









Model Number

UC2000-30GM-2EP-IO-V15

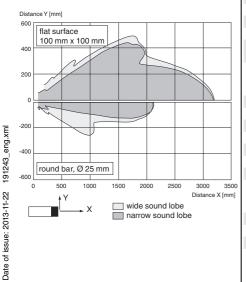
Single head system

Features

- IO-link interface for service and process data
- Programmable via DTM with **PAČTWARE**
- 2 programmable switch outputs
- Selectable sound lobe width
- Latching mode selectable
- Window function can be selected
- Synchronization options
- **Temperature compensation**

Diagrams

Characteristic response curve



Technical data General specifications

Sensing range	90 2000 mm
Adjustment range	120 2000 mm
Unusable area	0 90 mm
Standard target plate	100 mm x 100 mm
Transducer frequency	approx. 200 kHz
Response delay	Ex works settings: ≤ 125 ms

Memory

LED red

Non-volatile memory **FFPROM** Write cycles 100000

Indicators/operating means

LED green solid: Power on flashing: Standby mode or IO link communication LED yellow 1 solid: Object in evaluation range flashing: Learning function, object detected LED yellow 2 solid: Object in evaluation range flashing: Learning function, object detected

configurable

solid red: Error

red, flashing: program function, object not detected

Electrical specifications

10 ... 30 V DC , ripple 10 $\%_{SS}$ Operating voltage UB No-load supply current In ≤ 60 mA Power consumption P₀ ≤ 1 W

Time delay before availability t ≤ 120 ms Interface

Interface type IO-Link IO-Link V1.0 Protocol

Transfer rate Acyclical: typical 95 Bit/s Cycle time min. 33.6 ms Mode COM 2 (38.4 kBaud)

Process data witdh 16 bit SIO mode support Input/Output

Input/output type 1 synchronization connection, bidirectional

0 Level 4 V ... U_B 1 Level > 12 kΩ Input impedance Output rated operating current < 12 mA

Pulse length 0.5 ... 300 ms (level 1) Pulse interval ≥ 33 ms (level 0)

Synchronization frequency

Common mode operation ≤ 30 Hz

Multiplex operation $\leq 33~Hz~/~n$, n= number of sensors , $n\leq 10$

(factory setting: n = 5)

Output Output type 2 push-pull (4 in 1) outputs, short-circuit protected, reverse

polarity protected Rated operating current I_e 200 mA , short-circuit/overload protected

Voltage drop U_d ≤ 2.5 V Repeat accuracy ≤ 0.1 % of full-scale value Switching frequency f ≤ 4 Hz

Range hysteresis H 1 % of the adjusted operating range (default settings),

programmable

Temperature influence ≤ 1.5 % from full-scale value (with temperature

compensation) ≤ 0.2 %/K (without temperature compensation)

Ambient conditions -25 ... 70 °C (-13 ... 158 °F) Ambient temperature

Storage temperature -40 ... 85 °C (-40 ... 185 °F) **Mechanical specifications**

Connection type Connector M12 x 1, 5-pin

Protection degree IP67

Material

Housing Stainless steel 1.4305 / AISI 303

TPU Polvamides

Transducer epoxy resin/hollow glass sphere mixture; polyurethane foam

Mass

Factory settings

Output 1 near switch point: 120 mm

far switch point: 2000 mm

output function: Window operation mode

output behavior: NO contact near switch point: 120 mm

far switch point: 1000 mm

output function: Window operation mode

output behavior: NO contact wide

Compliance with standards and

Beam width directives

Output 2

Standard conformity



Release date: 2013-11-22 10:14

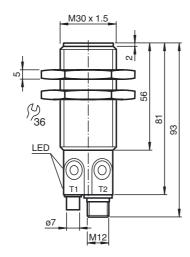
Standards EN 60947-5-2:2007 IEC 60947-5-2:2007

Approvals and certificates	
UL approval	cULus Listed, General Purpose
CSA approval	cCSAus Listed, General Purpose

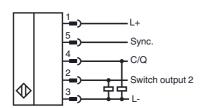
CCC approval / marking not required for products rated

