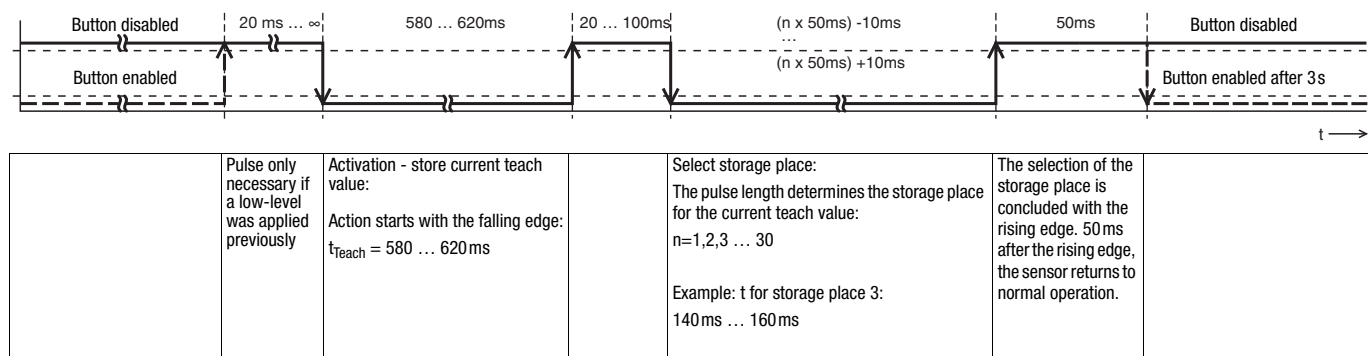
**Storing teach values in the sensor**

It is possible to store or retrieve up to 30 different teach values. In this way, various label materials can be processed without the operator needing to perform a teach event. If this function is desired, static interlocking of the teach button is recommended so that no operation of the device can occur.

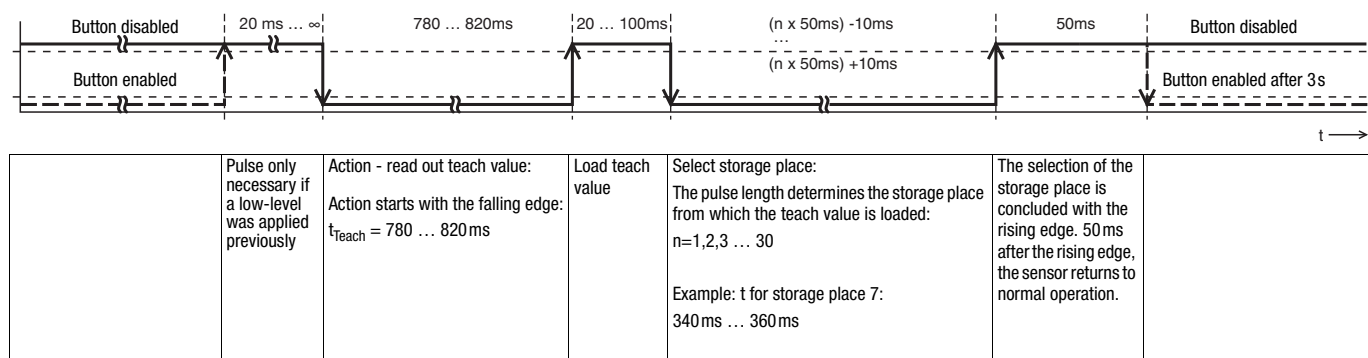
The event starts with the execution of the line teach (see description on page 6). The teach value ascertained in this way remains in sensor memory and is then stored in one of 30 possible storage places using the process described in the following.

Flow chart: First perform line teach, then store teach value.

**Storing teach values**



**Reading out teach values**



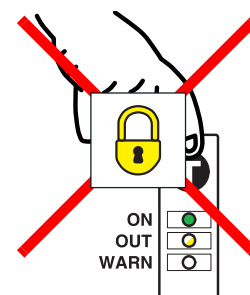
**Locking the teach button via the teach input**



**(I)GS 63B**

A **static high signal** on the teach input locks the teach button on the device so that no manual operation is possible (e.g. protection against erroneous operation or manipulation).

If the teach input is not connected or if there is a static low signal, the button is unlocked and can be operated freely.