Dimensions

CCC approval



Electrical Connection



Pinout



Additional Information

2. Window mode

Switching output operating modes

1. Trip point mode Near trip point Distant trip point NO contact NC contact

NO contact NC contact

3. Hysteresis mode NO contact NC contact

4. Ultrasonic sensor mode NO contact NC contact

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FPEPPERL+FUCHS

Wire colors in accordance with EN 60947-5-2

1	BN	(brown)
2	WH	(white)
3	BU	(blue)
4	BK	(black)
5	GY	(gray)

Accessories

BF 30

Mounting flange, 30 mm

BF 30-F

Mounting flange with dead stop, 30 mm

BF 5-30

Universal mounting bracket for cylindrical sensors with a diameter of 5 ... 30 mm

V15-W-2M-PUR

Female cordset, M12, 5-pin, PUR cable

V15-W-2M-PVC

Female cordset, M12, 5-pin, PVC cable

IO-Link-Master02-USB

IO-Link master, supply via USB port or separate power supply, LED indicators, M12 plug for sensor connection

IO-Link-Master-USB DTM

Communication DTM for use of IO-Link-Master

IODD Interpreter DTM

Software for the integration of IODDs in a frame application (e. g. PACTware)

PACTware 4 X

FDT-Framework

Microsoft .NET

UVW90-M30

Ultrasonic -deflector

UVW90-K30

Ultrasonic -deflector

Description of Sensor Functions

Programming

The sensor is equipped with two outputs. Two trip points or trip values, as well as the output mode, can be programmed for each output. The shape of the sensor sound cone can also be programmed. These parameters can be configured using two different methods:

- Using the sensor push buttons
- Using the IO-link interface of the sensor. This method requires an IO-link master (e.g. IO-link master01 USB) and the associated software. The download link is available on the product page for the sensor with the IO link at www.pepperl-fuchs.de

Configuration using the push buttons is described below. To configure the parameters using the sensor IO-link interface, please read the software description. The processes for configuring the trip points and the sensor operating modes run completely independently and do not influence one another.

Note:

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Release date:

- The sensor can only be programmed during the first 5 minutes after switching on. This time is extended during the actual programming process. The option of programming the sensor is revoked if no programming activities take place for 5 minutes. After this, programming is no longer possible until the sensor is switched off and on again.
- The programming activities can be canceled at any time without changing the sensor settings. To do so, press and hold the push button for 10 seconds.

Programming the trip points

Note:

Each push button is assigned to a physical output. Switching output 1 (C/Q) is programmed via push button T1. Switching output 2 is programmed via push button T2. The status of switching output 1 is indicated by the yellow LED L1. The status of switching output 2 is indicated by the yellow LED L2.

Programming the near trip point

- 1. Position the object at the site of the required near trip point.
- 2. Press and hold the push button for 2 seconds (yellow LED flashes).
- 3. Briefly press the push button (green LED flashes 3 times as confirmation). The sensor returns to normal mode.

Programming the distant trip point

- 1. Position the object at the site of the required distant trip point
- 2. Press and hold the push button for 2 seconds (yellow LED flashes)
- 3. Press and hold the push button for 2 seconds (green LED flashes 3 times as confirmation). The sensor returns to normal mode.



Programming the operating mode

The sensor features a 3-stage process for programming the sensor operating modes. You can program the following with this process:

- 1. Output function
- 2. Output behavior of the switching output
- 3. The shape of the sound cone

These two stages of the process are programmed in succession. To switch from one programming function to the next, press and hold the push button for 2 seconds.

Accessing the programming routine

The operating mode can be programmed separately for each of the two switching outputs. The switching output 1 (C/Q) operating mode is programmed via push button T1. The switching output 2 operating mode is programmed via push button T2.

To access the programming routine for the sensor operating mode, press the push button for 5 seconds.

Programming the output function of the switching output

The green LED is now flashing. The number of flashes indicates the output function currently programmed:

- 1x: Trip point function
- 2x: Window function
- 3x: Hysteresis function
- 4x: Ultrasonic sensor
- 1. Briefly press the push button to navigate through the output functions in succession. Use this method to choose the required output function.
- 2. Press and hold the push button for 2 seconds to save the selection and switch to the programming routine for the output behavior.

Programming the output behavior for the switching output

The yellow LED is now flashing. The number of flashes indicates the output behavior currently programmed:

- 1x: NO contact
- 2x: NC contact
- 1. Briefly press the push button to switch between the possible output behaviors in succession. Use this method to choose the output behavior.
- 2. Press and hold the push button for 2 seconds to save the selection and switch to the programming routine for the sound cone.

Programming the shape of the sound cone

The red LED is now flashing. The number of flashes indicates the sound cone shape currently programmed:

- 1x: narrow
- 2x: medium
- 3x: wide
- 1. Briefly press the push button to navigate through the different sound cone shapes in succession. Use this method to choose the required sound cone shape.
- 2. Press and hold the push button for 2 seconds to return to normal mode.

Note

The last sound cone shape programmed applies for both outputs in equal measure.

Resetting the sensor to the factory settings

The sensor can be reset to the original factory settings.

- 1. Disconnect the sensor from the power supply
- 2. Press and hold one of the push buttons
- 3. Connect the power supply (yellow and red LEDs flash simultaneously for 5 seconds, followed by the yellow and green LEDs flashing simultaneously)
- 4. Release the push button

The sensor will now function with the original factory settings.

Factory settings

See technical data.

Indicators

The sensor has four LEDs for indicating the status and two buttons for setting parameters.

	LED, green	LED L1, yellow	LED L2, yellow	LED, red			
In normal mode							
Error-free operation	On	The output status	The output status	Off			
Fault (e.g. compressed air)	Off	retains the last status	retains the last status	On			
When programming the trip points or							
trip values							
Object detected	Off	Flashes	Flashes	Off			
No object detected	Off	Off	Off	Flashes			
Confirmation, programming successful	Flashes 3x	Off	Off	Off			
Warning, programming invalid	Off	Off	Off	Flashes 3x			
When programming the operating							
mode	Flashes	Off	Off	Off			
Programming the output function	Off	Flashes	Flashes	Off			
Programming the output behavior	Off	Off	Off	Flashes			
Programming the sound cone							
LED yellow L2 T1 T2 L2 LED green/red							

Synchronization

The sensor is fitted with a synchronization input that suppresses mutual interference from external ultrasonic signals. If this input is not connected, the sensor operates with internally generated cycle pulses. The sensor can be synchronized by creating external rectangular pulses and by setting the appropriate parameters via the IO-link interface. Each falling pulse edge sends an individual ultrasonic pulse. If the signal at the synchronization input is low for ≥1 second, the sensor reverts to the normal, unsynchronized operating mode. This also occurs if the synchronization input is disconnected from external signals (see note below).

If a high signal is applied to the synchronization input for > 1 second, the sensor switches to standby. This is indicated by the green LED. In this operating mode, the last recorded output statuses are retained. Please observe the software description in the event of external synchronization.

Note:

If the option of synchronizing is not used, the synchronization input must be connected to ground (L-) or the sensor must be operated with a V1-connection cable (4-pin).

The option of synchronization is not available during the programming process. During synchronization, the sensor can switch to programming via the IO-link interface. This interrupts the synchronization process and the sensor is no longer synchronized.

The following synchronization modes are available:

- 1. Multiple sensors (see Technical data for the maximum number) can be synchronized by connecting the synchronization inputs on the sensors. In this case, the sensors synchronize themselves in succession in multiplex mode. Only one sensor sends signals at any one time. (See note below)
- 2. Multiple sensors (see Technical data for the maximum number) can be synchronized by connecting the synchronization inputs on the sensors. The sensor interface can be used to parameterize the sensors so that one functions as a master and the others function as slaves. (See interface description) In this case, the sensors in master/slave mode work simultaneously, i.e. in synchronization where the master sensor plays the role of an intelligent external impulse generator.
- 3. Multiple sensors can be controlled collectively by an external signal. In this case, the sensors are triggered in parallel and operate synchronously, i.e. at the same time. All sensors must be parameterized via the sensor interface so that they are set to external. See the software description.
- 4. Several sensors are controlled with a time delay by an external signal. In this case, only one sensor is externally synchronized at any one time (see note below). All sensors must be parameterized via the sensor interface so that they are set to external. See the software description.
- 5. A high signal (L+) or a low signal (L-) at the synchronization input switches the sensor to standby in the case of external parameterization.

Note:

The response time of the sensors increases in proportion to the number of sensors in the synchronization chain. In multiplex mode, the measuring cycles of the individual sensors run in succession in a chronological sequence.

Note:

The synchronization connection of the sensors supplies an output current in the case of a low signal, and generates an input impedance in the case of a high signal. Please note that the synchronizing device must have the following driver properties:

Driver current according to L+≥n * high level signal/input impedance (n = number of sensors to be synchronized)

Driver current according to $L- \ge n^*$ output current (n = number of sensors to be synchronized).