**Notices for integrating the sensor in a control concept**

If the sensor is taught externally via a control, it may be necessary to receive acknowledgment from the sensor with respect to its current teach state. Use the following chart for this purpose:

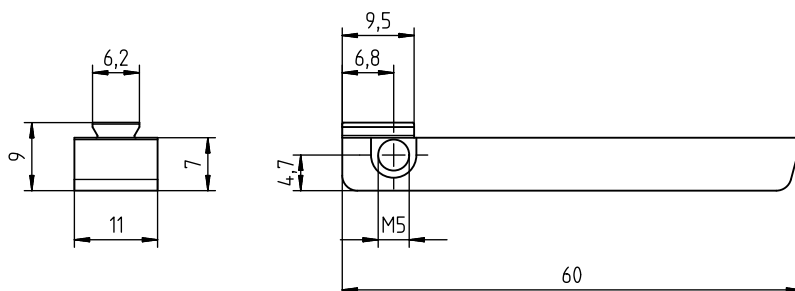
| Operating mode  | Reaction from sensor                                                                  |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Dispensing mode | Dynamic output signal: alternates between gap and label                               |
| Teach           | Static output signal: the state prior to teaching is frozen                           |
| Teach OK        | Output signal is dynamic again—warning output not active                              |
| Teach faulty    | Output signal is dynamic again—warning output active; repeat teach event if necessary |



## Mechanical accessories

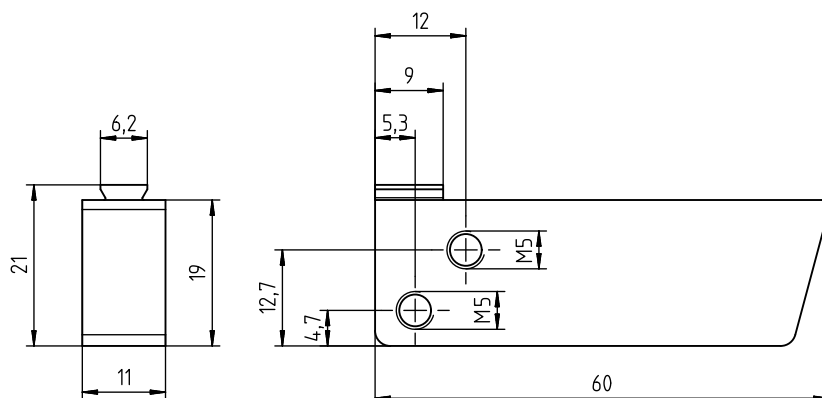
### Flat mounting device – for mounting compatibility with GS 06 forked photoelectric sensors

Mounting device **BT-GS6X.L** (part no. **50114381**), flat design, especially for mounting compatibility with our GS 06 forked photoelectric sensors.



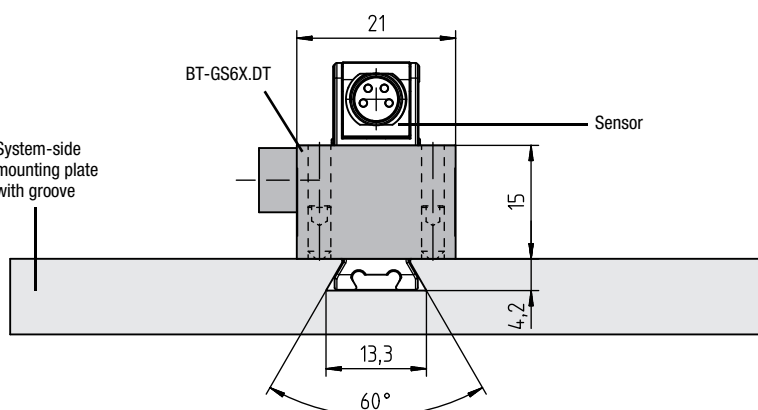
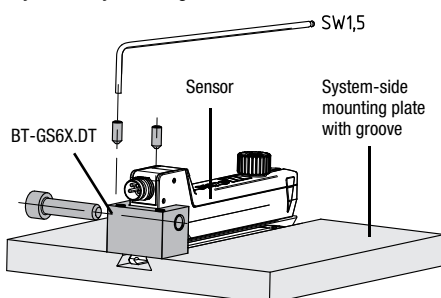
### High mounting device – for uniform tape height with (I)GSU 14 ultrasonic forked sensors

Mounting device **BT-GS6X.H** (part no. **50123869**), high design, especially if it is desired that the tape pass through at a uniform height between our (I)GSU 14 and the GS 63B.



### Clamp – for installation in a groove directly at the dispensing edge

The **BT-GS6X.DT** clamp (part no. **50128583**) is required for fastening the sensor at an arbitrary position in a groove. Connect clamp to sensor as shown and secure at the desired position by uniformly screwing in the stud screws.



## Maintenance information

The (I)GS 63B forked photoelectric sensor is largely maintenance free. Depending on the environmental conditions and the used materials, it may be necessary from time to time to clean the transparent parts in the lower and upper fork of the forked photoelectric sensor. We recommend using a soft, moist cloth for this purpose. To protect the surface, cleaning agents containing solvents should not be used for transparent parts.

## Environmental durability

The used materials feature very good resistance to weak acids and bases as well as to UV exposure. Contact with organic solvents is possible only to a limited extent and only for short times. Resistance to chemicals and oils must be determined on a case-by-case basis.